UNIVERSITY OF TORONTO
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Indian Museum, Calcutta
III

Catalogue of the Coins in the Indian Museum Calcutta

Including the Cabinet of the Asiatic Society of Bengal

Volume III

Mughal Emperors of India

By

H. Nelson Wright

I.C.S., F.R.N.S., M.R.A.S.

Published for the Trustees of the Indian Museum

Oxford

At the Clarendon Press

1908

HENRY FROWDE, M.A.
PUBLISHER TO THE UNIVERSITY OF OXFORD
LONDON, EDINBURGH
NEW YORK AND TORONTO

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PREFACE

This volume contains a catalogue of the coins of the Mughal Emperors, or as they styled themselves on their coins Bádsháhs, of India from the time of Bábar (A. H. 932 = A. D. 1526) to the deposition of Bahádur II by the English (A. H. 1274 = A. D. 1858).

In the period of its greatest prosperity the empire of the Mughals extended from Kábul in the North (not to mention Balkh, of which a coin of Sháhjahán[1] bears witness to the temporary possession) to Tanjore in the South, from Tatta and Júnagarh to the seaport town of Chittagong.

A reliable index to the geographical limits of the empire in its varying fortunes is to be found in the coins, owing to the custom of issuing money from many of the most important provincial centres, as well as at the capital, and of recording on the coin the mint from which it was issued. This practice which, as we have already seen in Vol. II, was to a small extent adopted by the Sulṭáns of Dehlí, was developed by the Afghán Shér Sháh after he had driven Bábar's son out of India. When, sixteen years later, Humáyún and Akbar regained the throne of Dehlí, they found it convenient and politic to retain the numismatic system which they found established. The coins, therefore, form a valuable adjunct to the plentiful, but often unsatisfactory, historical records of the Mughal period.

[1] I refer to a gold coin in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád, U. P., India.

During recent years the interest taken in the coins of the Mughals has received considerable impetus, partly as a result of private, partly public efforts. The publication in 1892 of the catalogue of the coins in the fine collection belonging to the British Museum may be said to have started the movement. This was followed in 1893 and 1894 by Mr. C. J. Rodgers's catalogues of the coins in the Láhor and Calcutta Museums. America, Germany, France, and Russia have seized opportunities to acquire well-known private collections, and, latterly, India herself has begun to take more systematized action to preserve her fast disappearing numismatic records. A striking proof of this is to be found in the present series of coins. Thirteen years ago the total of the Mughal coins in the cabinet of the Indian Museum stood at 863. The number now described is 2,560, and, though part of the increase is due to the transfer to the Indian Museum as a permanent loan the collection belonging to the Asiatic Society of Bengal, it is a fact that between July, 1904, and May, 1906, more than 800 coins were sent to the Calcutta Museum Cabinet, mainly as a result of the stricter working of the Treasure Trove Act.

It was therefore fully time that the existing catalogue should be replaced by one that included recent additions. The Trustees have at the same time wisely recognized that a catalogue of coins without illustrations is shorn of half its value from the numismatist's point of view. The plates illustrating this volume have been executed by the autotype process from casts skilfully taken by Mr. A. P. Ready, Electrotypist to the British Museum.

The coins have been classified, as in the volume devoted to the Sulṭáns of Dehlí and for the reasons there given, under the mints from which they issued, these latter being arranged in English alphabetical order. This has given rise

to no practical difficulties, and I have purposely avoided an arrangement according to the Persian alphabet, in the belief that the majority of those using the volume are likely to be more readily conversant with the former than the latter.

For those to whom the chronology of the coins is of more importance than their locale, an index has been prepared, showing for each sovereign the coins issued in each year.

The side bearing the Muḥammadan profession of faith—the *Kalima*—has invariably been treated as the 'obverse' of the coin. Where the *Kalima* is absent, the 'obverse' is that side on which the Emperor's name appears, except in cases where the two legends form a couplet, and the Emperor's name is obviously in the second half of that couplet. Where neither the *Kalima* nor the Emperor's name is given, the side on which the mint name occurs has been shown as the 'obverse'.

In view of the abundant literature on the Mughal period, I have not thought it necessary to preface the catalogue by any historical sketch. The introduction takes the form of notes on the various mint towns recorded on the coins in the catalogue. My aim has been to let the coins illustrate themselves, how, from a small kernel—the principality of Kábul—the tree of Mughal empire grew strong enough for its branches to cast their shadow over the greater part of the Indian peninsula, till cumbrous with too much weight it fell stricken by the storms that swept round it, the spoil of Afghán and Marāthā, Sikh and Rohilla, French and English. Yet such was the prestige which lingered round the tottering monarchy that its supplanters preferred, by recording the name of the sovereign of Dehlí on their coins, to retain the semblance of suzerainty which such an issue of coinage implied. To this is due the difficulty which

presents itself to any one who attempts to discriminate between the coins of the Mughal empire proper in its later stages, and those issued by the rulers of the territories which had been wrested from the Mughal. The point has been considered by Mr. Lane-Poole on p. cviii of his introduction to the *British Museum Catalogue*, 'Moghul Emperors.' 'We have first to determine,' he writes, 'what coins must be placed under Sháh 'Álam. Under this head are classed all those coins which bear his name, and have legible mints and consistent dates (i. e. dates in which the regnal and Hijra years are in accord). A large number of these coins were issued by one or other of the numerous quasi-independent states which sprang up all over India upon the decay of the Moghul authority; but so long as they show the Emperor's name, and so long as their dates tally with his reign, they must be classed as his coinage, though he was only a figure-head.' This method of treatment, though it does not cover every case—e. g. the coins issued by the East India Company at Murshidábád after A. H. 1178–9 = A. D. 1765 [1], and has not been followed by Mr. Lane-Poole in the case of the coins of the Banáras mint (p. 244 of the *British Museum Catalogue*)—goes a long way towards providing a practical working plan. Except, therefore, where cogent reasons to the contrary have been found, I have classed as Mughal issues all coins down to the close of the reign of Sháh 'Álam II which bear the name of the Dehlí Emperor, excluding only those which were obviously struck by the East India Company.

I desire to express my obligations to Mr. R. Burn, I.C. S., the Rev. G. P. Taylor, D.D., of Aḥmadábád, Bombay Presidency, and Dr. O. Codrington, Librarian of the Numis-

[1] See a paper by Mr. J. M. C. Johnston in the *Numismatic Chronicle* of 1903, Part I, p. 71.

matic Society, for the help I have received at their hands in the preparation of this volume. Mr. Burn very kindly gave up some of his scanty leisure to read through the proofs of the catalogue, and brought to my notice several points that required correction. He was also good enough to send me notes on some of the mints, which were of much assistance.

Dr. Taylor placed unreservedly at my disposal his wide experience of Mughal numismatics, and spared himself neither time nor trouble in helping me to make the introductory notes on mint towns as complete as possible.

To Dr. Codrington I am indebted for his experienced and ready aid at all times in dealing with difficult points.

For their careful composition and prompt execution of work my thanks are again due to the Staff of the Clarendon Press.

H. NELSON WRIGHT.

CLEVEDON, SOMERSET,
September, 1907.

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TABLE SHOWING

THE METHOD OF TRANSLITERATION ADOPTED

IN THIS

CATALOGUE

أ	*a*	ظ	*z̤*		
ب	*b*	ع	ʿ		
پ	*p*	غ	*g͟h*		
ت	*t*	ف	*f*		
ث	*s̤*	ق	*q*		
ج	*j*	ك	*k*		
چ	*ch*	گ	*g*		
ح	*ḥ*	ل	*l*		
خ	*k͟h*	م	*m*		
د	*d*	ن	*n*		
ذ	*ẕ*	ه	*h*		
ر	*r*	و	*w*		
ز	*z*	ی	*y*		
س	*s*	ـَ	*a*	ـَا	*á*
ش	*sh*	ـِ	*i, e*	ـِی	*í*
ص	*ṣ*	ـُ	*u*	ـُو	*ú, o*
ض	*ẓ*	ـَی	*ai. é*	ـَو	*au*
ط	*t̤*				

ABBREVIATIONS

A. D. . . .	Anno Domini.
Æ	copper, including bronze.
A. H. . . .	Hijra era.
Aḥmadábád . .	found in the Aḥmadábád district of Bombay Presidency.
AR	silver.
Art. . . .	article.
A. S. B. . . .	Asiatic Society of Bengal.
AV	gold.
Bétúl . . .	found in the Bétúl district of the Central Provinces.
Bhandára C. P. .	found in the Bhandára district of the Central Provinces.
B. M. C. . . .	*Catalogue of the British Museum*, 'Moghul Emperors.'
Bombay Government .	presented by the Bombay Government.
Dehlí . . .	found in the Dehlí district of the Panjáb.
Dinájpúr . .	found in the Dinájpúr district of Bengal.
E. D. . . .	Elliot and Dowson's *History of India*.
Ellis . . .	acquired from the collection of Mr. Ellis, sold at Amsterdam, 1906.
Gurgáon . . .	found in the Gurgáon district of the Panjáb.
I. M. C. . . .	*Catalogue of the Indian Museum*, by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, 1894.
J. A. S. B. . .	*Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.*
Jihlam . . .	found in the Jihlam (Jhelum) district of the Panjáb.
J. R. A. S. . .	*Journal of the Royal Asiatic Society.*
J. R. A. S. Bom. .	*Journal of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society.*
Láhor . . .	found in the Láhor district of the Panjáb.
L. M. C. . . .	*Catalogue of the 'Coins of the Moghul Emperors of India'*, collected by Mr. C. J. Rodgers and purchased for the Láhor Museum, 1893.
M.	mint mark or ornament.

Madrás . . .	presented by the Madrás Government.
Mánbhúm . .	found in the Mánbhúm district of Bengal.
Míánwálí . .	found in the Míánwálí district of the Panjáb.
Num. Chron. . .	*The Chronicle of the Royal Numismatic Society, London.*
Num. Supp. . .	Numismatic Supplement to the *J. A. S. B.*
Pánch Mahâls . .	found in the Pánch Mahâls district of Bombay Presidency.
Pl.	plate.
Procs. A. S. B. . .	*Proceedings of the Asiatic Society of Bengal.*
Púná . . .	found in the Púná district of Bombay Presidency.
Rf.	refer to.
R. Y. . . .	regnal year.
S.	size.
Ságar . . .	found in the Ságar (Saugor) district of the Central Provinces.
Sq.	square.
Thána . . .	found in the Thána district of the Bombay Presidency.
U. P. . . .	presented by the Government of the United Provinces of Ágra and Oudh.
w.	weight.

INTRODUCTION

NOTES ON THE MUGHAL MINT TOWNS MENTIONED IN THIS CATALOGUE

For the observations made in the following notes I have relied largely on the coins published in the British Museum Catalogue '*Moghul Emperors*', and Mr. C. J. Rodgers's Catalogue of the coins in the Láhor Museum, together with those described in the present volume. I have, however, also made references to the catalogue of the fine collection made by Dr. L. White King, I.C.S. retd., which was prepared by Mr. Schulman of Amsterdam when that collection was dispersed, and to a manuscript catalogue of my private collection.

Mr. R. Burn's paper on 'Mints of the Mughal Emperors', which appeared in the *Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal*, 1904, together with some notes supplied to me during the preparation of this volume; a manuscript list of mints prepared by Dr. G. P. Taylor of Aḥmadábád, showing the extent to which they are represented in some of the better known collections; Dr. Codrington's list of mint towns in his *Musalmán Numismatics*; and, occasionally, Mr. Leggett's *Notes on the Mint Towns and Coins of the Mohamedans*, have been of great assistance. Besides these, numerous publications in the *Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal* and *Chronicle of the Royal Numismatic Society* have been consulted.

The historical matter which the notes contain has been extracted mainly from the following publications:—

'Ain-i-Akbarí, translated by Prof. Blochmann and Col. Jarrett.

The History of India by its own Historians, Elliot and Dowson.

Muntakhabu-t-tawáríkh of Al-Badáoní, translated by Mr. W. H. Lowe.

Akbar, by Col. Malleson (Rulers of India Series).

Aurangzéb, by Mr. S. Lane-Poole (Rulers of India Series).

The Fall of the Mughal Empire, by Mr. H. G. Keene.

The series of Mughal coins is such a large one that very few numismatists can hope to have either the opportunity or the means required for forming a representative collection, and the time has now come when private collectors will do most good by concentrating

their attention on the coins of individual mints. A series of monographs on the lines of Dr. Taylor's 'Coins of Aḥmadábád' (*J. R. A. S. Bom.*, vol. XX, No. LVI, p. 409) would be of great assistance to students of this period, and for such work these notes will, it is hoped, prove of practical help, by illustrating the working of the mints as gleaned from the coins in some of the principal collections of Mughal coins, and by bringing together the scattered notices that have appeared from time to time in numismatic publications, in so far as they affect the coins here catalogued.

They may also be useful in serving as a guide to the authorities of the Indian Museum by showing in what directions efforts should be made to enlarge the collection. It is much to be hoped that such efforts will be made. I cannot claim that these are any but rough notes, to be corrected as fresh coins are brought to light. Where the references to be consulted are so numerous and scattered it is, perhaps, hardly to be expected that none have been overlooked, and, where the information from which deductions have been derived is of necessity incomplete, it would be presumptuous to hope that no errors will be discovered. If, however, the objects which I have had in view are in any measure advanced, and some incentive is given to the more systematic preservation and record of valuable but fast disappearing numismatic evidence, something will have been gained.

ÁGRA

ÁGRA [AKBARÁBÁD]

Lat. 27° 10′ Long. 78° 3′

	AV	AR	Æ
Bábar	—	—	6
Humáyún	—	1 ?	21
Akbar	12	1	12
Jahángír	19	18	7
Sháhjahán	1 (Ágra)	6 (Ágra)	— (Ágra)
	6 (Akbarábád)	20 (Akbarábád)	1 (Akbarábád)
Aurangzéb	—	6	1
Sháh 'Álam I	—	6	—
Jahándár	1	1	—
Farrukh-siyar	1	6	—
Rafí'u-d-darját	—	1	—
Sháhjahán II	—	2	—
Muḥammad	1	13	—
Aḥmad	1	—	—
'Álamgír II	—	2	—
Sháhjahán III	—	1	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	16	—

A mint was first established at Ágra in the reign of Bábar **ÁGRA** apparently in the year A. H. 936. Its issues seem to have been confined to silver and copper, the former following the Central Asian *dirham* in weight and form (*vide L. M. C.*, p. 2), while the copper coins, both under Bábar and his son Humáyún, conformed to the Bahlolí standard of about 145 grains. The latter are peculiar in that they do not bear the name of the reigning sovereign. *Dáru-l-khiláfat, Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Qil'a*, and *Dáru-l-amán* were used as honorific epithets of the town. On the silver coins the *Kalima*, and the names of the first four Khalífas, appeared on the obverse, the king's name and titles on the reverse.

Sher Sháh remodelled the coinage, issuing rupees of 180 grains and copper *dáms* of 330 grains, and the mint was worked freely during the Súri interregnum. Silver coins are known of Akbar's earliest years (*L. M. C.*, p. 53), following the Súri standard of weight, but the issue of gold appears not to have started till A. H. 971. The weight of the gold muhar of this time averaged 168 grains with a maximum of 170 grains. In the British Museum (*B. M. C.*, No. 23) is a five-muhar piece of A. H. 971 of the Ágra mint that weighs 838 grains. The silver coins weigh a little heavier, and Abú-l-faẓl gives the weight of Akbar's rupee as 11½ mashas or 178·25 grains. Between 970 and 980 Akbar spent much of his time at Ágra, and the fort, which took eight years to build, still remains as a monument of this period.

In A.H. 981 appeared the rare *Mihrábí* gold muhar, struck at 'Baldat', (the town of) 'Agra' (No. 70), but the shape was evidently not found suitable, for it does not appear again except in an issue of the forty-ninth year (*B. M. C.*, No. 168), also from the Ágra mint.

After Akbar moved his head quarters to Fatḥpúr Sikrí, coins of Ágra appeared with less regularity, and few, if any, specimens are known with dates between A.H. 988 and 1005. By this time Akbar had promulgated his Iláhí religion and era, and the gold and silver coins (which are by no means common) bear on their obverse the formula الله اکبر جل جلاله which has led some to wonder whether the اکبر was not meant to precede the الله in the legend.

In copper Akbar's earlier Ágra issues were of the Súrí type known as *dáms*, but inscribed *fulús*. In A.H. 1009 (R. Y. 44) appeared the tanka (*L. M. C.*, p. 97) with its half-piece, and two years later these made way for the four, two, and one tankí pieces. These were current at the close of the reign.

Under Jahángír the Ágra mint resumed its activity, and from it issued some of the finest specimens of the Mughal coinage. On some of Jahángír's earliest issues the *Kalima* was reintroduced, but as

ÁGRA a general rule the inscriptions were in the form of rhyming couplets. The weight of the muhar and rupee was also changed, some specimens weighing as much as 220·5 grains (*L. M. C.*, No. 20, P. 131). The old standard was, however, reverted to in the sixth year of the reign, and only one or two heavy coins are known of later date.

A specimen of a five-muhar piece of the Ágra mint, dated A. H. 1028, and weighing 843 grains, is preserved in the British Museum (No. 305, *B. M. C.*). In A. H. 1028 also appeared the well-known series of coins, bearing on their reverse the sign of the zodiac corresponding to the month in which the coin was struck. Of these, in gold, the Indian Museum possesses thirteen (Nos. 570–82) with eight signs, issued between 1028 and 1032, and in silver three (Nos. 603–5), with the signs of Taurus, Gemini, and Cancer; but I regard only two of these latter as above suspicion.

The following five couplets are inscribed on gold and silver coins of Ágra in this Catalogue.

Æ No. 588 (1014–1)
Æ No. 589 (1015–2)

روی زر را ساخت نورانی برنگ مهر وماه
شاه نور الدین جهانگیر ابن اکبر بادشاه

'Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, illumined the face of the coins (money) with the colour of the sun (gold) and the moon (silver),'

a poetical way of saying that he struck gold and silver coins.

Æ No. 590 (1017–4)
Æ No. 591 (1019–5)

سکه زد در شهر اگره خسرو گیتی پناه
شاه نور الدین جهانگیر ابن اکبر بادشاه

'The king, the refuge of the world, Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, struck coin in the city of Ágra.'

Æ No. 564 (1019–5) Isfandármuz.

در اسفندارمز این سکه را در اگره زد بر زر
شهنشاه زمان شاه جهانگیر ابن شاه اکبر

'In (the month of) Isfandármuz the supreme sovereign of the age, Sháh Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar, struck this coin in gold in the city of Ágra.'

ÁGRA

AV	No. 570	(1028–14)	Aries
AV	No. 572–4	(1030–16)	Taurus
AR	No. 603	,,	,,
AV	No. 575	,,	Gemini
AR	No. 604	(1028–14)	,,
AV	No. 576	(1030–16)	Cancer
AR	No. 605	(1029–15)	,,
AV	No. 577	(1031–17)	,,
AV	No. 578	?	Virgo
AV	No. 579	(1031–16)	Libra
AV	No. 580	(1032–18)	,,
AV	No. 581	(1031–16)	Sagittarius
AV	No. 582	(1028–13)	Pisces
AR	No. 601	(1031–17)	,,
AR	No. 602	(1034–19)	,,

یافت در اگره روی زر زیور
از جهانگیر شاه شاه اکبر

'The face of money received beauty at Ágra through Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Akbar Sháh.'

AV No. 571 (1028–14) Taurus

سکهٔ اگره داد زینت زر
از جهانگیر شاه شاه اکبر

'The stamp of Ágra gave decoration to money through Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

To these may be added the couplet on the rupees which bear the name of Jahángír's queen Núrjahán—Nos. 811–13:

بحکم شاه جهانگیر یافت صد زیور
زنام نور جهان بادشاه بیگم زر

'By order of Sháh Jahángír money gained a hundred beauties from the name of Núrjahán, his queen.'

The Museum possesses two only of the copper issues of Ágra, viz. the 'rawáne' and the heavy 'fulús'. It will be noticed that one of these is struck on a Súrí *dám* (No. 828). The 'ráij' is wanting.

In A. H. 1038, during the second year of Sháhjahán's reign, the name of Ágra was altered to Akbarábád (No. 889 and *B. M. C.*, No. 583), the honorific epithet (Dáru-l-khiláfat) and the name of the Persian month being at first retained. These, however, were replaced in the same year by an uncommon type in which the names of the first four khalífas and their attributes are recorded above and below the *Kalima* (No. 890). Between 1039 and 1043 the type changes

ÁGRA frequently. On the obverse the *Kalima* is enclosed first in a circle, then in a sixfoil area. In 1041 the area becomes square, in 1042 circular again and then diamond-shaped, till finally in 1043 a dotted square area is adopted. On the reverse the king's name and titles are written in lines across the face of the coin till 1043 when the obverse design of an area with margin is introduced. After 1039 the mint name is to be found on the reverse, before that on the obverse.

On the gold coins the areas are lozenge-shaped after 1043 and these Akbarábád muhars are perhaps the commonest of the earlier Mughal gold issues.

The collection contains only one example of a Niṣár (largesse money) of this mint and that an imperfect specimen—No. 908.

The copper coinage is also meagrely represented by one coin, a 'fulús' weighing 37 grains.

In the struggle for the throne between Sháhjahán's sons Ágra appears to have been effectively occupied by Sháh Shujʿá, for coins were struck in his name from the Ágra mint (*B.M.C.*, No. 690) during A. H. 1068, but there is no specimen in the present collection, nor does the Museum possess any gold coin of Aurangzéb of Ágra mintage. The earliest coin of this reign is of 1071 (R.Y. 3). On the obverse is a square area inscribed شاه عالمگیر بادشاه غازی, with ابو المظفر محی الدین محمد اورنگزیب بهادر and the date in the margin. The reverse contains the mint name also in a square area, while in the margin appears the formula used consistently by Aurangzéb and his successors to express their regnal year, viz.: سنة جلوس میمنت مانوس, or 'year of the reign of tranquil prosperity'.

This type remained unchanged till the twenty-ninth year of Aurangzéb's reign, when it gave place to the type usually associated with this monarch, the obverse containing the following couplet:—

سکه زد در جهان چو بدر منیر
شاه اورنگزیب عالمگیر

'Sháh Aurangzéb 'Álamgír struck coin in the world like the shining moon,'

while on the reverse appear the regnal year and mint name. From this time also Akbarábád went by the name of مستقر الخلافة, 'the permanent seat of the Khalifate.'

The catalogue contains only one copper coin of this mint which can be ascribed to Aurangzéb. It is dated the eighth year, and weighs 213 grains (No. 1646). It does not, however, bear Aurangzéb's name. Under Sháh 'Álam Bahádur Sháh the honorific epithet of the mint was altered to مستقر الملك, and this epithet was also employed

by Jahándár and Farrukh-siyar, the latter reverting to مستقر الخلافة in the fifth year of his reign (*see B. M. C.*, No. 924). **ÁGRA**

The remaining history of the mint calls for little comment. Coins bearing the usual inscriptions were issued from it in the name of each king down to Sháh 'Álam II, and one or more specimens of each reign are to be found in the catalogue. Even the puppet king Sháhjahán III, raised to the throne by Ghâzíu-d-dín, seems to have issued money from Akbarábád (No. 2263), but the attribution of this coin is somewhat uncertain. In the troublous times of Sháh 'Álam II Ágra was successively in the hands of the Játs, Maráthás, and Imperial troops. Eventually it was taken by Sindhia and held for him by his French generals until the victorious progress of Lord Lake in 1803 (A. H. 1218) left Hindústán at the mercy of the British. Meanwhile the mint continued to send out coins in the name of Sháh 'Álam, but there appears to have been a break between 1180 and 1198. In the latter year coins again appeared bearing on them the distinctive mark of a fish. In 1219, when the mint must have been in British possession, the legend on the obverse was slightly altered from سکه صاحب قرانی زد زتائید الله to سکه زد بر هفت کشور از فضل الله, but the fish-mark was retained. Of this type a coin of 1220, the year before Sháh 'Álam's death, is the latest that I can find (*B. M. C.*, No. 1132), the coin described on p. 246 of the *Láhor Museum Catalogue* evidently being, as suggested by Mr. C. J. Rodgers, of doubtful authenticity.

On the whole the Akbarábád (Ágra) mint is well represented by its coins in the Indian Museum cabinet, the most noticeable defect being the absence of any gold coins of Aurangzéb, Sháh 'Álam I, and the last three emperors in whose reigns the mint was working. There is also a lamentable paucity of silver coins of the smaller values.

AḤMADÁBÁD

AḤMAD-ÁBÁD

Lat. 23° 2′ Long. 72° 35′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	7	53	12
Jahángír	2	31	—
(Núrjahán)	—	1	—
Sháhjahán	1	12	—
Murád Bakhsh	—	1	—
Aurangzéb	—	10	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	—	—
Jahándár	—	—	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—
Rafí'u-d-darját	—	1	—

AHMAD-ÁBÁD

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán II	—	—	—
Muhammad	—	7	—
Ahmad	—	—	—
'Álamgír II	—	2	—
Sháhjahán III	—	1	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	3	—
Bídár-Bakht	—	1	—
Akbar II	—	1	1

The coinage of the Ahmadábád mint has been admirably dealt with by Dr. G. P. Taylor in his article in the *J. R. A. S. Bom.*, vol. XX, No. LVI, pp. 409–447, and in a note on 'Akbar's copper coins of Ahmadábád' in the *J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Num. Supp. IV, art. 26.

Ahmadábád was founded in A. D. 1411 (A. H. 814) by Ahmad Sháh I, sovereign of the independent kingdom of Gujarát in Western India, and became the capital of that principality. The connexion of the Mughals with Gujarát began in the reign of Humáyún who, after overrunning Málwá, proceeded to invade Gujarát and drove the reigning sovereign Bahádur Sháh to seek protection from the Portuguese. Copper coins were struck by the invader at Chámpánír (*L. M. C.*, p. 12) in A. H. 942, but there is none in the present collection.

As a Mughal mint the history of Ahmadábád starts in A. H. 980, when Gujarát was annexed by Akbar, and No. 76 of this catalogue is a specimen of the first gold coins issued in Akbar's name. No. 77 is another coin of the same year, but on it Ahmadábád is called 'Dáru-l-khiláfat'. The latter type only is noticed in Dr. Taylor's paper, but he mentions a rupee of 980 very similar to No. 76. The type changed both for gold and silver in 981 and again in 982, Ahmadábád now being known as 'Dáru-s-saltanat'. Five years later, in 987, Akbar introduced a square coinage (Nos. 82 and 114), the *Kalima* on the obverse being in a diamond for gold, a square for silver, issues, the four sides of which are formed by elongating some of the letters of the marginal legends. No gold coins of Akbar seem to have issued from the Ahmadábád mint after 987, but this square type continued in silver till A. H. 1000. In 1000 and 1001 while the orthodox inscriptions remained the Hijra date was replaced by the Iláhí year (No. 127), and the epithet 'Dáru-s-saltanat' was dropped; but some time during the latter year the Iláhí coins, with the Akbarí creed on the obverse and the date, month, and mint on the reverse, made their appearance, square at first, but changing to round in the course of the thirty-ninth year. Another variation

AḤMADÁBÁD

occurred in A. H. 1010—Akbar's forty-seventh year—when for eight months a more ornate type of coin was issued (Nos. 152–3).

In copper, as in the other metals, the coins struck immediately after the conquest (Nos. 347 and 348) were soon discontinued, and in 982 appeared a type of '*fulús*' which was not superseded till the thirty-eighth year. Nos. 356 and 357 are examples of this type, but the Iláhí date is unfortunately obliterated. The copper coinage of Aḥmadábád after 987 is very poorly represented in the Indian Museum, there being no specimens of the 'tanka' issue, which in Aḥmadábád, as in Ágra, was current in the forty-fourth and two successive years. Of the issues between 1009–1013, there is only one very imperfect specimen, a 'yak tankí'—No. 357 (*a*).

Of the gold coins struck in Aḥmadábád by Akbar's successor two only are here described (583–4), and, with the possible exception of an undated zodiacal muhar in the British Museum, probably no gold coins were issued before 1028 from this mint.

Aḥmadábád was, however, one of Jahángír's principal silver mints, and from it issued in 1027 (R.Y. 13) the earlier zodiacal coins. Of these the Museum possesses ten (Nos. 627–36), with five signs—Aries, Taurus, Gemini, Cancer, and Leo. Of the remaining seven signs, two only—Scorpio and Pisces—seem to be known in silver. The signs of Cancer and Aquarius are represented on gold muhars in the Cabinet des Médailles, Paris.

The silver coins that issued from the Aḥmadábád mint during the first nine months of Jahángír's reign have a distinctive character of their own, in that the king is called by the name given him at his birth—Salím. The full legend runs—

مالك الملك سکه زد برزر سلطان سليم شاه شاه اکبر

The coins are also peculiar in that the first five are dated '50', referring to the fiftieth year of Akbar's reign, while the other four give the regnal year '2'. The Salímí coins and their dates are discussed by Dr. Taylor in a note in *J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Num. Supp. I.

They were followed by heavy rupees with the *Kalima* on the obverse, and to these succeeded in 1017 the still heavier coins with the couplet—

سکه زد در احمداباد از عنايات الله
شاه نور الدين جهانگير ابن اکبر بادشاه

These were current for three years only, but the inscription was revived in the lighter series of coins struck between 1027 and 1033 (Nos. 621–5). The intervening period was occupied by coins bearing the names of Iláhí months except during part of 1027 (R.Y. 12), when a new type (*L. M. C.*, p. 146) was current for a short

AḤMAD-ÁBÁD

time. During the last four years of the reign, while the influence of Núrjahán was predominant, the coinage was restricted to issues bearing her name with the usual couplet (*see* under Ágra). This collection has no examples of the copper coinage of Jahángír from the Aḥmadábád mint, nor, indeed, of any of his successors except Akbar II.

Sháhjahán at once reverted to the use of the *Kalima*, and some of the coins of his first year bear on them the word 'Hijrí' after the date, while the regnal year 1 is termed سنه احد for the first time, but No. 528 in the *British Museum Catalogue* shows that he began to record the Iláhí months on his coins very early in his second year. This type was current till 1043. In the latter year we find the *Kalima* on the obverse and the king's name on the reverse enclosed in linear squares, and this type obtained till the close of the reign. At that time Murád Bak͟hsh was governor of the province. It is therefore natural to find the Aḥmadábád mint issuing coins in the name of that claimant to the throne during 1068. From this time to the end of the dynasty the mint is very poorly represented in the present catalogue. Of gold coins there is none, of copper one, and of silver only twenty-seven—the reigns of Sháh ʿÁlam I, Jahándár, and Aḥmad exhibiting conspicuous gaps.

The silver issues of Aurangzéb bear the usual couplet associated with that sovereign, and the same may be said, *mutatis mutandis*, in regard to the coins of other reigns, but the single specimen of Rafíʿu-d-darját's rupees (No. 1816) is of interest in that it gives Aḥmadábád a new epithet—*Zínatu-l-bilád*, 'the beauty of towns.'

No. 2262 shows that Aḥmadábád was ready to recognize the right of the pretender, Sháhjahán III, to strike coins, and Bídár-Bak͟ht, the titular emperor set up by G͟hulám Qádir in 1202, was permitted to exercise a similar privilege (No. 2499).

The latest coin from this mint is No. 2511, a copper coin of Akbar II, dated 1234.

AḤMAD-NAGAR

AḤMADNAGAR

Lat. 19° 5′ Long. 74° 55′

	AV	AR	Æ
Jahángír	1	7	—
Sháhjahán	—	3	—
Aurangzéb	—	5	—
Sháh ʿÁlam I	—	1	—

Aḥmadnagar was founded early in the sixteenth century by Aḥmad Sháh, the first of the Niẓám Sháhí kings, and became the capital of that dynasty.

When Akbar had consolidated his power north of the Vindhyas, his thoughts turned towards the Dakhan, and in the fortieth year of his reign he sent his son Murád in command of an invading army. Aḥmadnagar was besieged but without much energy, and eventually terms were made leaving Aḥmadnagar with the Niẓám Sháh. In 1008 Akbar himself proceeded to the Dakhan, and Aḥmadnagar was taken after a siege of four months. In Jahángír's reign the city was lost and regained. When Sháhjahán came to the throne, the fort of Aḥmadnagar was all that was left to the Mughals south of Khándésh and Berár, but a more vigorous policy was pursued, and by 1637 (1047) the Niẓám Sháhí kingdom had been incorporated into the Mughal empire. **AḤMADNAGAR**

Akbar struck coins at Aḥmadnagar, but only a few specimens are known. Nos. 638–43 are probably, to judge from the evidence of the *Kalima* on the obverse, specimens of a type current early in Jahángír's reign. They are, however, of the normal rupee weight, and may therefore be placed after the sixth year. The gold muhar, No. 585, is later, and both it and the rupee of 1036 are rare coins. The latter would show that Núrjahán's influence had not penetrated to the Dakhan.

There are two types of the coins of Sháhjahán, one (No. 886) giving the Iláhí month dated 1041 and the other with the usual square areas. The mint was apparently little used during the first half of Aurangzéb's reign, only one coin—of the first year—(*L. M. C.*, p. 179) being published of that period. In 1681 (A. H. 1092), however, Aurangzéb himself took command of his Dakhan army, and coins began soon after to issue more freely from Aḥmadnagar. Nos. 1165–6 of the twenty-eighth year (1095–6) may possibly be examples of the first issues, as they are peculiar in having the Hijra date on the reverse and the regnal year on the obverse. A gold coin of 1097 (*B. M. C.*, No. 710) retains this peculiarity, but in No. 1167 of 1098 the usual practice is introduced. A'ẓam Sháh, during his brief struggle for the throne (A.H. 1118), struck rupees at Aḥmadnagar. The latest coin in this collection from the Aḥmadnagar mint is No. 1654 of Sháh 'Álam I, and copper coins both of this king and Fárrukh-siyar (year 5) were in Dr. White King's cabinet, but after this latter reign the mints of Southern India gradually disappear, a new power springing up into independence in Ḥaidarábád under Chin Kulich Khán and his successors.

AḤMADNAGAR FARRUKHÁBÁD. *See* Farrukhábád.

AḤSAN-ÁBÁD

AḤSANÁBÁD [KULBARGA]

Lat. 17° 21′ Long. 76° 51′

		AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	(A.)	1	—	—
	(K.)	1	2	—
Jahándár	(K.)	1	—	—

Aḥsanábád—more commonly known later as Kulbarga or Gulbarga—was the capital of the Bahmaní dynasty of the Dakhan in the latter half of the fourteenth and first quarter of the fifteenth centuries. On the decay of that dynasty it became part of the ʿÁdil Sháhí kingdom of Bíjápúr.

It was taken by Aurangzéb for his father in 1656 (A. H. 1067), but the latter's illness delayed the final fall of the ʿÁdil Sháhs till 1686 (1097–8), and it was not till that year that Kulbarga passed into Mughal hands. No. 1413 (of 1098–31) was doubtless one of the first issues of the mint under the name of Kulbarga. Both gold (*L. M. C.*, p. 179) and silver coins were issued bearing the usual inscriptions.

In the year 1115, however, it would seem that the Bahmaní name of the town was temporarily revived on the coins (AV No. 1120, AR cabinet of Dr. White King). Kám Bakhsh issued coins both from Aḥsanábád and Kulbarga (Dr. White King's collection) and a coin is known of Aḥsanábád of Sháh ʿÁlam I (cabinet of Mr. Frámjí Jámasjí Thánawálá). The latest known coin of the mint under its name of Kulbarga is of Jahándár, and is described in this catalogue No. 1710. Its attribution, however, though probably correct, cannot be called certain.

AJMÉR

AJMÉR

Lat. 26° 27′ Long. 74° 37′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	6
Aurangzéb	—	8	—
Muḥammad	—	1	—
Sháh ʿÁlam II	—	4	—

Ajmér was an important place as far back as the tenth and eleventh centuries, when it was the head quarters of the Tomára dynasty. Later, in the twelfth century, it sent its representative Pṛithví Rájá to oppose Muḥammad bin Sám. In the days of Akbar it had acquired special sanctity as the burial-place of the Muḥammadan saint Khwája Muʿínu-d-din Chishtí, and for the first twenty-five years of his reign Akbar seldom missed an annual visit to the shrine of the saint.

In A. H. 978 he 'laid the foundation of a fortress in the environs of that pure city and ordered a lofty palace to be built by the great Amírs'.[1] **AJMÉR**

He had at an earlier date established a mint there and copper *dáms* from it were issued in 970 (*L. M. C.*, p. 107). The earliest coin in the present collection is dated 979 (No. 358) and gives Ajmér an epithet which I have been unable to decipher. The remaining seven coins are of the ordinary type, the words 'sikka' and 'fulús' both occurring in the inscription. The coinage went on for some years after Akbar's interest in the shrine had waned, 996 being apparently the latest year of issue.

Under Jahángír, Ajmér became a mint for gold and silver also, and from it issued the well-known gold coins portraying Jahángír seated with a wine-cup in his hand—unfortunately not represented in the present collection. Mr. Gibbs also published a zodiacal muhar (Cancer d. 1034) of this mint bearing the name of Núrjahán (*Proc. J. A. S. B.*, January, 1883). Sháhjahán must have coined very little money at Ajmér, for only a single rupee is known (in the Lucknow Museum); but the mint was revived by Aurangzéb in or about the thirtieth year of his reign, and was working regularly up to its close (No. 1177). The issues were almost entirely rupees, gold coins from this mint being most scarce. The obverse contains the usual inscription. On the reverse Ajmér is called 'Dáru-l-khair'—the abode of well-being. This epithet is retained to the end of the series, but in the reign of Sháh 'Álam I the title Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat is also applied to the city.

Although coins are known to have been struck at Ajmér in nearly every succeeding reign, the only kings represented in the present collection after Aurangzéb are Muḥammad Sháh and Sháh 'Álam II.

AKBARÁBÁD. *See* ÁGRA.

AKBARNAGAR

AKBAR-NAGAR

Lat. 25° 3′ Long. 87° 50′

	AV	AR	Æ
Jahángír	—	10	—
Sháhjahán	—	9	—
Aurangzéb	1	34	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	2	—
Aḥmad	—	1	—
'Álamgír II	—	1	—

[1] Badáoni (Lowe's translation, *Bibliotheca Indica*, p. 137).

AKBAR-NAGAR

Akbarnagar is the modern Rájmahal in Bengal. It was founded by Mán Singh in the fortieth year of Akbar's reign (Blochmann's *'Ain-i-Akbarí*, p. 340), and was used in that reign as a mint both for silver and copper, the Lucknow Museum possessing a rupee of the fiftieth year. But it was during the three following reigns that the mint was most active. There are no examples in this catalogue of the heavy *Kalima* and 'couplet' coins, which were issued in Jahángír's first three years (*see* *L. M. C.* and *B. M. C.*), but the normal weight coins of 1019 and 1020 exhibit the following rare couplet:—

سکه در اکبرنگر زد شاه گردون بارگاه
شاه نور الدین جهانگیر بن اکبر بادشاه

'King Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Sháh, struck coin in Akbarnagar, the court of the king of heaven.'

The remaining coins of this reign are of the usual Iláhí type. Under Sháhjahán are to be found the regular types—the non-Iláhí rupees of the first year, followed by the Iláhí rupees from the second to the seventh year, and the 'square areas' type from that year to the end of the reign. These are all represented in the catalogue.

Of Aurangzéb there are no less than one gold and thirty-four silver coins. The gold issues of the twelfth year (cf. *B. M. C.*, No. 706) had the king's name in a square area on the obverse, and the mint and date in a square on the reverse, but in the thirteenth year the type was changed, and we get (No. 1121) the king's titles in lines on the obverse with Aurangzéb's ordinary reverse.

On the rupees the obverse legend is the one usually found on the gold coins of Aurangzéb (مهر taking the place of بدر) until the forty-second year, when بدر comes into the couplet. A further peculiarity is that both the Hijra date and regnal year are recorded on the reverse up to the forty-sixth year (1114). The British Museum Catalogue describes (*B. M. C.*, No. 742 (*a*)) a rare two-anna piece of this mint.

After Aurangzéb the issues from Akbarnagar become scarce, but the Museum possesses examples of the rupees of Sháh 'Álam I, Muḥammad, Aḥmad, and 'Álamgír II. The latest of these bears the date 1167–aḥd, and is of the first year of 'Álamgír II.

AKBAR-PÚR

AKBARPÚR [TÁNDA]

Lat. 26° 26′ Long. 82° 32′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	3

There are but three coins—all copper—of this rare mint in the collection here catalogued. From two of these it is possible from the

inscription to identify the mint town with the Akbarpúr near Tánda in the Faizábád district of Oudh. The ناصر الدنيا و الدين on the reverse of these recalls the same title on the silver coins of the neighbouring town of Jaunpur. Whether No. 364 was struck at the same mint town it is difficult to say. I can trace no notice of the Akbarpúr of Oudh in the chronicles of the Akbarí period. Where Akbarpúr is mentioned, reference is to the place on the Narbadá river, south of Ujjain, at the crossing of the Great Dakhan Road. In the 'Khulásatu-t-tawáríkh' (*India of Aurangzéb*, by Sirkár, p. 18) mention is made of an Akbarpúr at the junction of the Chambal with the Jamna—the birthplace of Rájá Bírbal, and there is an Akbarpúr of some pretensions in the modern district of Cawnpore. In the Láhor Museum are two rupees of Akbar dated 971 and 972, which, from the half-deciphered reading on *L. M. C.*, p. 56, appear to have been struck at Akbarpúr Tánda. There is also a rupee of Akbarpúr of the reign of Jahándár in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád. **AKBAR-PÚR**

AKHTARNAGAR AWADH. *See* AWADH.

'ÁLAMGÍRPÚR

'ÁLAM-GÍRPÚR

Lat. 15° 32′ Long. 78° 11′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	10	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	2	—

'Álamgírpúr of the coins has hitherto been regarded to be the town of that name near Karnúl (Qamarnagar) in the Dakhan, but Mr. R. Burn informs me that Bhílsa, which was a mint town of Sháhjahán, was renamed 'Álamgírpúr. There is, however, this difficulty in attributing the coins of 'Álamgírpúr to Bhílsa—that Dr. White King's cabinet contained a coin of the Bhílsa mint dated year 21 (1089) of Aurangzéb, whereas No. 1233 of this catalogue, which is of the 'Álamgírpúr mint, is dated 1076. It does not seem likely that a mint renamed after the reigning king would revert to the use of its old name on its coins during that king's lifetime.

No. 1233, which is the earliest coin of 'Álamgírpúr hitherto published, has the mint name at the top of the reverse. This type obtained till 1095, in which year the mint name first appears at the bottom of the reverse. After 1095 the mint seems to have worked regularly till the close of Sháh 'Álam I's reign. Coins of the latter king are uncommon.

ALLAH-
ÁBÁD

ALLAHÁBÁD

Lat. 25° 26′ Long. 81° 55′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	5	2
Jahángír	—	—	—
Sháhjahán	—	1	—
Aurangzéb	1	1	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	3	—
Aḥmad	1	2	—
'Álamgír II	—	3	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	4	—

Allahábád, the ancient Prayág, lies at the confluence of Jamna and the Ganges, and is the present head quarters of the Local Government of the province of Ágra. Its connexion with the Mughals, as a town of importance, dates from A. H. 982. To quote from Badáoní (Lowe's translation, *Bibliotheca Indica*, 1884, p. 179): 'On the 23rd of the month Ṣafar the Emperor encamped at Payág, which is commonly called Illáhábás. . . . He laid the foundation of a great building and left the name of that city Illáhábád.'

The fort which Akbar built is still the most prominent landmark in Allahábád.

In Akbar's thirty-third year, however (Nos. 367–8), the coins still retained the old name الهاباس—regarding the derivation of which Mr. R. Burn, I.C.S., has a note in *J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Part I, No. 2. The rupees of this reign are peculiar in that the inscriptions on the obverse and reverse form a couplet—one of the few known on Akbar's coins, viz.

همیشه همچو زر مهر و ماه رائج باد
بغرب و شرق جهان سکه الهاباد

It has been thought that these rupees may have been struck by Jahángír, who in 1008 rebelled against his father and, assuming the title of king, struck coins in his own name (Blochmann's '*Ain-i-Akbarí*, p. xxv, and *E. D.*, vol. VI, pp. 99, 205). Rupees are, however, known of the fortieth year (1003–4), and the following passage from Badáoní (Lowe's translation, *Bibliotheca Indica*, p. 345) seems to fix the date of first issue of these coins as A. H. 991:

'The year after sending Mirzá Khán and the army of Málwá to Gujarát, the Emperor started from Ágra in a boat on a pleasure expedition to Iláhábád . . . and it was determined that thenceforth

that place (Allahábád) should be the Capital. And they struck a new coinage, and Sharíf Sarmadí wrote this verse for the coin: **ALLAHÁBÁD**

"Ever may it current be
Like the gold of sun and moon
From east to west of the world
The coinage of Allahábád."'

It is possible that the coins of this type without date may be the issues between 991 and 1003. After Akbar, coins of this mint are rare, and there is none of Jahángír in this collection. Of Sháhjahán, too, there is only one specimen, a rupee of the 'square areas' type, dated 1043, but the 'Iláhí' coins of 1039–43 are represented in the British Museum (*B. M. C.*, 606), and the 'Hijrí' issues in the cabinet of Mr. Longworth Dames (*Num. Chron.*, 1902, p. 275). Dr. White King had a copper coin from this mint.

Of Aurangzéb there is a gold muhar of 1099–31 of the usual type, and a scarce rupee in which the mint is given as بلدة الهاباد—'the town of Allahábád' (No. 1243). A silver coin of Sháh 'Álam I from the cabinet of Major Vost, I.M.S., has been published by Mr. Burn (*J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Pt. I, No. 2), and I am, on further consideration, inclined to the opinion that No. 2327 is also a coin of this king. The legend on the obverse is similar to that on No. 1665, and the dot over the س of سکه may be part of the date, which might then be read 1120. The rupee of Farrukh-siyar catalogued here under No. 1743 appears to be a solitary specimen of the coins of this reign, and the absence of میمنت مانوس from the reverse legend of this coin is noticeable. The Museum also has examples of rupees of Muḥammad, Aḥmad, 'Álamgír II and Sháh 'Álam II, and a muhar of Aḥmad Sháh. These all bear the usual inscriptions of their reigns.

ALWAR

ALWAR

Lat. 27° 34′ Long. 76° 36′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	2

Alwar was first used as a Muḥammadan mint by Shér Sháh Súr—for copper only. Akbar also had a mint there in his early years, the two *dáms* in this collection being dated 967 and 968, and the specimen in the Láhor Museum 972. He also issued rupees from the Alwar mint, but only two or three specimens are known. No coins of Alwar are known of any other Mughal Emperor.

AMÍR-KOT

AMÍRKOT

Lat. 25° 21′ Long. 69° 46′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	2

The above two *dáms* of Akbar are the only published specimens of coins from this mint town, which is identified by Dr. Codrington in his *Musalmán Numismatics* as Amarkot in Sind, Akbar's birth-place. The coins are dated 979 and 989, and the mint has the prefix of Qaṣba—town.

ÁNWALA

ÁNWALA [ÁONLA]

Lat. 28° 16′ Long. 79° 12′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II	—	1	—

Ánwala is only found as a mint town in the early years of the reign of Sháh 'Álam II (No. 2331 and *L. M. C.*, p. 225). It is a town of Rohilkhand (in the present district of Badáyún (Budáon)). In the reign of Muḥammad Sháh it was the head quarters of the first of the Rohilla chiefs, 'Alí Muḥammad. No. 2331 must have been struck just after the battle of Pánípat, in 1761, when the Rohilla Najíb Khán was at the head of affairs in Dehlí.

In 1774, Ánwala passed with the rest of Rohilkhand into the hands of the Nawáb of Oudh, and in 1801 became British territory.

ARKAT

ARKÁT

Lat. 12° 54′ Long. 79° 20′

	AV	AR	Æ
Muḥammad	—	8	—
'Álamgír II	—	1	—

Arkát (Arcot) as a mint is mainly connected with the East India Company, and the French 'Compagnie des Indes'. As an Imperial mint of the Mughals its issues were limited, and I have been obliged to exclude many of the Arkát coins in Mr. Rodgers's catalogue as not coming within the category of Mughal issues. The mint appears to have been established in the reign of Farrukh-siyar—the earliest known coins being of 1129 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor). The coin on *I. M. C.*, p. 54 (7497), is, in my opinion, of Súrat, not Arkát.

By Muḥammad the East India Company were given permission to coin rupees in imitation of the Mughal issues. This was in 1742 A.D.

=A.H. 1154–5. Possibly Nos. 1885 (*a*) and (*b*), dated 1158, may represent some of the first—but not very successful—attempts at coinage by the East India Company under this concession. The coins of Aḥmad in the *I. M. C.* (pp. 69–70) have been excluded as non-imperial, and the only other Mughal coin of this mint is No. 2198 of the fourth year of 'Álamgír II. **ARKÁT**

ATAK BANÁRAS

ATAK BANÁRAS

Lat. 33° 53′ Long. 72° 15′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	2

'In the month of Rabí' II of this year (989) the Emperor ordered to be built on the banks of the Indus . . . a fortress which he called Atak Banáras, to distinguish it from Katak Banáras.' So writes Badáoní (Lowe's translation, *Bibliotheca Indica*, 1884, p. 301). A more probable reason for the name is that given by Blochmann (*'Ain*, p. 374 n.) 'that the two frontier towns of his empire were to have similar names'. Akbar had marched north against his brother Muḥammad Hakím. The king also went to Atak early in 994, and spent the greater part of the year there, leaving in Rabí' II of 995. He was again there in 997. No coins, however, appear to have been struck before the thirty-seventh year (1000–01). *Dáms* are known of this and the following six years, and in this catalogue is a specimen of the forty-eighth year (No. 374). There are no coins of later date in this catalogue, but the Lucknow Museum has a rupee of Aurangzéb of Atak Banáras—the attribution of which is however doubtful—and a rupee is also known of Muḥammad Sháh of Atak (*L. M. C.*, p. 215) dated 1158 (1745), i.e. in the period between the invasions of Nádir Sháh and Aḥmad Khán *Durráni*.

AURANGÁBÁD [KHUJISTA BUNYÁD]

AURANGÁBÁD

Lat. 19° 53′ Long. 75° 20′

		AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	(A.)	2	7	—
	(K.)	4	7	—
Sháh 'Álam I	(K.)	1	1	—
Jahándár	(K.)	—	2	—
Farrukh-siyar	(K.)	—	1	—

Aurangábád was the name given by Aurangzéb to a town founded by him during his father's reign near the site of the village of Kharkí, 5 *kos* SE. of Daulatábád. Under Jahángír

AURANG-ÁBÁD

the town had been called Fatḥábád (Blochmann's *'Aín-i-Akbarí*, p. 491 n.).

No. 1123 of the Catalogue dated 1070 is apparently the earliest coin known of the mint, which issued both gold and silver. Up to 1088 (*B. M. C.*, No. 753) the mint name was put at the top of the reverse. By 1093 (Nos. 1248 and 1124) the type had altered. From 1100 the town is known on its coins solely by its honorific epithet 'Khujista Bunyád'—of auspicious foundation—there being two types of Aurangzéb's issues (Nos. 1406 and 1407).

The mint is represented by coins of the three following emperors. Rupees are also known of Muḥammad Sháh, Aḥmad Sháh, and 'Álamgír II (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

AUSÁ

AUSÁ

Lat. 18° 15′ Long. 77° 30′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam I	—	1	—

Coins of this Dakhan mint are very scarce. None are known earlier than the reign of Sháh 'Álam I, or later than 'Álamgír II of whom one or two rupees exist in private collections. Ausá is in the Bídar district.

AWADH

AWADH [AKHTARNAGAR]

Lat. 26° 48′ Long. 82° 12′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	3
Muḥammad	1	1	—

Awadh, the ancient Ayodhya, was in Akbar's time the head quarters of a ṣúba, and has given its name to the province now known as Oudh. A mint for copper coinage existed in Súrí times, but neither then nor under Akbar does it seem to have been extensively used. Only a few coins of Akbar are known, and those of the early years. The specimens in the Museum are in poor condition, but a comparison with better specimens in other cabinets leaves no doubt as to their attribution. No. 552 may possibly also be from the Awadh mint. The name is always preceded by the epithet خطه-district. The mint reappears only once again in the Mughal series—in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh—when it is called on the coins Akhtarnagar Awadh. The gold muhar (No. 1838) seems to be the first published example of the gold coinage of this mint.

'AẒÍMÁBÁD. *See* PATNA.

BAHRÁICH

BAH-RÁICH

Lat. 27° 34′ Long. 81° 36′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	4

Bahráich, which gives its name to a district in Oudh of the present day, was a copper mint of Akbar. It was an important mart for the trade between India and Nepál, and doubtless the policy of having a local mint was dictated by the necessity for a supply of copper coinage for mercantile transactions. The mint seems to have been moved after 980 to Dogáon, a village a little to the north in the same district. No other king, as far as is known, coined money at Bahráich.

BAIRÁTA

BAIRÁTA

Lat. 27° 27′ Long. 76° 12′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	6	5
Jahángír	—	—	5
Sháhjahán	—	—	2

Bairáta, a town in Rájputáná in the vicinity of Alwar, had from early times been famous for its copper mines. It is mentioned in the *'Ain-i-Akbarí* as also possessing an unremunerative silver mine.

It was a mint town under Akbar first for copper and later for silver also. The early *dáms* are rare. The Museum has a specimen of 971 (No. 382). A rupee is catalogued of 1005 (No. 169), but the majority of the silver issues are of the forty-eighth and forty-ninth year of Akbar. Bairáta was a mint for Akbar's *tanka* issue of the forty-fourth and following years, the full *tanka* weighing 632 grains (No. 383). Jahángír's copper issues are plentiful. Sháhjahán and Aurangzéb also coined in copper at Bairáta, and Mr. Burn (*J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Pt. I, No. 2) mentions a copper coin of Farrukh-siyar in Dr. White King's cabinet from this mint. The coin does not, however, appear in the catalogue made when that collection was dispersed.

BARÉLÍ

BARÉLÍ [BAREILLY]

Lat. 28° 22′ Long. 79° 24′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	13	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	5	—
Jahándár	—	1	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	2	—
Muḥammad	—	4	—
Aḥmad	—	3	—
'Álamgír II	—	7	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	5	2

Barélí is the principal town of Rohilkhand, now included in the Province of Ágra. It first became a mint town in the reign of Aurangzéb, the earliest coin of that king hitherto known being dated A. H. 1099 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor). Of the eighteen years between 1101 and Aurangzéb's death in 1118 the Indian Museum possesses rupees of thirteen.

Gold coins are only known of Sháh 'Álam I, Farrukh-siyar, and 'Álamgír II, and copper coins of Sháh 'Álam II alone, but all the Mughal emperors after Aurangzéb issued rupees from the Barélí mint. On the coins of Sháh 'Álam I سنة جلوس ميمنت مانوس is replaced by سنة مبارك. The later coins present no special features.

In the reign of Sháh 'Álam II, Barélí was a town of considerable importance as the head quarters of Ḥáfiẓ Raḥmat Khán, the Rohilla chief, who fell at the battle of Katra in 1774 (A. H. 1188), fighting against Shuj'áu-d-daula and his British allies. Rohilkhand was then made over to Oudh, and from this date few Mughal coins issued from the Barélí mint. Rupees are, however, known of the thirtieth and thirty-fifth years of Sháh 'Álam (cf. *L. M. C.*, p. 231), on which Barélí is called Áṣafábád—not Luṭfábád as stated in the *L. M. C.*—probably in reference to the Nawáb of Oudh of the time, Áṣafu-d-daula (*see J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Pt. I, No. 2). The copper coins—Nos. 2488, 2489—are also of the thirty-fifth year of Sháh 'Álam II.

British rule was introduced into Rohilkhand in 1801 (A. H. 1216), and Nos. 2340 to 2344, though bearing Sháh 'Álam's date and in his name, must have issued under British authority. Barélí is on them called *Qiṭ'a*-district. The obverse inscription differs from the one in use on the earlier Mughal issues, and a coin of 1210 was apparently adopted as a standard pattern, for the regnal year 37 is recorded on the reverse, irrespective of the Hijra date.

BHAKKAR

BHAKKAR

Lat. 31° 37′ Long. 71° 4′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán I	—	8	—
Aurangzéb	—	3	—

Bhakkar was taken by Muḥibb 'Alí Khán for Akbar in A. H. 981 after a siege of three years. It is given in Abú-l-fazl's list of mints for copper issues only, but in the Láhor Museum is a rupee of 985 which is, doubtfully, attributed to this mint, and Dr. White King had a specimen dated 986. Akbar's *dáms* of Bhakkar are very scarce. One was published by Mr. Oliver (*J. A. S. B.*, 1886), but unfortunately the unit of the date was wanting. The other figures were 98.

The earliest coin in the present collection is a rupee of the reign of Sháhjahán (no coins of Jahángír are known) and was struck in A. H. 1040—third regnal year (No. 919). On the obverse of this coin the *Kalima* is enclosed in a circle, while No. 920, of the same Hijra date but a different regnal year, is a coin of the usual Iláhí type of Sháhjahán and on it Bhakkar is spelt Bakkar. The same double spelling occurs on coins of 1043. In this year appear three types. On the early coins the *Kalima* only is in a circle, the reverse inscription being in lines (*B. M. C.*, No. 625). The next type has circular areas both on the obverse and reverse, while the later coins are of the 'square areas' type. This type obtained till the end of the reign.

Of the rare coins of Aurangzéb's early years three specimens are to be found in this catalogue. They are peculiar in having half the usual couplet, and the mint name, on the obverse and half on the reverse, the جلوس formula being absent. مهر also forms part of the inscription instead of بدر as on most of the silver coins of Aurangzéb. By 1083 the usual type had been adopted (*L. M. C.*, p. 184).

After Aurangzéb the mint must have been very little worked, the only silver coins published being of the reign of Farrukh-siyar (cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby, Allahábád) and Muḥammad Sháh (*L. M. C.*, p. 209, where the coin is assigned to Níkúsiyar), while three copper coins—of Muḥammad and Sháh 'Álam II—are known.

No gold coin of this mint has been published.

BHARAT-PÚR

BHARATPÚR

Lat. 27° 13′ Long. 77° 30′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán III	—	1	—
Sháh ʻÁlam II	1	1	—

Bharatpúr is the capital of a State in Rajputána on the borders of the Province of Ágra. The ruling chiefs are Játs, who became virtually independent in the early days of Muḥammad Sháh. On the coins the town is called Maha Indrapúr (Webb's *Currencies of Rájputána*, p. 127) and Braj Indrapúr. A mint seems to have been first established in the reign of Aḥmad Sháh (cabinet of Mr. Ellis now in the Lucknow Museum)—the rupee attributed to Sháhjahán II, in *L. M. C.*, p. 208, being probably a coin of the pretender Sháhjahán III. Gold and silver coins were struck in the name of ʻÁlamgír II, Sháhjahán III, and Sháh ʻÁlam II. Up to the thirty-fourth year (1206) of the latter king Bharatpúr went under the name of Maha Indrapúr (*L. M. C.*, p. 230). In the same regnal year, but in A. H. 1207, the name of the mint appears (No. 2345) as Braj Indrapúr (read by Webb as Burj-i-anwarpúr), but the Láhor Museum has a copper coin of the forty-seventh year giving the older name.

BHÍLSA

BHÍLSA

Lat. 23° 31′ Long. 77° 49′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán	—	3	—

Bhílsa is a town in the state of Bhopál, and was a mint of Sháhjahán and Aurangzéb.

Dr. Taylor has a rupee of the eighth year of Sháhjahán, which is apparently the earliest coin known. The silver coin of Aurangzéb, dated the twenty-first year (1089), referred to by Mr. Burn in his mint list (*J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Pt. I, No. 2) is the only specimen published of that king, but it has been suggested that the coins bearing the mint name of ʻÁlamgírpúr issued from this mint (*see ante* under ʻÁlamgírpúr).

BÍJÁPÚR

BÍJÁPÚR

Lat. 16° 49′ Long. 75° 43′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	3	10	—

Bíjápúr was the capital of the ʻÁdil Sháhí dynasty which ruled there from A. D. 1489 to 1686 (A. H. 895 to 1097). When Sháhjahán attacked the Niẓám Sháh of Aḥmadnagar, Bíjápúr came to

the latter's aid. Bíjápúr was itself besieged in A. D. 1633 (A. H. 1042–3), **BÍJÁPÚR**
but without success, and in 1636 (A. H. 1045–6) a peace was patched up. Hostilities, however, recommenced twenty years later, and Bídar and Kulbarga were taken, but Aurangzéb was called away by his father's illness before he could complete his conquest of the kingdom. In 1685 (1096–7), after ineffectual attempts on the part of his son Áʿẓam, Aurangzéb advanced in person against the ʿÁdil Sháh, and at the close of 1097 Bíjápúr was finally conquered and incorporated in the Mughal Empire.

In the *British Museum Catalogue* (No. 763) is given a coin of Bíjápúr dated 1091 (regnal year 24) which, if the reading is correct, was issued in Aurangzéb's name six years prior to the capture of Bíjápúr. The earliest coin in this volume is of the thirtieth regnal year (1098), and from this date to the close of the reign both gold and silver coins were freely struck at Bíjápúr, which was given the epithet of Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar, the abode of victory. The reverse on the coins struck between 1100 and 1115 differs slightly from that of the earlier issues. A copper coin of this mint has been published by Mr. Rodgers (*J. A. S. B.*, 1895, p. 171).

On Aurangzéb's death Bíjápúr came into the hands of Kám Bakhsh, who struck coins there (*B. M. C.*, No. 853). It was also a mint of Sháh ʿÁlam I (*Num. Chron.*, 1902), and of Farrukh-siyar the British Museum has a gold muhar, while Dr. White King possessed two copper 'fulús'. After Farrukh-siyar the mint disappears from the Mughal series.

BURHÁNÁBÁD

BURHÁN-ÁBÁD

Lat. ? Long. ?

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	1

The identity of this mint has not been definitely fixed, and, as stated on p. 44 n., the solitary coin from it described here is possibly a coin, not of Akbar, but of the Niẓám Sháh Burhán II of Aḥmadnagar. The resemblance of the Burhánábád coins to those struck at Daulatábád by Burhán Niẓám has been pointed out in a note by Mr. Frámjí Jámasjí Thánawálá in *J. A. S. B.*, 1907, Num. Supp. VII. I find on p. 401 of Blochmann's *ʿAin-i-Akbarí* the following passage: 'During the siege of Aḥmadnagar (by Murád in the fortieth year) the inhabitants of Shahr-i-nau, which is called Burhánábád, asked the Imperialists for protection,' and from the context it would appear that Burhánábád was a part of, or close to, Aḥmadnagar.

The coin here catalogued is dated 1001, or two years before the siege of Aḥmadnagar by Murád, a further reason for considering the coin to be non-imperial.

BUR-HÁNPÚR

BURHÁNPÚR

Lat. 21° 18′ Long. 76° 14′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	1	5	—
Jahángír	1	8	—
Sháhjahán	4	11	—
Aurangzéb	—	13	—
Sháh ʻÁlam I	1	2	—
Jahándár	—	—	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	3	—
Muḥammad	—	2	—
Aḥmad	1	1	—
ʻÁlamgír II	—	—	—
Sháh ʻÁlam II	—	2	—

Burhánpúr was in the reign of Akbar the principal town of the independent state known as Khándésh, between the Narbadá and the Táptí rivers. 'The rulers of Khándésh,' says the Akbarnáma, 'were of the Fárúkí tribe, and the family had held rule in the country for more than 200 years.' Lying, however, so close to Málwá, it was natural that it should early feel the rising influence of the Mughal power. In A. H. 969 Burhánpúr was sacked by one of Akbar's generals. In 987 Akbar sent an army against Ásír and Burhánpúr, and the ruler, Rájá ʻAlí Khán, submitted and paid tribute. A *dám* of Akbar's fortieth year has been published in the *Láhor Museum Catalogue*, p. 116. If the date has been correctly read, this is the earliest known coin of the Burhánpúr mint. One would not have expected to find a Mughal mint established in Khándésh before the forty-fifth year. On Rájá ʻAlí Khán's death in Akbar's forty-first year, his son Bahádur Khán broke out into revolt. In 1008 (forty-fourth year) Akbar, who was at the time at Ujjain, determined to compel submission by force. Burhánpúr was occupied, and eventually Ásírgarh, Bahádur's principal fortress, was taken early in the forty-fifth year. Khándésh was then incorporated in the Mughal Empire. Mughal gold and silver coins now appear in plenty. In the Láhor Museum (*L. M. C.*, pp. 81, 82) are two of the forty-fifth year. The earliest in this catalogue is dated 46 Iláhí, Farwardín, i.e. Ramazán 1009. On coins of the forty-eighth to fiftieth years the mint is written برهان‌پور instead of برهانپور. Akbar issued gold, silver, and copper coins from Burhánpúr, and the mint was retained by the Mughals to the virtual end of the dynasty, the reign of Sháh ʻÁlam II. It is well represented in the present

BURHÁNPÚR

catalogue by 8 gold and 47 silver coins of nine emperors. No. 654 of the first year of Jahángír gives a rare couplet:—

سکه زد در شهر برهانپور شاه دین پناه
شاه نورالدین جهانگیر ابن اکبار بادشاه

'The king, the asylum of the faith, Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, struck coin in the city of Burhánpúr.'

This coin is of the normal weight, though heavy rupees were coined of the same type (*L. M. C.*, p. 151). Burhánpúr seems to have issued no coins in the name of Núrjahán, the issues of Jahángír's last years being of the usual Iláhí type (*L. M. C.*, p. 150). Jahángír also issued copper coins from Burhánpúr.

Of Sháhjahán there are examples of the Hijrí (No. 930), Iláhí (931) and 'square areas' types, as well as of the rare variety in which the names of the four Khalífas make their first reappearance on the Mughal coinage after Akbar (No. 932). The 'square areas' are, at first, enclosed in plain, but later in dotted, lines. In the reverse marginal legend is included the formula خلد الله ملکه. The lozenge-shaped area was also in vogue in 1040.

The issues of the early years of Aurangzéb are rare, but there are two in the Láhor Museum, on one of which (*L. M. C.*, p. 180), Burhánpúr is called بلدهٔ فاخره, 'the sumptuous town.' Dr. White King had a half *fulús* of the seventh year (1075). There would seem to have been few issues from the mint between 1075 and 1098, but from the latter date Burhánpúr coins are plentiful in silver, and there are gold muhars in the British Museum.

On Aurangzéb's death Burhánpúr recognized Á'ẓam as his father's heir, and issued coin in his name in 1119. In 1120 we find Sháh 'Álam I striking coin there, and the mint is now given the epithet of دار السرور, 'the abode of delight,' which is retained on the coinage to the end of the series.

Of the remaining coins from this mint there is little to be said. No. 2088 (*AV*) is a rare coin and appears to be the only known specimen of the gold coinage of Aḥmad Sháh from this mint. Nos. 2346 and 2347 are of crude execution and savour of Maráthá mintage. Gaps in the reigns of Jahándár, Rafí'u-d-darját and 'Álamgír II, and a total absence of any copper coins, tend to mar what is otherwise a representative collection of the issues of Burhánpúr.

CHHACH-RAULÍ

CHHACHRAULÍ

Lat. 30° 15′ Long. 77° 25′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II	—	—	1

Only two coins of this mint have been published, both of Sháh 'Álam II, and dated 1215 (1800). The second specimen was in the cabinet of Dr. White King. Why a mint was established at Chhachraulí is not obvious. In 1799 Shimbúnáth, the officer in charge of the Báwaní Mahál, in which Chhachraulí was, had risen against the Maráthás, and 'called in the Sikhs in aid of his attempts at independence', but 'was met and repulsed by a Mughal officer' (Keene's *Fall of the Mughal Empire*, p. 237).

CHÍNÁ-PATAN

CHÍNÁPATAN [MADRÁS]

Lat. 13° Long. 80° 15′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	5	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	2	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	2	—

Chínápatan[1] was the name by which Madrás is known on Mughal issues. The earliest coin of the mint is a gold Niṣár in the British Museum, dated 1103—thirty-fifth year of Aurangzéb, and in the same cabinet is a rupee of the same year. In this catalogue there is no coin prior to the fortieth year. The mint was used by Sháh 'Álam I and Farrukh-siyar, but apparently not by Jahándár. Mr. C. J. Rodgers also assigned to this mint and to Muḥammad Sháh the coin numbered 7330 on p. 62 of this catalogue; but in the absence of any king's name, date, or full mint name, I have placed the coin among the unassigned.

CHÍTOR

CHÍTOR

Lat. 24° 53′ Long. 74° 39′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	3

Chítor was taken by Akbar from theRáná of Mewár in A.H. 975, after a siege of four months. *Dáms* were issued between 999 and 1005 (Nos. 388–90), and a single silver coin of Akbar from this mint is known. I also find a reference in Mr. Burn's mint list (*J. A. S. B.*, 1904) to a silver coin of Sháh 'Álam II in the cabinet of Mr. G. B. Bleazby of Allahábád.

[1] The original name was Chinna-patanam. The town was so named after Chinnapa, father of the Naik of Chingleput, within whose government it lay (Talboys Wheeler, *Early Records of British India*, p. 49 n.).

DAULATÁBÁD

DAULATÁBÁD

Lat. 19° 57′ Long. 75° 13′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán	4	3	—

Daulatábád is situated a few miles to the west of Aurangábád, and was known till the reign of Muḥammad bin Tughlaq as Déogír. It was a mint of the Nizám Sháhí dynasty of Aḥmadnagar, but the only Mughal emperor who struck coins there was Sháhjahán.

'The fort of Lohgarh at Daulatábád in the Dakhan' is mentioned in the Akbarnáma as having been taken by the imperial forces in the forty-third year of Akbar, but in Jahángír's reign it was 'a stronghold of the Dakhanís', and was not finally captured till A. H. 1042. Sháhjahán coined in both gold and silver, and the inscriptions were in lozenge-shaped, square or eightfoil circular areas. Rupees are known of his first year—1037—but the early coins are scarce. His latest coins are dated 1068—thirty-second year. Aurangzéb transferred the mint to Aurangábád.

DEHLÍ [SHÁHJAHÁNÁBÁD]

DEHLÍ

Lat. 28° 39′ Long. 77° 15′

	AV	AR	Æ
Humáyún	—	1	3
Akbar	4	12	29
Jahángír	—	12	—
Sháhjahán	1	3	1
Aurangzéb	7	26	—
Sháh 'Álam I	1	4	—
Jahándár	—	3	—
Farrukh-siyar	3	17	—
Rafí'u-d-darját	1	2	—
Sháhjahán II	—	5	—
Ibráhím	—	1	—
Muḥammad	10	62	—
Aḥmad	—	10	—
'Álamgír II	4	5	—
Sháhjahán III	—	—	—
Sháh 'Álam II	3	8	—
Bídár-Bakht	1	—	—
Akbar II	1	9	2
Bahádur	—	1	—

DEHLÍ Capital of the Mughal emperors, as it had been of the Pathán Sulṭáns, it is not surprising to find that Dehlí accounts for as many as one-tenth of the coins here catalogued. Every emperor is represented except Bábar, of whom no coins struck at Dehlí are published. The earliest coin is of Humáyún, dated 943, but coins of this emperor struck at this mint in the first year of his reign (937) are known (*L. M. C.*, p. 6). Nos. 46 to 48, on which Dehlí is called Ḥaẓrat Dáru-l-mulk, are specimens of Humáyún's copper issues, though they do not bear his name. Akbar's Dehlí rupees prior to 970, of which No. 180 is an example, are not common, and apparently no gold coins have been published with dates either before 972 (No. 84) or after 977. On the early rupees Akbar is styled السلطان الاعظم الخاقان المكرم and the *Kalima* is in a circular area.

The mint name usually has the prefix *Ḥaẓrat*, but on No. 87 of 977 to this is added 'Dáru-l-mulk'. There was apparently no square 'Hijra' issue in 986—in fact no silver coins seem to have been struck between 985 and 993, and no gold coins after 977. In 993 we find issuing from Dehlí Akbar's first Iláhí coins, Nos. 182–3 being of the earliest month published—Amardád. The coins are square (though one or two round specimens are known), and in addition to Akbar's creed have the mint name on the obverse. This type continued till the forty-third year.

Akbar's copper issues from the Dehlí mint are of several types, the Hijra coins up to 988 being 'fulús' struck at Ḥaẓrat Dehlí, and having the Hijra date in words and figures on the reverse. No. 391 of 966 seems to be the earliest published. From 988 to 1000 there occurs a break, the issues of the latter year being 'fulús' of Dehlí, without any epithet and with the Iláhí year and month on the reverse.

In the forty-fourth year appeared the 'tanka' issue, probably in the second month, for the *L. M. C.* gives a 'fulús' of the first month of that year. Among the Dehlí coins of this period are sixteenths of the tanka.

Jahángír's gold coins of Dehlí are very scarce, and there is none described here. The *L. M. C.* gives two examples on pp. 124 and 128. The rupees of the early years—*Kalima* and 'couplet' types—are also rare, and are not represented in the cabinets of the British, Láhor, and Indian Museums. Specimens are, however, known in private collections. From 1021 the mint became more active, and coins of the usual Iláhí type were struck up to the end of the reign. No coins issued from Dehlí in the name of Núrjahán.

Jahángír's copper issues consisted of the small half *ráij* and 'fulús' weighing about 40 grains. Of Sháhjahán there are at least three varieties: (*a*) the Hijra coins of 1037–1038, not represented

here; (*b*) the Iláhí coins of 1038 to 1040 (Nos. 944–5); (*c*) the **DEHLÍ** '*Kalima* in circle' type after 1040 (there is a coin in my own cabinet of this type as late as 1049 — thirteenth year). Sháhjahán also issued small 'fulús' from Dehlí (No. 1109).

In 1048 Sháhjahán 'built a city near Dehlí which he named Sháhjahánábád' (Elliot & Dowson's *History of India*, p. 12), and in future it is this name, with the epithet *Dáru-l-khiláfat*, which appears on the coins of Dehlí. On Sháhjahán's gold muhars and rupees both the *Kalima* on the obverse and the king's name on the reverse are in circular areas, while in the margin of the latter occurs the following couplet:—

سکه شاه جهاناباد رائج در جهان
جاودان بادا بنام ثانی صاحب قران

'May the coin of Sháhjahánábad be current for ever in the world in the name of the second Ṣáḥib Qirán.'

No. 859 is a gold muhar of this type and is dated the twenty-sixth year (1062–3), but rupees are known of earlier date.

Aurangzéb's gold and silver coins, the earliest of which is dated 1070 (No. 1139), all bear his couplet on the obverse with the usual reverse. The 'julús' formula was abandoned by Sháh 'Álam I on his silver issues and سنة .... مبارك substituted for it, but it was reintroduced on some of Jahándár's coins, and obtained till the close of the dynasty.

Of Farrukh-siyar's coins several types occur, the arrangement of the inscription and date on the obverse being varied.

No. 1836 is a rare coin of the pretender Ibráhím, the inscription on which has been discussed on p. 216. The coins of Muḥammad and Aḥmad are monotonous in their uniformity. 'Álamgír II varied the type but attempted to put on the coin a great deal more than the surface would hold—his inscriptions are therefore fragmentary. Of Sháh 'Álam II the only coin that need be noticed here is No. 2467, dated 1221–48, whose border of roses, thistles, and shamrock leaves is an indication of the events that had taken place three years before.

No. 2498 is a coin struck in the name of Bídár-Bakht, whom Ghulám Qádir put on the throne of the Mughals in 1202 after blinding Sháh 'Álam.

After the British conquests in 1803 (1218), the rule of the Mughals was confined to the palace at Sháhjahánábád, but there they continued to exercise the royal privilege of striking coin till 1857. These pieces—both gold and silver—are of fine execution, and broad enough to contain the whole of the inscription—rare qualities

DEHLÍ in the later Mughal series. Of these the latest in this catalogue is a rare coin of Bahádur II, dated 1255.

Apart from the weakness in copper coins after Akbar, the collection of coins from the Dehlí mint here catalogued may be considered thoroughly representative.

DOGÁON

DOGÁON

Lat. 27° 40′ Long. 81° 35′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	14

Dogáon was identified by Major Vost with the village of Dogon, 4½ miles to the north-west of Nánpára in the Bahráich district of Oudh (*J. A. S. B.*, 1895). As remarked under 'Bahráich' (q.v.), the mint seems to have been removed from Bahráich to Dogáon to supply the copper coins required for the trade between India and Nepál. The earliest coin mentioned by Major Vost was of 986, but in the *L. M. C.* is a single specimen of 974, while the next earliest is No. 419 in this catalogue of 980. On the earlier issues Dogáon went by the epithet of Dáru-l-khiláfat. About 988 this was changed to Dáru-s-salám. *Dáms* of most years up to 1003 are known, and Major Vost has described one of 1011 and two coins of 1013. Some of the later coins have on the reverse, besides the date, the words الله اكبر, doubtless in reference to Akbar's new creed. In the *Láhor Museum Catalogue* is also a specimen of Akbar's 'tanka' issue of the forty-fourth year, on which the mint is spelt 'Adogám'.

No coins of Jahángír have been published, but Major Vost has described three of Sháhjahán.

ÉLICH-PÚR

ÉLICHPÚR

Lat. 21° 16′ Long. 77° 33′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	1	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	—	1
Unassigned	—	—	2

Élichpúr was the capital of the Imád Sháhí dynasty, which ruled in Berár between A. D. 1482 and 1572. Berár was then absorbed by Aḥmadnagar. The province was conquered by Akbar in his thirty-first year, Élichpúr being sacked. In Sháhjahán's time Berár was a ṣúba of the Mughal Empire. Jahángír struck coins at Élichpúr, but the earliest coin here catalogued is of

Aurangzéb's forty-ninth year (No. 1297). Rupees are also known from this mint of Sháh 'Álam I (*L. M. C.*, p. 199), Jahándár (cabinet of Dr. Taylor), and Farrukh-siyar (No. 1758), and copper coins of Aurangzéb, Sháh 'Álam I, Muḥammad, Aḥmad, 'Álamgír II, and Sháh 'Álam II (*see J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Pt. I, No. 2). No gold coins have been published. **ÉLICHPÚR**

ETÁWA [or ETÁWÁ] **ETÁWA**

Lat. 26° 46′ Long. 79° 1′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	1	37	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	3	—
Jahándár	—	5	—
Farrukh-siyar	1	13	—
Rafí'u-d-darját	—	2	—
Sháhjahán II	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	12	—
Aḥmad	—	1	—
'Álamgír II	—	1	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	1	—

Etáwá is the head quarters of a district in the province of Ágra.

A mint was established there by Aurangzéb, and a small Niṣár in my own cabinet dated 1097–28 probably marks its inauguration. The earliest coin published is No. 1298 of 1098, and the Museum has a fine series of the rupees of this king, only two years out of the twenty not being represented, and many of the specimens being in unusually fine condition. In 1109—(forty-second year)—the mint, which hitherto had been written اتاوه, is spelt اتاوا, and this spelling is retained to the end. No. 1128 dated 1109 is apparently the earliest gold muhar published. The coins of Sháh 'Álam I are of the usual type, but Jahándár, in spite of his short reign, struck two varieties, on one of which occurs an unusual obverse inscription, viz.

بزد بر مه چو سکه جهاندار شه بادشاه جهان صاحب قران

The legend is clear on the coins (Nos. 1713–1715) but has very little meaning. It is not noticed in Mr. Rodgers's paper on couplets on Mughal coins in *J. A. S. B.*, 1888. Farrukh-siyar also has two types, but the remaining coins present no special features. The latest coin of this mint is of Sháh 'Álam II's twenty-second year (No. 2348).

FARRUKH-ÁBÁD

FARRUKHÁBÁD [AḤMADNAGAR]

Lat. 27° 24′ Long. 79° 34′

	AV	AR	Æ
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	1	—
Aḥmad	—	1	—
Sháh 'Álam II	2	23	—

Farrukhábád is the head quarters of a district in the province of Ágra. It was founded by Muḥammad Khán Bangash about 1714, and named after Farrukh-siyar (Elliot and Dowson's *History of India*, VIII, p. 48). The first coins from the mint were issued in that emperor's name. In the reign of Muḥammad Sháh Farrukhábád was annexed by the Nawáb of Oudh, but recovered in the following year by Aḥmad Khán, and after a struggle with the Maráthás left in his possession. From him comes the name of Aḥmadnagar which appears on the coins from the time of 'Álamgír II (*L.M.C.* and *B.M.C.*) in conjunction with Farrukhábád (*see* note by Mr. R. Burn, *J.A.S.B.*, 1904). The earliest coin with the double name in the Indian Museum is No. 2285 of the fifteenth year of Sháh 'Álam II.

In 1777 (A.H. 1191) British troops were stationed at Fatḥgarh, an adjoining fort, and a British resident was posted there between 1780 and 1785.

Up to 1203 (1788) the coins followed the usual type of Sháh 'Álam II's coinage, but between that year and 1211 the regnal year 31 was retained on the reverse irrespective of the Hijra date. The type then changed again, and after 1212 the coins bear only the regnal year 39, the latest Hijra date known with this regnal year being 1220 (No. 2306). Farrukhábád passed permanently into the hands of the British in 1802 (A.H. 1217) and became one of the mint towns of the East India Company.

FATḤ-PÚR

FATḤPÚR

Lat. 27° 5′ Long. 77° 40′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	1	6	8

Fatḥpúr, which lies a short distance west of Ágra, was founded by Akbar in 976 on the site of the village of Síkrí. The latter was well known as the residence of the Muḥammadan saint Shaikh Salím Chishtí, who exercised considerable influence over Akbar till his death in 979. After the early death of several of Akbar's

children, Salím Chishtí promised Akbar another son, and at his house in 977 Jahángír was born and named Salím after the Shaikh. Fatḥpúr was completed in 979 and for some years became Akbar's head quarters. The earliest known coin from the mint which he established there is No. 433 dated 977 (probably), the obverse of which I have not been able completely to decipher. The mint, however, was not in regular working order till 985, of which year square rupees are known; of the following year specimens in gold, silver, and copper are catalogued. The first gold issues were round (No. 88), but in the same year appeared a square type (*B. M. C.*, No. 66). These square coins were struck till 989 and from that date no more is heard of the mint until 1038—the first year of Sháh-jahán, of which date a solitary specimen is published in the *Láhor Museum Catalogue* (p. 161). Fatḥpúr is known on all the coins except the round gold muhar of 986 and the *dám* of 977 as Dáru-s-salṭanat. **FATḤ-PÚR**

GOBINDPÚR

GOBIND-PÚR

Lat. 23° 38′ Long. 86° 9′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	4	—

This mint town has been identified with a place of this name in Chhotá Nágpúr in Bengál. No metal but copper seems to have been coined there. (It is not, however, mentioned in Abú-l-faẓl's list of mints for copper coins.) The coins (Nos. 441–4) are specimens of Akbar's *tanka* issue and are of his forty-fifth to forty-seventh years.

In the *Láhor Museum Catalogue* are given four coins of the fortieth year, but it seems probable that forty-five has been mistaken for forty, for I can find no mention of the *tanka* in the *'Ain-i-Akbarí* which was not completed till the forty-second year. To judge from the evidence of the Ágra and Aḥmadábád coins, the *tanka* issue did not commence till the forty-fourth year.

GOKULGARH

GOKUL-GARH

Lat. 28° 12′ Long. 76° 40′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II	—	7	—

Gokulgarh does not occur as a Mughal mint till the reign of Sháh 'Álam II. It was a town in Mewát on the borders of Bíkánír,

GOKUL-GARH within twenty-four hours' forced march from Dehlí, and in the fief of Najaf Qulí Khán (Keene's *Fall of the Mughal Empire*, pp. 167–8). In 1788 (1202) the town was invested by Sháh 'Álam II and taken. Nos. 2355–6 were struck in the year of the siege, but the other five rupees here catalogued bear earlier dates from 1189. The coins from the mint read as Díngarh in *L. M. C.*, pp. 227–9, are probably of Gokulgarh mintage.

GUL-KANDA

GULKANDA

Lat. 17° 23′ Long. 78° 24′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán	—	4	—
Aurangzéb	—	17	—

Gulkanda—more familiar as Golconda—was from A.D. 1512 to 1687 the capital of the Quṭb Sháhí dynasty, and is situated a few miles from the more modern capital of the Niẓám's dominion, Ḥaidarábád.

Under Sháhjahán the Quṭb Sháhs came into collision with the Mughal and in 1045 agreed to pay tribute and permit the Khuṭba to be read in the Emperor's name. (*E. D.*, VII, 51.) Aurangzéb, when governor of the Dakhan Ṣúbas, lost no time in picking a fresh quarrel, which ended, in 1067, in Abdullah, the reigning king, consenting to strike coins in Sháhjahán's name. Peace, however, was only temporary, and the Gulkanda dynasty was eventually extinguished in A. H. 1098. Of the Sháhjahán period four coins are catalogued, but only one of them has anything resembling a date, and that a very doubtful one, for it would place the coin earlier than 1045. Several rupees, however, are known of the first year of Aurangzéb, and therefore very shortly after the peace made in 1067 (No. 1335). These early rupees merely recite Aurangzéb's name and title, and have the mint name at the top of the reverse. By the third year the couplet had been adopted. The obverse of the 1071 rupees was apparently used for the next few years, and after 1076 the obverse of that year up to the eighteenth year (No. 1345) and probably longer. The latest date known of this mint is the thirty-first year of Aurangzéb (*B. M. C.*, No. 712). The Mughal mint then appears to have been transferred to Ḥaidarábád. No copper issues of Gulkanda have been published, and only a few specimens are known of the gold coinage.

GWÁLIÁR

GWÁLIÁR

Lat. 26° 13′ Long. 78° 10′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	1
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	5	—

Gwáliár (Gwáliar) was taken by Akbar in A.H. 966. It had been a mint town for silver and copper under Shér Sháh Súr, and Islám Sháh Súr spent much of his time there. In Akbar's time Gwáliár was only a mint for copper, and the final 'a' is written short on the coins.

No. 445 of 968, i.e. two years after the capture of the fortress, seems the earliest coin of the mint to be published. The Láhor Museum has a specimen of 987, and in the *British Museum Catalogue* is an Iláhí 'fulús' of the thirty-eighth year.

After Akbar the mint fell into disuse and was revived by Aurangzéb, of whose issues, however, only a solitary specimen seems known—in my own cabinet. Jahándár struck both gold and silver there, but only rupees are known of the later Mughals. Dr. White King published a copper coin of Sháh 'Álam II (*Num. Chron.*, 1896), but its origin was only conjectured from the presence of a 'sword' on the reverse, a mint mark which is borne on Ujjain coins also.

ḤAIDARÁBÁD

ḤAIDARÁBÁD

Lat. 17° 22′ Long. 78° 27′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	3	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	1	—

Ḥaidarábád was founded by one of the Quṭb Sháhí dynasty of Gulkanda about 1600 A.D. As stated *ante* under Gulkanda, the mint of that town appears to have been transferred to Ḥaidarábád after the thirty-first year of Aurangzéb's reign, the rupee of 1099 in the Láhor Museum (*L. M. C.*, p. 107) being probably one of the first issues. It is called Dáru-l-jihád—the abode of religious warfare—on the coins of Aurangzéb and Kám Bakhsh (*B. M. C.*, No. 852), and 'Farkhunda bunyád'—of auspicious foundation—in the reign of Sháh 'Álam I, and Muḥammad, the latter of whom struck both gold and silver there. Copper coins of this mint are known of Aurangzéb and Sháh 'Álam I.

ḤIṢÁR

ḤIṢÁR [FÍROZA]

Lat. 29° 10′ Long. 75° 44′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	2

Ḥiṣár Fíroza was founded by Fíroz Sháh Tughlaq about A. H. 757. It was a mint town of the Súrís for copper, and of Akbar for silver also. Akbar's issues are scarce in both metals. The two specimens in this catalogue are dated 966 and 967. They have the affix Fíroza, but this is omitted from the later Iláhí 'fulús' of the thirty-seventh and thirty-eighth years (*L. M. C.*, p. 106). I have in my own cabinet a rupee of Akbar, dated 963, and one or two others are known.

IMTI-YÁZ-GARH

IMTIYÁZGARH [ADONÍ]

Lat. 15° 38′ Long. 77° 17′

	AV	AR	Æ
Muḥammad	3	—	—
Aḥmad	—	2	—
'Álamgír II	5	2	—
Unassigned	—	2	—

The earliest appearance of Imtiyázgarh as a Mughal mint is on a dateless coin of Aurangzéb (*L. M. C.*, p. 192), and only a solitary rupee seems to be known of Sháh 'Álam I. With Farrukh-siyar started a gold coinage on the pattern of the South Indian 'hun'—small dumpy coins weighing about 56 grains, if allowance be made for wear. These continued to be struck in the name of Muḥammad and 'Álamgír II. Of the latter a half-piece weighing 25 grains is catalogued under No. 2182. Rupees are known of Aḥmad Sháh and 'Álamgír II, but they bear, as a rule, no trace of a date or regnal year. The latest date for the mint is apparently 1170 (*B. M. C.*, No. 1068).

ISLÁM-ÁBÁD

ISLÁMÁBÁD [CHITTAGONG]

Lat. 22° 21′ Long. 91° 50′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	1	—
Muḥammad	1	—	—

To what mint town the above coins should be attributed is still a matter of doubt. Notes on the point are to be found in Mr. Longworth Dames's paper on Mughal coins in *Num. Chron.*, 1902, p. 275, and Mr. Burn's mint list in *J. A. S. B.*, 1904. Chittagong

ISLÁMÁBÁD

was renamed Islámábád in 1076, on the conquest of Arakán, by Sháyista Khán, and the same name had been given by the same general in 1070 to the Maráthá fortress of Chákná. The name of Mathurá (near Ágra) actually appears on the coins of Sháh ʿÁlam II in conjunction with Islámábád. Aurangzéb destroyed one of the principal Hindu temples at Mathurá in 1080, and built on the site a large mosque. There would, however, seem to have been more need for a mint at Chittagong than at either Mathurá or Chákná. On the other hand the fact that coins bearing the name Islámábád alone were issued as late as in the reigns of Muḥammad and Aḥmad militates against Chákná being the mint town, for South Indian Mughal mints tend to disappear after Farrukh-siyar.

This catalogue supplies the earliest coin of the mint so far published — No. 1355 dated 1094 — the twenty-seventh year of Aurangzéb's reign. This was found in the Central Provinces—District Bhandára. The mint, however, is otherwise poorly represented, the only other coin being one of Muḥammad.

JAHÁNGÍRNAGAR

JAHÁNGÍRNAGAR [DACCA]

Lat. 23° 43′ Long. 90° 24′

	AV	AR	Æ
Jahángír	—	11	—
Sháhjahán	—	4	—
Aurangzéb	—	11	—
Sháh ʿÁlam I	—	2	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	1	—
Aḥmad	—	4	—
ʿÁlamgír II	—	3	—

Dháká (Ḍacca) seems to have been renamed Jahángírnagar about 1021, the seventh year of Jahángír's reign (*E. D.*, VI. 328–30), the earliest coin being of the twelfth year[1] (No. 674). Jahángír's coins are all of the usual Iláhí type which began in 1020. There is a gold coin of the nineteenth year in the British Museum, but none of any other emperor appears to be known.

Of Sháhjahán two varieties are published, the Iláhí type current between 1038 and 1042, and the 'square areas' type from 1043 onwards.

Aurangzéb's early issues[2], also with square areas, containing on the obverse the second half of the emperor's couplet, and the Hijra date,

[1] The date on the coin attributed to the second year in *L. M. C.*, p. 150, is admittedly uncertain.

[2] Dr. Taylor has a rupee dated 1071–3, which on the obverse has the ordinary couplet, but with مهر for بدر. The mint name is at the top of the reverse.

JAHÁNGÍRNAGAR

and on the reverse جلوس ... سنة, are scarce, and No. 1356 of 1081 is, perhaps, the first to be published. The ordinary type had been adopted by 1092 and continued to the close of the reign.

Jahángírnagar was a mint for both silver and copper in the reign of Sháh 'Álam I.

The coins of the later emperors conform to the usual types—those of Aḥmad being described now for the first time. The mint was closed soon after 1765, and the only published coin in the name of Sháh 'Álam II is a rupee of 1183 (1769–70), which must have been struck by the East India Company (*B. M. C.*, No. 1157).

No. 2223 of the fifth year of 'Álamgír II is the latest of the Mughal issues from Jahángírnagar here catalogued.

JAIPÚR

JAIPÚR [SAWÁÍ]

Lat. 26° 55′ Long. 75° 50′

	AV	AR	Æ
Muḥammad	—	4	—
Aḥmad	—	1	—
'Álamgír II	1	1	—
Sháh 'Álam II	1	1	—

Jaipúr was founded in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh, in 1728 (1140–41), by Rájá Jai Singh, a descendant of Rájá Bihárí Mal, who had been the first Rájpút to join Akbar's court, and his better known son, Bhagwán Dás, father-in-law of Jahángír (Blochmann's '*Ain*, p. 329). No. 1926 of 1153, twenty-third year of Muḥammad, seems to be the earliest coin known of the Jaipúr mint. Coins were issued in the names of all the later emperors, of the usual types. Those of Sháh 'Álam II bear the distinctive mint mark of the Jaipúr State, a 'jhár' of six sprigs (*M.* 110). Gold coins from this mint are here catalogued for the first time. 'Jaipúr' always has the prefix 'Sawáí' on the coinage, Sawáí being the title of its founder, and meaning 'raised above all other princes'[1] (Webb's *Currencies of Rájputána*, p. 72). The state came under the protection of the British in 1818 during the reign of Akbar II.

JALÉR

JALÉR

Lat. ? Long. ?

	AV	AR	Æ
Jahángír	—	1	—

The above coin and a rupee in the Láhor Museum (*L. M. C.*, p. 149), also dated 1031, are the only issues of this mint that I have heard of. The reading is tentative, and I have been unable to identify the town.

[1] 'Sawáí' means literally one and a quarter—hence 'better than ordinary.'

JAMMÚṆ

JAMMÚṆ

Lat. 32° 44′ Long. 74° 55′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II	—	1	—

Jammúṇ, the winter capital of the State of Kashmír, is only known as a Mug͟hal mint on rupees of Sháh 'Álam II. The earliest specimen is a rupee of 1195, twenty-third regnal year (*L. M. C.*, p. 228), and coins are known of the three following years, No. 2356 being of 1196. The obverse contains the simple enumeration of the king's name, and to the mint town is prefixed the epithet of *Dáru-l-amán*, the abode of safety.

JAUNPÚR

JAUN-PÚR

Lat. 25° 44′ Long. 82° 44′

	AV	AR	Æ
Humáyún	—	—	8
Akbar	2	8	3

Jaunpúr was the capital of the Sharqí dynasty, which became independent of Dehlí in A. D. 1394 (A. H. 796). The last king, Ḥusen Sháh, was dethroned by Bahlol Lodí in A. H. 881 (1476 A. D.), and the latter struck copper coins at Jaunpúr. Bábar and Humáyún used it as a mint between 935 and 943, and coins of Muḥammad 'Ádil Súr are known of 963 and 964 (vol. II). Specimens of Bábar's silver issues are to be found in the Láhor Museum (*L.M.C.*, pp. 2 and 3), but the earliest in this catalogue is a copper coin of Humáyún's first year (No. 49) on which Jaunpúr is called *Dáru ẓ-ẓarb K͟hiṭa mutabarrak.* This type, which obtained till 943, is peculiar in not recording the emperor's name. Jaunpúr remained in the possession of the Afg͟háns for some years after Akbar's accession, and, according to the *Tabaqát-i-Akbarí* (*E. D.*, V. 259), was annexed in the fourth year (966–7), but a rupee in the Láhor Museum (*L. M. C.*, p. 54) bears, if the reading is correct, the date 965. In 974, the governor of Jaunpúr broke out into open rebellion, and Akbar was obliged to go personally to Jaunpúr before the rising could be quelled.

As in the case of Ágra and Dehlí, the gold coinage was apparently not started till 971 or 972, No. 89 of the latter year being the earliest to be published. The obverse of the coins, both gold and silver, of this period contains the *Kalima* in a wavy pentagon, while the king's name and titles are enclosed in an oblong area with arched ends.

JAUN-PÚR Akbar is entitled ناصر الدنيا و الدين, 'defender of the world and the faith,' and Jaunpúr is ordinarily termed 'Dáru-l-khiláfat'. The rupees are fine broad coins of bold execution.

In 986 appeared a square issue of the usual type, of which No. 203 is an example with a late date, 988. The copper issues are also of about this time (No. 449 and *L. M. C.*, p. 115). The only coins known of Jaunpúr after 988 are a gold muhar and two or three rupees of Aurangzéb.

JÚNA-GARH

JÚNAGARH

Lat. 21° 31′ Long. 70° 36′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán	—	3	—
Aurangzéb	1 ?	10	—

Júnagarh is a town of Kathiáwár. The fortress was taken by Akbar in 999, but a mint was first established there by Sháhjahán, and a rupee dated 1049–13, of the 'square areas' type, seems to be the earliest issue from it (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

The coins of the first thirty years of Aurangzéb are of an unusual type, part of the couplet on the obverse being enclosed in a square area, the remainder, with the Hijra year, in the margin, while in a similar square area on the reverse is the 'julús' formula, with the mint name and regnal year in the margin. In 1099 the type changes, and the usual pattern of rupee is found (No. 1373).

Coins are known of Sháh 'Álam I (Lucknow Museum), Farrukhsiyar, Sháhjahán II, and Muḥammad Sháh.

KÁBUL

KÁBUL

Lat. 34° 30′ Long. 69° 13′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	2	3
Jahángír	—	5	—
Sháhjahán	—	1	—
Aurangzéb	1	1	—

Kábul had been Bábar's capital for some years before the battle of Pánípat in A.H. 932 gave to him the sovereignty of Hindustán. Akbar entrusted the government of Kábul to his brother Muḥammad Hakím, and did not himself visit the place till 989, when he went to suppress an attempt to assume independence on the part of his brother. Bábar and Humáyún's coins from the Kábul mint had

been *dirhams* of the type and weight current in Central Asia. **KÁBUL** Akbar does not seem to have struck any silver coins at Kábul during the early part of his reign, his earliest issues being half *dáms* of the thirty-second year—995 (No. 452). The silver coinage does not appear till the forty-fourth year (1007), and these were almost all half rupees—presumably because they were nearest in weight to the local *dirham*. One or two rupees are, however, also known. No. 454 is a specimen of the rare 4-tankí issue of the forty-seventh year, of which the Láhor Museum has both a 'two-*tankí*' and a *tankí* piece. Jahángír continued the half-rupee issue, and No. 686 of his first year gives the rare if not unique couplet:—

همیشه باد ز دار العباد حی قدیم
رواج سکه کابل بنام شاه سلیم

'May the currency of the coin of Kábul in the name of Sháh Salím continue for ever from the abode of the servants of the Living (God), the Ancient of days.'

This coin was published by Mr. Rodgers in the *J. A. S. B.*, 1896, 'Rare Mughal Coins.'

In 1020 (sixth year) were issued rupees with the following couplet:—

سکه زد در شهر کابل خسرو گیتی پناه
شاه نور الدین جهانگیر ابن اکبر بادشاه

'The king, the refuge of the world Sháh Núru-d-dín Jahángír, son of Akbar Bádsháh, struck coin in the city of Kábul.'

No. 689 is a specimen of this type as late as 1024. By 1026 the usual Iláhí type had come into vogue. Jahángír also struck in copper (*L. M. C.*, p. 158).

Of Sháhjahán only specimens of the first and 'square area' type seem to have been published.

The earliest gold coin of the Kábul mint is of Aurangzéb, and is dated the fifteenth regnal year (1083). No. 1377 is a rare rupee of the fourth year, and is remarkable for the absence of the name 'Aurangzéb' from the legend. The mint name is at the top of the reverse. On coins of 1094 and subsequent years Kábul is given the epithet 'Dáru-l-mulk' (*see L. M. C.*, p. 186), which it henceforth retained. No coins later than Aurangzéb are here catalogued, but rupees of Sháh ʿÁlam I and Farrukh-siyar, and a gold muhar of Rafíʿu-d-darját are known: also copper coins of Aurangzéb, Jahándár, Farrukh-siyar, and Muḥammad. The latest published coin of the Kábul mint is of A. H. 1138 (*L. M. C.*, p. 216).

KÁLPÍ

KÁLPÍ [MUḤAMMADÁBÁD]

Lat. 26° 8′ Long. 79° 45′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	1	7

Kálpí was a mint town of the Súrís both for silver and copper, and Akbar retained it as such for the first few years of his reign. His rupees, of which No. 206 is a specimen, are scarce. On the copper issues of 963 and 964 Kálpí is entitled 'Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Muḥammad-ábád', and across the reverse runs a line forming a knot in the centre. From 964–8 the coins bear the legend 'Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa Kálpí'. On the rupees no epithet is given. The mint after 968 appears to have been closed, but a hundred years later was reopened, rupees being known of Aḥmad (*L.M.C.*, p. 219) and 'Álamgír II (cabinet of Dr. Taylor).

KÁNÁN?

KÁNÁN?

Lat. ? Long. ?

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II	—	—	1

See note on p. 299 of the catalogue.

KARÍM-ÁBÁD

KARÍMÁBÁD

Lat. ? Long. ?

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam I	—	4	—

The locality of this mint town has not been identified. Dr. White King's collection contained a rupee of the third year of Aurangzéb, but all the other coins known of this mint were struck in the name of Sháh 'Álam I. It is probably a town in South India.

KASH-MÍR

KASHMÍR [SRÍNAGAR?]

Lat. 34° 5′ Long. 74° 50′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	1	1
Jahángír	—	6	—
Sháhjahán	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	2	—

The valley of Kashmír which had long been an independent kingdom, first under Hindú Rajas and then under Muḥammadan

Sulṭáns, was conquered by Akbar from the latter in A.H. 995. A coin in Akbar's name of this year is given in vol. II, p. 195. It is of the local type current before the conquest. The earliest Mughal issue proper from the mint is the square gold coin described in *L. M. C.*, (p. 52.) **KASHMÍR**

'The capital of Kachemir,' says Bernier (Constable's edition, p. 397), 'bears the same name as its kingdom.' Beyond the coins above alluded to there are none in Akbar's name struck at 'Kashmír', but rupees and copper coins are known from the 'Srínagar' mint. Whether this Srínagar is the capital of Kashmír, under its ancient (and present) name or whether it is the capital of Garhwál is uncertain. The fact that under pre-Mughal rule Srínagar was called 'Kashmír'; the existence of the gold coin of Akbar struck at 'Kashmír'; and the uniform use of this name by subsequent emperors, point to the latter view. The name of Srínagar was restored to the capital of Kashmír by the Sikhs in 1819. Jahángír made frequent visits to Kashmír. His early issues were of the heavy type with the couplet:—

روی زر را ساخت نورانی برنگ مهر وماه
شاه نورالدین جها نگیر ابن اکبر بادشاه [1]

These were followed by the Iláhí variety of 1020 to the end of the reign. In the fifteenth year, and apparently in one month only, the Kashmír mint issued zodiacal rupees, a specimen of which is described under No. 696 with the following couplet:—

جهان فیروز گشت بکشمیر سکهٔ زر
زنور نام جهانگیر شاه شاه اکبر

'Money coined in Kashmír was made world-conquering by the light of the name of Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

Of Sháhjahán only a few specimens are known of the second, or Iláhí, type—the 'square area' issue being more commonly met with. Both Sháhjahán and Jahángír struck Niṣárs at Kashmír, but these rare little coins are not represented in this catalogue. Between Sháhjahán and Muḥammad only a few rupees of Aurangzéb and Sháh ʿÁlam I are known. Muḥammad, however, struck gold, silver, and copper, and the Láhor Museum has three rupees struck in the name of ʿÁlamgír II, the latest of which is dated 1174—i.e. a year after the Emperor's death. After this date Kashmír became a Durrání mint.

The coins of Sháh ʿÁlam II of Srínagar mint (*B. M. C.*, 1158–9) are undoubtedly issues of Tehrí-Garhwál.

[1] For translation *see* p. xvi *ante*.

KATAK

KATAK

Lat. 20° 29′ Long. 85° 52′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán	—	1	—
Aurangzéb	—	4	—
Muḥammad	—	1	—
Aḥmad	—	24	—

Katak—more familiarly written Cuttack—is one of the principal towns of Orissa. It was known in the early Mughal days as Katak Banáras.

When Akbar annexed Bengal in 982 Orissa was given to the ex-king to hold as a fief of the empire, but he soon broke out into revolt and it was only after three years of continuous fighting, in which Todar Mal played a conspicuous part, that Orissa became a Mughal province. The last stronghold of the once ruling race in India, it remained, to use the words of Sir William Hunter, 'a festering sore in the side of the Empire[1].' Eventually the Afghâns were crushed by Mán Singh in Akbar's thirty-seventh year (A. H. 1000). Sir W. Hunter speaks of coin being stamped in Akbar's name at this period, but the earliest coin from Katak so far published is of Jahángír's reign and is dated 1036 (in my own cabinet)—unless the suggested reading of Katak Banáras on some rudely executed *dáms* of Akbar (No. 454) is correct.

No. 960 is an early and very rare coin of Sháhjahán of the Iláhí type current in the third year, and there are four rupees catalogued of Aurangzéb between 1099 and 1102. In spite of their defeat by Mán Singh trouble had from time to time been created by the Afghâns, and in 1110 a final attempt to throw off the Mughal yoke on their part had to be suppressed. Farrukh-siyar and Muḥammad struck coins at Katak, and No. 1931—a rupee of 1154—is one of the latest of the purely Mughal issues. From 1742–51 (1155–65) Orissa was at the mercy of the Maráthás, and in the latter year the province was made over to them by treaty. The titular governor was for six years a Mughal nominee, but in 1757 (1170–1) this farce ceased and Orissa became a Maráthá province till 1803 (Hunter, vol. II, p. 31). To this period must be attributed the strange series of coins struck at Katak in the name of Aḥmad Sháh which are described on pp. 249–50 (Nos. 2118–34). To what the figures or symbols over the word سنة on the reverse refer I am unable to say. The latest coin of the Katak mint that I can find mention of is a rupee of the third year of Sháh 'Álam II in the collection made by Dr. White King.

[1] Hunter's *Orissa*, chap. VI.

KHANBÁYAT [CAMBAY]

KHAN-BÁYAT

Lat. 22° 18′ Long. 72° 40′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháhjahán	1	4	—
Murád Bakhsh	—	2	—
Aurangzéb	2	24	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	2	—
Aḥmad	—	1	—
'Álamgír II	—	1	—

Khanbáyat, better known as Cambay, is a seaport of Gujarát and is situated at the head of the gulf which bears its name. Jahángír visited the town in the twelfth year of his reign, and in his 'Wáq'iát' mentions that '*tankas* of gold and silver, ten and twenty times heavier than the current gold muhar and rupee' were struck by his order there (*E. D.*, VI. 354). I have not, however, heard of any such pieces being found, the first emperor of whom coins are known being Sháhjahán. The earliest date for the mint seems to be A. H. 1051 (cabinet of Dr. Taylor), the attribution of a rupee of 1047 to this mint in the *I. M. C.*, p. 33, being in my opinion untenable. All Sháhjahán's coins are of the 'square area' type. He coined in gold as well as in silver. So also did Aurangzéb. Of the later emperors, only rupees are published. On Sháhjahán's collapse Khanbáyat, like the rest of Gujarát, threw in its lot with Murád Bakhsh, and the catalogue gives two varieties of that prince's issues from this mint. There is a good series of the rupees of Aurangzéb of the usual 'couplet' type, from the sixth year onwards to the forty-ninth year (1116), but after Aurangzéb, Khanbáyat is only represented by five rupees of four emperors, though coins were struck there by all except the last three; the latest is No. 2225 of the sixth year of 'Álamgír II (1172). Early in the reign of Aurangzéb the spelling of the mint name was changed from Khanbáyat to Kanbáyat, and this latter form was retained on subsequent issues.

KHAIRPÚR

KHAIR-PÚR

Lat. 27° 31′ Long. 68° 48′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	1

Khairpúr, a town in Sind, is only known as a mint town from a few copper pieces of Akbar—probably half *tankas*—of the forty-fifth and forty-seventh years. Dr. White King had two specimens of the former date. No. 462 is of the latter. Sind came into Akbar's possession in the thirty-eighth year of his reign (1001).

KHÁR-PÚR

KHÁRPÚR

The only coin known of this unidentified mint is No. 2493, p. 299, q. v.

KHUJISTA BUNYÁD. *See* AURANGÁBÁD.

KORÁ

KORÁ

Lat. 26° 7′ Long. 80° 22′

	AV	AR	Æ
Muḥammad	—	11	—
Sháh 'Álam II	2 ?	2 ?	—

Korá is now a town of small importance in the district of Fatḥpúr in the United Provinces. In the days of Akbar it was the head quarters of a *sarkár* in the *ṣúba* of Allahábád. As a mint town of the Mughals it appears first on a rupee of Rafí'u-d-darját (*B. M. C.*, No. 942), and a coin of Sháhjahán II is also known. The mint was active during the reign of Muḥammad, and rupees of Aḥmad, 'Álamgír, and Sháh 'Álam II are known. Korá was one of the districts retained by Sháh 'Álam when in 1765 he made over the administration of Bengal to the East India Company.

LÁHOR

LÁHOR

Lat. 31° 35′ Long. 74° 20′

	AV	AR	Æ
Humáyún	—	1	4
Akbar	8	40	15
Jahángír	—	42	—
Núrjahán	—	2	—
Sháhjahán	2	20	—
Aurangzéb	—	36	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	3	—
Jahándár	—	3	—
Farrukh-siyar	1	7	—
Rafí'u-d-darját	—	1	—
Sháhjahán II	1	—	—
Muḥammad	—	13	—
Aḥmad	—	5	—
'Álamgír II	1	2	2

From Láhor, the capital of the Panjáb, Bábar received the invitation which eventually resulted in the conquest of India by the Mughals. He quickly established a mint there, and silver *dirhams*

were issued by him and his son Humáyún. During the latter's **LÁHOR** reign also were struck copper coins of the Bahlolí standard (145 grains) on which Láhor was termed Dáru-l-khiláfat. These do not bear the emperor's name.

Láhor was one of the last towns to acknowledge the Súrís, and No. 18 is a *dirham* issued from the mint at a time when Shér Sháh was striking coin in Bengal. The only Súrí who struck coins at Láhor was Sikandar Sháh. These were rupees of the Súrí standard of 180 grains, but on his return Humáyún reverted to the *dirham* (*L. M. C.*, p. 7), of which the British Museum has a specimen weighing as much as 111 grains (No. 13).

Dirhams are also known of Akbar, dated 963 (*L. M. C.*) and 964 (my own cabinet), the rupee issue, with the *Kalima* in a circle on the obverse, starting in 965 (No. 207).

As in the case of Ágra and Dehlí, the gold coinage makes its first appearance in 971, the *Kalima* in the earlier issues being in a double-lined pentagon. After 976 Láhor again assumes the epithet of Dáru-l-khiláfat. In 985 were issued square rupees and muhars, and the honorific epithet was changed to Dáru-s-salṭanat, an epithet which is associated with the Láhor mint to the end of the Mughal series. The earliest Iláhí rupees were apparently struck in the thirty-sixth year (999–1000), and this type obtained during the remaining years of Akbar's reign, the only variation occurring in the forty-seventh, forty-eighth, and forty-ninth years when the legends were enclosed in ornamental areas.

This collection contains several half and quarter rupees of Láhor mintage, but is deficient in the still smaller fractions of the rupee. Iláhí gold coins are also conspicuous by their absence. These latter, which are scarce, seem to have been issued first in the fortieth year, both the full muhar and its quarter being known of this date.

Akbar's copper coinage of the Láhor mint dates from about 977 (*L. M. C.*), and the first type with the Hijra date in words and figures on the reverse continued till 988. Then occurs a break for ten years, the Iláhí type of fulús issuing in the same year (36) as the Iláhí rupee. Apparently no *tankas* were minted at Láhor, but in the forty-sixth year appeared the *tankí* issue, of which No. 477 is an early specimen.

Jahángír's partiality for Láhor as a residence is well shown by the fine series of rupees described on pp. 81 to 85 of the catalogue. But few of his gold coins are met with, and those chiefly of his earliest years. Between 1014 and 1016 two varieties both of gold and silver seem to have been current—the *Kalima* and the 'couplet' types. These were either square or round, and varied in weight from

LÁHOR 200 to 212 grains. In 1017 appeared a fine rupee, weighing as much as 220 grains, the inscription on which ran as follows:—

بدهر باد روان تا فلك بود در دور
بنام شاه جهانگیر سکهٔ لاهور

'May the coin of Láhor in the name of Sháh Jahángír be current in the world as long as the heavens revolve.'

During a few months, at the close of 1019 and beginning of 1020, the coins record the names of the months in which they were struck. Of these, No. 705 is an example containing the following couplet:—

مه اردی بهشت این سکه در لاهور زدبرزر
شهنشاه زمان شاه جهانگیر ابن شاه اکبر

'In the month of Ardíbihisht the king of the age, Sháh Jahángír, son of Sháh Akbar, put this stamp on money in Láhor.'

The Láhor Museum has a somewhat similar coin of the month of Tír, which probably marks the close of the heavy rupee period, for in the following month Amardád (No. 706) was started the simpler type of normal weight, which obtained till the eleventh year (*L. M. C.*, p. 143). This gave place to the rupee containing the following couplet:—

همیشه بادا بر روی سکهٔ لاهور
زنام شاه جهانگیر شاه اکبر نور

'May there ever be light on the surface of the coin of Láhor from the name of Sháh Jahángír, (son of) Sháh Akbar.'

This type went on with slight changes in the arrangement of the words till the end of the reign, the rupees struck in Núrjahán's name being apparently confined to the year 1034.

On Jahángír's death coin was struck at Láhor in the name of the rival claimant Dáwar Bakhsh, and in the same year from this mint issued the rare rupee of Sháhjahán described in the *British Museum Catalogue* under No. 578, the reverse of which gives Sháhjahán's early name Khurram—the obverse recording the date as سنة ۱ جلوس. To this succeeded the usual 'Hijra' type of the first year which was, as in the case of other mints, followed in 1038 and 1039 by coins recording the Iláhí months.

In 1040 the *Kalima* appears in a circular area, with the mint name on the reverse, and four years later this type gave place to the usual 'square areas' which were retained till the end of the reign.

Apparently no gold coins are known of Aurangzéb from the Láhor mint, but his rupees, especially of the later years, are plentiful. No. 1415, a coin of the first year, bears the form of couplet usually found on the gold coins (مهر taking the place of بدر), but the ordinary

form had been adopted by 1079 (*L. M. C.*). Of the twenty regnal years between 1092 and 1117 every year but one (34) is represented in the cabinet of the Indian Museum. In the thirty-ninth year (1106–7) the type changes, the date appearing in the centre of the reverse instead of at the bottom, and this arrangement was maintained by subsequent emperors. The name of the mint is placed throughout at the top of the reverse. **LÁHOR**

The coins of Láhor present no special features of interest after Aurangzéb. Of Jahándár two types are catalogued, and there are two varieties also of the coins of Farrukh-siyar, while of 'Álamgír II there are two copper pieces, the solitary examples of Láhor copper coinage after Akbar. The latest rupee of the Mughal series from the Láhor mint is also of this emperor, and is dated 1172. From this time Láhor ceased to be a Mughal mint. It had already—some years previously—been ceded to Aḥmad Sháh Durrání, but had been left in charge of a Mughal governor, and coins continued to be struck in the name of the Mughal Emperor. In 1170 circumstances called again for the Abdálí's interference, but he retired the following year, leaving his son Tímúr in charge of the Panjáb. The latter, however, was driven from Láhor by the Maráthás, and in 1172 Aḥmad Sháh appeared on the scene for the third time. When he returned to his own kingdom, after the battle of Pánípat, Láhor remained in possession of the Sikhs.

LAKHNAU [LUCKNOW]

LAKHNAU

Lat. 26° 52′ Long. 80° 56′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	7
Sháhjahán	—	—	2
Aurangzéb	—	15	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	3	—
Jahándár	—	2	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—

Lakhnau, or as it is usually written Lucknow, is the capital of Oudh. In the days of Akbar it was the head quarters of a *sarkár* in the *ṣúba* of Awadh. Shér Sháh had already established a mint there for copper, and this was retained by Akbar, of whose 'fulús' two types are catalogued in this volume. The earlier variety was current in 966 and 967 (Nos. 478–9), and the later one from 980 to 987. On these latter coins Lakhnau is called Dáru-l-khiláfat—on the earlier ones no epithet is given.

Of Jahángír no coins are published. Sháhjahán seems to have been the first to issue silver money, and a specimen in my own

LAKHNAU

cabinet with dotted square areas is dated 1055—nineteenth year of reign. No. 1110 is a remarkable coin, and is the only example of a Sháhjahání *tanka* that I have heard of. No. 1111 is a 'fulús' of the same reign of normal weight. Aurangzéb is represented by fifteen rupees of the usual type, dating from the nineteenth year to the end of the reign. Copper coins of this emperor have also been published by Mr. Rodgers. Rupees are known of the next six emperors, and in the *British Museum Catalogue* (No. 1184) is a coin ascribed to Sháh 'Álam II, but a comparison of this with Nos. 1693–5, and the obverse inscription of the Barélí and Sháhjahánábád rupees of Sháh 'Álam I shows that the British Museum specimen ought to have been assigned to the latter emperor.

After Muḥammad Lakhnau disappears from the list of Mughal mints. No gold coins of this mint have been published.

MAKHṢÚṢÁBÁD. *See* MURSHIDÁBÁD.

MÁLPUR

MÁLPÚR

Lat. 23° 21′ Long. 73° 28′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	3

Málpúr is only known as a mint town—for copper[1]—in the reign of Akbar. Situated only some sixty miles east of Aḥmadábád, it is not surprising to find that the mint was short-lived, the dates on the coins ranging from 983 to 985.

MANDÚ

MANDÚ

Lat. 22° 21′ Long. 75° 26′

	AV	AR	Æ
Humáyún	—	—	1

Mandú was the old capital of the Málwá dynasty. In A. H. 941, when Humáyún invaded Málwá, Bahádur Sháh, who had annexed the province to Gujarát, took refuge in Mandú, and was besieged there. The fort capitulated after a short siege, and Humáyún had coins struck there in copper to commemorate his victory (No. 62). They are of the usual type of Humáyún's copper coinage, in weight about 145 grains and without any king's name. Akbar conquered Málwá in 968, but no coins seem to have been struck by him from this mint. In fact the only other Mughal coin that issued from Mandú is a gold piece (*L. M. C.*, p. 127) dated 1026 of Jahángír, who visited the town in his eleventh year (*E. D.*, VI, pp. 348–51).

[1] A gold muhar, dated 984, of the Aḥmadábád type, with 'Dáru-l-khiláfat Málpúr' in the lower reverse margin, has recently been acquired by me.

MÍRATH [or ? MÍRTHA]

MÍRATH

Lat. 29° Long. 77° 48′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	1

This mint town has hitherto been identified as Mírath (Meerut), a town near Dehlí, and now the head quarters of a district in the Province of Ágra. It seems, however, open to question whether the origin of the coins is not Mírtha—a strong fortress situated forty miles west by north from Ajmér—which was besieged by Akbar's forces in A. H. 969, and figures more frequently in the chronicles of Akbar's reign than Mírath. The only coins known of the mint are *dáms* of the usual Hijra type struck between the years 987 and 989.

MUḤAMMADÁBÁD [BANÁRAS]

MUḤAMMADÁBÁD BANÁRAS

Lat. 25° 18′ Long. 83° 1′

	AV	AR	Æ
Muḥammad	1	10	—
Aḥmad	—	12	—
'Álamgír II	1	8	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	67	—

The Banáras mint first appears in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh after whom the town was called Muḥammadábád. The earliest recorded dates are 1145 (No. 1958) in silver, and 1150 in gold (No. 1842 *a*). On the former coin the mint name is at the top of the reverse, and the regnal year at the bottom. In 1146 the type was changed, 'Muḥammadábád' forming the top line and 'Banáras' the bottom line of the reverse. The issues of this mint under the Mughals are chiefly remarkable for the variety of mint marks displayed on the coins.

In the time of Akbar Banáras was the head quarters of a *sarkár* in the *ṣúba* of Allahábád. Under the later Mughals it was included in the territory of the Nawáb Vazír of Oudh. The latter was compelled in 1765 (1178–9) to give up the whole of his territory, but the greater part of it was restored to him by the directors of the East India Company. In 1775 (1189) the new Vazír, Ásafu-d-daula, ceded to the British the proprietary rights in the Banáras district, but according to Hastings's *Narrative of the Insurrection in the zemeendary of Banaris*, Calcutta, 1782, App. 33, the mint was not taken over till 1781 (1195–6).

MUḤAM-MAD-ÁBÁD The coinage of the Banáras mint during the reign of Sháh 'Álam II is most complicated. Up to 1179, i. e. soon after the battle of Baksár in 1764, the coins were of the recognized Mughal type, and were issued with regularity.

Of the period between 1179 and 1189 few coins are known: the British Museum has specimens of 1183 and 1186, and issues of 1189 are published both of the sixteenth and seventeenth regnal year. The rupees of 1190 to 1192 record only the seventeenth regnal year on the reverse, while from 1193 up to 1221 (i. e. up to the death of Sháh 'Álam) the reverse gives both the year 17 and a regnal year which corresponds to the Hijra date on the obverse. From 1222 to 1229, and apparently no later, the years given on the reverse are 17/49. The '17' has been considered to refer to the accession of Ásafu-d-daula to the Nawábí of Oudh. The coins of this series invariably display a fish as a mint mark, and a fish is a device associated with the Oudh rulers. It might therefore be supposed that the series of coins bearing the regnal year 17 were struck at the Banáras mint for currency in Oudh. There is, however, another series of Banáras coins running concurrently with the 'seventeenth year' issues from 1211 to 1233. These also display a fish on the reverse, but of a different type, and the regnal year is invariably '26'. Stopping as it does just before the issues of Gházíu-d-dín Ḥaidar, the first king of Oudh, in his own name (1234), it seems probable that this series, and not the 'seventeenth year' issue, was coined at Banáras by the East India Company for circulation in the Nawáb Vazír's territory. The '17' might appropriately refer to the cession of Banáras to the British in 1775 (1189), and the 'seventeenth year' series would thus, after 1781 (1195–6), be the Company's coinage for use in their own possessions. I have, however, thought it desirable to include this issue in the present volume, partly because of the correspondence between the Hijra dates and the regnal years, and partly because the earlier coins were struck before the Company took over the Banáras mint. Apart from the difficulty of fixing the dividing line between the issues under native control and under that of the Company, it seemed preferable to catalogue the series as a whole in the same volume. The 'twenty-sixth year' series, falling entirely in the period of the Company's administration of the mint, has on that account been excluded.

MUḤAMMADÁBÁD KÁLPÍ. *See* KÁLPÍ.

MULHÁRNAGAR [INDÓR]

MULHÁR-NAGAR

Lat. 22° 43′ Long. 75° 54′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh ʻÁlam II	—	16	—

The coins of this mint can only indirectly be termed Mughal. Mulhár Ráo Holkár had established himself in a virtually independent position in Central India, while the throne of Dehlí was tottering to its fall. He died in 1766, and his widow, who ruled for nearly thirty years—till 1795—transferred the capital from Maheshwar to Indór, re-naming the latter after her husband. The coins on pp. 289 to 291 of the catalogue, which represent every year from A. H. 1200 to 1213 (A. D. 1785 to 1798), must have issued during the rule of this princess and her successor, Tákují Holkar, who died in 1797. The coins bear the distinctive symbol of the Holkar State, a sun-face.

MULTÁN

MULTÁN

Lat. 30° 12′ Long. 71° 31′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	1	2
Sháhjahán	1	28	—
Aurangzéb	1	10	1
Farrukh-siyar	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	3	1
Aḥmad	—	1	—

Multán was at the time of the Mughal conquest the capital of an independent principality. It was conquered in 934 by the neighbouring King of Sind, but left in charge of Langar Khán, a general of the ex-chief. In Humáyún's reign it was annexed by Kámrán, who was governor of the Panjáb. Under Akbar it was the head quarters of a *ṣúba*, and a mint was established there for silver and copper, the earliest coins issuing in the thirty-seventh year (A. H. 1000). No coins have been published of Jahángír from this mint, but Sháhjahán revived the Multán coinage very early in his reign, specimens being known of his first or Hijra type dated 1038, second year.

The Iláhí coins were current for at least ten months in the second year, Khúrdád to Isfandármuz (No. 986–8), and they were succeeded in 1039, third year, by the '*Kalima* in circle' variety, with the mint on the reverse. This type remained for three years, giving place in 1042, sixth year (No. 995), to the square areas on obverse and reverse. No further changes occurred during the reign. The Multán mint does not seem to have issued gold coins till a later period,

MULTÁN No. 855 of 1064 being the earliest that I can find any trace of. The rupees of Aurangzéb's first years have the couplet associated with that emperor's gold coins, and the epithet of Dáru-l-amán is added to the mint name, which comes at the top of the reverse. By 1073 the usual type had been adopted and the epithet disappeared. A slight change occurs in the position of the regnal year in 1082 (No. 1470), but this was only temporary. Aurangzéb also issued gold and copper from Multán, and Farrukh-siyar's coins are known in all three metals. The latest Mughal issues from the mint are of Aḥmad Sháh (No. 2153). After this reign Multán became a mint town of the Durrání dynasty.

MURÁD-ÁBÁD

MURÁDÁBÁD

Lat. 28° 51′ Long. 78° 46′

	AV	AR	Æ
'Álamgír II	—	1	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	3	—

In the *Láhor Museum Catalogue* (p. 186) is described a rupee of Aurangzéb from this mint, dated 1097. This coin is apparently still unique. Dr. White King's collection included a rupee attributed to Sháh 'Álam I of the third regnal year, but without any Hijra date. Apart from these two coins the earliest issues from Murádábád are of Aḥmad Sháh. In 1174 Murádábád temporarily issued coins in the name of Aḥmad Sháh Durrání. On his retirement, it again became a Mughal mint town. In 1188 Murádábád was made over with the rest of Rohilkhand to the Nawáb of Oudh, but a coin is known of 1189, sixteenth year of Sháh 'Álam II (Dames, *Num. Chron.*, 1902). It became British territory in 1216, and is now the head quarters of a district in the United Provinces of Ágra and Oudh.

MUR-SHID-ÁBÁD

MURSHIDÁBÁD [MAKHṢÚṢÁBÁD]

Lat. 24° 12′ Long. 88° 17′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	1 (Makhṣúṣábád)	—
	—	2 (Murshidábád)	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	1	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	5	—
Sháhjahán II	—	2	—
Muḥammad	1	17	—
Aḥmad	—	13	—
'Álamgír II	—	7	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	4	—

Murshidábád, so named after Murshid Qulí Khán, who was Aurangzéb's Díwán of Bengál in 1701 (1112–13), and became sole

MURSHIDÁBÁD

governor of the province in 1704 (1115–16), first appears as a Mughal mint under its old name Makhṣúṣábád. It was doubtless Murshid Qulí Khán who first caused the coins to be struck in the name of Aurangzéb, for the earliest date for the mint is 1115 (No. 1466). In the Láhor Museum is a coin of 1116 under the same name, but in the following year the coins bear the new name Murshidábád. The mint was active throughout the remaining Mughal period, but its issues were mainly rupees, the only emperors of whom gold coins are published being Farrukh-siyar, Muḥammad, and Sháh 'Álam II. The coin, however, attributed to the latter is dated 1181 (1767–8), *B. M. C.*, No. 1185, and must therefore have been struck by the authority of the East India Company. There is a good series of the later Mughal rupees in the cabinet of the Indian Museum from Muḥammad down to the fifth year of Sháh 'Álam II (1178). Coins from this mint after 1765 (1178–9) have been excluded from this volume, as being issues of the East India Company.

MUṢṬAFÁBÁD [RÁMPÚR]

MUṢṬAFÁBÁD

Lat. 28° 30′ Long. 79°

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II	—	1	—

The Muṣṭafábád of the Mughal coins is probably, as pointed out by Mr. Burn (*J. A. S. B.*, 1904, 'Mints of the Mughal Emperors'), the town of Rámpúr, the head quarters of a native state in Rohilkhand. The name is given as an alias of Rámpúr in Francklin's *Sháh Aulum*, App. II, p. 240. The few coins which are known are dated 1184 and 1185.

MUẒAFFARGARH

MUẒAFFARGARH

Lat. 30° 4′ Long. 71° 12′

	AV	AR	Æ
Sháh 'Álam II	—	1	—

Muẓaffargarh is in the Panjáb, not far from Multán. The single specimen described in this volume is of the thirty-ninth year of Sháh 'Álam II, and the Láhor Museum has a rupee of the fortieth year of the same Emperor (1212). Rupees from this mint are also known in the name of Akbar II.

NAJÍB-ÁBÁD

NAJÍBÁBÁD

Lat. 29° 37′ Long. 78° 21′

	AV	AR	Æ
'Álamgír II	—	5	—
Sháh 'Álam II	2	10	2

Najíbábád, a town in the Bijnor district of the Province of Ágra, was so named after Najíb Khan Rohilla, who rose to eminence in the reign of 'Álamgír II and was Prime Minister of the Mughal Empire from 1761 to 1770. The Bijnor district had been made over to his charge by Dúndí Khán, one of the leading Rohilla chiefs, and he afterwards acquired the tract of country known as the Báwaní Mahál, of which Sahâranpur was the principal town.

Najíbábád was a Mughal mint town for gold, silver, and copper, and the dates on its coins range from the second year of 'Álamgír II (No. 2244) to the forty-second year (1215) of Sháh 'Álam II (*B. M. C.*, No. 1204). It passed into the hands of the British in 1801 (1215–16), but copper coins are known struck in the name of Muḥammad Akbar II as late as A. H. 1226.

NÁRNÓL

NÁRNÓL

Lat. 28° 3′ Long. 76° 10′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	23
Sháhjahán	—	—	1
Aurangzéb	—	5	2

Nárnól was, under Akbar, the head quarters of a *sarkár* in the *ṣúba* of Ágra, and was one of his principal copper mints. It had previously been an important mint town of the Súrís for both silver and copper, and a few rupees were also struck there by Akbar at the beginning of his reign.

The earliest Mughal coin is No. 491, dated 962, the year before Akbar's accession. It has been suggested that the '2' may be a mistake for '6', but in the *Láhor Museum Catalogue* (p. 111) are two specimens in which the date 962 is clear both in words and figures. As the Hijra *dáms* of Akbar do not bear his name, there is nothing inherently improbable that Nárnól should have issued coins—following the Súrí standard of weight—immediately on Humáyún's return to India, and that Akbar should have adopted for his own *dáms* the pattern of the Nárnól coin of 962.

The Indian Museum has a good series of Nárnól *dáms* from 962 to 999, and the Hijra type was maintained till quite late in Akbar's reign in preference to the *tanka* and *tankí* issues. **NÁRNÓL**

Copper coins were struck at Nárnól by Jahángír, Sháhjahán, and Aurangzéb, and the latter emperor revived the silver coinage, but apparently for a few years only, for the dates range from 1098 to 1102.

NARWAR

NARWAR

Lat. 25° 39′ Long. 77° 54′

	AV	AR	Æ
ʻÁlamgír II	—	1	—

Narwar, a town in Gwáliar State, first appears as a Mughal mint for silver in the reign of Muḥammad Sháh, and coins were struck there by Aḥmad, ʻÁlamgír II, and Sháh ʻÁlam II.

NUṢRATÁBÁD

NUṢRAT-ÁBÁD

Lat. 15° 30′ Long. 75°

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	1	—

In his list of mint towns in *Musalmán Numismatics*, Dr. Codrington states that Nuṣratábád is 'in Bengal in Ghoraghar súbhah of Akbar'. In Mr. Leggett's *Notes on the Mint Towns of the Mohamedans*, p. 70, the mint town is identified with a fort in the Bíjápúr district. This is supported by the following extract from the *Bombay Gazetteer* under Dhárwár, pp. 707, 708:—

'In 1673 (A. H. 1083–4) Abdu-l-Karím Khán . . . was appointed governor of the Bíjápúr district or *sarkár* of Bankápúr with 16 *parganas*. The chief of these were Nuṣratábád or Dhárwár and Gudag. . . . In 1674 Shivají . . . took Dhárwár. In 1685 (1096–7) Sulṭán Muʻaẓẓam, Aurangzéb's son, . . . took Hublí and Dhárwár, a place of respectability and strength. . . . From 1685 to 1753 Dhárwár was held by four commandants sent from Dehlí . . . the last surrendered Dhárwár in 1753 to the third Peshwá.'

As the only coins that are published of this mint are of the reign of Aurangzéb, it seems probable that the identification of the mint with the present town of Dhárwár is correct.

The date on the rupee in this catalogue is 1109. The Láhor Museum has one of 1114. The mint is a rare one.

PATNA

PATNA ['AẒÍMÁBÁD]

Lat. 25° 37′ Long. 85° 12′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	1	2	—
Jahángír	—	27	—
Núrjahán	—	4	—
Sháhjahán	3	20	—
Aurangzéb	1	(P.) 18	—
		(A.) 2	
Sháh 'Álam I	—	3	—
Jahándár	—	—	—
Farrukh-siyar	—	7	—
Muḥammad	—	14	—
Aḥmad	—	6	—
'Álamgír II	—	11	—
Sháhjahán III	1	4	—
Sháh 'Álam II	—	5	—

Patna was taken by Akbar in person in A. H. 982, from Dáúd, the son of Sulaimán Kararání, King of Bengal. The latter had agreed with Muni'm Khán, seven years before, to strike coins in Akbar's name (Blochmann's *'Aín*, p. 427), but none is known earlier than A. H. 983, the year after the conquest of Bengal (*L. M. C.*, pp. 51–60). The earliest in this collection is a gold coin of 984 (No. 99), on which Patna is given the epithet of Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb. In type it is similar to those struck at Ágra up to 986. No. 248 is an example of the square issue of 987. The Iláhí issues do not appear to have started till 1005 (forty-second year). Copper *dáms* of this mint are also known, but are rare.

Under Jahángír the mint was very active. Heavy rupees of the *Kalima* type were struck between 1014 and 1018 (*B. M. C.*, No. 428), and these were followed in 1020 by the usual Iláhí issues, the latest of which is dated 1036 (No. 765). It was only in Jahángír's last year—1037—that Patna struck coins in the name of Núrjahán.

Of Sháhjahán we find the non-Iláhí type of the first year succeeded in the second year (1038) by the coins with Iláhí months up to 1042, and from that date by the 'square areas' till the close of the reign. Copper coins are known, both of Jahángír and Sháhjahán.

The Museum possesses three of the rare early coins of Aurangzéb, before the adoption of the couplet, and with the mint name at the top of the reverse. Coins after the eighth year (No. 1138) have the usual inscriptions, until 1117, when Patna was renamed 'Aẓímábád

PATNA

This designation is retained till the end of the series, but some issues of Farrukh-siyar and the rupees of Rafí'u-d-darját adhere to the old name.

The coins of Sháh 'Álam I are peculiar in lacking the 'julús' formula on their reverse. In Farrukh-siyar's reign the mint was given the title of مستقر الملك, and if, as seems probable, the coin of Jahándár bearing this epithet, and attributed to Patna (*L. M. C.*, p. 200), is a coin of Akbarábád, coins of Patna or 'Azímábád, struck by Jahándár, have yet to be found. This would corroborate Mr. Irvine's remark in his paper on the 'Later Mughals', *J. A. S. B.*, 1896, p. 208, that Jahándár never had any authority at Patna.

Of Aḥmad Sháh's coins there are two types (Nos. 2092–3), and in this reign occurs for the first time (No. 2095) the mint mark which serves to distinguish the later Mughal issues of 'Azímábád.

Of the rupees of 'Álamgír II the catalogue gives an almost complete series, and Sháhjahán III is represented both by gold and silver.

In 1765 (1178–9), after the battle of Baksár, the Mughal administration of Bengal was transferred to the British, but the mint continued for some years to issue coins in the name of Sháh 'Álam. Of these No. 2336 dated 1182 (R.Y. 9) must be a specimen. The British Museum has a gold rupee of the same Hijra date, but of the tenth regnal year.

Apparently the only copper coin known of the 'Azímábád mint is one of Aurangzéb dated 1118, published by Mr. C. J. Rodgers in the *J. A. S. B.*, 1895, p. 171.

PURBANDAR

PURBANDAR

Lat. 21° 37′ Long. 69° 48′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	1	—
Sháh 'Álam I	—	1	—

Purbandar is a town on the west coast of Kathiáwár, and was a port of some importance in early times.

Only four coins of this mint are known—the two above, another of Sháh 'Álam, and the fourth of Farrukh-siyar—all rupees. No. 1503, dated 1116, was found in the Bhandára district of the Central Provinces, *vide J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Num. Supp. IV.

QAMAR-NAGAR

QAMARNAGAR [KARNÚL]

Lat. 15° 50′ Long. 78° 4′

	AV	AR	Æ
Muḥammad	—	2	—

The only coins published of this mint are of the reign of Muḥammad Sháh. The two specimens in this collection are dated A. H. 1150, the twentieth year of that king's reign.

QANAUJ

QANAUJ [SHÁHÁBÁD QANAUJ]

Lat. 27° 3′ Long. 79° 56′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	3
Muḥammad	—	8	—

Qanauj was the scene of the battle between Shér Sháh and Humáyún, which resulted in the latter being driven from India in A. H. 947. A fort was built by the conqueror a few miles out of Qanauj, and called after him Shérgarh. The Súrís established a mint there for copper, which was retained by Akbar during the first years of his reign. On the Súrí coins the mint name appears as Qanauj, *alias* Shérgarh. On Akbar's *dáms* the latter name seems to have changed to Sháhgarh, the 'Sháh' being plain on No. 515. No coins are published of this mint after 969 till the reign of Muḥammad Sháh, when the double name 'Sháhábád Qanauj' appears. Whether this represents another change from Sháhgarh to Sháhábád, or whether it refers to Qanauj and the adjacent town of Sháhábád in the Hardoí district of Oudh, is not very clear. The former seems more probable, for I find a passage in the *Tárikh-i-Hindí* (*E. D.*, VIII. 46) which speaks of 'the fort of Cháchandí near Sháhábád Qanauj', as if the latter were a single town with a double name.

Rupees of Aḥmad Sháh and 'Álamgír II are also known of this mint.

QANDA-HÁR

QANDAHÁR

Lat. 31° 37′ Long. 65° 43′

	AV	AR	Æ
Jahángír	—	26	—
Sháhjahán	—	7	—

Qandahár was finally acquired by Bábar after many vicissitudes in A. H. 929. Humáyún's brother Askarí was governor of the province in 951, and it was only after much opposition that Humáyún captured Qandahár in 952. The city was taken by Sháh Tahmásp of Persia in 965, and made over to his nephew. The latter's son, finding his tenure precarious, was prevailed upon to put himself under the protection

of Akbar. Thus Qandahár became Mughal again in A. H. 1003 (Blochmann's *'Ain-i-Akbarí*, p. 313), and remained so till A. H. 1032, when it was retaken by Sháh 'Abbás of Persia. In A. H. 1047 it was delivered by treachery into the hands of Sháhjahán, but after eleven years' occupation by the Mughals was again annexed by Persia. The coins accurately reflect the history of the town. *Dirhams* struck by Humáyún are published in the *Láhor Museum Catalogue.* No coins seem to have been struck by Akbar at Qandahár, and the mint was apparently not re-established till 1020, the sixth year of Jahángír, when heavy rupees of the *Kalima* type were issued. In 1021 and 1022 these were followed by the 'couplet' variety, but by Khúrdád of the eighth year the Iláhí coins had begun to issue. These continued till 1025, the eleventh year, when a new couplet appeared on the coins:— **QANDAHÁR**

سکه قندهار شد دلخواه
از جهانگیر شاه اکبر شاه

'The coin of Qandahár was made attractive by the name of Jahángír Sháh, (son of) Akbar Sháh.'

Specimens of each of the regnal years up to the seventeenth are given in the catalogue, pp. 89–90. Jahángír also struck copper at Qandahár. Of Sháhjahán the British Museum has a rupee dated 1048, the year after the Mughal reoccupation, and coins of the next few years are not uncommon, the latest being of 1057, the twenty-first regnal year (No. 1038). Qandahár was retaken by Persia in the following year.

SAHÁRANPÚR

SAHÁRANPÚR

Lat. 29° 57′ Long. 77° 33′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	7
Sháh 'Álam II	—	—	2

Sahâranpúr was in Akbar's time the head quarters of a *sarkár* in the *ṣúba* of Dehlí. It was a mint for copper only, the *dáms* being of the Iláhí type and the dates ranging between the thirty-seventh and thirty-ninth years. Except for a solitary rupee of Aurangzéb, dated 1097 (in my own cabinet), no coins are published of this mint after 1002 till the reign of Sháh 'Álam II, when both silver and copper coins were struck. Saháranpúr was the principal town of the tract of country known as the Báwaní Mahál which had been acquired by Najíb Khán Rohilla and remained in his family for two generations. No. 2497 of 1215 was struck in the year preceding the British occupation of the district (1801). Saháranpúr is known on the rupees of Sháh 'Álam II as Dáru-s-sarúr, 'the abode of pleasure,' an epithet also borne by Burhánpúr.

SAR-HIND

SARHIND [*also* SAHRIND]

Lat. 30° 38′ Long. 76° 27′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	—	2
Aurangzéb	—	6	—
Sháh ʿÁlam I	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	2	—
Aḥmad	—	2	—
ʿÁlamgír II	—	1	—

Sarhind was the head quarters of a *sarkár* in the *ṣúba* of Dehlí under Akbar. The *British Museum Catalogue* (No. 61) gives a gold coin of this mint, dated 984, and copper 'fulús' of the usual Hijra type are known of 987, with the epithet of 'Baldat'. The Iláhí coins of the thirty-seventh to the forty-first years are, however, more frequently met with. They are peculiar in not giving the month of issue.

No coins are published of Jahángír and Sháhjahán from this mint. The first silver coins are of the reign of Aurangzéb, the earliest date published being 1103 (No. 1504). On these coins, and on all future issues, Sarhind is written Sahrind. Rupees are known of all the succeeding emperors down to ʿÁlamgír II, except Sháhjahán II. The latest date for the mint seems to be 1171. After this Sarhind became Sikh territory.

SHOLÁ-PÚR

SHOLÁPÚR

Lat. 17° 40′ Long. 75° 54′

	AV	AR	Æ
Aurangzéb	1	2	—

Sholápúr, a town in the Dakhan, which lies between Aḥmadnagar and Bíjápúr, was for many years 'the subject of contention between Niẓámu-l-Mulk (of Aḥmadnagar) and ʿÁdil Khán (of Bíjápúr)'—*E. D.*, VI. 416. It was occupied by the Mughals after Aḥmadnagar was taken by Akbar in A. D. 1600, but was retaken in Jahángír's reign by Malik ʿAmbar. Under Sháhjahán it again passed into the possession of the Mughals, but Aurangzéb seems to have been the first to establish a mint there, the earliest published date on the coins being A. H. 1081—fifteenth regnal year (No. 1146).

Aurangzéb and his successor Sháh ʿÁlam I struck coins in gold, silver, and copper at the Sholápúr mint. Of Jahándár no coins are published, but Dr. White King had a specimen without date of the copper coinage of Farrukh-siyar. After this reign Sholápúr ceases to be a Mughal mint.

SÍTPÚR

SÍTPÚR

Lat. ? Long. ?

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	5	—

The identification of this mint town is uncertain. The name has been read Pesháwar and Sítápúr. The reading Sítpúr suggested by Mr. C. J. Rodgers (*L. M. C.*, p. 86) is more probable. There is a town of this name in the Muẓaffargarh district of the Panjáb. The mint was apparently working only during the forty-eighth and forty-ninth years of Akbar.

SÚRAT

SÚRAT

Lat. 21° 12′ Long. 72° 50′

	AV	AR	Æ
Jahángír	—	2	—
Núrjahán	—	3	—
Sháhjahán	3	31	—
Murád Bakhsh	—	2	—
Aurangzéb	6	89	—
Sháh ʿÁlam I	1	6	—
Jahándár	—	3	—
Farrukh-siyar	1	7	—
Rafíʿu-d-darját	1	—	—
Sháhjahán II	—	1	—
Muḥammad	—	15	—
ʿÁlamgír II	—	1	—
Sháhjahán III	—	1	—

Súrat, on the Gulf of Cambay, was one of the principal mint towns of the Mughal Emperors after Jahángír. The present fort was built in 947 by a slave of Sulṭán Maḥmúd of Gujarát 'in order to resist the attacks of Europeans' (*E. D.*, V. 347), but the city had become a place of considerable importance by the first quarter of the sixteenth century. In 980 it was besieged and taken by Akbar, and a rupee is known of Akbar's Iláhí type with the mint spelt صورت (*L. M. C.*, p. 70), but the attribution of this coin to the Súrat mint is not free from doubt.

Jahángír's issues are scarce, the earliest date being 1030 (No. 792). From 1033 to 1037 Súrat rupees were struck in the name of Núrjahán.

The first issues of Sháhjahán are of an unusual type, the obverse containing the *Kalima* and Hijra date, while on the reverse above the mint name is the legend سکه شاه جهان رائج باد. These were followed by coins of the Hijra type, which were issued for a longer period from Súrat than from most mints, specimens being known as late as 1041 (No. 1044). In the fourth year the Iláhí type appeared (*B. M. C.*, No. 533), but by 1043 this had given way to the square areas on

SÚRAT obverse and reverse. This type was maintained till 1067, but on the coins of 1057 the legends are enclosed in lozenge-shaped areas. In 1067–8 the inscriptions were in circles.

In the latter year coins of two types were struck in the name of Murád Bakhsh.

Of the rupees of Aurangzéb the catalogue describes no less than eighty-nine, very few years of this long reign being unrepresented. On the earliest issues Súrat is called 'Bandar-i-Mubárak'—the blessed port—in reference to its being the port of departure for the pilgrimage to Mecca, but by the third year the epithet had been dropped (No. 1541). From that time up to 1089 the regnal year is to be found at the top of the reverse, but the coins described on pp. 180–1 of the catalogue show that slight variations were made in the arrangement of the legend during that period. In 1090 the ordinary type of reverse was adopted and continued without change to the end of the Mughal series. The obverse inscriptions of the later Súrat coins present no unusual features except in the first year of Muḥammad Sháh, when the following legend occurs:—

سکه زد در جهان بلطف اله
بادشاه زمان محمد شاه

'The king of the age, Muḥammad Sháh, struck coin in the world by the grace of God.'

It was supposed that coins of this type were issues of the claimant to the throne, Níkúsiyar, but the mistake was corrected by Mr. W. Irvine (*see* note to No. 2069 (*a*)). Rupees are known of all the later Mughal Emperors down to Sháh 'Álam II, and copper coins of all except Sháhjahán II, Aḥmad, Álamgír II, and Sháh 'Álam II. Jahángír and Sháhjahán I also issued copper money from the Súrat mint, but there is not a single specimen in the collection here catalogued of the copper coinage of this city. Double rupees of Álamgír II and Sháh 'Álam II are noticed in *J. A. S. B.*, Num. Supp. V, 1905.

When the East India Company commenced striking their own coins in Bombay they made use of the Súrat Mughal rupee as a model, but 'there arose discrepancies in the fineness which obliged the Company to have their coins restruck at Súrat. It was not till 1800 (1214) that the Bombay mint recommenced the issue of Súrat rupees, and not till 1804 (1219), the forty-sixth year of Sháh 'Álam, that a fixed coinage was established' (Lane-Poole, *B. M. C.*, p. civ, introduction). On p. 243 of the catalogue are given coins (Nos. 2079–81) which may be the imitations above referred to.

The *British Museum Catalogue* gives examples of coins struck in the name of Sháh 'Álam II down to the thirty-second year of his reign (A. H. 1204).

TATTA

TATTA

Lat. 24° 45′ Long. 67° 58′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	23	—
Jahángír	—	15	—
Sháhjahán	1	14	—
Aurangzéb	—	11	—
Sháh ʻÁlam I	—	1	—

Tatta was the capital of the independent state of Sind, which was conquered in A. H. 929 by the Arghún family who traced their descent from Changiz Khán.

In 999 Akbar determined to annex Sind to the Mughal Empire, and the conquest was effected in his thirty-seventh year by the son of Bahrám Khán.

A mint for silver coins was established at Tatta immediately after the Mughal occupation, and square rupees of the Iláhí type are known of every year from 1001 to the end of Akbar's reign. The issues of the thirty-eighth year differ slightly from those of the following years, the date in the former being to the left and in the latter to the right of the mint name.

During the first five years of Jahángír's reign the heavy rupee of the *Kalima* type was current, but in 1020 this gave place to the normal-weight Iláhí coin, with the inscriptions enclosed in ornamental areas. A plainer variety appeared in the fifteenth year and was retained to the end of the reign, the coins of 1037 differing slightly in the arrangement of the reverse. No coins are published from this mint in the name of Núrjahán.

The issues of Sháhjahán are peculiar in that the Iláhí type is maintained throughout the reign from 1038—second year—to 1069—thirty-third year. I have not been able to trace any published coins of Sháhjahán's first year from this mint.

The obverse of Aurangzéb's coins up to 1071 recites the king's name and titles. From 1072 the couplet type was current.

No. 1708 (*a*) is an interesting and very rare coin of Sháh ʻÁlam I with the name Muʻazzam, by which he was known before he came to the throne. On the obverse is the following couplet:—

سکه مبارك در هفت کشور زد بر مهر و ماه
شاه جهان ثانی سلطان معظم بادشاه

'The second Sháhjahán Sulṭán Muʻaẓẓam, the Sulṭán, struck blessed coin in the seven climes on gold and silver (lit. the sun and the moon).'

TATTA

After Aurangzéb the coinage of the Tatta mint becomes scarce, but rupees are known of Farrukh-siyar, Sháhjahán II, and Muḥammad, and the cabinet of Mr. Ellis (now in the Lucknow Museum) contained a copper coin of the latter Emperor, dated 1141.

UJJAIN

UJJAIN [*also* ÚJAIN]

Lat. 23° 11′ Long. 75° 47′

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	—	1	2
Sháhjahán	—	2	2
Aurangzéb	1	1	—
Muḥammad	1	—	—
Sháh ʿÁlam II	—	15	—

Ujjain was one of the principal towns of the kingdom of Málwá, and after the conquest of that province by Akbar became the head quarters of a *sarkár*.

Humáyún had struck *dirhams* at Ujjain on his invasion of Málwá, and the *Lahor Museum Catalogue* (p. 55) gives a silver coin of Akbar (weighing 100 grains!) dated 968, the year of the annexation of the province by Akbar. Square rupees of the usual type are known of 990, and Dr. White King's cabinet included a half rupee of 987. In Akbar's forty-second and following years rupees were issued of the Iláhí type.

No. 526 is a rare specimen of Akbar's *dáms*, and No. 527, dated 995, of his square pieces, following in weight and form the earlier local currency. Some coins of the latter type give the name as Ujjainpúr.

I can find no publication of any coins of Jahángír from this mint, but Nos. 1084 and 1085 are rupees of Sháhjahán of the Hijra type struck in his second year—1039. On these the mint name is 'Baldat Újain'. Rupees are also known of the Iláhí and 'square areas' varieties. Sháhjahán's copper coinage followed Akbar's later issues in weight and shape (No. 1113).

The title 'Dáru-l-fatḥ', which is associated with Ujjain, seems to have originated with Aurangzéb, and was in use as early as 1073 (No. 1153). In this reign also the mint issued gold coins for the first time. Rupees are known of all the later Emperors except Sháhjahán II and Aḥmad Sháh, and gold coins of Aʿẓam Sháh, Sháh ʿÁlam I, and Muḥammad. In the reign of Aḥmad Sháh, Ujjain came into the possession of Sindhia, whose capital it remained till 1810 (1225). The series of coins described on pp. 295, 296 of the

UJJAIN

catalogue were issued during this period, and can only by courtesy be called Mughal coins. They all bear the same distinctive mint mark. The latest date for the mint is the forty-fourth year of Sháh 'Álam II (1216–17), corresponding to A. D. 1801, when the Mughal sovereign finally came under British protection.

ÚRDÚ-I-Z̤AFAR-QARÍN

ÚRDÚ-I-Z̤AFAR-QARÍN

	AV	AR	Æ
Akbar	2	6	16

The practice of issuing coins from a travelling camp mint was inaugurated by Bábar (*L. M. C.*, p. 3), and was continued by Akbar and Jahángír, but the latter's camp issues are extremely scarce. The earliest coin of Akbar struck in the 'Camp associated with victory' is the gold muhar—possibly still unique—described under No. 100 of the catalogue and dated 984. A square rupee, dated 987 and struck in the 'camp'—اردو only—with the *Kalima* enclosed in a diamond-shaped area and خلد ملكه ضرب اردو in the four marginal corners, is in my own cabinet, and another square rupee of the same date but of a different type is described in the *British Museum Catalogue* (No. 128). Apart from these, all Akbar's issues of 'Úrdú' mintage bear the date الف = 1000, until the thirty-seventh year.

Under No. 528 a coin has been catalogued of the thirty-sixth year, but too little of the unit of the date is left to make the reading certain, and it is probable that what has been read as a '6' is really a '9'.

It seems to me open to question whether all these 'alif' coins were issued in the year 1000. We know from Badáoní that with the advent of Abú-l-Faz̤l at the Court in 982, followed by the weekly discussions in the newly-built Ibádat Khána, Akbar's thoughts turned towards the renunciation of Islám. By 986 his ideas had crystallized, and in the year 987 Akbar publicly assumed the spiritual leadership of the nation, and coins of this year are known with the obverse legend الله اكبر. In 990 Badáoní writes that 'His Majesty was now convinced that the millennium of the Islámitic dispensation was drawing near. No obstacle, therefore, remained to promulgating the designs which he had planned in secret. . . . The first order which was passed was that the coinage should show the era of the millennium'.

This, taken in conjunction with the facts above mentioned regarding the dates found on the Imperial camp issues, would seem to indicate that the 'alif' coins were issued between 987 and 1000, irrespective of the actual Hijra date. When the millennium had

ÚRDÚ-I-ZAFAR-QARÍN

arrived, i.e. in the thirty-seventh year of the reign, the coins naturally recorded the real dates. These issues of *dáms* with Iláhí dates continued till the fiftieth, i.e. last, year of Akbar's reign. Two varieties of the 'Úrdú-i-ẕafar-qarín' coins are also known (Nos. 537, 538), without 'alif' or any other date.

Of Jahángír's camp coinage I have heard of only two examples—one a zodiacal muhar in my own cabinet, of which a description was given in *J. A. S. B.*, 1904, Num. Supp. I; the other a rupee in the Lucknow Museum, bearing the unusual inscription ضرب اردو در راه دکهن 'Struck in the camp on the way to the Dakhan', and dated 1025–11.

ZAFAR-ÁBÁD

ẔAFARÁBÁD

Lat. 17° 55′ Long. 77° 32′

	N	*Æ* (AR)	Æ
Aurangzéb	—	3	—

Dr. Codrington, in his *Musalmán Numismatics*, locates this mint town in the North-west Provinces, presumably referring to the town of that name near Jaunpúr, but as the dates on the coins range from 1069, the thirty-second year of Sháhjahán, to 1119, the first year of Sháh 'Álam Bahádur Sháh (*L. M. C.*), it seems more probable that the mint town was Bídar taken by Aurangzéb from the Bíjápúr king in 1067, just before he was called to Dehlí by the illness of Sháhjahán, and renamed by him Ẕafarábád.

ZAFAR-NAGAR

ẔAFARNAGAR

	N	*Æ* (AR)	Æ
Sháhjahán	—	3	—

I am not aware of the exact locality of this mint town. Dr. Codrington, in his *Musalmán Numismatics*, identifies it with Fatḥábád in the Province of Ágra. The references to the place, however, in the chronicles of Jahángír's, Sháhjahán's, and Aurangzéb's reign (see *E. D.*, VII. pp. 37 and 315; also Blochmann's '*Aín*, p. 503) seem to leave no doubt that the Ẕafarnagar of the coins is the town of that name in South India, south of Aḥmadnagar.

A rupee of Jahángír without date from this mint is published in the *Láhor Museum Catalogue* (p. 134), the earliest dated coin being of the third year of Sháhjahán of the Iláhí type (No. 1086). No. 1088 is a rupee of the same emperor with square areas and dated 1043. A coin of Aurangzéb from the Láhor Museum is mentioned by Mr. Burn in his mint list (*J. A. S. B.*, 1904).

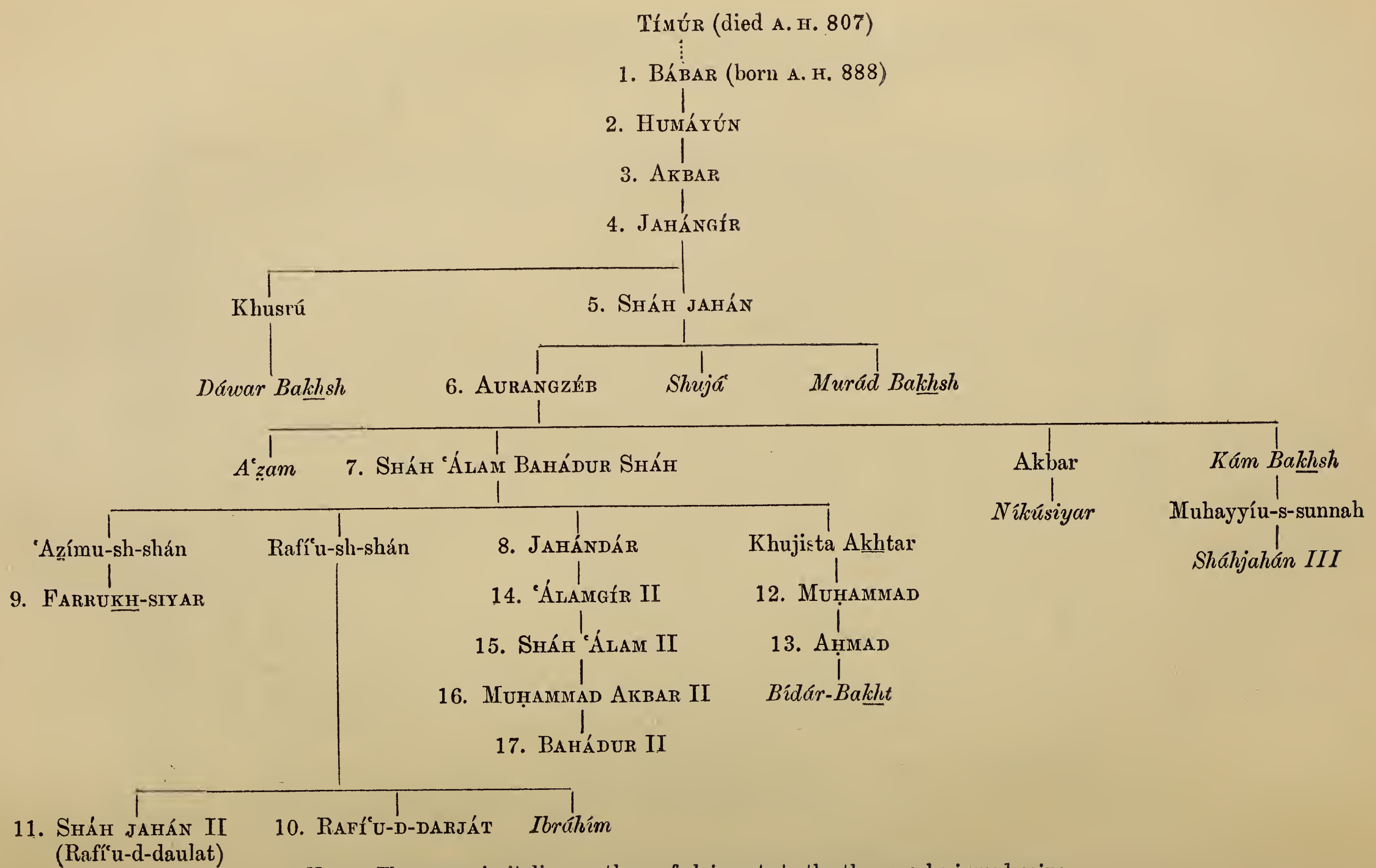
MUGHAL EMPERORS OF INDIA

List of Emperors

		A.H.	A.D.
I.	Bábar, Zahíru-d-dín	932	1526
II.	Humáyún, Naṣíru-d-dín	937	1530
III.	Akbar, Jalálu-d-dín	963	1556
IV.	Jahángír, Núru-d-dín	1014	1605
	Dáwar Bakhsh	1037	1627
V.	Sháhjahán, Shihábu-d-dín	1037	1628
	Shujá' (in Bengal)	1068–70	1657–60
	Murád Bakhsh (in Gujarát)	1068	1657–8
VI.	Aurangzéb, 'Álamgír, Muḥayyíu-d-dín	1068	1658
	A'ẓam Sháh	1118–19	1707
	Kám Bakhsh	1119	1707–8
VII.	Sháh 'Álam Bahádur Sháh	1119	1707
VIII.	Jahándár Sháh	1124	1712
IX.	Farrukh-siyar	1124	1713
X.	Rafí'u-d-darját	1131	1719
XI.	Rafí'u-d-daula Sháhjahán II	1131	1719
	Níkúsiyar	1131	1719
	Ibráhím	1132–3	1720
XII.	Muḥammad	1131	1719
XIII.	Aḥmad	1161	1748
XIV.	'Álamgír II, 'Azízu-d-dín	1167	1754
	Sháhjahán [III]	1173–4	1759–60
XV.	Sháh 'Álam II	1173	1759
	Bídár-Bakht	1202–3	1788
XVI.	Muḥammad Akbar II	1221	1806
XVII.	Bahádur Sháh II	1253	1837
	Deposed by the British Government	1274	1858

Note.—These dates differ in some instances from the dates given in the list on p. 3 of the *British Museum Catalogue*, 'Moghul Emperors.' In these cases I have followed Dr. G. P. Taylor (*J.A.S.B.*, Num. Supp. VII, 1907).

GENEALOGICAL TABLE OF THE MUGHAL EMPERORS



Note.—The names in italics are those of claimants to the throne who issued coins.

I

BÁBAR

A. H. 932–937. A. D. 1525–1530.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1	?	?	In circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله *Margin* . . . . على المرتضى . . . . **W.** 73. **S.** ·9.	In oblong with triple arched ends, and knots in the centre of the top and bottom sides ظهير الدين محمد بابر بادشاه غازی Above السلطان الاعظم Below . . . خلد الله ملکه Pl.	**SILVER**
2	?	?	As on No. 1. *Margin* deleted. **W.** 73. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1. Above السلطان الاعظم خاقان Below, deleted.	
3	?	?	In quatrefoil The Kalima. *Margin* deleted. **W.** 72. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 2. In lower margin . . ضرب ملکه	
4	?	?	In looped lozenge The Kalima. *Margin* illegible. **W.** 65. **S.** ·85.	In circle غازی شـــاه محمد باد ظهير الدين بابر *Margin* . . . السلطان الاعظم خا *A.S.B.*	
5	?	?	In looped lozenge The Kalima. *Margin* . . . . . على المرتضى ابابکر . . الصديق **W.** 72. **S.** ·9.	In eightfoil ظهير الدين محمد بابر بادشاه *Margin* السلطان الا . . . . . خلد الله تعالی ملکه و سلطانه *A.S.B.* Pl.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 6	?	?	As on No. 5. **W.** 73. **S.** ·85.	In sixfoil ظهير الدين محمد بابر *Margin* بادشاه ..... الله تعالى ملكه .....
COPPER	Æ 7 8	Ágra	936	In circle ضرب آگره In *margin*, scroll-work. **W.** 140·7–138. **S.** ·65.	In a *mihráb* فی ۹۳۶ تاریخ سنه Above and below fleuron. Pl.
	9	,,	,,	دار الخلا فـــة ضرب آگره **W.** 133. **S.** ·65.	As on No. 7, but no *mihráb*. *A.S.B.*
	10 11	Ágra *Fort*	936	دار الضرب * قلع آگره **W.** 140·7–136. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 9. Pl.
	12[1]	[Ágra]	936	In circle فلوس ضرب [آگره] **W.** 32. **S.** ·65.	بتاريخ نهصد و سی و شش

[1] See also No. 63.

II

HUMÁYÚN[1]

A. H. 937–963. A. D. 1530–1556.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 13 14	—	—	In treble circle, the middle one of dots, The Kalima. **W.** 9. **S.** ·4.	خلد الله تعالے بادشاه غازی هما یو ن محمد ملکه Pl.	**GOLD**
AR 15	Dehlí	[?94]3	In circle The Kalima. *Margin* علی المرتضی . . . . **W.** 72. **S.** ·95.	In wavy area محمد زی هما غا یون *Margin* الله خلد ۳ عظم . . . . تعالی . . . . و سلطانه ضرب دهلی Pl.	**SILVER**
16	—	943	In circle The Kalima. M. 1. *Margin* illegible. **W.** 72·8. **S.** ·85.	In circle غازی محمد همایون بادشاه *Margin* . . . ۹۴۳ و سلطانه	
17	?	[?94]5	In circle لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله الله یرزق من یشاء بغیر حساب *Margin* | علی بعلم | عثمان . . . . **W.** 71. **S.** 1·2.	In wavy lozenge محمد زی هما غا یون *Margin* Top السلطان الاعظم الخاقان Right المکرم Left خلد الله ٥ . . Bottom تعالی . . . . و . . . . ضر . . .	

[1] Humáyún was defeated by Shér Sháh Súr at Qanauj in A. H. 947, and did not recover the sovereignty of Hindustán till A. H. 962.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 18	Láhor	946	In wavy square The Kalima. *Margin* Top امیر المومنین ابوبکر عبد الله Right امیر المومنین عمر عبد الله Left ...... علی عبد الله **W.** 72·5. **S.** 1·0.	In wavy circle همایون محمد غازی ۹۴۶ *Margin* .... تعالی ملکه و سلطانه ضرب لاهور خلد ..... *A.S.B.* Pl.
	19	? Ágra	[?94]6	As on No. 17. *Margin* .... بعدل عمر .... بعلم علی **W.** 73. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 17, but ٦ in left margin. Pl.
	20	?	[?94]7	In circle The Kalima. *Margin* .... الفاروق | عثمان .... **W.** 72·5. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 17, but ٧ in left margin.
	21 [1]	—	950 ?	In circle, as on No. 17. *Margin* illegible. Defaced by cuts and other marks. **W.** 160. **S.** 1·0.	In circle ن محمد یو هما شاه باد غازی *Margin* .....? ۹۵۰ .... Pl.
	22 [1]	—	—	In circle, as on No. 17. *Margin* clipped. **W.** 152. **S.** ·9.	In circle محمد همایون *Margin* السلطان ..... خلد الله .....

[1] Nos. 21 and 22 were found with Bengál coins, and are evidently from a Bengál mint.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 23	—	—	In circle The Kalima. *Margin* . . . . عمر الفاروق . . . . . . **W.** 72. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 17. *Margin* Top . . . . . . السلطان Right المكرّم Bottom . . . . . . و تعالى ملكه	**SILVER**
24	—	—	In circle, as on No. 17. *Margin* بحیای عثمان | بعدل علی . . . . **W.** 66. **S.** 1·0.	In *mihráb* هما محمد ی یون غا ز *Margin* illegible. *A.S.B.*	
Æ 25	Ágra	937 ?	فلوس ضرب اگره **W.** 74·5. **S.** ·8.	In circle [فی تا]ریخ [نه].صد و سی و . . . ت *A.S.B.*	**COPPER**
26 27	Ágra *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	937	دار الخلا فـــة ضرب اگره M. 2 in lower line. **W.** 140–134. **S.** ·7.	فی ۹۳۷ تاریخ above and below fleuron. (26) *A.S.B.*	
28 29	"	"	" but no m. **W.** 140–127.	" (29) *A.S.B.*	
30 31	"	938	" M. 2. **W.** 140–138.	" ۹۳۸ *A.S.B.*	
32 33	"	939	" M. 2. **W.** 139·5.	" ۹۳۹ (33) *A.S.B.*	
34	"	940	" M. 2. **W.** 137·5.	" ۹۴۰ *A.S.B.*	

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 35	Ágra *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	941	As on No. 26. M. 2. **W.** 129.	As on No. 26. ۹۴۱ *A.S.B.*
36	Ágra *Dáru-l-amán*	941	الامان اگره ضرب دار **W.** 124·5. **S.** ·6.	تاریخ فے ۹۴۱ سنة The 'ye' of فی forms m. 2 in the centre of the coin. Pl.
37	"	9 – –	" **W.** 134.	" but date uncertain. *A.S.B.*
38 39 40	"	942	دار الامان ضرب اگره M. 2 in lower line. **W.** 138–141.	As on No. 30, but ۹۴۲ (39–40) *A.S.B.*
41[1]	Ágra	942	فلوس ضرب اگره **W.** 62. **S.** ·75.	In circle فی تاریخ ۹۴۲
42 43	"	943	" **W.** 65–64. **S.** ·6.	" ۹۴۳ سنة (43) *A.S.B.* Pl.
44	"	946	In quatrefoil ضرب اگره *Margin* فلوس **W.** 66. **S.** ·65.	. . . . ۹۴۶ سنة Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 13033, where the date is given as 944.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 45	Ágra *Fort*	937	بدار الضرب قلعهٔ آگره **W.** 139. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 26. Pl.
46 47 48	Dehlí *Hazrat Dáru-l-mulk*	942	حضرت دهلی دار الملك ضرب **W.** 136. **S.** ·65.	فی تاریخ ۹۴۲ سنة (47, 48) *A.S.B.*
49	Jaunpúr *Dáru-z-zarb Khita muta-barrak*	937	بدار الضرب متبرك جونپور خطه **W.** 140·5. **S.** ·7.	۹۳۷ فی التاریخ سنة Fleuron above and below. Pl.
50	,,	938	As on No. 49, but m. 2 over خطه **W.** 142.	,, ۹۳۸
51 [1]	,,	939	,, **W.** 140.	,, ۹۳۹
52	,,	940	,, but m. 3. **W.** 138.	,, ۹۴۰ *A.S.B.*
53	,,	941	,, **W.** 138.	,, ۹۴۱ *A.S.B.*
54 [2]	,,	94–	,, **W.** 135·5.	,, ۹۴–
55	,,	942	,, but m. 2. **W.** 139.	,, ۹۴۲

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 13385. The unit was there, I think wrongly, read ٦.

[2] No. 54 is *I.M.C.*, No. 13032, where the date is given as 944. The unit is, however, missing. From the m. the date would appear to be 940 or 941.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER Æ 56	Jaunpúr	—	As on No. 49.	As on No. 49.
57	*Dáru-z-zarb Khiṭa muta-barrak*		No m. **W.** 139–132.	*A.S.B.*
58	Láhor *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	939	دار الخلا فــــــة لاهور ضرب **W.** 136. **S.** ·65.	As on No. 26, but ٩٣٩
59	,,	93–	,, **W.** 138.	,, ٩٣– *A.S.B.*
60	,,	940	,, **W.** 136.	,, ٩٤٠.
61	,,	,,	,, but ضرب لاهور **W.** 136.	,, *A.S.B.*
62	Mandú	942	In circle ب ضر مندو **W.** 141. **S.** ·65.	In circle فی تاریخ ٩٤٢ سنة M. 2. *A.S.B.* Pl.
63[1]	?	940	فلوس ب ضر . . . . **W.** 71. **S.** ·67.	فی تاریخ نهصد و چهل ? *A.S.B.* Pl.

[1] This may be a coin of Bábar, reading on reverse نهصد سی و چهار.

III

AKBAR

A. H. 963–1014. A. D. 1556–1605.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 64 65	Ágra	971	In wavy pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. *Margin* بصدق ابی بکر | بعدل عمر | بحیای عثمان | بعلم علی | رضی الله عنهم **W.** 168·2–167·8. **S.** 1·05.	السلطان الاعظم خلد الله ے بادشاه ۹۷۱ ز محمد اکبر غا جلال الدین لے تعا ملکه و سلطانه ضرب اگره (64) *A.S.B.*
66	,,	972	,, **W.** 170. **S.** 1·1.	,, ۹۷۲ Pl.
67 68	,, *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	976	In quatrefoil The Kalima. M. 4. *Margin* بصدق ابابکر | بعدل عمر | بحیای عثمان | بعلم علی **W.** 169–168. **S.** 1·0.	ملکه خلد الله تعالے بادشاه ۹۷۶ ز محمد غا جلال الدین اکبر ے دار الخلافة اگره ضرب (67) *A.S.B.*
69	,,	978	,, **W.** 169. **S.** ·9.	,, ۹۷۸
70 [*Mihr-ábí*]	,, *Baldat*	981	In triple border, the inner one of dots, The Kalima. ۹۸۱ ابی بکر عمر عثمان علی M. 5. **W.** 165·5. **S.** 1·2 × ·75.	In triple border, the inner one of dots, خلد ملکه بادشاه غازی محمد جلال الدین اکبر ضرب بلدة اگره Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 71 72	Ágra *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	981	In triple square, the inner one of dots, The Kalima. ۹۸۱ M. 5. *Margins* as on No. 67. **W.** 167–164. **S.** ·95.	In triple *mihráb*, the inner one of dots, د شاه زے با غا اکبر جلال الدین محمد Above خلد الله ملکه Below دار الخلافة اگره ضرب (71) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	73 74	"	982	" **W.** 168–167. **S.** 1·0–·95.	" ۹۸۲ (73) *A.S.B.*
	75	"	42 Shahré-war [1005–6]	In circle الله اکبر جل جلاله **W.** 166. **S.** ·7.	In circle شهریور الهی ۴۲ اگره ب ضر Pl.
	76	Aḥmad-ábád	980	In quatrefoil The Kalima. M. 4. *Margins* deleted. **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	ملکه خلد الله تعالی بادشاه ز محمد غا جلال الدین اکبر ضرب ۹۸۰ احمداباد Pl.
	77	" *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	980	" **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	" but date above محمد and in lower line دار الخلافة احمداباد *A.S.B.*

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 78	Aḥmad-ábád *Dáru-s-salṯanat*	981	In square with knots at corners The Kalima. ٩٨١ M. 8. *Margins* Bottom ابی بکر Left عمر Top m. 6 عثمان Right علی **W.** 168. **S.** 1·0.	In oblong arched at the ends بادشاه غاز اکبر جلال الدین محمد Above خلد الله ملکه Below دار السلطنة احمداباد ضرب *A.S.B.* Pl.
79 80[1]	"	982	As on No. 71, but ٩٨٢ M. 7. **W.** 168·5–167. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 78, but Sulṯán's name in triple oblong—the inner one of dots—with arched ends. (79) *A.S.B.* Pl.
81	"	986	" ٩٨٦ *Margins* cut. Very rough execution—a doubtful coin. **W.** 162. **S.** ·9.	"
82 sq.	"	987 ?	In diamond formed by elongating some of the letters of the marginal legends The Kalima. *Margins* بصدق ابی بکر | بعدل عمر | بحیای عثمان | بعلم علی ٨٧ ? **W.** 185. **S.** ·7.	خلد الله تعا ملکه لے محمد اکبر بادشاه جلال الدین غازے ضرب دارال [سلطنة] احمد اباد *Aḥmadábád.* Pl.
83	Burhán-púr	48 *Mihr* [1011]	As on No. 75. **W.** 170. **S.** ·7.	مهر ماه الهے برهانپور ٤٨

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7177. دار الضرب has been read on the reverse, but in No. 79 دار السلطنة is clear.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 84	Dehlí *Hazrat*	972	As on No. 64. M. 9. **W.** 168. **S.** 1·05.	As on No. 64, but ٩٧٢ To left of ﻟﮯ, ملكه Below تعا ت دهلى حضر سلطانه ضر[ب] و *A.S.B.* Pl.
	85	”	975	” but m. 10. **W.** 168. **S.** 1·05.	” ٩٧٥
	86	”	977	As on No. 67. M. 4. **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 67, but ٩٧٧ and below حضرت دهلى *A.S.B.*
	87	” *Dáru-l-mulk Hazrat*	977	As on No. 67. M. 4. **W.** 168. **S.** 1·0.	” but below دار الملك دهلى حضرت Pl.
	88	Fathpúr	986	In sixfoil The Kalima. *Margins* wanting. **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	In sixfoil بادشاه محمد اكبر غازے جلال الدين ٩٨٦ ضرب فتحپور *Margins* wanting. Pl.
	89	Jaunpúr	972	In wavy pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. *Margin* mostly wanting. **W.** 167·2. **S.** 1·0.	In oblong with arch in centre of each side بادشاه غازى محمد ٩٧٢ اكبر جلال الدين Above خلد الله ملكه و سلطانه Below ضرب جونپور Pl.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 90	Jaunpúr	984	As on No. 71, but ۹۸۴ and m. 4. *Margins* wanting. **W.** (looped). **S.** ·825.	As on No. 71, but below ضرب جونپور
91 92	Láhor	971	In double foliated pentagon The Kalima. M. 2. *Margins* as on No. 64. **W.** 168–167. **S.** 1·1.	As on No. 64, but ضرب لاهور (91) *A.S.B.* Pl.
93	,,	973	In foliated pentagon The Kalima. M. 11. *Margin* . . . . . | بعدل عمر | بحیای عثمان | بعلم علی | . . . . **W.** 168. **S.** 1·0.	,, ۹۷۳ *A.S.B.*
94[1]	,,	975	,, *Margins* wanting. **W.** 168. **S.** 1·075.	,, but date ۹۷۵ below ل
95 96	,, *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	976	As on No. 67. M. 4. *Margins* mostly wanting. **W.** 169–167. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 67, but date below 'ye' of غازی and دار الخلافة ضرب لاهور (95) *A.S.B.*
97[2]	,,	983	As on No. 67. M. 4. *Margins* mostly wanting. **W.** 168·3. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 67, but ۹۸۳ and below 'ye' of غازی دار ضرب لاهور . . . . .

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7175, and the date is read as 970, but by the m. and the single-lined area the later date is indicated. Cf. *B.M.C.*, 35.

[2] In *I.M.C.* the date is wrongly given as 973.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD AV 98 sq.	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	988	As on No. 82, but m. 11. **W.** 187. **S.** ·07.	As on No. 82, but ۹۸۸ and ضرب دار السلطنه لاهور
99	Patna *Dáru-z-zarb*	984	As on No. 71, but ۹۸۴ M. 4. *Margins* wanting. **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 71. Upper *margin* wanting. Lower *margin* پتنه دار الضرب Pl.
100	Urdú-e-Zafar qarín	984	In square formed as on No. 82 and inscribed in a triple circle, the inner one of dots, The Kalima. *Margins* Left بصدق ابی بکر Top بعدل عمر Right بحیای عثمان Bottom بعلم علی ۹۸۴ **W.** 168. **S.** ·95.	In triple circle, the inner one of dots, بادشاه غازے جلال الدین محمد اکبر ظفر قرینے ضرب اردو Pl.
101 sq.	,,	alif [1000]	As on No. 82, but the area is square. **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 82, but الف over اکبر and in last line ضرب اردو ظفر قرین *A.S.B.*
			Name of mint not clear	
102	?	975	As on No. 64. M. 2. **W.** 168. **S.** 1·05.	As on No. 64, but ۹۷۵ and in last line ...... ضرب The mint is not Ágra, though the coin is similar to Akbar's early Ágra coins. Pl.
103	?	977	,, M. 2. **W.** 168. **S.** 1·0.	,, but ۹۷۷ and last line missing.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 104	?	983	As on No. 71, but ٩٨٣ M. 4. **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 71, but lower line not clear.
105 sq.	?	989	As on No. 82. M. 4. **W.** 168. **S.** ·6.	As on No. 82, but last line missing. *A.S.B.*
106 sq.	?	alif [1000]	As on No. 82. No m. **W.** 184. **S.** ·65.	As on No. 82, but الف and last line not clear. Pl.

Without mint name on coin

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
107	—	968	The Kalima. M. 8. **W.** 19. **S.** ·55.	اکبر بادشاه غازی محمد جلال الدین ٩٦٨
108	—	972	,, but no m. **W.** 17·5. **S.** ·55.	,, ٩٧٢ Pl.
109	—	? 30 [993–4]	In double square inscribed in triple circle—the inner one of dots—wavy lines in segments الله اکبر Flowered field. **W.** 186. **S.** ·7.	As on obverse جل جلاله Traces of ٣٠ stamped in lower segment. *A.S.B.* Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 110	Ágra *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	977	In curved square The Kalima. *Margins* as on No. 67. M. 4 (?) in right margin. **W.** 166·5. **S.** 1·025.	In square اکبر بادشاه غازی محمد جلال الدین ۹۷۷ *Margins* Left السلطان الا عظم Top illegible. Right دار ...... Bottom الخلافة آگره *A.S.B.*
111[1]	Aḥmad-ábád ? *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	982	As on No. 71. M. 7. **W.** 174·5. **S.** 1·08.	In double square with dots between, as on No. 110, but ۹۸۲ *Margins* Left السلطان الا عظم Top خلد الله تعالی ملکه Right و سلطانه ضرب Bottom دارالسلطنه (؟) احمداباد
112	"	983	" M. 12. **W.** 176. **S.** 1·0.	" ۹۸۳ *A.S.B.*
113	"	986	" M. 13. **W.** 174.	" ۹۸۶ *A.S.B.*

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11092, where the epithet دار الضرب is suggested. دار السلطنة is, however, the epithet used on the gold and copper coins of this year and is, I think, a more likely reading on this coin.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 114 sq.	Aḥmad-ábád *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	987	In square, formed as on No. 82, The Kalima. M. 13. *Margins* wanting. **W.** 172·5. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 82, but ۹۸۷ above اکبر and last line دار ال[سلطنة] احمداباد
115 116 sq.	”	990	” M. m. 13 and 14. **W.** 174–170.	” ۹۹۰ Pl.
117 118 sq.	”	991	” M. 13 only. **W.** 171–170.	” ۹۹۱ (118) *A.S.B.*
119 sq.	”	992	” **W.** 173.	” ۹۹۲
120 sq.	”	993	” **W.** 174.	” ۹۹۳
121 122 sq.	”	994	” **W.** 172–175.	” ۹۹۴ (122) *A.S.B.*
123 sq.	”	995	” **W.** 172.	” ۹۹۵
124 sq.	”	996	” **W.** 175.	” ۹۹۶
125 sq.	”	997	” **W.** 173.	” ۹۹۷
126 sq.	”	999	” **W.** 174.	” ۹۹۹
127 sq.	” (no epithet)	38 [1001–2]	” but no m. **W.** 173.	” but ۳۸ over اکبر and last line احمداباد Pl.

SILVER

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 128 sq.	Ahmad-ábád	38 [1001–2] Shahré-war	الله اکبر جل جلاله Flowered field. W. 177. S. ·65.	شهریور الهی ۳۸ احمداباد ضرب Flowered field.	
129 sq.	,,	,, Ábán	,, W. 173.	,, ابان	
130 sq.	,,	,, Ázar	,, W. 176.	,, اذر	A.S.B. Pl.
131 sq.	,,	,, Dí	,, W. 176.	,, دی	
132 sq.	,,	,, Bah-man	,, W. 173.	,, بهمن	
133 sq.	,,	39 Tír [1002–3]	,, W. 175.	,, but ۳۹ and تیر	
134	,,	,, Ábán	,, W. 177. S. ·85.	,, ابان	
135	,,	,, Ázar	,, W. 174.	,, اذر	Pl.
136	,,	,, Dí	,, W. 174.	,, دی	
137	,,	40 Far-wardí [1003–4]	,, W. 176·5.	,, but ۴۰ and فروردی	A.S.B.
138	,,	,, Ábán	,, W. 174.	,, ابان	
139	,,	,, Ázar	,, W. 173.	,, اذر	

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 140	Aḥmad-ábád	41 Khúr-dád [1004–5]	As on No. 128. W. 174.	As on No. 128, but ۴۱ and خورداد
141	,,	,, Ázar	,, W. 173.	,, اذر
142	,,	42 Ázar [1005–6]	,, W. 175.	,, but ۴۲ and اذر *Gurgáon.*
143	,,	,, Bah-man	,, W. 176.	,, بهمن
144	,,	43 Far-wardí [1006–7]	,, W. 173.	,, but ۴۳ and فروردی *A.S.B.*
145	,,	44 Tír [1007–8]	,, W. 175.	,, but ۴۴ and تیر
146	,,	,, Amar-dád	,, (Worn.)	,, امرداد
147	,,	,, Bah-man	,, W. 175.	,, بهمن
148	,,	,, Isfan-dármuz	,, W. 176·5.	,, اسفندارمز
149	,,	46 Ázar [1009–10]	,, W. 173.	,, but ۴٦ and اذر
150	,,	,, Dí	,, W. 174.	,, دی
151	,,	,, Bah-man	,, W. 176·5.	,, بهمن

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 152	Aḥmad-ábád	47 Khúr-dád [1010–11]	As on No. 128, but in square enclosed in ornamented border. **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 128, but in octagon enclosed in ornamented border and خورداد ۴۷ Pl.
	153	”	” Tír	” **W.** 174·5.	” تیر
	154 155	”	” Isfan-dármuz	As on No. 128. **W.** 175–174.	As on No. 128, but اسفندارمز ۴۷ (155) *A.S.B.*
	156	”	48 Far-wardín [1011–12]	” **W.** 168 (worn).	” but ۴۸ and فروردین
	157	”	” Ázar	” **W.** 173.	” اذر
	158	”	” Bah-man	” **W.** 173.	” بهمن
	159	”	49 Ázar [1012–13]	” **W.** 174.	” but ۴۹ and اذر
	160	”	” Bah-man	” **W.** 175.	” بهمن
	161	”	” Isfan-dármuz	” **W.** 174.	” اسفندارمز
	162	”	4– Mihr	” **W.** 167 (worn).	” but ۴– and مهر
	163 ½	”	?	” **W.** 86.	” Month and year missing. *Aḥmadábád.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 164	Allahábád	45 [1008–9]	ماه رائج باد مــهــر و همچو زر همیشه W. 154 (clipped). S. ·8.	الہ اباد ســــکه ق جهان شـــــر بغرب و ۴۵ Flowered field.
165	,,	46 Ardíbi-hisht [1009–10]	,, but ۴٦ to left of زر and اردی بهشت below همیشه W. 177. S. ·875.	,, but no date. Pl.
166	,,	47 [1010–11]	,, but ۴۷ and no month. W. 177.	,,
167 168	,,	—	,, but no date and زر above همچو W. 176.	,, (167) *A.S.B.*
169	Bairáta	42 Bah-man [1005–6]	As on No. 128. W. 171. S. ·77.	بهمن ماه الهی ۴۲ بیراته ضرب Stars in field. Pl.
170	,,	48 Bah-man [1011–12]	,, Stars in field. W. 176. S. ·7.	,, but ۴۸
171	,,	49 Isfan-dármuz [1012–13]	,, W. 178. S. ·8.	,, but ۴۹ and مز ماه اسفندار
172	,,	4– Ardíbi-hisht	,, W. 176. S. ·8.	,, but unit of date missing, and ...... اردی in top line.
173	,,	4– Shahré-war	,, W. 177. S. ·75.	,, شهریور *A.S.B.*
174	,,	4– Mihr	,, W. 177.	,, ماه مهر

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 175	Burhán- púr	46 Far- wardín [1009–10]	As on No. 128. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	فروردین الهی ۴۶ برهانپور ضرب *A.S.B.*
176	,,	48 Mihr [1011–12]	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	مهر ماه الهی برهان پور ۴۸
177	,,	49 Ázar [1012–13]	,, **W.** 175.	,, but ۴۹ and ماه اذر Pl.
178	,,	50 Khúr- dád [1013–14]	,, **W.** 175.	,, but ۵۰ and خورداد
179	,,	,, Ábán	,, **W.** 175.	,, but ماه ابان
180	Dehlí *Hazrat*	964	In circle The Kalima. *Margin* ...... | .. عمر | بحیای عثمان | بعلم علی | **W.** 172. **S.** 1·05.	In oblong with arch in the centre of each side اکبر بادشاه ی محمد غا ز جلال الد ۴ ۶ ین ۹ *Margins* Top السلطان الا عظم [الخاقان] Right المکرم تعا Bottom ملکه ضرب حضـ[ـرت Left [خلد الله دهلی]
181	,,	980	In wavy square The Kalima. M. 4. *Margin* بصدق ابی بکر | ..... | ...... | علی ... | **W.** 172·5. **S.** ·9.	In square بادشاه ی اکبر غا ز محمد جلال الدین ۹۸۰ *Margins* Bottom حضرت دهلی Rest wanting. Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **182** **183** sq.	Dehlí	30 Amar- dád [993–4]	In square with dots outside الله اکبر جل جلاله ضرب دهلی **W.** 175. **S.** ·7.	٣٠ الهی ماه امرداد (182) *A.S.B.* Pl.
184 sq. $\frac{1}{8}$	,,	37 Shahré- war [1000–1]	As on No. 182. **W.** 21. **S.** ·325.	As on No. 182, but ٣٧ and ماه شهریور
185 sq.	,,	39 Ardíbi- hisht [1002–3]	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·65.	,, but ٣٩ and بهشت ماه اردی
186 sq.	,,	,, Khúr- dád	,, **W.** 176.	,, ماه خورداد
187 sq.	,,	42 Ardíbi- hisht [1005–6]	,, **W.** 175.	,, but ٤٢ and بهشت ماه اردی
188 sq.	,,	,, Khúr- dád	,, **W.** 173.	,, ماه خورداد
189 sq.	,,	,, Tír	,, **W.** 172.	,, ماه تیر
190 sq. $\frac{1}{4}$	,,	,, Mihr	,, **W.** 42. **S.** ·4.	,, ماه مهر
191	,,	4 – Mihr	,, but no border. **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	,, but unit missing. Pl.
192 sq.	Fatḥpúr *Dáru-s-* *salṯanat*	986	As on No. 82, but the area is square and no date in margin. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 82, but in last line ضرب دار السلطنة فتحپور and ٩٨٦ above اکبر

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 193 194 sq.	Fathpúr Dáru-s-saltanat	987	As on No. 192. **W.** 174.	As on No. 192, but ٩٨٧ Pl.
195 196 sq.	,,	988	,, **W.** 174–163.	,, ٩٨٨ (196) *A.S.B.*
197 sq.	,,	?	,, **W.** 168.	,, but no date over اکبر and last line differently arranged.
198 199	Jaunpúr *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	975	In multifoil pentagon The Kalima. *Margins* as on No. 64. **W.** 170–168. **S.** 1·2.	In oblong, with triple arch in top and bottom sides, ل الدين اکبر غازی جلا محمد بادشاه Above ناصر الدنیا و الدین ابو المظفر Below دار الخلافة جونپور To right ملکه
200	,,	,,	,, **W.** 170. **S.** 1·25.	,, but جونپور differently arranged. Pl.
201	,,	977	,, M. 2. **W.** 168. **S.** 1·05.	,, but ٩٧٧ and last line ضرب جونپور [دار الخلافة] *A.S.B.*
202	,,	978	,, M. 2. **W.** 176.	,, ٩٧٨
202 (*a*)	,,	979	,, M. 2. **W.** 173.	,, ٩٧٩
202 (*b*)	,,	983	,, M. 4. **W.** 172.	,, ٩٨٣
203 sq.	,,	988	As on No. 82, but the area is square and no date in margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 82, but ٩٨٨ over اکبر and in the last line جونپور . . . . . Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 204 ½	Kábul	46 Dí [1009–10]	In circle with dots outside الله اكبر جل جلاله **W.** 84. **S.** ·65.	دی الهی ضرب کابل ۴۶ Pl.
205 ½	,,	47 Ázar [1010–11]	As on No. 204. **W.** 85.	As on No. 204, but اذر ۴۷
206	Kálpí	966	In square The Kalima. ۹۲۲ (*sic*) M. 15. *Margins* Top عمر العفان Right علی المرتضی **W.** 176. **S.** 1·1.	In square اکبرباد غازی ۸ محمد شا جلال الدین *Margins* Left السلطان Top العادل Bottom ضرب کال[پی] Pl.
207	Láhor	965	In circle The Kalima. *Margin* بحیای | بعدل عمر | . . . . . . عثمان |	As on No. 180, but in bottom and left margins الله خلد هور لا ملکه و سلطانه ضرب and date ۹۶۵ Pl.
208 sq.	,, *Dáru-s-saltanat*	987	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 11. **W.** 165. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 82, but ۹۸۷ over اکبر and in the last line ضرب دار السلطنة لاهور
209 sq.	,, (no epithet)	36 Shahré-war [999–1000]	In double square with dots between الله اکبر جل جلاله **W.** 173. **S.** ·7.	In double square with dots between شهریور الهی لاهور ۳۶ ضرب Pl.

SILVER

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 210 211 sq.	Láhor	37 Tír [1000–01]	As on No. 209. **W.** 175.	As on No. 209, but ٣٧ and تیر (211) *A.S.B.*
	212 sq.	,,	,, Isfan-dármuz	,, **W.** 174.	,, اسفندارمز
	213 sq.	,,	38 Ardíbi-hisht [1001–02]	As on No. 209. **W.** 170.	As on No. 209, but ٣٨ and بهشت اردی
	214	,,	39 Shahré-war [1002–03]	As on No. 209, but in double circle[1] with dots between. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 209, but in double circle[1] with dots between and year ٣٩
	215 216	,,	,, Ábán	,, **W.** 177–176.	,, ابان (216) *A.S.B.*
	217	,,	,, Ázar	,, **W.** 177.	,, اذر
	218	,,	40 Dí [1003–04]	,, **W.** 175.	,, but دی ٤٠
	219	,,	,, Isfan-dármuz	,, **W.** 177.	,, اسفندارمز
	220	,,	41 Mihr [1004–05]	,, **W.** 176.	,, but مهر ٤١
	221	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.** 174.	,, بهمن
	222	,,	,, Isfan-dármuz	,, **W.** 175.	,, اسفندارمز
	223	,,	42 Far-wardín [1005–06]	,, **W.** 176.	,, but فروردین ٤٢

[1] On most of the coins of this type only portions of the circle are visible.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 224	Láhor	42 Amar-dád [1005–06]	As on No. 214. **W.** 175.	As on No. 214, but دی ۴۲	**SILVER**
225	,,	,, Shahré-war	,, **W.** 175.	,, امرداد	
226 ¼	,,	,, Dí	,, **W.** 41·5. **S.** ·55.	,, سہریور	
227	,,	43 Ardíbi-hisht [1006–07]	,, **W.** 176.	but ۴۳ ,, بہشت اردی	*A.S.B.*
228	,,	,, Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 177.	,, خورداد	
229	,,	,, Tír	,, **W.** 172·5.	,, تیر	
230	,,	44 Ardíbi-hisht [1007–08]	,, **W.** 176.	but ۴۴ ,, بہشت اردی	
231	,,	,, Shahré-war	,, **W.** 175.	,, شہریور	
232 ½	,,	,, Ázar	,, **W.** 87. **S.** ·65.	,, اذر	Pl.
233	,,	45 Ardíbi-hisht [1008–09]	,, **W.** 175.	but ۴۵ ,, بہشت اردی	
234	,,	,, Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 176·5.	,, خورداد	*A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 235	Láhor	46 Far-wardín [1009–10]	As on No. 214. **W.** 176.	As on No. 214, but فروردین ۴۶
236	,,	,, Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 176.	,, خورداد
237	,,	,, Tír	,, **W.** 176.	,, تیر
238 ½	,,	,, Dí	,, **W.** 84. **S.** ·65.	,, دی
239	,,	47 Shahré-war [1010–11]	,, but enclosed as on No. 152. **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·75.	,, but enclosed as on No. 152 and شهریور ۴۷
240	,,	48 Far-wardín [1011–12]	,, **W.** 176.	,, but فروردین ۴۸
241	,,	,, Ardíbi-hisht	,, **W.** 174.	,, بهشت اردی
242 ¼	,,	,, Mihr	As on No. 214. **W.** 43·5. **S.** ·55.	As on No. 214, but مهر ۴۸
243 ¼	,,	,, Dí	,, **W.** 40·7. **S.** ·55.	,, دی
244	,,	49 Far-wardín [1012–13]	,, but enclosed as on No. 152. **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·8.	,, but enclosed as on No. 152 and فروردین ۴۹
245	,,	,, Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 174·8.	,, خورداد

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 246	Láhor	50 Ardíbi-hisht [1013–14]	As on No. 244. W. 174·5.	As on No. 244, but بهشت ٥٠ اردی
247 sq.	Multán	39 Khúr-dád [1002–03]	,, but no border. W. 174·2. S. ·65.	خورداد الهی ۳۹ ملتان ضرب Pl.
248 sq.	Patna	987	As on No. 82, but the area is square. In centre ۹۸۷ M. 16. W. 170. S. ·8.	As on No. 82, but top line missing and in last line پتنه ضرب Pl.
249	,,	46 Dí [1009–10]	الله اکبر جل جلاله W. 168 (worn). S. ·875.	دی الهی ۴۶ پتنه ضرب
250 251 252	Sítpúr(?)[1]	48 Mihr [1011–12]	In square with ornamental border الله اکبر جل جلاله W. 175–174. S. ·85–·8.	Enclosed in ornamental border مهر الهی ۴۸ سیتپور ب ضر (252) *A.S.B.* Pl.
253 254	,,	49 Mihr [1012–13]	,, but in dotted circle. W. 173–167.	,, but in dotted circle and year ۴۹
255	Srínagar	48 Mihr [1011–12]	As on No. 249. W. 173. S. ·75.	ماه مهر الهی ۸ سری ۴ نگر ضرب *Gurgáon.* Pl.

[1] The reading is tentative. The mint has been read سیتاپور and پیشاور.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 256[1] sq.	Tatta	38 Far-wardín [1001–02]	As on No. 209. **W.** 175. **S.** ·65.	In double square with dots between فروردین الهی / تته ۳۸ / ضرب Pl.
257 sq.	,,	39 Khúr-dád [1002–03]	,, **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·6.	خورداد الهی / ۳۹ تته / ضرب
258 sq.	,,	,, Tír	,, **W.** 174.	,, تیر
259 sq.	,,	40 Tír [1003–04]	,, **W.** 168.	but ۴۰. ,, *A.S.B.*
260 sq.	,,	,, Shahré-war	,, **W.** 174.	,, شهریور
260 (*a*) sq.	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.** 173.	,, بهمن
261 sq.	,,	41 Ázar [1004–05]	,, **W.** 170·8.	but ,, اذر ۴۱
262 263 sq.	,,	43 Khúr-dád [1006–07]	,, **W.** 173–162 (worn).	but ,, خورداد ۴۳ (263) *A.S.B.*
264 sq.	,,	44 Khúr-dád [1007–08]	,, **W.** 171.	but ۴۴ ,,
265 sq.	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.** 174·7.	,, بهمن

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7407, where 37 was wrongly given.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 266 sq.	Tatta	45 Khúr-dád [1008–09]	As on No. 209. **W.** 175.	As on No. 257, but خورداد ۴۵
267 sq.	,,	,, Shahré-war	,, **W.** 175.	,, شهریور
268 sq.	,,	,, Dí	,, **W.** 171.	,, دی
269 sq.	,,	46 Far-wardín [1009–10]	,, **W.** 174.	As on No. 257, but فروردین ۴۶
270 sq.	,,	,, Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 172.	,, خورداد
271 sq.	,,	,, Mihr	,, **W.** 172.	,, مهر
272 sq.	,,	,, Ábán	,, **W.** 171.	,, ابان
273 sq.	,,	,, Dí	,, **W.** 172.	,, دی
274 sq.	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.**171.	,, بهمن
275 sq.	,,	47 Ábán [1010–11]	,, **W.** 173.	,, but ابان ۴۷
276 sq.	,,	49 Khúr-dád [1012–13]	,, **W.** 172.	,, but خورداد ۴۹
277 sq.	,,	50 Mihr [1013–14]	,, **W.** 172.	,, but مهر ۵۰

SILVER

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 278 sq.	Ujjain	990	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 13. **W.** 177. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 82, but top line missing, and last line ضرب اجين ۹۹۰ above اكبر Pl.
	279 280 281 sq.	Urdú Zafar-Qarín	alif [1000]	" No m. **W.** 178–166 (worn). **S.** ·8.	As on No. 82, but الف over اكبر and last line ضرب اردو ظفر قرين (280) *A.S.B.*
	282 sq. ½	"	"	" **W.** 86.	"
	283 284 sq.	Urdú Zafar-Qarín	—	As on No. 278. **W.** 173–172·8.	As on No. 279, but no date.
				Name of mint not clear	
	285	?	964	In square The Kalima. M. 16 in lower left corner. *Margins* illegible. **W.** 175·2. **S.** ·9.	In square اكبر بادشاه غازى محمد جلال الدين ۹۶۴ *Margins* Top العادل Right ابو المظفر
	286	?	"	As on No. 180. *Margin* ... ابى بكر | بعدل عمر | بحياى ... | ..... **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 180, but only top margin legible.
	287	?	967	In square The Kalima. *Margins* Top بصدق ابى بكر Left بعدل عمر **W.** 175. **S.** 1·2.	As on No. 285, but ۹۶۷ *Margins* indistinct.
	288	?	"	" but m. 17 in area. **W.** 169.	"

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **289**	?	967	As on No. 180. *Margin* بصدق ابی بکر | .... **W.** 171·2. **S.** 1·1.	As on No. 180, but only top margin legible and date ٩٦٧
290	?	968	In circle The Kalima. *Margin* ابی بکر صدیق | .... **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·9.	In square with curve in centre of each side اکبر بادشاه ی محمد غاز ٦٨ جلال الدی[ـن ٩] *Margins* missing.
291	?	969	In square The Kalima. M. 18. *Margin* Bottom بحیای عثمان **W.** 173. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 285, but ٩٦٩ *Margins* missing. *A.S.B.*
292	?	970	" but no m. and *margins* missing. **W.** 166 (worn). **S.** ·95.	" ٩٧٠ *A.S.B.*
293	?	972	As on No. 64. M. 2. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·15.	In multifoil diamond ٩٧٢ خلد الله اکبر بادشاه غازی محمد جلال الدین *Margin* السلطان الا عظم ....
294	?	984	In double square, with dots between, The Kalima. M. 2. *Margins* .... | بعدل عمر | بحیای عثمان | .... **W.** 172·5. **S.** 1·0.	In double square with dots between, as on No. 110, but ٩٨٤ *Margins* Top خلد الله ملکه Rest missing.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 295	?	984	As on No. 294, but m. 4 and in right *margin* بعلم علی **W.** 165. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 294. All *margins* missing.
296	?	"	In square, with arch in centre of each side, The Kalima. M. 4. *Margins* cut. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	In square, as on No. 110, but ۹۸۴ *Margins* missing.
297 298	?	985	In wavy square The Kalima. M. 4. **W.** 177–167 (worn). **S.** 1·0.	In square as on No. 110, but ۹ in ن of دین and ۸۵ over ج of جلال *Margins* illegible. (297) *A.S.B.*
299 300	?	"	" **W.** 172–171. **S.** 1·0.	" but ۹۸۵ over ج of جلال (300) *A.S.B.*
301	?	986	As on No. 294, but m. 13. *Margin* Right بعلم علی **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 294, but ۹۸۶ All *margins* missing. *A.S.B.*
302 sq.	?	987	As on No. 82, but the area is square. M. 2. **W.** 173. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 82, but ۹۸۷ over اکبر and last line missing.
303 sq.	?	989	" **W.** 174.	" ۹۸۹
304 sq.	?	"	" but no m. **W.** 172.	"

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 305 sq.	?	991	As on No. 302. M. 2. **W.** 174.	As on No. 302, but ٩٩١
306 sq.	?	995	,, M. 13. **W.** 175.	,, ٩٩٥ *A.S.B.*
307 sq.	?	997	,, **W.** 174.	,, ٩٩٧
308 309 sq.	?	998	,, M. 19. **W.** 172–165.	,, ٩٩٨ (309) *A.S.B.*
310 sq.	?	999	,, M. 13. **W.** 170.	,, ٩٩٩ M. 20 over ج
311 sq.	?	,,	,, No m. **W.** 174.	,, M. 13. *A.S.B.*
312 sq.	?	,,	,, **W.** 175.	,, No m. *A.S.B.*
313 sq.	?	,,	,, **W.** 174.	,, M. 21.
314 315	?	1000	,, M. 13. **W.** 174–157.	,, ١٠٠٠ No m. (315) *A.S.B.*
315 (*a*)[1] sq.	?	1009	The Kalima. **W.** 175. **S.** ·7.	شاه ١٠٠٩ شد ? اکبر کا برویش ضرب بحکم ? ? لحکال زان دلخو[اه ?] *A.S.B.* Pl.

[1] Nos. 315 (*a*) (*b*), 'Bangála' has been suggested as the mint.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 315 (*b*) sq.	?	1010	As on No. 315 (*a*). **W.** 175.	As on No. 315 (*a*), but ١٠١٠ *A.S.B.* Pl.
316 ¼	?	?	In circle The Kalima. *Margin* illegible. **W.** 36. **S.** ·7.	In octagonal area اکبر ..... محـ[ـمـد] جلال ..... To right المکرم تعالی Below .... ملکه و سلطانه ضرب Pl.
317 ¼	?	?	In double circle The Kalima. *Margin* mostly cut. **W.** 24 (clipped). **S.** ·6 × ·7.	In octagonal area اکبر بادشاه محـمـد جلال الدين *Margin* illegible. Pl.

Without mint name

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
318 319 sq.	—	33 [996–7]	In double square with dots between الله اکبر Flowered field. **W.** 174–171. **S.** ·7.	In double square with dots between ٣٣ الهی جل جلاله (318) *A.S.B.* Pl.
320 sq. ½	—	”	” **W.** 85. **S.** ·55.	”
321 322 sq.	—	34 [997–8]	” **W.** 175–174.	” but ٣٤
323 sq.	—	35 Shahré-war [998–9]	As on No. 209. **W.** 174. **S.** ·7.	In double square with dots between ٣٥ الهی شهریور Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 324 sq. ½	—	36 Āẕar [999–1000]	As on No. 209. **W.** 86·5. **S.** ·55.	As on No. 323, but اذر ٣٦	SILVER
325 sq. ¼	—	37 Bah-man [1000–01]	" **W.** 43. **S.** ·4.	" but بهمن ٣٧ Pl.	
326 sq.	—	41 Shahré-war [1004–05]	" **W.** 166.	" but شهریور ٤١	
327 328 ½	—	"	As on No. 318. **W.** 88–84. **S.** ·65.	As on No. 318, but ٤١ (327) *A.S.B.*	
329 sq.	—	43 Far-wardín [1006–07]	As on No. 209. **W.** 172. **S.** ·6.	As on No. 323, but فروردین ٤٣	
330 331 sq.	—	43 [1006–07]	The Kalima. Flowered field. **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·6.	محمد اکبر ٤٣ با .... جلال ا .... Pl.	
332 sq. ½	—	44 [1007–08]	As on No. 318. **W.** 85. **S.** ·6.	As on No. 318, but ٤٤	

GUJARÁT FABRIC

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
333[1] 334	—	1217	In square with dots outside The Kalima. **W.** 85. **S.** ·6.	اکبر بادشاه غازی محمد جلال الدین ١٢١٧ To left of با m. 22. In غ m. 23. (333) *A.S.B.* Pl.

[1] Though bearing Akbar's name, the date shows that these are not properly coins of Akbar. On this subject, see an article by Dr. G. P. Taylor in *J.A.S.B.*, 1904, Num. Supp. II.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 335[1]	Ágra *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	96–?	دار الخلافة ضرب آگره **W.** 312. **S.** ·85.	. . . . ست نهصد و فی تاریخ	
336 337	,,	96–?	,, **W.** 319–303·5.	. . . . ست و نهصد سنة	
338	,,	97–	دار الخلافة آگره فلوس ضرب **W.** 317. **S.** ·9.	و . . . هفتاد نهصد و M. 4.	*A.S.B.*
339	,,	988	As on No. 338, but آگره دار الخلافة **W.** 319. **S.** ·85.	و هشت هشتاد ۹۸۸ نهصد M. 2.	Pl.
340	,,	,,	,, **W.** 313.	but ,, نهصد فی سنة	
341	Ágra	98–	س فلو آگره ضرب **W.** 60. **S.** ·65.	. . . . . د و هشتا نهصد سنة	
342	,,	44 Shahré-war [1007–08]	تنکهٔ اکبر شاهی ضرب آگره [نیم] **W.** 300·5 (worn). **S.** 1·0.	الهی ۴۴ شهریور	

[1] I have maintained the decimal 6 in the date on this coin and No. 336 in deference to entry in the *I.M.C.*, No. 8647. Its correctness is, I think, open to criticism.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 343	Ágra	46 Ábán [1009–10]	اکبر شاهی دو تانکے W. 119. S. ·6.	ابان الهی ۴٦ اگره ضرب	COPPER
344	"	" Bah-man	" W. 112.	" بهمن	A.S.B.
345	"	47 Amar-dád [1010–11]	" W. 119.	but " امرداد ۴۷	
346	"	50 Tír [1013–14]	" W. 119·5.	but " تیر ٥٠	
347	Aḥmad-ábád	981	احمداباد فلوس ضرب W. 312. S. ·9.	۹۸۱ هشتاد یك و نهصد سنة M. 2.	
348 ½	"	981	" W. 156. S. ·7.	"	A.S.B. Pl.
349 350	" *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	982	احمداباد دار السلطنة . . . . ضرب فلوس W. 317–311. S. ·9.	د و هشتاد . . . . نهصد و ۹۸۲ (349)	A.S.B. Pl.
351	"	984	" W. 311.	but " چهار and ۹۸۴	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 352	Aḥmad-ábád *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	985	As on No. 349. **W.** 306.	As on No. 349, but ٩٨٥ پنج *A.S.B.*
	353	,,	986	,, **W.** 316.	but ,, ٩٨٦ شش *A.S.B.*
	354 355	,,	987	,, **W.** 316–304.	but ,, ٩٨٧ هفت *A.S.B.*
	356[1] 357	Aḥmad-ábád	? Amar-dád	احمداباد .... فلوس **W.** 309·5–305. **S.** ·8.	.... الهی .... امرداد
	357 (*a*)[2] 1 tankí	,,	? Áẕar	اکبر شاهی ؟ [ی]ـك [تنکی] **W.** 57. **S.** ·5.	..... الهی [احمد]اباد اذر
	358	Ajmér *Dáru-l-manṣúr ?*	979	دار ... منصور ? اجمیر ضرب **W.** 291·5. **S.** ·85.	..... هفتا ... نهصد و سنة ٩٧٩ M. 4. Pl.
	359	Ajmér	,,	فلوس سکه اجمیر ضرب **W.** 309·5. **S.** ·8.	.... هفتاد و نهصد و ٩٧٩ سنة فی M. 4.

[1] These are *I.M.C.*, Nos. 12531 and 8797. The arrangement of the reverse is as now given.

[2] Cp. *J.A.S.B.*, Num. Supp. IV, 1904, No. 26, Pl. II. 9.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 360	Ajmér	981	As on No. 359. **W.** 300.	As on No. 359, but ٩٨١ Upper portion of legend missing.
361	"	987	" **W.** 305·5.	. . . . . هشتا . . . نهصد و ٩٨٧ M. 4.
362	"	994	" **W.** 310·5. **S.** ·75.	. . . . . . نود و نهصد ٩٩٤ سنة M. 4.
363	"	996	" **W.** 295.	" ٩٩٦ M. 4.
364[1]	Akbar-púr (?)	981	پور ? اکبر فلوس ضرب M. 24. **W.** 308·5. **S.** ·85.	. . . . . . هشتاد نهصد ٩٨١ سنة فی Pl.
365 365 (*a*)	Akbar-púr Tánda	97–	الخلافة دار تانده اکبرپور M. 25. **W.** 311–307. **S.** ·85.	. . . . هفتا . . نهصد و الدين ? ناصر الدنيا *U.P.* Pl.
366 ½	"	—	" **W.** 155. **S.** .65.	Portions of above legend. *U.P.*

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8960, p. 17.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
COPPER	Æ 367 368	Allahábád (Ilahábás on coins)	33 ?	In double circle with dots between س الهابا مہر **W.** 315–311. **S.** ·85.	In double circle with dots between سنة ٣٣ ? الهی	
	369	Alwar	967	الور فلوس (ضرب) **W.** 305·7. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . شصت نهصد ٩٦٧	
	370	,,	968	,, **W.** 303·7.	adding ,, هشت ٩٦٨	
	371	Amírkót Qaṣba	979	ت [ا]میرکو [ق]صبه فلوس **W.** 309·5. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . هفتاد و نهصد و سنة في ٩٧٩ M. 24.	Pl.
	372	,,	989	,, **W.** 309·5.	,, but هشتاد and ٩٨٩ M. 24.	
	373	Atak Banáras	37 Mihr [1000–01]	س اتك بنار فلوت ضرب **W.** 313. **S.** ·8.	٣٧ الهی مهر	Pl.
	374	,,	48 Isfan-dármuz [1011–12]	As on No. 373. **W.** 312·5.	٤٨ الهی اسفندارمز	

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 375	Awadh ? *Khiṭa*	969	دار الخلافة خطه [اوده] ضرب M. 26. **W.** 310. **S.** ·8.	٩٦٩ و نه شصت نهصد . . . . . *U.P.*
376	,,	970 ?	,, M. 26. **W.** 311.	٩٧٠ ? سنة هفتاد نهصد الد و الد ? . . . . . *U.P.*
377 ½	,,	97–	,, M. 26. **W.** 157. **S.** ·65.	,, Numerals missing. *U.P.*
378	Bahráich	970	دار . . . . فلوس سكه بهرائچ ضرب M. 26. **W.** 307·5. **S.** ·9.	هفتاد نهصد فی تاریخ ٩٧٠ *U.P.* Pl.
379	,,	971	,, M. 26. **W.** 307.	,, ٩٧١ *U.P.*
380	,,	977	,, M. 26. **W.** 312.	,, but هفت هفتاد Numerals missing.
381 ½	,,	97–	,, M. 26. **W.** 157. **S.** ·65.	. . . . . . هفتاد نهصد . . . . . .

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 382	Bairáta	971	بیرا[ته] فلوس ضرب **W.** 310. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . هفتاد نهصد . . . ۹۷۱
	383 tanka	„	44 Ardíbi- hisht [1007–08]	In double circle with dots between تنکه اکبر شاهی ضرب بیراته **W.** 632. **S.** 1·05.	In double circle with dots between ۴۴ الهی بهشت اردی *A.S.B.* Pl.
	384 385 ½ tanka	„	„ Tír	„ but without border and نیم to left of بیراته **W.** 315–308.	„ ماه تیر
	386 ½ tanka	„	46 Khúr- dád [1009–10]	„ **W.** 316.	„ but خورداد ۴۶
	387	Burhán- ábád [1]	alif wa aḥd [1001]	[بـ]رهان اباد [دار] السلطنة [ضـ]رب **W.** 148. **S.** ·75.	الف و احد سنة . . . . . .
	388	Chítor	999	فلوس سکه چیتور ضرب **W.** 313. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . نهصد و ۹۹۹ سنة M. 24.

[1] Though hitherto ascribed to Akbar, it is possible that this may be a coin of the Niẓám-Sháhí dynasty of Aḥmadnagar. *Vide J.A.S.B.*, 1907, Num. Supp. VII, art. 48 (6).

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **389**	Chítor	1001	As on No. 388. **W.** 308. **S.** ·8.	هزار يك يك ١٠٠١ سنة فی M. 24.
390	,,	1005	,,	,, ١٠٠٥ پنج missing. M. 24. Pl.
391	Dehlí *Ḥaẓrat*	966	دهلی حضرت فلوس ضرب --٦ **W.** 323·5. **S.** ·85.	فی تاریخ نهصد و شصت و شش Pl.
392	,,	96–	,, but no date. **W.** 310.	,, but last line missing.
393 $\frac{1}{8}$	,,	969	دهلی حضرت ضرب **W.** 37. **S.** ·45.	فی تاریخ ٩٦٩ سنة *A.S.B.* Pl.
394 $\frac{1}{2}$	,,	972	As on No. 391. **W.** 154. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 393, but ٩٧٢ *A.S.B.*
395 $\frac{1}{8}$	,,	,,	As on No. 393. **W.** 33. **S.** ·425.	As on No. 393, but ٩٧٢ *A.S.B.*
396	,,	977 (or 8)	,, **W.** 315. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 391, but هفتاد و .....ت *A.S.B.*

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 397 398 $\frac{1}{8}$	Dehlí *Ḥaẓrat*	97–	As on No. 393. **W.** 39–27. **S.** ·45.	As on No. 393, but ۹۷– (397) *A.S.B.*
	399	,,	981	As on No. 391. **W.** 310. **S.** ·85.	و يك هشتاد نهصد سنة
	400	,,	987	ضرب حضرت دهلى فلوس **W.** 311. **S.** ·85.	و هفت هشتاد ۹۸۷ نهصد و M. 2.
	401 402	,,	988	,, **W.** 314–300.	هشت و هشتاد ۹۸۸ M. 27. (402) *A.S.B.*
	403	Dehlí	37 Khúr-dád [1000–01]	فلوس دهلى ضرب **W.** 316. **S.** ·85.	۳۷ الهى خورداد
	404	,,	38 Ardíbi-hisht [1001–02]	,, **W.** 318·3.	,, but ۳۸ بهشت ماه اردى
	405	,,	,, Amar-dád	,, **W.** 312·3.	,, امرداد
	406	,,	,, Shahré-war	,, **W.** 317.	,, ماه شهريور
	407	,,	,, Mihr	,, **W.** 313·5.	,, ماه مهر

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 408	Dehlí	38 Ábán [1001–02]	As on No. 403. **W.** 304·5.	As on No. 404, but ماه ابان	**COPPER**
409	,,	39 Tír [1002–03]	,, **W.** 302.	,, but تیر ۳۹	
410	,,	40 Far-wardí [1003–04]	,, **W.** 315.	,, but فروردی ۴۰	
411	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.** 317.	,, but ماه بهمن	Pl.
412 ½ tanka	,,	44 Amar-dád [1007–08]	تنکه اکبر شاهی دهلی نیم ضرب **W.** 315. **S.** ·8.	الهی ۴۴ ماه امرداد	
413 $\frac{1}{16}$ tanka	,,	,, Ardíbi-hisht	تنکه اکبر شاهی شانزدهم حصه ضرب دهلی **W.** 39. **S.** ·45.	الهی ۴۴ ؟ بهشت اردی	*A.S.B.*
414 ½ tanka	,,	45 Shahré-war [1008–09]	As on No. 412. **W.** 309. **S.** 8.	الهی ۴۵ ماه شهریور	
415 $\frac{1}{16}$ tanka	,,	,, Ázar	تنکه اکبر شاهی شانزدهم [حصه دهلی **W.** 38·5. **S.** ·4.	الهی ۴۵ ماه اذر	
416 $\frac{1}{16}$ tanka	,,	4– Shahré-war	,, **W.** 37. **S.** ·4.	,, but ماه شهریور ۴–	
417 $\frac{1}{16}$ tanka	,,	4– ? Ábán	حصه clear. ,, **W.** 36. **S.** ·4.	,, ابان ؟	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 418 $\frac{1}{16}$ tanka	Dehlí	4– Dí	As on No. 413. **W.** 36.	۴– الهی دی *A.S.B.*
	419 420	Dogáo(n) *Dáru-l-* *khiláfat*	980	دار الخلافة فلوس دوگاو ضرب M. 2. **W.** 310–295. **S.** ·8.	هشتاد نهصد و سنة في ۹۸۰ M. 24. (420) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	421	,,	984	,, No m. **W.** 311. **S.** ·85.	,, adding چهار ۹۸۴ M. 24.
	422 423[1]	,,	986	,, **W.** 317–313.	,, but شش ۹۸۶
	424	,, *Dáru-s-* *salám*	988	,, but دار السلام **W.** 306. **S.** ·8.	,, but هشت Numerals missing. M. 28. *A.S.B.*
	425 426	,,	98–	,, **W.** 305–300.	,, Unit and numerals missing. *A.S.B.*
	427	,,	993 ?	,, **W.** 316. **S.** ·75.	سه ? الله اكبر نود نهصد M. 28. *A.S.B.*
	428	,,	996	,, **W.** 298. **S.** ·8.	,, But unit missing and below سنة في ۹۹۶ M. 28. *A.S.B.*

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8830, where دار الاسلام is read. دار الخلافة appears to me the correct reading.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 429	Dogáo(n) *Dáru-s-salám*	1003	As on No. 424. **W.** 308.	الله اكبر هزار سه سنة في No m.
430 431 ½	,,	?	. . . . فلوس دوگاو **W.** 155–150.	,, Illegible dates.
432[1] ½	,,	?	فلوس دوگاو **W.** 122·8.	الله ؟ نود ؟ نهصد M. 28. Very poor execution.
433[2]	Fatḥpúr	977 ?	ل . . . ؟ دفة ر ؟ فتحپور . . . . . **W.** 317. **S.** ·85.	هفت ؟ هفتاد نهصد و سنة في . . . . . M. 29. Pl.
434 435	,, *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	986	ضرب فلوس فتحپور دار السلطنة **W.** 317·5–310.	د و شش هشتا ٩٨٦ نهصد و . . . . . . M. 30. (435) *A.S.B.*
436 437 ¼	,,	,,	,, **W.** 78–74. **S.** ·6.	,, Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 12519, where هفتاد و يك is read. I can see no trace of these words. The mark indicates a late date.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 13083. The reading دار الضرب is not convincing.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 438 439	Fatḥpúr	987	As on No. 434. **W.** 315. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 434, but هفت هشتاد و ٩٨٧ M. 2. (438) *A.S.B.*
	440	,,	988	,, **W.** 304.	,, ٩٨٨ No m. visible. *A.S.B.*
	441 ½ tanka[1]	Gobind- púr	45 Bah- man [1008–09]	تنکه اکبر شاهی گوبندپور ضرب **W.** 312·5. **S.** ·8.	۴۵ الهی بهمن
	442 ½ tanka	,,	,, Isfan- dármuz	,, **W.** 314.	,, اسفندارمز
	443 ½ tanka	,,	46 Ázar [1009–10]	,, **W.** 313.	۴۶ الهی ماه اذر
	444 ½ tanka	,,	47 Isfan- dármuz [1010–11]	,, **W.** 319.	۴۷ الهی اسفندارمز
	445	Gwáliar *Qil'a*	968	گوالیر . . مار قلع . . . . . . M. 26. **W.** 312. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . ششت (*sic*) نهصد ٩٦٨ سنة Flowered field. Pl.
	446 447	Ḥiṣár Fíroza	966[2]	فیروزه حصار فلوس ضرب **W.** 323·5–307. **S.** ·85.	تاریخ ٩٦٦ شش شصت نهصد Pl.

[1] There is no trace of نیم on the obverse of any of these four coins.

[2] In *I.M.C.*, No. 13088, تاریخ has been read as پنج.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 448	Hiṣár [Fíroza]	967	As on No. 446, but top line missing. **W.** 314.	٩٦٧ . . . . هفت شصت نهصد	**COPPER**
449 [1]	Jaunpúr *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	98–	دار الخلافة جونپور فلوس **W.** 314. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . هشتاد نهصد و سنة M. 2.	Pl.
450	,,	,,	,, **W.** 307·5.	,, but m. 4 and below ٩٨٠٠٠	
451 ¼	Jaunpúr *Dáru-z-ẓarb*	—	جونپور الضرب (دار) **W.** 75. **S.** ·475.	Geometrical pattern consisting of star inside square, with dot in each outer segment.	
452 [2] ½	Kábul	32 [995–6]	In double square with dots between كابل فلوس **W.** 134. **S.** ·7.	In double square with dots between الهى ٣٢ سنة	
453 ½	,,	33 [996–7]	,, **W.** 145.	,, but ٣٣	
454 4 tankí	,,	47 Ábán [1010–11]	اكبر شاهى چو تنكى **W.** 237. **S.** ·85.	ابان الهى ضرب كابل ٤٧	Pl.
455	Kálpí alias *Muḥammadábád Dáru-z-ẓarb*	963	كالپى محمد اباد عرف بدار الضرب **W.** 320·5. **S.** ·9.	. . . . . شصت نهصد و (فى) ٩٦٣ تاريخ The bar forms m. 2 in its centre.	Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 13080.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8803.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER	Æ 456	Kálpí alias *Muḥammadábád Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb*	964	As on No. 455. **W.** 322. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 455, but فی ۹٦۴
	457 ½	,,	,,	,, **W.** 159. **S.** ·7.	,,
	458 ½	Kálpí *Khiṭa Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb*	966	خطه کالپی / دار الضرب **W.** 152. **S.** ·7.	۹٦٦ / سنة / فی التاریخ M. 31.
	459	,,	967	,, **W.** 311. **S.** ·85.	,, ۹٦٧
	460	,,	968 ?	کالپی ۹٦٨ ? / خطه / الضرب / دار **W.** 311.	. . . . . / شصت / نهصد / فی تاریخ M. blurred.
	461	,,	?	As on No. 458. **W.** 318.	As on No. 458, but date missing and m. 26.
	462	Khairpúr	47 Farwardín [1010–11]	. ? ? . / شا / اکبر هے / خیرپور **W.** 312·5. **S.** ·8.	۴٧ الهی / فروردین Pl.
	463	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	986	لاهور / السلطنة / فلو دار / ضرب س M. 2. **W.** 319. **S.** ·85.	د و / شش / هشتا / نهصد و / ۹٨٦ *A.S.B.* Pl.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 464	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	987	As on No. 463. **W.** 292 (worn).	As on No. 463, but هفت ۹۸۷ *A.S.B.*
465 ½	,,	,,	,, **W.** 159. **S.** ·75.	,,
466	,,	988	,, **W.** 317. **S.** ·85.	,, but هشت ۹۸۸ *A.S.B.*
467	,, (no epithet)	36 Ábán [999–1000]	لاهور فلوس ضرب **W.** 36. **S.** ·45.	۳۶ الهی ابان *A.S.B.* Pl.
468	,,	37 Khúr-dád [1000–01]	,, **W.** 314. **S.** ·8.	,, but خورداد ۳۷
469	,,	,, Amar-dád	,, **W.** 314. **S.** ·8.	,, امرداد
470	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.** 305. **S.** ·8.	,, بهمن
471	,,	38 Tír [1001–02]	,, **W.** 313. **S.** ·85.	,, but تیر ۳۸
472	,,	39 Ázar [1002–03]	,, **W.** 317. **S.** ·85.	,, but اذر ۳۹
473	,,	40 Ardíbi-hisht [1003–04]	,, **W.** 295. **S.** ·85.	,, but بهشت ۴۰ اردی

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 474 $\frac{1}{8}$	Láhor	41 Ábán [1004–05]	As on No. 467. **W.** 36. **S.** ·55.	As on No. 467, but ابان ۴۱
475	„	42 Ardíbi- hisht [1005–06]	„ **W.** 313.	„ but بهشت ۴۲ اردی *A.S.B.*
476	„	46 Khúr- dád [1009–10]	„ **W.** 308.	„ but خورداد ۴۶ *A.S.B.*
477 4 tankí	„	„ Ázar	In double circle with dots between اکبر شاهی چو تنکی Flowered field. **W.** 241·7. **S.** ·75.	اذر الهی لاهور ۴۶ ضرب Pl.
478	Lakhnau (Luck- now)	966	فلوس ضرب لکهـ[نو] M. 30 under س **W.** 310. **S.** ·85.	شش شصت نهصد فی تاریخ *U.P.*
479	„	967	„ but ? اکبر شاهی over فلوس No m. **W.** 309.	„ but هفت *U.P.* Pl.
480 481	„ *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	982	دار الخلافة فلوس ضرب لکهنو M. 2 in س **W.** 312·5–296·5. **S.** ·85.	و دو هشتاد نهصد و سنة فی . . . . . . M. 24.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 482	Lakhnau *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	985	As on No. 480. **W.** 317·5.	As on No. 480, but ۹۸۵ below, top line missing. No m.
483[1] 484	”	986	” **W.** 320·5–314.	” but شش Pl.
485	Málpúr	984	فلوس سکہ مالپور (ضرب) **W.** 309. **S.** ·85.	چهار هشتاد و نهصد و (۹۸۴) M. 24. Pl.
486 487	”	985	” ضرب clear on one. **W.** 315–313.	” but ۹۸۵ پنج (487) *A.S.B.*
488	Mírath (? Mírtha)	988	ضرب میرته فلوس M. 24 in س **W.** 314. **S.** ·85.	. . . . و ۹ هشتاد ۸۸ و نهصد *A.S.B.* Pl.
489	Multán	37 Isfan-dármuz [1000–01]	ملتان فلوس ضرب **W.** 316. **S.** ·9.	In double circle with dots between ۳۷ الهی اسفندارمز
490	”	39 Áẕar [1002–03]	” **W.** 314.	” but اذر ۳۹
491[2]	Nárnol	962	نارنول فلوس ضرب **W.** 322. **S.** ·85.	. . . . . شصت نهصد و ۹۶۲ فی سنة Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 13079, where نه has been read as the unit of the date. The coin is, however, identical with No. 13391, and both appear to be of 986.

[2] I have included this in Akbar's coinage following *I.M.C.*, p. 15. It presumably was struck in Humáyún's reign, but is of the type associated with Akbar.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 492	Nárnol	963	As on No. 491. **W.** 325.	As on No. 491, but ٩٦٣
493	”	964	” **W.** 312.	” ٩٦۴ وچهار in top line.
494	”	965	” **W.** 310.	” ٩٦٥ Top line missing.
495	”	966	” **W.** 307.	” ٩٦٦
496 ⅛	”	”	” **W.** 39.	” *A.S.B.* Pl.
497	”	967	” **W.** 308.	” ٩٦٧
498 ⅛	”	”	” **W.** 38.	” *A.S.B.*
499	”	969	” **W.** 310.	” ٩٦٩ نه in top line.
500 ½	”	”	” **W.** 117.	” Figures missing.
501	”	970	” **W.** 310.	. . . . . هفتاد نهصد ٩٧٠ فى سنة
502	”	971	” **W.** 311.	” ٩٧١
503	”	972	” **W.** 317.	” ٩٧٢

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 504	Nárnol	975	As on No. 491. **W.** 314.	As on No. 501, but ٩٧٥
505	„	977	„ **W.** 309.	„ ٩٧٧
506	„	979	„ M. 24. **W.** 312.	„ ٩٧٩
507	„	980	„ **W.** 311. **S.** ·8.	هشتاد نهصد ٩٨٠ فی سنة *A.S.B.*
508	„	984	„ **W.** 315·5.	„ ٩٨۴ چهار in top line.
509	„	985	„ **W.** 313.	As on No. 507, but ٩٨٥; top line missing.
510 511	„	987	„ **W.** 313–309.	„ ٩٨٧ هفت on one. (511) *A.S.B.*
512	„	991	„ Fragmentary. **W.** 306. **S.** ·75.	. . . . . only ٩٩١ visible. فی سنة *A.S.B.*
513	„	999	„ **W.** 309. **S.** ·7.	. . . . نود نهصد ٩٩٩ فی سنة *A.S.B.*

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 514[1]	Qanauj *alias* Sháh-garh *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	968	دار الخلافة ضرب قنوج (عر)ف شاه گ[ره] M. 32. **W.** 310. **S.** ·95.	فی ۹٦۸ نهصد شثت (*sic*) هشت	
515	„	969	„ **W.** 303·5.	„ ۹٦۹ نهصد و شثت نه	Pl.
516 ½	„	„	„ **W.** 154. **S.** ·75.	„	
517	Saháran-púr	37 Tír [1000–01]	نپور سهار فلوس **W.** 298. **S.** ·8.	۳۷ الهی ماه تیر	
518	„	„ Shahré-war	„ In double circle with dots between. **W.** 307. **S.** ·85.	„ شهریور In double circle with dots between.	
519	„	38 Khúr-dád [1001–02]	„ **W.** 310.	„ but خورداد ۳۸	Pl.
520[2]	„	„ Mihr	„ **W.** 307.	„ مهر	
521	„	39 Khúr-dád [1002–03]	„ **W.** 310.	„ but خورداد ۳۹	
522	„	40 Ázar [1003–04]	„ **W.** 317.	„ but ماه اذر ۴۰	

[1] In *I.M.C.*, No. 12505, the mint name has been read Shergarh *alias* Qanauj.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8651.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 523	Sahâran-púr	41 Isfan-dármuz [1004–05]	As on No. 518. **W.** 310.	As on No. 518, but اسفندارمز ۴۱
524 525	Sarhind	37 [1000–01]	In double circle with dots between هند سر ضرب **W.** 303–302. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between ۳۷ الهی سنة (525) *A.S.B.* Pl.
525 (*a*)	Srínagar	42 Ardíbi-hisht [1005–06]	نگر سری ضرب **W.** 311. **S.** ·8.	۴۲ الهی بهشت اردی Traces of dotted border. *Ellis.* Pl.
526	Ujjain	986	ضرب فلوس اجین M. 31. **W.** 299. **S.** ·8.	و شش هشتاد ۹۸۶ نهصد Pl.
527 sq.	,,	995	۹۹۵ فلوس اجین **W.** 103. **S.** ·6.	نهصد سنة نود و پنج ? Pl.
528	Úrdú-e-Zafar-Qarín	36 ? [999–1000]	اردوی فلوس ضرب **W.** 311. **S.** ·75.	۳۶ ? الهی ظفر قرین M. 33 between ۳ and ۶
529	,,	37 [1000–01]	,, **W.** 316.	,, but ۳۷

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 530 531	Úrdú-e-Zafar-Qarín	alif [1000]	In double circle with dots between ضرب الف فلوس **W.** 320–313. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between قرين ظفر اردو ے omitted. (531) *A.S.B.* Pl.
532 533	,,	,,	فلوس الف ضرب **W.** 322–305. **S.** 1·0.	,, No border. (534) *A.S.B.*
534	,,	41 ? [1004–05]	As on No. 528. **W.** 317. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 528, but ۴۱ ؟ Pl.
535 ½	,,	4–	,, **W.** 153. **S.** ·65.	,, ۴–
536	,,	50 [1013–14]	,, **W.** 316.	,, ۵۰
537	,,	—	In double circle with dots between ضرب فلوس **W.** 311. **S.** ·9.	In double circle with dots between ظفر قرين ے اردو Pl.
538 539	,,	—	فلوس ضرب M. 33 on one above ب **W.** 318. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 531, but no border. *A.S.B.*
540 541 542 543	,,	—	,, Fragmentary. **W.** 10–9·7–6·2–6·1. **S.** ·4–·35.	,, Fragmentary.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ			*Name of mint not clear*		COPPER
544	?	968	. . . . . . فلوس ضرب **W.** 313. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . نهصد ۹٦۸ فی سنة
545 [1]	?	979	. . . . . ضر ب سـس فلو ل ؟عد M. 24. **W.** 313·5. **S.** ·8.	. . . . . . نهصد تاریخ ۹۷۹
546 [1]	?	9–8	" but in top line ؟دهو and no m. **W.** 308·4. **S.** ·85.	[هـ]شت . . تاد . . . . صد
547	?	981	دار الخ[لافة] فلو س . . . . . M. 4. **W.** 310. **S.** ·8.	. . . . هش[تاد] نهصد ۹۸۱ فـی
548	?	982	. . . . . . نپور فلو س ضرب M. 28. **W.** 316. **S.** ·8.	" ۹۸۲
549	?	985	. . . جلا . . فلوس اکا ضرب M. 24. **W.** 301·5. **S.** ·85.	پنج هشتاد نهصد و فی ۹۸۵

Pl.

[1] These are *I.M.C.*, Nos. 12529 and 12530. They appear to be of the same mint. As a tentative reading دار العدل دهولپور is suggested.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 550	?	987	دار الخلافة الله اكـ[ـبر] فلوس **W.** 314. **S.** ·85.	و هفت هشتاد ٩٨– صد و فی . *A.S.B.* Pl.
551 sq.	?	? alif wa aḥd [1001]	——— . . . . . . M. 2. **W.** 51. **S.** ·5.	. . . . . الـــف ? سنة و احد ?
552	?	—	دار الخلافة خطه اتو ? ضرب M. 34. **W.** 319·9. **S.** ·9.	اكبر بادشاه محـــمـــد جلال الدين Pl.
553	?	?	[فلـ]ـوس [ـسـ]——[ـكـه] ? وركو ? M. 26. ? Gorakpur. **W.** 315. **S.** ·85.	صد . . . . تا ر الد و الدين
554[1]	?	40 ? Āzar	In a double circle with dots between ? بنارس ? كتك **W.** 292. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between ? ٤٠ الهى ماه اذر Pl.
555 ½	?	—	دار الخـ[ـلافة] . . . . . . **W.** 157. **S.** ·65.	As on No. 552.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8927, and was considered by Mr. Rodgers to be a forgery. I have, however, seen several of the same type. Mr. Oliver (*J.A.S.B.*, 1886, No. 1, Pl. I. 9), in describing one, has suggested Sirsa Banáras as the mint. The above reading, Katak Banáras, is tentative. The poor execution suggests a Bengal mint

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
			Without mint name	**COPPER**
Æ 556	?	967	. . . . باد ۹٦۷ اکبر سنة جلا ضرب ل الدين **W.** 321·5. **S.** ·85.	لا اله الا الله الله [محمد رسول] Pl.
557	—	971	باد شاه غازی محمد اکبر [جلال الدين] M. 35. **W.** 320. **S.** ·85.	[فی عهد] امير الحامی الدين ۹۷۱ الد[يان] Pl.
558 ¼ tanka	—	44 Amar-dád [1007–08]	تنکه اکبر شامی چهارم حصه **W.** 158·7. **S.** ·7.	الهی ۴۴ امرداد M. 2 over date. Pl.
559 ¼ tanka	—	48 Khúr-dád [1011–12]	,, **W.** 152. **S.** ·6.	,, but خورداد ۴۸ No m.
560 niṣfe	—	—	In double circle with dots between نصفی **W.** 153·2. **S.** ·65.	Geometrical design formed by two intersecting triangles. Dots in the area. Pl.
561 562 damrá	—	33 [996–7]	,, دمرا **W.** 80·7–73. **S.** ·6.	In double circle with dots between الهی ۳۳ (562) *A.S.B.* Pl.
563 ¼	—	—	As on No. 556. Fragmentary. **W.** 76. **S.** ·6.	As on No. 556. Fragmentary.
563 (*a*) 1/16 tanka	—	4– Ábán	As on No. 415, but without دهلی **W.** 27·5. **S.** ·45.	–۴ الهی ابان

IV

JAHÁNGÍR

A. H. 1014–1037. A. D. 1605–1628.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV **564** sq.	Ágra	1019–5 Isfan- dármuz	In a multifoil area enclosed in a double square with dots between در اگرہ زد بزرز این سـکه را در اسفندارمز ٥ Flowered field. **W.** 210. **S.** ·8.	In area as on obverse نگیر ابن شاہ اکبر جهـا زمان شاہ شهنشاہ ١٠١٩ Flowered field. *A.S.B.* Pl.
	565	"	1020–6 Ábán	In square اکبر نگیر شاہ شاہ جهـا نور الدین Arches and flowers in segments. **W.** (looped). **S.** ·9.	In sixteen-peaked area ماہ ابان الهی ٦ ١٠٢٠ ا گرہ ضرب
	566	"	1020–6 Bah- man	In eight-peaked area نگیر شاہ اکبر شاہ جهـا نور الدین **W.** 168. **S.** ·95.	In sixteen-peaked area ١٠٢٠ بهمن ماہ الهی ضرب اگرہ ٦ سنة *A.S.B.* Pl.
	567	"	1021–7 Ábán	As on No. 566, but in sixteenfoil area enclosed in double circle with dots between. **W.** 168. **S.** ·925.	In ornamental area enclosed as on obverse ماہ ابان الهی اگرہ ضرب ٧ سنة

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 568	Ágra	1022–8 Ardíbi- hisht	As on No. 566, but in double circle of dots. **W.** 162·2. **S.** ·9.	In double circle of dots ضرب اگره الهی ۸ بهشت ماه اردی ۱۰۲۲
569	,,	1026– 12 Shahré- war	In double circle of dots اکبر شاه شاه نگیر نور الدین جها **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	In double circle of dots ماه شهریور الهی ضرب اگره ۱۲ سنة ۱۰۲۶ *A.S.B.* Pl.

WITH ZODIACAL SIGNS

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
570 Aries	,,	1028– 14	In double circle with dots between شاه اکبر از جها نگیر شاه یا فت در اگره روی ۱۰۲۸ زر زیور **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	Ram to left surmounted by sun. Below سنة ۱۴ جلوس Pl.
571 Taurus	,,	,,	In double circle with dots between شاه اکبر از جها نگیر شاه ۱۰۲۸ سکه اگره داد زینت زر ۱۴ **W.** (looped). **S.** ·8.	In rayed circle. Bull standing to left. *A.S.B.* Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV				
	572 573 Taurus	Ágra	1030– 16	As on No. 570, but ۱۶ to left of روپ and ۱۰۳۰ to left of زیور **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 571, but bull to right. Pl.
	574 Taurus	”	”	” but ۱۶ and ۱۰۳۰ change places. (Looped.)	” *A.S.B.*
	575 Gemini	”	”	” **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between Two male figures facing each other and embracing. Solar rays to left and right. Pl.
	576 Cancer	”	”	” **W.** 169. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between Crab surmounted by solar rays. Three stars below, one on each claw and six on back. *A.S.B.*
	577 Cancer	”	1031– 17	” but ۱۷ to left of روپ and ۱۰۳۱ to left of زیور **W.** 168.	” but stars on back differently arranged. Pl.
	578 Virgo	”	?	” Dates obliterated. **W.** 163 (worn). **S.** ·78.	Winged woman facing left, but the coin is too worn to admit of description. Rf. *B.M.C.*, 341. *A.S.B.*
	579 Libra	”	1031– 16	” Dates as on No. 572, but ۱۶ and ۱۰۳۱ **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between Scales and four weights; solar rays round beam. *A.S.B.* Pl.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 580 Libra	Ágra	1032–18	As on No. 572, but ١٨ and ١٠٣٢ **W.** 168.	As on No. 579.
581 Sagittarius	”	1031–16	” but ١٦ and ١٠٣١ **W.** 168. **S.** ·825.	In double circle with dots between Centaur to left, facing backwards and shooting arrow from stretched bow; surrounded by solar rays. Pl.
582 Pisces	”	1028–13	” but ١٠٢٨ to left of روے and ١٣ to left of زیور **W.** 167. **S.** ·83.	Two fish, the upper one facing left, the lower one to the right, surrounded by solar rays. *A.S.B.* Pl.
583	Aḥmadábád	1028–14	In double circle with dots between الهی تا جهان (جهانگیر شاه اکبر شاه) باشد روان باد **W.** 169. **S.** ·85.	In double circle with dots between شرق و غرب (سنة ١۴ جلوس سنة ١٠٢٨) مهر احمد اباد
584	”	1030–15	” **W.** 168·7.	” but ١٠٣٠–١٥ Pl.
585	Aḥmadánagar (*sic*)	— Áẕar	As on No. 566, but without border. Flowered field. **W.** 168. **S.** ·675.	ماه اذر الهی ضرب احمدانگر Pl.
586	Burhánpúr	1022 Ábán	شاه اکبر نگیر شاه جهـا نور الدین **W.** 168. **S.** ·65.	ماه ابان الهی برهانپور ب ضر ١٠٢٢

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
				Without mint name	
GOLD	AV 587	—	1020–6	Bust of Jahángír to left, radiate, holding goblet in right hand. At left شبیه جهانگیر شاه اکبر شاه At right سنة شش جلوس **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	Lion to right, surmounted by rayed sun. Below سنة ۱۰۲۰ هجری Pl.
SILVER	AR 588	Ágra	1014–1	مهر و ماه نـــگ ساخت نورا بر روی زررا نے ۱۰۱۴ ضرب آگره Flowered field. **W.** 205 (worn). **S.** ·85.	شاه ابن اکبر باد نگیـر نور الدین جها شاه ۱ Flowered field.
	589	”	1015–2	” but ۱۰۱۵ **W.** 211. **S.** ·85.	” but ۲ *A.S.B.* Pl.
	590	”	1017–4	In double circle with dots between پناه گیتی آگره خسرو شهـر سکه زد در ۱۰۱۷ M. 30 over هر Flowered field. **W.** 219·8. **S.** 1·05.	In double circle with dots between باد شاه اکبـر نگیر ابن ۴ جهـا نور الدین ۵ شـا M. 16 to right of ابن Flowered field. Pl.
	591	”	1019–5	” but ۱۰۱۹ **W.** 218·5.	” but ۵

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 592 sq.	Ágra	1021–7 Tír	As on No. 566, but in double dotted square. **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	In double dotted square ماه تیر الهی اکره سنة ۷ ضرب ۱۰۲۱ Flowered field.
593	,,	1021–7 Amar-dád	As on No. 566, but in square with arches in segments. Flowered field. **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 592, but in ornamental area enclosed in double circle with dots between and month امرداد Pl.
594 sq.	,,	1022–8 Shahré-war	As on No. 566, but in double dotted square. **W.** 164. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 592, but شهریور and ضرب اکره ۸ سنة ۱۰۲۲
595	,,	1023–9 Mihr	,, but circular areas. **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, but circular areas and مهر-۹-۱۰۲۳
596	,,	1025–10 Bah-man	,, **W.** 171.	,, but بهمن-۱۰-۱۰۲۵ *A.S.B.*
597	,,	?–11 Far-wardín	,, **W.** 173.	,, but فروردین-۱۱ Hijra date obliterated.
598 sq.	,,	1026–11 Isfan-dármuz	,, but square areas. **W.** 161. **S.** ·8.	,, but square areas and اسفندارمز-۱۱-۱۰۲۶
599	,,	1026–12 Far-wardín	,, but circular areas. **W.** 176. **S.** ·875.	,, but circular areas and فروردین-۱۲-۱۰۲۶

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 600 sq.	Ágra	1026– 12 Ardíbi- hisht	As on No. 566, but square areas. **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 594, but بهشت ۱۲ – ۱۰۲٦ ارد (*sic*) Pl.
601	,,	1031– 17	In double circle with dots between زر زیورے در آگره رو یافت ۱۰۳۱ Flowered field. **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	In double circle with dots between اکبر ۱۷ شاه نگیر شاه جها از Flowered field.
602	,,	1034– 19	,, but ۱۰۳۴ **W.** 176. **S.** ·875.	,, but ۱۹ شاه نگیر شاه اکبر Pl.

WITH ZODIACAL SIGNS

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
603 Tau- rus[1]	,,	1030– 16	As on No. 572. **W.** 188! **S.** ·85.	As on No. 572.
604 Gemini	,,	1028– 14	As on No. 570, but سنة ۱۴ to left of زیور **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 575. *A.S.B.*
605 Cancer	,,	1029– 15	As on No. 570, but ۱۰۲۹ **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 576. Below crab ۱۵ سنة Pl.

[1] I am not satisfied that this is a genuine rupee. The weight is abnormal and the silver apparently impure.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 606	Aḥmad-ábád	50[1] Ázar [1014]	مالك الملك سـكه زد برزر ضرب احمداباد **W.** 173. **S.** ·75.	سليم ن شاه سلطا اكبـر شاه اذر ٥٠
607	„	[50] Dí	„ **W.** 173.	„ دی Regnal year missing. *A.S.B.*
608 609	„	2 Khúr-dád [1015]	„ **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	„ but خورداد ٢
610	„	„ Tír	„ **W.** 173.	„ but تیر Pl.
611	„	1015–2	الله لا اله الا ٢ محـمد رسول الله احمداباد ١٠١٥ ضرب **W.** 207. **S.** ·88.	غازی جهانگیر بادشاه محـمد نور الدین
612	„	1016–?	„ but ١٠١٦ Regnal year missing. **W.** 208.	„ but m. 20 in second line.
613	„	1021–7 Khúr-dád	اكبر شاه نگیر شاه جهـا نور الدین **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	٧ ماه خورداد الهی احمداباد ١٠٢١

SILVER

[1] This refers to the 50th Ilahí year of Akbar's reign in the 8th month of which (Ábán) Jahángír came to the throne. For a full explanation see *J.A.S.B.*, 1904, Num. Supp. I, note 5.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	Note
SILVER	Æ 614	Aḥmad-ábád	[1021] –7 Ábán	As on No. 613. **W.** 174.	As on No. 613, but ابان Date missing.	
	615	,,	,, Á<u>z</u>ar	,, **W.** 175.	,, but اذر	
	616	,,	1022–8 Tír	,, **W.** 172.	,, but تیر– ۱۰۲۲ – ۸	
	617	,,	,, Ábán	بنام ۸ شـــاه نور الدين جهـــا نگیر ۱۰۲۲ **W.** 175. **S.** ·77.	ماه ابان الهی مزين باد احمداباد ضرب	Pl.
	618 ½	,,	1023– Bah- man	,, but ۱۰۲۳ Regnal year missing. **W.** 90. **S.** ·67.	,, but بهمن	
	619	,,	1024– Mihr	,, but ۱۰۲۴ **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	,, but مهر	*A.S.B.*
	620	,,	1025– Ábán	,, but ۱۰۲۵ **W.** 173.	,, but ابان	
	621	,,	1027– 13	الہ ت از عنايا احمداباد در زد سكه ۱۰۲۷ Flowered field. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	بادشاه اكبـــر نگیر ابن ۱۳ جهـــا سنة نور الدين ه شـــا Flowered field.	Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 622	Aḥmad-ábád	1028–13	As on No. 621, but ١٠٢٨ **W.** 173.	As on No. 621.
623	,,	1029–15	,, but ١٠٢٩ **W.** 175.	,, but ١٥
624	,,	1031–17	,, but ١٠٣١ **W.** 174.	,, but ١٧
625	,,	1033–18	,, but ١٠٣٣ **W.** 165 (worn).	,, but ١٨
626 ½	,,	? ?	,, but date missing. **W.** 91. **S.** ·65.	,, but regnal year missing. *A.S.B.*
			WITH ZODIACAL SIGNS	
627 628 Aries	,,	1027–13	بادشاه ١٠٢٧ اکبـــر جهانگیر بادشاه ب ضر احمداباد **W.** 176–171. **S.** ·8.	Ram to left, as on No. 570, but ١٣ (628) *A.S.B.* Pl.
629 630 Taurus	,,	,,	As on No. 627. **W.** 175–170. **S.** ·75.	Fore-part of bull to right, surmounted by rayed sun. Below سنة ١٣ جلوس (629) *A.S.B.* Pl.
631 632 Gemini	,,	1027–[13]	,, **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·75.	Twins, in sitting posture, the left arm of one clasping the waist of the other, right hands upraised; solar rays to left and right. Regnal year missing. Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Ʀ 633 Cancer	Aḥmad-ábád	1027–13	In double circle with dots between اکبر ه شهنشا نگیر شاه جهـا را داد زیور احمداباد زر ١٠٢٧ **W.** 177–175. **S.** ·8.	Crab, as on No. 576, but سنة ١٣ below in place of third star. *A.S.B.*
	634 Cancer	,,	,,	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 633, but no stars on back or claws. *A.S.B.* Pl.
	635 Leo	,,	,,	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	Lion, standing, to left, surmounted by rayed sun and rays emerging beneath body. Numerous pellets on body, head and legs. Below سنة ١٣ جلوس Pl.
	636 Leo	,,	,,	,, but from a different die.[1] **W.** 169. **S.** ·825.	,, *A.S.B.*
	637	Aḥmad-nagar	1036	شاه اکبر نگیر شاه جهـا نور الدین **W.** 176. **S.** ·77.	[غازی] نگر بادشاه احمد ١٠٣٦ ضرب Pl.

[1] The slight difference in dies in these coins is discussed in *J.A.S.B.*, 1905, Num. Supp., note 33. In No. 636 there are two dots below the 'ye' of زیور. In No. 635 there are no dots.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Ʀ 638[1] 639 640 641 642	Aḥmad-nagar	?	لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله احمد نگر ضرب Flowered field. **W.** 178–176–174. **S.** ·75.	غازے جهانگیر بادشاه محمد نور الدین Flowered field. (641–2) *A.S.B.* Pl.
643	,,	?	,, but احمد under الله; نگر wanting. **W.** 175.	,, *A.S.B.*
644 645	Akbar-nagar	1019	بار گاه گردون شاه نگر زد اکبر سکه ۹ در ۱۰۱ M. 30 to left of زد **W.** 178. **S.** ·825.	بادشاه اکبر نگیر بن جها نور الدین شاه Pl.
646	,,	1020	,, but ۱۰۲۰ and m. 40. **W.** 175. **S.** ·775.	,, *A.S.B.*
647 648	,,	−10 Bah-man	Within ornamental border اکبر شاه نگیر شاه جها نور الدین M. 36 in final ن of lower line. **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	Within ornamental border ماه بهمن الهی ضرب اکبرنگر ۱۰ M. 37 over اکبر (648) *A.S.B.* Pl.

SILVER

[1] Nos. 638–642, though not dated, probably belong to the earlier years of the reign.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 649	Akbar-nagar	-13 Far-wardí	As on No. 647, but without border. **W.** 177.	As on No. 647, but without border and فروردی ۱۳
650 651	,,	-15 Mihr	,, **W.** 176–169.	,, but مهر ۱۵ (651) *A.S.B.*
652	,,	-18 Ázar	,, **W.** 175.	,, but اذر ۱۸
653	,,	-20 Isfan-dármuz	,, **W.** 174.	,, but اسفندارمز ۲۰ Regnal year under فند M. 41 over کبر *A.S.B.*
654	Burhán-púr	1014	دین پناه شاه ۱۰۱۴ برهانپور شهر سکه زد در Flowered field. **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 644, but ابن Flowered field. Pl.
655 656	,,	—	,, but no date. **W.** 175–173.	,, (656) *A.S.B.*
657 ½	,,	—	,, **W.** 86. **S.** ·65.	,,
658	,,	-11 Tír	As on No. 647, but no border and no m. Flowered field. **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	ماه تیر الهی برهانپور ۱۱ ب ضر Flowered field.
659	,,	-14 Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 175.	,, but خورداد ۱۴

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 660	Burhán-púr	— Amar-dád	As on No. 658. **W.** 176. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 658, but امرداد Regnal year wanting. *A.S.B.*
661	,,	—	As on No. 638, but ضرب برهانپور **W.** 178. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 638.
662	Dehlí	1021–7 Ardí-bihisht	As on No. 566, but without border. **W.** 176. **S.** ·75.	بهشت ماه اردی الهی ضرب دهلی ۱۰۱۲ (*sic*) سنة ۷
663	,,	,, Dí	,, **W.** 175.	,, but دی and ۱۰۲۱ Pl.
664	,,	1022–8 Far-wardí	,, **W.** 176.	,, but فروردی – ۸ – ۱۰۲۲
665	,,	,, Amar-dád	,, **W.** 176.	,, but امرداد
666	,,	,, Mihr	,, **W.** 174.	,, but مهر
667	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.** 176.	,, but بهمن
668	,,	1025–11 Amar-dád	,, **W.** 175.	,, but امرداد – ۱۱ – ۱۰۲۵
669	,,	–12 Far-wardí	,, **W.** 172.	,, but فروردی ۱۲ Hijra date missing. *A.S.B.*
670	,,	–12 Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 175.	,, but خورداد

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 671	Dehlí	-13 Ábán	As on No. 662. **W.** 172.	As on No. 669, but ابان ۱۳
	672	,,	?[103]4 Ázar	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·7.	,, but . . . ۴ to left of دهلی and اذر Regnal year wanting. *A.S.B.*
	673	,,	1035 Khúr-dád	,, **W.** 175.	,, but خورداد ۱۰۳۵ *A.S.B.* Pl.
	674	Jahángír-nagar	-12 Shahré-war	As on No. 637. M. 38 in ین **W.** 175. **S.** ·65.	ماه شهریور الهی جهانگیرنگر سنة ۱۲ ضرب
	675	,,	-13 Ázar	,, **W.** 170. **S.** ·75.	,, but اذر-۱۳
	676	,,	-14 Far-wardí	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·7.	,, but فروردی ۱۴
	677 678	,,	-15 Ardí-bihisht	,, but m. 39. **W.** 170–169 (worn). **S.** ·7.	,, but اردی بهشت ۱۵ (678) *A.S.B.*
	679	,,	,, Tír	,, **W.** 175.	,, but تیر Traces of octagonal border.
	680	,,	-16 Mihr	,, but m. 33. **W.** 175.	,, but مهر ۱۶ Pl.
	681	,,	,, Bah-man	,, **W.** 175.	,, but بهمن *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 682	Jahángír-nagar	–17 Farwardí	As on No. 637. **W.** 174. **S.** ·65.	As on No. 674, but فروردی ۱۷ *A.S.B.*
683	,,	–17 Shahréwar	,, **W.** 175.	,, شهریور *A.S.B.*
684	,,	–19 Farwardí	,, M. 38. **W.** 174.	,, but فروردی – نگیر ۱۹ نگر Traces of dotted circle. M. 38 to left of نگر Pl.
685	Jaler ?	1031 Mihr	اکبر شاه نگیر شاه جهـــا نور الدین **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	ماه مهر الهی ضرب جلیر ۱۰۳۱ M. 42 over ضر *A.S.B.* Pl.
686 ½	Kábul	1014	In double circle with dots between حی قدیم با ألعبـــا[د] د ز دار همیشه **W.** 87. **S.** ·7.	In circle سلیم شـــاه کابل بنام سکه ۱۰۱۴ رواج *A.S.B.* Pl.
687 688 ½	,,	1015–1	In double circle with dots between The Kalima. ضرب کابل ۱۰۱۵ **W.** 105. **S.** ·7.	In double circle with dots between غازی جهانگیر پادشاه محمـد نور الدین ۱ سنة Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 689	Kábul	1024–9	پناه خسرو گیتی شهر کابل ۱۰۲۴ سکه زد در **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	بادشاه اکبر جهانگیر ابن ۹ شاه نور الدین ۵ *A.S.B.*
	690	,,	1026–11 Far-wardí	As on No. 590 (reverse), but without border, and regnal year ۱۱ **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	ماه فروردی الهی ضرب کابل ۱۰۲۶
	691	Kashmír	1018–	As on No. 588, but ضرب کشمیر ۱۰۱۸ **W.** 209. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 588, but regnal year missing.
	692	,,	1019–	,, but ۱۰۱۹ **W.** 208.	,,
	693	,,	1022–8 Shahré-war	As on No. 566, but without border. Flowered field. **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	In double circle with dots between ماه شهریور الهی کشمیر سنة ۸ ضرب ۱۰۲۲ *A.S.B.*
	694	,,	1023–8 Isfan-dármuz	,, Traces of double circle with dots between. **W.** 175. **S.** ·775.	,, but اسفندارمز ۱۰۲۳ No border visible. Pl.
	695	,,	1023–9 Tír	,, **W.** 174.	,, but تیر

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 696 Ge-mini[1]	Kashmír	15	[شا]ه اکبر [شـ]ـــاه (زنور) نام جهانگیر ١٥ [بکشمـ]ـیـر سکه زر [گشـ]ـت [جهان فیر]وز **W.** 155 (worn). **S.** ·75.	Twins facing each other and embracing; solar rays to left and right.
697	Láhor	1014–1	In double circle with dots between برنگ مهر و ماه نے زر را ساخت نورانے ضرب لاهور ١٠١۴ رو **W.** 200. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 588, but in last line سنة ١
698	”	1015–1	” but ١٠١٥ **W.** 208.	”
699 sq.	”	1015–2	” but ١٠١٥ in second line and زر را in third line. Square areas. **W.** 193 (worn). **S.** ·75.	” but ٢ over اکبر in second line. Square areas. *A.S.B.*
700 sq.	”	”	In double square with dots between The Kalima. ضرب ١٠١٥ لاهور Flowered field. **W.** 211. **S.** ·9.	In double square with dots between; as on No. 611, but ٢ سنة to right of غاز Pl.

[1] A similar coin was described by Dr. L. White King and Capt. Vost in the *Num. Chron.*, 1896, 'Novelties in Mughal Coins,' No. 15.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 701 sq.	Láhor	1016–3	As on No. 699, but ١٠١٦ W. 208. S. ·875.	As on No. 588, but ٣ over كبر in second line. Square areas.
	702	„	1017–4	In double circle with dots between دور تا فلك بود در باد روان بدهر ۴ Flowered field. W. 219. S. 1·0.	In double circle with dots between نگیر جهـا بنام شاه ١٠١٧ سـکـه لاهور Flowered field.
	703	„	1018–4	„ W. 219·5.	„ but ١٠١٨
	704	„	1019–5	„ but ٥ W. 220·3.	„ but ١٠١٩ Pl.
	705 sq.	„	1020–6 Ardí-bihisht	In eight-peaked area بر زر لاهور زد این سکه در بهشت ے مه ارد ١٠٢٠ W. 219. S. ·8.	In eight-peaked area enclosed in double square with dots between اکبر شـاه جهانگیر ابن شـاه شهنشاه زمان ٦ Pl.
	706	„	6 Amar-dád	In multifoil area with eight peaks, as on No. 566. Flowered field. W. 174·5. S. ·9.	In multifoil ماه امرداد الهی لاهور ٦ ضرب Flowered field. Pl.
	707	„	6 Dí	„ W. 175.	„ دی

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 708	Láhor	6 Isfan-dármuz	As on No. 706. **W.** 175.	As on No. 706, but اسفندارمز
709	,,	7 Far-wardín	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, but فروردین ۷ *A.S.B.*
710	,,	7 Shahré-war	,, (Worn.)	,, شهریور
711	,,	7 Bah-man	,, **W.** 175.	,, بهمن
712	,,	7 Isfan-dármuz	,, **W.** 176·5.	,, اسفندارمز
713	,,	8 Tír	,, **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, but تیر ۸
714	,,	8 Shahré-war	,, **W.** 175.	,, شهریور
715	,,	8 Mihr	,, **W.** 175.	,, مهر
716	,,	8 Ábán	,, **W.** 155 (worn).	,, ابان
717	,,	8 Áẕar	,, **W.** 175.	,, اذر
718	,,	8 Dí	,, **W.** 174.	,, دی
719	,,	9 Ardí-bihisht	,, **W.** 175.	,, but اردی بهشت ۹
720	,,	9 Áẕar	,, **W.** 175·5.	,, اذر

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 721	Láhor	9 Dí	As on No. 706. **W.** 174·3.	As on No. 706, but دی ۹
722	”	9 Bahman	” **W.** 175.	” بهمن
723	”	10 Khúrdád	” **W.** 173.	but ” خورداد ۱۰
724	”	10 Ázar	” (Worn.)	” اذر
725	”	10 Isfandármuz	” **W.** 174.	” اسفندارمز
726	”	1025–11	In double circle with dots between همیشه ے بادا بررو ۱۰۲۵ سکه لاهور Flowered field. **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	In double circle with dots between ز نام شاه جهانگیر شاه اکبر نور سنة ۱۱ Flowered field. Pl.
727	”	1026–12	but ” ۱۰۲۶ **W.** 175.	but ” ۱۲
728 729	”	1027–13	” ۱۰۲۷ **W.** 175–174.	” ۱۳ (728) *A.S.B.*
730	”	1028–14	” ۱۰۲۸ **W.** 174.	” ۱۴

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 731 732	Láhor	1029–15	لاهور سـکه بر روی همیشه بادا ۱۰۲۹ W. 175–174. S. ·85.	نور اکبـر جهانگیر شاه شـــاه زنام ۱۵ سـنة
733	,,	–18	سکه لاهورے بادا بررو همیشه ۱۸ سنة W. 170. S. ·8.	شاه اکبر نور نـگیـــر زنام شاه جها ..... Hijra date missing.
734 735	,,	1033–19	,, ۱۹ W. 173–169.	,, ۱۰۳۳ below شاه
736	,,	1035–21	,, ۲۱ W. 174.	,, ۱۰۳۵
737	,,	1036–21	,, W. 175.	,, ۱۰۳٦
738	,,	1036–22	,, ۲۲ W. 174.	,,
739	Patna	1023–9 Tír	اکبر شاه شاه نـگـیـر نور الدین جها W. 173. S. ·75.	ماه تیر الهی ۹ ۱۰۲۳ پتنه ضرب
740	,,	,, Bah-man	,, W. 173.	,, بهمن

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 741	Patna	1025–11 Ardí-bihisht	As on No. 739. **W.** 173. **S.** ·775.	As on No. 739, but اردی بهشت - ۱۱ - ۱۰۲۵
	742	”	” Tír	” **W.** 176. **S.** ·65.	” تیر *A.S.B.*
	743	”	” Mihr	” **W.** 175. **S.** ·65.	” مهر *A.S.B.*
	744	”	? 1026–11 Isfan-dármuz	” **W.** 169.	” اسفندارمز Hijra date not clear.
	745	”	1026–12 Amar-dád	” **W.** 174·5.	” but امرداد - ۱۲ - ۱۰۲۶
	746	”	” Áẕar	” **W.** 175.	” اذر
	747	”	1027–13 Ardí-bihisht	” **W.** 174.	” but اردی بهشت - ۱۳ - ۱۰۲۷
	748	”	” Shahré-war	” **W.** 171·5.	” شهریور
	749 ½	”	” Ábán	” **W.** 87. **S.** ·55.	” ابان
	750	”	1028–13 Isfan-dármuz	” **W.** 175. **S.** ·65.	” اسفندارمز *A.S.B.*
	751	”	1029–15 Far-wardín	” **W.** 174. **S.** ·7.	” but فروردین - ۱۵ - ۱۰۲۹ *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 752	Patna	1029– 15 Khúr- dád	As on No. 739. **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 751, but خورداد
753	,,	1030– 16 Far- wardín	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·7.	,, but فروردین - ١٦ - ١٠٣٠
754	,,	,, Amar- dád	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·7.	,, امرداد
755	,,	,, Ábán	,, **W.** 175.	,, ابان *A.S.B.*
756	,,	1031– 16 Ázar	,, **W.** 175.	,, but اذر ١٠٣١ M. 2 to left of date.
757	,,	,, Bah- man	,, **W.** 174.	,, بهمن
758	,,	1031– 17 Far- wardín	,, **W.** 174·5.	,, but فروردین -١٧، M. 2.
759	,,	103 ?– 18 Tír	,, **W.** 174.	,, but تیر - ١٨ - - ١٠٣
760	,,	1033– 18 Dí	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	,, دی ١٠٣٣
761	,,	1033– 19 Far- wardín	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·775.	,, but فروردین - ١٩
762	,,	103 ?– 20 Ardí- bihisht	,, **W.** 172.	,, اردی بهشت - ٢٠ - - ١٠٣

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 763	Patna	1034– 20 Amar- dád	As on No. 739. **W.** 176. **S.** ·775.	As on No. 739, but امرداد – ۲۰ – ۱۰۳۴
764	”	1035– 21 Khúr- dád	” **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	” but خورداد – ۲۱ – ۱۰۳۵ Pl.
765 ½	”	1036– 21 Ábán	” but traces of dotted circle. **W.** 88. **S.** ·6.	” but ابان – ۲۱ – ۱۰۳٦ Traces of dotted circle. *A.S.B.* Pl.
766	Qandahár	1020–6	The Kalima. ۱۰۲۰ ضرب قندهار **W.** 207. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 611, but ٦ over نور
767	”	1021–7	As on No. 697, but ۱۰۲۱ ضرب قندهار **W.** 208. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 588, but ٧ over نور
768	”	–8 Khúr- dád	In double circle with dots between شاه اکبر نگیر شاه جهـــا نور الدين Flowered field. **W.** 160 (worn). **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between ماه خورداد الهی قندهار ضرب ٨ سنة . . . . . Flowered field.
769	”	1023–9 Tír	” **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	” but ٩ تیر – سنة ۱۰۲۳

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 770	Qandahár	1023–9 Shahré-war	As on No. 768. **W.** 173·2.	As on No. 769, but شهريور Pl.
771	,,	,, Mihr	,, **W.** 171.	,, مهر
772	,,	–10 Ardí-bihisht	,, **W.** 148 (worn).	,, but اردى بهشت ١٠ Hijra date missing.
773	,,	,, Tír	,, **W.** 172.	,, تير
774	,,	,, Ázar	,, **W.** 176.	,, اذر *A.S.B.*
775	,,	–11 Ardí-bihisht	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, but اردى بهشت ١١-
776	,,	,, Mihr	,, **W.** 175.	,, مهر
777	,,	,, Ábán	,, **W.** 175.	,, ابان
778	,,	,, Amar-dád	,, **W.** 175.	,, امرداد
779	,,	1025– 11	In double circle with dots between ١٠٢٥ سكه قندهار شد دلخواه **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between شاه اكبر شاه سنة ١١ نگير از جها Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 780	Qandahár	1026–11	As on No. 779, but ١٠٢٦ **W.** 172.	As on No. 779.
	781	,,	1026–12	,, **W.** 175.	,, but ١٢
	782	,,	1027–12	,, but ١٠٢٧ **W.** 169.	,,
	783 784	,,	1027–13	,, **W.** 175–171.	,, but ١٣ (784) *A.S.B.*
	785 786	,,	1028–14	,, but ١٠٢٨ **W.** 175–173.	,, but ١٤ (785) *A.S.B.*
	787 788	,,	1029–15	,, but ١٠٢٩ **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	,, but ١٥ (788) *A.S.B.*
	789	,,	1030–15	,, but ١٠٣٠ **W.** 173.	,,
	790	,,	1030–16	,, **W.** 175	,, but ١٦
	791	,,	–17	,, Date wanting. **W.** 164 (worn). **S.** 7.	,, but ١٧ *A.S.B.*
	792	Súrat	1030–15 Isfan-dármuz	نور الدين جهـا بادشاه نگـيـر Flowered field. **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	ماه اسفندارمز الهى ١٥ سنة سورت ضرب ١٠٣٠ Flowered field. *A.S.B.* Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 793	Súrat	-17 Dí	As on No. 792. **W.** 176.	As on No. 792, but دی - ۱۷ Hijra date missing. *A.S.B.*
794	Tatta	1015–2	In double circle with dots between The Kalima. ۱۰۱۵ ضرب تته **W.** 209. **S.** ·8.	In double circle with dots between غازی جهانگیر بادشاه محمد نور الدین ۲ سنة
795	,,	1016–3	,, ۱۰۱۶ **W.** 209.	,, ۳
796	,,	1018–4	,, ۱۰۱۸ **W.** 206. **S.** ·85.	,, ۴ Pl.
797	,,	1018–5	,, **W.** 208.	,, ۵
798	,,	1019–5	,, ۱۰۱۹ **W.** 207. **S.** ·85.	,,
799	,,	1021–7 <u>Kh</u>úr-dád	In multifoil area اکبر شاه نگیر شاه جـهـا نور الدین **W.** 175. **S.** ·825.	In twelve-peaked area ۷ ماه خورداد الهی تته ۱۰۲۱ ضرب Pl.
800	,,	1026–12 <u>Kh</u>úr-dád	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,, but ۱۰۲۶-۱۲

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 801	Tatta	1026– 12 Áẕar	As on No. 799. **W.** 173.	As on No. 799, but اذر — ۱۲ — ۱۰۲٦
	802	,,	1027– 13 Shahré- war	,, **W.** 173·5.	,, but شهريور — ۱۳
	803	,,	1028– Amar- dád	,, **W.** 168 (worn). **S.** ·75.	,, but امرداد — ۱۰۲۸ Regnal year deleted. *A.S.B.*
	804	,,	–15 Amar- dád	,, but no border. **W.** 165. **S.** ·8.	ماه امرداد الهى تتة ضر ۱۵ سنة ب
	805	,,	–16 Khúr- dád	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,, but خورداد ۱٦ *A.S.B.*
	806	,,	–19 Mihr	,, **W.** 169. **S.** ·75.	,, but مهر ۱۹ *A.S.B.*
	807	,,	–20 Far- wardín	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·72.	,, but فروردين ۲۰ *A.S.B.*
	808	,,	1037– 22 Ábán	,, **W.** 163. **S.** ·75.	ابان ماه الهى تتة سنة ۲۲ ۱۰۳۷ ضرب Pl.

Mint name missing

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
809 810	—	—	The Kalima, and below ضرب **W.** 176.	As on No. 638. (810) *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
			With name of Núrjahán	
Æ 811	Ágra	?–20	In double circle with dots between ٢٠ بحکم شاه جها نگیر یافت صد زیور سنة ...... **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	In double circle with dots between زنام شاه نورجهان باد بیگم زر ضرب اگره
812 813	,,	1037– 22	,, but ٢٢, and ١٠٣٧ under سنة **W.** 176–175.	,, (813) *A.S.B.* Pl.
814	Aḥmad-ábád	1036– 2–	جهانگیر بحکم شاه صد زیور یافت ضرب احمداباد **W.** 175. **S.** ·775.	شاه باد جهان بنام نور بیگم زر ١٠٣٦ ٢– Pl.
815	Láhor	1034– 20	شاه جهانگیر بحکم یافت صد زیور ٢٠ سنة جلوس **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	زنام شاه نورجهان باد بیگم زر لاهور ١٠٣٤ ضرب Pl.
816[1]	,,	,,	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, but ١٠٣٤ over نورجهان

SILVER

[1] In *I.M.C.*, No. 7491, the condition of the coin was too poor to allow of a correct reading. No. 816 is a better specimen of the same type.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 817 818	Patna	1037– 22	As on No. 811, but ١٠٣٧ below سنة and m. 2 to right of جها in top line. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 811, but last two lines read زر ٢٢ پتنه ضرب (818) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	819 820	,,	,,	,, but no m. **W.** 175.	,, (820) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	821	Súrat	1034–	As on No. 814, but ضرب سورت and زحکم for بحکم **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 814, but ١٠٣٤ Regnal year blurred.
	822	,,	1035–	,, **W.** 174.	,, but ١٠٣٥
	823	,,	1037– 22	,, M. 2 to right of صد **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	,, but last line ٢٢ ١٠٣٧ سنة *A.S.B.* Pl.
COPPER	Æ 824 825	Ágra	1020– 6	In double circle with dots between روازر ١٠٢٠ سنة **W.** 303–302. **S.** ·95.	In double circle with dots between اگره ب ضر ٦ سنة
	826 827	,,	1021–7	,, ١٠٢١ **W.** 309·3–300. **S.** 1·0–·9.	,, but ٧ (827) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	828	,,	,,	,, Struck on a Súrí *dám*. **W.** 306. **S.** ·95.	,, *A.S.B.*

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 829 830	Ágra	1022 -8	In double circle with dots between شاه جهانگیرے فلوس سنة ۸ **W.** 308–297·7 (worn). **S.** 1·0.	In double circle with dots between آگره ب ضر ۱۰۲۲ (830) *A.S.B.* Pl.
831	Bairáta	-4	روانج ۴ سنة **W.** 305. **S.** ·75.	.... سنة بیراته ب ضر
832	,,	-7	,, ۷ **W.** 315.	,,
833	,,	-13	۱۳ سنة جهانگیرے ...... **W.** 319. **S.** ·8.	..... سنة بیراته ب ضر Pl.
834	,,	?	,, Regnal year indistinct. **W.** 318. **S.** ·75.	,, *A.S.B.*
835	,,	1034–20	جهانگیرے فلوس ۲۰ **W.** 315. **S.** ·75.	بیرات ب [ضر] ۳۴[۱۰] Pl.

V

SHÁH JAHÁN

A. H. 1037–1068. A. D. 1628–1658.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 836	Ágra *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1037 aḥd	In dotted border لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله ١٠٣٧ ضرب دار الخلافة آگره **W.** 168·1. **S.** ·86.	In dotted border سنة احد غازے شاه جهان بادشاه محمد شهاب الدين نے صاحب قران ثا Pl.
	837	Aḥmad-ábád	1039–3 Far-wardín	In dotted border Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ٣ احمداباد الهم سنة فروردينماه **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	In dotted border بادشاه غازے شاه جهان ١٠٣٩ محمد شهاب الدين نے صاحب قران ثا *A.S.B.* Pl.
	838	Akbar-ábád (Ágra)	1043–6	In lozenge The Kalima. *Margin* بصدق ابی بکر | وعدل عمر | بازرم عثمان | وعلم علی **W.** 167. **S.** ·95.	In dotted border شهاب الدين نے محمد صاحب قران ثاے شاه جهان باد ٦ شاه غاز ضرب اكبراباد ١٠٤٣ Pl.
	839	,,	1045–8	,, **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	In lozenge بادشاه غازے ^ شاه جهان ١٠٤٥ *Margin* شهاب الدين | محمد صاحب | قران ثانی | ضرب آكبراباد

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 840	Akbar-ábád	1047–10	As on No. 838. **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 839, but ١٠٤٧ – ١٠ Pl.
841	"	1057–20	" **W.** 168.	but ١٠٥٧ – ٢٠ *A.S.B.*
842	"	1059–22	" **W.** 166.	" but ١٠٥٩ – ٢٢
843	"	1059–23	" **W.** 165. **S.** ·85.	" but ٢٣ over شا
844	Burhán-púr	1040–4	In square The Kalima. *Margins* as on No. 838, ١٠٤٠ in lower margin. **W.** 169. **S.** ·85.	In square بادشاه غازی شاه جهان *Margins* Top شهاب الدين محمد Right خلد الله ملكه Bottom صاحب قران ثانی Left ضرب برهانپور ٤
845	"	1060–24	In dotted square The Kalima. ١٠٦٠ in lower left corner. *Margins* as on No. 838. **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	In dotted square بادشاه غازی شاه جهان *Margins* Left شهاب الدين Top محمد صاحب Right قران ثانی Bottom ضرب ٢٤ برهانپور
846 847	"	1068–32	" ١٠٦٨ **W.** 168·5–167. **S.** ·75.	" but ٣٢ in area. (846) *A.S.B.*
848	Daulat-ábád	1052–15	As on No. 838. ١٠٥٢ in area. **W.** 167. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 839, but ١٥ in area and in lower left margin ضرب دولتاباد

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 849	Daulat-ábád	1064–27	As on No. 838. ١٠٦۴ over محمد ٢٧ below الله **W.** 169. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 848, but mint name in lower right margin. *A.S.B.*
	850	,,	1066–30	,, but ١٠٦٦–٣٠ **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	,,
	851	,,	1068–32	As on No. 838, but in eightfoil circle. ١٠٦٨ in margin. **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but in eightfoil circle. ٣٢ over شاه in area. ضرب دولتاباد in margin. Pl.
	852	Khan-báyat (Cambay)	1067–30	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٦٧ in left margin. **W.** 170·5. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 839, but square area. Mint name in left margin. ٣٠ in right margin.
	853	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1037–aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب دار السلطنة لاهور سنة ١٠٣٧ هجر **W.** 169. **S.** ·85.	شهاب الدين محمد صاحب قران ثاني شاه جهان بادشاه غاز سنة احد *A.S.B.* Pl.
	854	Láhor	1062–26	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٦٢ in right margin. **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 839, but square area, and in lower margin ضرب ٢٦ لاهور
	855	Multán	1064–28	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٦۴ in area. **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٢٨ in area. ضرب ملتان in left margin. M. 43 in area.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 855 (a)	Patna	1038–2 Shahréwar	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب پتنه الهی سنة ۲ شهریور ماه **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 837, but ۱۰۳۸
856	"	1045–8	As on No. 838, but square area. ۱۰۴۵ in right margin. **W.** 167. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 839, but square area. ۸ in area. ضرب پتنه ۸ in right margin. Pl.
857	"	–15	" but no Hijra date. **W.** 169. **S.** ·75.	" ۱۵ in area. ضرب پتنه in left margin. *A.S.B.*
858	"	–25	" **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	" but ۲۵ in area.
859	Sháhjahánábád	–26	As on No. 838, but circular area. Hijra date missing. **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	In circle بادشاه غازی ۲۶ شاه جهان *Margin* سکه شاه‌جهان‌اباد رائج در جهان جاودان بادا بنام ثانی صاحب قران Marginal legend partially obliterated.
860	Súrat	1045–8	As on No. 838, but square area and dotted border. ۱۰۴۵ in left margin. ۸ in area. **W.** 167. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 839, but square area. In left margin سورت ضرب Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 861	Súrat	1046–9	As on No. 860, but ۱۰۴۶ – ۹ **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 860.
	862	”	1068– 31	As on No. 838, but circular area. ۱۰۶۸ in margin. **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but circular area. ۳۱ in area. ضرب سورت in margin.
	863	Tatta	1066– 30 Khúr- dád	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر ۳۰ تته الهی خورداد ماه **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 837, but ۱۰۶۶ over ب of شهاب
				Mint name not clear	
	864	?	1040–3	As on No. 838, but in eightfoil lozenge. ۱۰۴۰ in area. **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	بادشاه غازی الدین محمد شاه جهان ب صاحب قران ثانی شها ب ضر ... ۳ .... Probably of Burhánpúr mint. Cp. No. 934 below. Pl.
	865[1] sq.	?	104–	As on No. 838, but square area. ۱۰۴ (*sic*) in left margin. **W.** 164. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 839, but square area. ? Mint name in left margin. No regnal year. *A.S.B.* Pl.

[1] Mr. C. J. Rodgers was of opinion that this coin was not genuine. It is not free from suspicion.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 866[1]	?	1061–	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٦١ in area. W. 167·5. S. ·87.	As on No. 839, but square area. *Margin* Bottom شهاب الدين Left محمد رضا ..? Top illegible. Right سورت ? Pl.	**GOLD**
867[2]	?	1066–30	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٦٦ in area. W. 168. S. ·75.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٣٠ in area over جها M. 43 over شا	
AR 868 869	Ágra *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1037– aḥd	As on No. 836. W. 176–175. S. ·85.	As on No. 836. (868) *A.S.B.*	**SILVER**
870	,,	,,	,, W. 174. S. ·9.	but بادشاه ,, غازی شاه جهان سنة احد	
871 872	,,	1038– aḥd	,, but ١٠٣٨ W. 176–175. S. ·85.	,, (872) *A.S.B.*	
873	,,	103– aḥd	,, but ١٠٣ over رسول W. 175. S. ·85.	,, but شاه غازی شاه جهان‌باد سنة احد	
874	Aḥmad-ábád	1037– aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب احمداباد هجر ١٠٣٧ سنة W. 171. S. ·9.	As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of Hijra date.	

[1] A doubtful coin. The left and top marginal legends of reverse appear to be a blundered attempt at صاحب قران ثانی.

[2] This is almost certainly a coin of Multán mintage. Cf. No. 855 *supra*, on which the same mark occurs.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 875 ½	Ahmad-ábád	1037–ahd	As on No. 874. **W.** 87. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 874. *A.S.B.*
876	,,	1038–ahd	,, but ١٠٣٨ **W.** 174.	,,
877	,,	1039–2 Ázar	As on No. 837, but اذر **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 837.
878	,,	1040–Ardíbi-hisht	,, اردی بهشت Regnal year missing. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٠٤٠
879	,,	1041–Isfan-dármuz	,, اسفندارمز **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٠٤١
880	,,	1042–Ázar	,, اذر **W.** 176.	,, ١٠٤٢ *A.S.B.*
881	,,	1044–8	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٤٤ in area. **W.** 168·5. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٨ in area. ضرب احمداباد in left margin. *A.S.B.*
882	,,	1045–8	,, ١٠٤٥ **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	,,
883	,,	1055?–18	,, but ١٠٥٥ ? in left margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, but ١٨ in right margin. Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 884	Aḥmad-ábád	1055–19	As on No. 883. **W.** 175·7.	As on No. 883, but ١٩
885	"	1066–	" but ١٠٦٦ **W.** 176.	" but regnal year missing.
886	Aḥmad-nagar	1041–Shahré-war	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب احمدنگر الهی ١٠٤١ ماه شهریور **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 837, but no date. Pl.
887	"	–22	As on No. 838, but square area. ? ٢٢ in area. **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٢٢ under شاه in area. ضرب احمدنگر in right margin. *A.S.B.*
888	"	1061–24	" ١٠٦١ in area. **W.** 168.	" but ٢٤ in ن of جهان
889	Akbar-ábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat* (Ágra)	1038–2 Shahré-war	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب دار الخلافة اکبراباد الهی ٢ شهریور ماه **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 837, but date to left of نے *A.S.B.*
890 891	Akbar-ábád	1039–2	In dotted border بصدق ابی بکر و عدل عمر لا اله الا الله ١٠٣٩ محمد رسول علی بازرم عثمان و علم **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·95–·85.	In dotted border as on No. 864, but ٢ over صا and in last line ضرب اکبراباد (891) *A.S.B.* Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 892	Akbar-ábád	?–3	As on No. 890. Hijra date wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 890, but ٣ over ضرب
893 894	”	1039–3	In dotted border, as on No. 838, but circular area. ١٠٣٩ in area. **W.** 174–172. **S.** ·9–·8.	In dotted border, as on No. 864, but ٣ صاحب قران ثانے شہا ضرب اکبراباد (894) *A.S.B.* Pl.
895 896	”	1040–4	As on No. 838, but six-foil area. ١٠٤٠ in margin. M. 2 (twice) in margin. **W.** 174·5–173. **S.** ·9.	” but ٤ over ضرب (895) *A.S.B.*
897	”	”	” **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	بادشاہ غازے قران ثانی شاہ جہان حب شہاب الدین محمد صا ب ضر اکبراباد ٤ Pl.
898	”	1041–5	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٤١ in right margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839. ٥ in area. ضرب اکبراباد in left margin.
899	”	1042–5	” ١٠٤٢ **W.** 174.	” ٥ in right margin. ضرب اکبراباد in bottom margin.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 900	Akbar-ábád	1042–6	As on No. 838, but circular area. ١٠٤٢ in area. **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	In dotted border شهاب الدين محمد صا ٦ حبقران ثانی شاه جهان بادشاه غاز ضرب اکبراباد *A.S.B.* Pl.	**SILVER**
901	"	1043–7	As on No. 838, but in dotted quatrefoil. ١٠٤٣ to left of علم in margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 839, but in dotted quatrefoil. ٧ in area.	
902	"	"	As on No. 838, but dotted square area. ١٠٤٣ in area. **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but dotted square area. ٧ in area. ضرب اکبراباد in left margin. *A.S.B.* Pl.	
903	"	1044–7	" ١٠٤٤ **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·9.	" but mint name in lower margin. *A.S.B.*	
904	"	1048–12	" but ١٠٤٨ in top margin. **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	" ١٢ in area.	
905	"	1052–16	" but ١٠٥٢ in area. **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	" ١٦ in area. *A.S.B.*	
906	"	–19	" Hijra date obliterated. **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	" ١٩ in lower margin.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 907	Akbar-ábád	1059–22	As on No. 902. ١٠٥٩ in left margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 902. ٢٢ in lower margin.	
	908 Niṣár	,,	— —	غازی شاه جهان باد شاه [نثار] **W.** 41·5. **S.** ·6.	اباد اکبر دار الخلافة ب [ضر]	
	909	Akbar-nagar	1037–aḥd	لا اله الا الله محمد رسول الله ضرب اکبرنگر ١٠٣٧ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	شهاب الدين محمد صاحب قران ثانی شاه شاهجهان بادشاه غاز سنة احد	
	910	,,	1038?–aḥd	,, but ١٠٣٨ ? **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,,	Pl.
	911	,,	1039–Dí	,, but ب ضر اکبرنگر الهی سنة . . . ماه دی **W.** 169. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 837. ١٠٣٩ to left of جهان	
	912	,,	–2 Ábán	,, but ابان – سنة ٢ **W.** 165. **S.** ·9.	,, Date wanting.	
	913	,,	1039–3 Tír	,, but ٣ to right of الهی and تیر **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٠٣٩ to left of جهان	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 914	Akbar-nagar	-4 Bah-man	As on No. 913, but بهمن - ۴ W. 175.	As on No. 837. Date wanting. *A.S.B.*
915	"	1045-9	As on No. 838, but square area. ۱۰۴۵ partly in left margin, partly in area. W. 175. S. ·875.	As on No. 839, but square area. ۹ in area. ضرب اکبرنگر in left margin. *A.S.B.*
916	"	1046-10	" ۱۰۴۶ W. 175.	" ۱۰ in area.
917	"	1059-22	" ۱۰۵۹ in area. W. 173. S. ·8.	" ۲۲ in area.
918	Allah-ábád	1043-	" ..۴۳ in right margin. W. 174. S. ·95.	" ضرب اله اباد in left margin. Regnal year wanting. Pl.
919	Bhakkar	1040-3	As on No. 838, but circular area. ۱۰۴۰ in margin over بصدق W. 175. S. ·9.	As on No. 864, but ۳ صاحب قران ثانی شهها ضرب بهکر *A.S.B.*
920	"	1040-4	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر بکر ۴ الهی [ار]دی بهشـ[ـت ماه] W. 175. S. ·8.	As on No. 837, but ۱۰۴۰ below شاه جهان

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 921	Bhakkar	1043–6	As on No. 838, but circular area. ١٠٤٣ to left of علم in margin. **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but circular area. Below area ٦ سنة بکر ضرب *A.S.B.* Pl.
922	„	1043–7	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠٤٣ in left margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·825.	As on No. 839, but square area. In left margin ٧ بهکر ضرب
923	„	1044–7	„ ١٠٤٤ in bottom margin. **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	„ but in bottom margin ٧ ضر سنة بکر ب *A.S.B.*
924	„	–15	„ Date wanting. **W.** 147 (clipped). **S.** ·7.	„ but ١٥ سنة بهکر
925	„	–23	„ Date wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	„ but بهکر ٢٣ ضرب
926	„	1067–31	„ ١٠٦٧ in bottom margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	„ ٣١
927	Bhílsa	–13	„ Date wanting. **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	„ In left margin بهیلسه ١٣ ضرب

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 928	Bhílsa	1052–15	As on No. 922. ١٠٥٢ in area. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 927, but ١٥ *A.S.B.* Pl.
929	"	1056–19	" ١٠٥٦ in area. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	" but ١٩ in ن of جهان in area.
930	Burhán-púr	1037–aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر برهانپور سنة ١٠٣٧ هجر **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of Hijra date.
931	"	— 2	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب برهانپور الهہ سنة ٢ .... **W.** 156. **S.** ·875.	As on No. 837. Date wanting.
932 933	"	1040–3	As on No. 890, but ١٠٤٠ to left of رسو **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 864, but ٣ over صا and last line ضرب برهانپور Pl.
934	"	"	As on No. 864. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 864, but in last line ضرب برهانپور ٣ over صا
935	"	"	" **W.** 176.	" ٤ over صا

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 936	Burhán- púr	1042–5	As on No. 838, but square area. ١٠۴٢ in area. **W.** 174. **S.** ·875.	In square بادشاه غازی شاه جهان *Margins* Top شهاب الدين محمد Bottom صاحب قران ثانی Left خلد الله ٥ ملکه Right ضرب برهانپور Pl.
937	,,	1043–6	,, ١٠۴٣ **W.** 173. **S.** ·875.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٦ in right margin. ضرب برهانپور in bottom margin.
938	,,	1044–7	,, ١٠۴۴ **W.** 175.	,, ٧ in right margin.
939	,,	?	الله لااله الا محمد رسول الله ماه الهی .... **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	جهان شــاه بادشاه غازی نے صا حبقران ثا ب ضر برهانپور
940	,,	?	As on No. 838, but dotted square area. Date wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·875.	As on No. 839, but dotted square area and ضرب برهانپور Regnal year wanting.
941	Daulat- ábád	1057– 20	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٥٧ – ٢٠ in area. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but square area. ضرب دولتاباد in right margin. *A.S.B.*
942	,,	1061– 25	,, ١٠٦١ in area. **W.** 173.	,, ٢٥ in right margin.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 943	Daulat-ábád	1068–31	Kalima in eightfoil. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٦٨ to left of علم in margin. **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 839, but in eightfoil. ٣١ in area. ضرب دولتاباد in margin. *A.S.B.* Pl.
944	Dehlí	1040–Shahré-war	Kalima in three lines. Below شهریور ماه هلی [ضرب د] **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	شاه غازی شاه جهان باد محمد ١٠٤٠ شهاب الدین نے صاحب قران ثا
945	”	1040–3 Ábán	” but ابان ماه هلی ٣ ضرب د **W.** 173.	”
946	”	1044–	Kalima in circle. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٤٤ to left of علم in margin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	.... قران ثانی شاه جهان [صا]حب شهاب الدین محمد ب ضر دهلی *A.S.B.*
947	Gulkanda (Gol-conda)	–5 ?	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر گلکنده **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	..... شاه جهان با غازی ٥ ? محمد شهاب الدین نے صاحب قران ثا *Láhor.* Pl.
948 949	”	—	” **W.** 177–163. **S.** ·825.	شاه جهان شهاب الدین صاحبقران Pl.

SILVER

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 950 ½	Gulkanda	—	As on No. 947. **W.** 90. **S.** ·675.	As on No. 948.
	951	Jahángír-nagar	1040–3	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب جهانگيرنگر ٣ الهي . . . . . . M. 4 in ل of رسول **W.** 171·5. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 837, but ١٠٤٠ in the ب of شهاب *A.S.B.*
	952	,,	1041–4 Dí	,, but ٤ and in last line [ماه] دی M. 44. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, but ١٠٤١ Pl.
	953	,,	1044–7	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٤٤ in area. **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٧ in area. ضرب جهانگيرنگر in left margin.
	954	,,	? Isfan-dármuz	. . . . [رس]ول الله الهي [جها]نگيرنگر اسفندارمز ضرب ماه **W.** 173. **S.** ·75.	. . . . شاه جهان باد محمد صاحب قران . . . .
	955	Júnagarh	1050–14	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٥٠ in left margin. **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 839, but square area. ١٤ in right margin. ضرب جونگره in left margin.
	956 957	,,	1067–	,, ١٠٦٧ **W.** 176.	,, but regnal year wanting. (957) *A.S.B.* Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Ʀ 958	Kábul	—	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب کابل **W.** 147. **S.** ·8.	.... جهان بادشاه شـــــاه صاحب قران ثا[نی] محمد ..... الدین
959	Kashmír	-12	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. Hijra date wanting. **W.** 173. **S.** ·825.	As on No. 839, but square area. In lower margin ١٢ کشمیر ضرب
960	Katak	-3 Ábán	Kalima in three lines. Below ابانماه الهی ضرب کتک ٣ **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	غازی جهان بادشاه شـــــاه محمد صاحبقران ثانی شهاب الدین *Bhandára C.P.* Pl.
961	Khan-báyat (Cambay)	1060-	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٦٠ in right margin. **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but square area. ضرب کهنبایت in left margin. Regnal year wanting.
962	Khan-báyat	1061-	" ١٠٦١ **W.** 176.	"
963	"	1065-	" ١٠٦٥ **W.** 178.	" Pl.
964	"	1068-	" ١٠٦٨ **W.** 175.	"
965	Láhor	1037- aḥd	As on No. 853. **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 853.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 966	Láhor	1038–ahd	As on No. 853, but ۱۰۳۸ W. 174.	As on No. 853.
967	,,	1038–2	,, W. 174.	,, but سنة ۲
968	,,	1040–3	Kalima in circle. *Margin* as on No. 838. ۱۰۴۰ to left of علم in margin. W. 174·5. S. ·9.	As on No. 864, but ثاني شهها ضرب لاهور ۳ over صا
969	,,	1040–4	,, W. 175.	,, but ۴ Pl.
970 971	,,	1041–4	,, ۱۰۴۱ W. 174–170. S. ·85.	,, (971) *A.S.B.*
972	,,	1041–5	,, W. 172.	,, but ٥
973	,,	1042–5	,, but ۱۰۴۲ W. 172·5. S. ·85.	,, *A.S.B.*
974 975	,,	1044–7	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ۱۰۴۴ in right margin. W. 175–173. S. ·85.	As on No. 839, but square area. ۷ سنة لاهور ضرب in bottom margin. (974) *A.S.B.* Pl.
976	,,	1044–8	,, W. 174.	,, ۸

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 977	Láhor	1046–9	As on No. 974, but ۱۰۴۶ W. 175. S. ·85.	As on No. 974, but ۹ *A.S.B.*
978	”	–10	” Date wanting. W. 169.	” ۱۰
979	”	1062–25	” ۱۰۶۲ W. 175. S. ·85.	” but ۲۵ ضرب لاهور *A.S.B.*
980	”	–27	” Date wanting. W. 173.	” ۲۷
981	”	1065–29	” ۱۰۶۵ W. 176. S. ·85.	” ۲۹
982 983	”	1066–30	” ۱۰۶۶ W. 174–173.	” ۳۰ (982) *Bhandára C. P.* (983) *A.S.B.*
984	”	–31	” Date wanting. W. 173. S. ·85.	” ۳۱
985	Multán	1038–ahd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ملتان ۱۰۳۸ W. 174·2. S. ·85.	As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of ۱۰۳۹

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 986	Multán	1038–2 Khúr-dád	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ملتان الهی سنة ۲ خورداد ماه **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 837, but ۱۰۳۸ *A.S.B.* Pl.
987	,,	1039–2 Ázar	,, but اذر **W.** 172.	,, ۱۰۳۹ *A.S.B.*
988	,,	1039–2 Isfan-dármuz	,, but سنة ۲ الهی اسفندارمز **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,,
989 990	,,	1040–3	Kalima in circle. ۱۰۴۰ over محمد *Margin* as on No. 838. **W.** 174–167. **S.** ·85.	بادشاه غازی ۳ سنة الدین محمد شاه جهان ب صاحب قران ثانی شهها ضرب ملتان
991	,,	1041–4	,, ۱۰۴۱ **W.** 174. **S.** ·875.	,, ۴ *A.S.B.*
992	,,	1041–5	,, **W.** 174.	,, ۵
993 994	,,	1042–5	,, ۱۰۴۲ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, (994) *A.S.B.* Pl.
995	,,	1042–6	Kalima in square. ۱۰۴۲ in lower left corner. *Margin* as on No. 838. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٦ in ن of جهان ضرب ملتان in left margin.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 996 997	Multán	1043–6	As on No. 995, but ١٠٤٣ **W.** 177–175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 995. (996) *A.S.B.*
998	,,	1043–7	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٧
999	,,	1044–7	,, ١٠٤٤ **W.** 177.	,,
1000	,,	1045–8	,, ١٠٤٥ **W.** 170·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ٨
1001	,,	1045–9	,, **W.** 172.	,, ٩
1002 1003	,,	1046–9	,, ١٠٤٦ **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·825.	,, (1003) *A.S.B.*
1004	,,	1047–10	,, ١٠٤٧ **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·825.	,, ١٠
1005 1006	,,	1048–11	,, ١٠٤٨ **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·9–·85.	,, ١١ (1006) *A.S.B.*
1007	,,	1048–12	,, **W.** 175.	,, ١٢
1008[1]	,,	–15	,, Date wanting. **W.** 175·8. **S.** ·825.	,, ١٥

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7337, where the regnal year has been read ١٢

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1009	Multán	1057–20	As on No. 975, but ١٠٥٧ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 975, but ٢٠ over جها
1010	,,	1066–30	,, ١٠٦٦ over محمد **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٠ M. 43 over شاه
1011	,,	1067–31	,, ١٠٦٧ **W.** 175.	,, ٣١
1012	,,	1068–31	,, ١٠٦٨ **W.** 133 (clipped).	,,
1012 (*a*)	Patna	— aḥd	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب پتنه . . . . **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	[شهاب الدين] محمد صاحب قران ثانی شاه جهان بادشاه غاز سنة احد
1013 1014	,,	1039–2 Mihr	In dotted border, as on No. 855 (*a*), but مهر **W.** 175–171. **S.** 1·0.	In dotted border, as on No. 837. (1014) *A.S.B.*
1015	,,	,, Dí	,, دی M. 2 to left of پتنه **W.** 155 ! **S.** 1·0.	,, *A.S.B.*
1016	,,	1040–4 Tír	,, but تیر — ۴ **W.** 172. **S.** 1·0.	,, ١٠۴٠ *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1017	Patna	1041–5 Khúr-dád	As on No. 1013, but ه to left of پتنه and خورداد W. 152 (worn). S. ·9.	As on No. 1013, but ۱۰۴۱
1018	"	1042–5 Amar-dád	" امرداد W. 172. S. ·95.	" ۱۰۴۲
1019	"	" Shahré-war	" شهریور W. 172.	"
1020	"	" Mihr	" مهر W. 176. S. ·9.	" *A.S.B.*
1021	"	1042–6	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ۱۰۴۲ in left margin. W. 175. S. ·95.	As on No. 839, but square area. ٦ in right margin. ضرب پتنه in left margin. *A.S.B.* Pl.
1022	"	1047–10	" ۱۰۴۷ W. 168. S. ·85.	" ۱۰ over جها in area. *A.S.B.*
1023 ½	"	–12	" Date wanting. W. 87. S. ·65.	" ۱۲ over جهان *A.S.B.*
1024 1025	"	–15	" W. 175. S. ·8.	" ۱۵ (1025) *A.S.B.*
1026	"	–17	" W. 172. S. ·85.	" ۱۷

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER AR 1027	Patna	-18	As on No. 1023. **W.** 175.	As on No. 1021, but ١٨ over شا
1028	,,	-19	,, **W.** 175.	,, but ١٩ over جهان
1029	,,	-23	,, **W.** 175.	,, ٢٣ in ن of جهان
1030	,,	-26	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	,, ٢٦ *A.S.B.*
1031	,,	-30	,, **W.** 170.	,, ٣٠ *A.S.B.*
1032	Qandahár	1049-12	Kalima in square. ١٠٤٩ in lower left corner. *Margin* as on No. 838. **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 839, but square area. ١٢ in ن of جهان ضرب قندهار in left margin. *A.S.B.* Pl.
1033	,,	1049-13	,, **W.** 173.	,, ١٣
1034	,,	-14	,, Date wanting. **W.** 173.	,, ١٤
1035	,,	-15	,, **W.** 175.	,, ١٥
1036 1037	,,	1057-20	,, ١٠٥٧ in area. **W.** 175-173. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٠ (1037) *A.S.B.*
1038	,,	1057-21	,, M. 4 in ل of رسول **W.** 175.	,, ٢١ *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1039	Súrat	1038–ahd	In dotted border Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب سورت ١٠٣٨ سنة هجر W. 177. S. ·7.	In dotted border. As on No. 837, but سنة احد in place of ١٠٣٩ Pl.
1040 ½	"	— ahd	" Last line wanting. W. 90. S. ·7.	"
1041 1042	"	1038–2	As on No. 1039. W. 176–175. S. ·9.	" but سنة ٢ (1042) *A.S.B.*
1043	"	1040–	" ١٠٤٠ W. 167. S. ·75.	" Regnal year wanting. *A.S.B.*
1044	"	1041–	" ١٠٤١ W. 175. S. ·8.	" *A.S.B.*
1045 1046	"	1044–7	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٤٤ in left margin. ٧ in area. W. 175·5. S. ·9.	As on No. 839, but square area. ضرب سورت in left margin. (1045) *A.S.B.*
1047	"	1045–8	" ١٠٤٥ – ٨ W. 149 (worn). S. ·8.	"
1048	"	1046–9	" ١٠٤٦ – ٩ W. 143 (clipped). S. ·7.	"

SILVER

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	AR 1049	Súrat	1046–10	As on No. 1045, but ١٠٤٦ – ١٠ W. 175. S. ·85.	As on No. 1045.
	1050	"	1048–12	" but only ١٠٤٨ in left margin. W. 174. S. ·8.	" ١٢ over حب in right margin. *A.S.B.*
	1051	"	1049–13	" ١٠٤٩ W. 175. S. ·875.	" ١٣
	1052 1053	"	1054–17	" ١٠٥٤ W. 175. S. ·85.	" but ١٧ in lower right corner of area. (1053) *A.S.B.*
	1054	"	105-–18	" ١٠٥– W. 174.	" ١٨
	1055 ½	"	–19	" but date wanting. W. 86. S. ·65.	" ١٩
	1056	"	–20	" W. 176. S. ·9.	" ٢٠
	1057 1058	"	1057–21	Kalima in lozenge. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٥٧ over وعدل in margin. W. 174–173. S. ·9.	As on No. 839, but ٢١ below جہا ضرب سورت in margin to left. (1057) *A.S.B.*
	1059	"	1058–21	Kalima in square. *Margin* as on No. 838. ١٠٥٨ in left margin. W. 173. S. ·85.	As on No. 1052, but ٢١

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1060 1061	Súrat	1059–23	As on No. 1059, but ۱۰۵۹ **W.** 176–173.	As on No. 1052, but ۲۳ (1060) *A.S.B.*
1062	,,	1061–24	,, ۱۰۶۱ **W.** 175.	,, ۲۴
1063	,,	1062–25	,, ۱۰۶۲ **W.** 174.	,, ۲۵
1064	,,	106––26	,, ۱۰۶– **W.** 175.	,, ۲۶
1065	,,	1063–27	,, ۱۰۶۳ **W.** 143 (clipped). **S.** ·7.	,, ۲۷
1066	,,	1064–27	,, ۱۰۶۴ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ۲۷ *A.S.B.*
1067	,,	1066–29	,, ۱۰۶۶ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ۲۹ *A.S.B.*
1068	,,	1067–30	,, ۱۰۶۷ **W.** 176. **S.** ·875.	,, ۳۰ *A.S.B.*
1069	,,	1067–31	Kalima in circle. *Margin* as on No. 838. ۱۰۶۷ over بصدق **W.** 170. **S.** ·95.	,, but circular area. ۳۱ over شا in second line.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1070[1]	Tatta	1043–6 Ábán	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضرب ٦ تته الهی ابانماه **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 837, but ١٠٤٣ above ب of شهاب
1071	"	1044–7 Tír	" تیر – ٧ **W.** 163. **S.** ·8.	" ١٠٤٤
1072	"	1049–12 Ardí-bihisht	" اردی بهشت ١٢ **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	" ١٠٤٩ *A.S.B.*
1073	"	1051–14 ?	" ١٤ Month wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	" ١٠٥١
1074	"	1056–19 Khúr-dád	" خورداد – ١٩ **W.** 175.	" ١٠٥٦
1075 1076	"	1057–20 ?	" ٢٠ Month wanting. **W.** 174–165 (worn). **S.** ·8–·75.	" ١٠٥٧ (1075) *A.S.B.*
1077	"	1062–26	" ٢٦ **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	" ١٠٦٢ *A.S.B.*
1078	"	1063–26	" ٢٦ **W.** 167.	" ١٠٦٣

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7464, where the mint has been mistaken for Patna.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1079	Tatta	1063–27	As on No. 1075, but ٢٧ W. 173.	As on No. 1078. *Dehlí.* *A.S.B.*
1080	”	1066–29 Ábán	” ابانماه ٢٩ M. 45 in ل of رسول W. 177. S. ·8.	” ١٠٦٢ (*sic*) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1081	”	1068–31	” ٣١ Month wanting. M. 45. W. 176.	” ١٠٦٨ *A.S.B.*
1082	”	1069–32	” ٣٢ M. 45. W. 174. S. ·775.	” ١٠٦٩ *A.S.B.*
1083	”	1069–33	” ٣٣ W. 167. S. ·8.	” Pl.
1084 1085	Ujjain Town (Újjain on coins)	1039–2	Kalima in three lines. Below ب ضر بلدة اوجين ١٠٣٩ سنة Flowered field. W. 177–169. S. ·85.	بادشاه غازي قران ثانی ٢ شاه جهان حسب شها الدين محمد صا ب (1084) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1086	Ẓafar-nagar	–3 Far-wardí	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب ظفرنگر ماه فرور [الهی] ٣ دی سنة W. 176. S. ·875.	As on No. 837, but ٩ (*sic*) in place of date. Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1087	Ẓafar-nagar	-5 Ardí-bihisht	As on No. 1086, but اردی بهشت - ٥ W. 175.	As on No. 1086, but no date legible.
	1088	"	1043-	Kalima in square. ١٤٣ (*sic*) in lower left corner. W. 175. S. ·875.	As on No. 839, but square area. ضرب ظفرنگر in bottom margin. No regnal year. Pl.
				Mint name wanting	
	1089	—	1038-	لا اله الا الله محمد ١٠٣٨ رسول الله ضرب .... W. 175. S. ·775.	شهاب الدين محمد صاحب قران ثانی شـــــــاه جهان بادشاه .... Cf. 1012 (*a*).
	1090 ½	—	1043-	Kalima in square. ١٠٤٣ in lower left corner. *Margins* as on No. 838, but fragmentary. W. 74. S. ·7.	As on No. 839, but square area. Fragmentary marginal legend. *A.S.B.*
	1091[1]	—	1047-	" ١٠٤٧ partly in left margin and partly in area. W. 176. S. ·85.	" Regnal year wanting.
	1092	—	-13	" Date wanting. W. 175. S. ·85.	" ١٣ over جهان Possibly of Patna mint. Cf. No. 1023 *supra*.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11097, assigned to Khanbáyat. The left margin is, however, much too blurred to be read. The type is rather that of the Akbarnagar coin. Cf. No. 915 *supra*.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1093	—	1054–	As on No. 1090, but dotted square. ١٠٥٤ over محمد **W.** 175.	As on No. 1090, but regnal year wanting. *A.S.B.*
1094[1]	—	1056–19	" ١٠٥٦ in lower left corner of area. **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	" ١٩ in ن of جهان
1095	—	1056–20	" ٢٠ over محمد ١٠٥٦ in lower left corner. Probably of Daulatábád mint. Cf. No. 941. **W.** 175.	" but no regnal year. *A.S.B.*
1096 ½	—	–20	" but dates wanting. **W.** 88. **S.** ·65.	" ٢٠ under شا in area.
1097	—	1058–22	" ١٠٥٨ in left margin. **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	" ٢٢ Probably of Súrat mint. Cf. No. 1059 *supra.*
1098 ½	—	–23	" Date wanting. **W.** 88. **S.** ·65.	" ٢٣
1099	—	1064–28	" ١٠٦٤ partly in left margin and partly in area. **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	" ٢٨ over شا in upper line of area.
1100	—	"	" ١٠٦٤ in left margin. **W.** 175.	" ٢٨ in right margin. *A.S.B.*

[1] *I.M.C.*, No. 7502. The coin is probably of Multán, but the left margin is entirely absent.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1101	—	1068–31	As on No. 1069, but ۱۰٦۸ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1069. Almost certainly of the Súrat mint.
	1102	—	1069–32	Kalima in square. ۱۰٦۹ in left margin. **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 839, but square area. ۳۲ over شا in second line of area. *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1103	—	– 32	" Date wanting. **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	" ۳۲ in ن of جهان *A.S.B.*
	1104	—	"	" but dotted square. **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	" but dotted square and ۳۲ under شا in second line of area.
	1105 ¼	—	—	Kalima in three lines. Below ضرب **W.** 46. **S.** ·55.	.... صاحب قران ثا ....
COPPER	Æ 1106	Akbar-ábád	— –	شاه جهانی فلوس **W.** 37. **S.** ·45.	اکبراباد ب ضر
	1107	Bairát	1037	" **W.** 307·7. **S.** ·8.	بیرات ب ضر ۱۰۳۷
	1108	"	1048	فی قران حب صا ثا The three alifs are elongated. **W.** 321. **S.** ·8.	but " ۱۰۴۸ سنة *A.S.B.* Pl.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1109	Dehlí	1051 ?	شاه جهانی فلوس سنة ١٠٥١ ؟ **W.** 37·5. **S.** ·45.	.... دهلی	
1110	Lakhnau (Luck-now)	– 5	بادشاه غازی شاه جهان ٥ سنة **W.** 610. **S.** 1·1.	...... سنة لکهنو ب ضر Flowered field.	Pl.
1111	,,	104– –	As on No. 1106. **W.** 309·5. **S.** ·85.	,, but ١٠٤– in top line.	
1112	Nárnol	—	,, **W.** 40. **S.** ·45.	[نا]رنول ب [ضر]	*A.S.B.*
1113 1114 sq.	Újjain	—	جها شاه **W.** 103. **S.** ·55.	اوجین ب ضر M. 46 on one.	*A.S.B.* Pl.

MURÁD BAKHSH

A. H. 1068. A. D. 1658.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1115	Aḥmad-ábád	1068-aḥd	Kalima in square. *Margins* Right [بصدق ابی بکر] Bottom [و عدل عمر] Left بازرم عثمان Top و علم ۱۰۶۸ علی **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	In square بادشاه غازی محمد مرادبخش *Margins* Right ابو المظفر Bottom مزوج الدین Left ضرب احمداباد Top احد ....
	1116	Khan-báyat (Cambay)	,,	,, Right and bottom margins only distinct. ۱۰۶۸ in bottom margin. **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, but ضرب کهنبایت in left margin. Pl.
	1117	,,	,,	,, but marginal legend commences with the bottom margin. ۱۰۶۸, in right margin. **W.** 160 (worn). **S.** ·85.	In square غازی شاه مرادبخش باد *Margins* Right المظفر ج ابو مزو Bottom الدین Top ضرب کهنبایت
	1118 1119	Súrat	,, Far-wardín	As on No. 1115. **W.** 177–174. **S.** ·9.	In square, as on No. 1115. *Margins* Left ضرب سورت Top فرور[دین] ماه الهی سنة احد (1118) *A.S.B.* Pl.

VI

AURANGZÉB ʿÁLAMGÍR

A. H. 1068–1118. A. D. 1658–1707.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 1120	Ahsan-ábád	1115–48	عالمگیر اورنگ‌زیب شاه زد چو مهر منیر سکه در جهان ۱۱۱۵ in نگ **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	مانوس میمنت ۴۸ سنة جلوس ضرب [احـ]ـسن اباد	
1121	Akbar-nagar	–13	بادشاه غازی زیب بهادر عالم [گیر] نگ الدین محمد اور محی ابو الظفر **W.** 169. **S.** ·75.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ۱۳ سنة ضرب اکبرنگر	Pl.
1122[1]	Allah-ábád	1099–31	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۹۹ **W.** 170·5. **S.** ·83.	As on No. 1120, but ۳۱ and الهاباد	Pl.
1123	Aurang-ábád	1070–3	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۷۰ to left of جهان **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	اورنگ‌اباد ضرب میمنت مانوس ۳ جلوس سنة	*A.S.B.* Pl.
1124	,,	1093–27 (*sic*)	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۹۳ **W.** 169. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1120, but اورنگ‌اباد – ۲۷	

[1] *I.M.C.*, No. 10844, where the mint is given as Akbarábád.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
GOLD	AV 1125	Bíjápúr *Dáru-z-zafar*	1104–36	As on No. 1120, but ۱۱۰۴ (Looped.) **S.** ·8.	مانوس میمنت جلوس دار الظفر ۳۶ ضرب بیجاپور	
	1126	,,	1106–39	,, ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 167.	,, ۳۹	*A.S.B.*
	1127	,,	1116–49	,, ۱۱۱۶ **W.** 168·3. **S.** ·86.	,, ۴۹	
	1128	Etáwa	1109–41	As on No. 1120, but ۱۱۰۹ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 168. **S.** ·95.	جلوس میمنت ۴۱ سنة مانوس ضرب اتاوه	Pl.
	1129	Kábul	(108)2–15	As on No. 1120, but ...۲ to left of منیر **W.** 170. **S.** ·8.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ۱۵ ضرب کابل	Pl.
	1130	Khan-báyat (Cambay)	1074–7	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۷۴ over جهان in bottom line. **W.** 169. **S.** ·825.	مانوس میمنت ۷ جلوس سنة ضرب کهنبایت	
	1131	,,	1077–9	,, ۱۰۷۷ **W.** 170. **S.** ·75.	,, but سنة ۹ جلوس	*A.S.B.*

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 1132[1]	Khujista-bunyád (Aurang-ábád)	-32	As on No. 1120, but date wanting. **W.** 169. **S.** ·82.	As on No. 1120, but خجسته‌بنیاد – ٣٢
1133	,,	-37	,, Traces of dotted border. **W.** 166·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣٧
1134	,,	1110–42	As on No. 1120, but ١١١٠ No border. **W.** 167. **S.** ·8.	,, ٤٢ *A.S.B.*
1135	,,	1115–47	,, ١١١٥ **W.** 168.	,, ٤٧
1136	Kulbarga	1097–30	As on No. 1120, but ١٠٩٧ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 170. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 1120, but كلبرگه – ٣٠ Pl.
1137	Multán	1112–44	As on No. 1120, but ١١١٢ **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1120, but ملتان – ٤٤
1138	Patna	-8	As on No. 1120, but date wanting. **W.** 170. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 1120, but پتنه – ٨
1139	Sháhja-hánábád *Dáru-'l-khiláfat*	1070–3	In dotted border. As on No. 1120, but ١٠٧٠ to left of جهان in lower line. **W.** 169. **S.** 1·0.	In dotted border فة جها اباد دار لخلا شاهن ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس ٣ سنة *A.S.B.* Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7237.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 1140	Sháhjahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1073–5	As on No. 1120, but ١٠٧٣ **W.** 167. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1139, but ٥
	1141	,,	1073–6	,, **W.** 169. **S.** ·95.	,, ٦
	1142	,,	–12	As on No. 1120, but بدر for مهر No date. 7-rayed stars in زنگ and to left of سکه **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٢ Probably struck from a silver die.
	1143	,,	1082–14	As on No. 1120, but ١٠٨٢ **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٤
	1144	,,	1099–31	,, ١٠٩٩ **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣١
	1145	,,	1107–40	,, ١١٠٧ **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	,, ٤٠
	1146	Sholápúr	1081–15 (*sic*)	As on No. 1120, but ١٠٨١ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 170. **S.** ·8.	سنة ١٥ جلوس ميمنت مانوس ضر ب شولاپور *A.S.B.* Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 1147	Súrat	1074–6	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۷۴ to left of سکه Starred field. **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	٦ سنة جلوس ميمنت مانوس سورت ضرب Starred field.	**GOLD**
1148	,,	1075–7	,, ۱۰۷۵ **W.** 170. **S.** ·8.	,, ۷	*A.S.B.* Pl.
1149	,,	1077–?	,, ۱۰۷۷ **W.** 170. **S.** ·75.	,, —	
1150	,,	1097–29	,, but ۱۰۹۷ in نگ **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	مانوس ميمنت ۲۹ سنة جلوس ضرب سورت	
1151	,,	1098–30	,, ۱۰۹۸ **W.** 171. **S.** ·82.	,, ۳۰	
1152	,,	11---42	,, ۱۱-- **W.** 170·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ۴۲	
1153	Ujjain *Dáru-l-fatḥ*	1073–	,, but ۱۰۷۳ under نگ **W.** 170. **S.** ·725.	دار الفتح اجين ب مانوس ضر ميمنت	Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
			Mint name absent	
GOLD AV 1154 [1]	?	?	In square ز عالم ایر یب اورنگ شاه *Margins* Right سکه زد Bottom در جهان Rest wanting. **W.** 169. **S.** ·775.	In square مانوس میمنت جلوس *Margins* Top ضرب Rest ....
1154 (*a*)	?	?	As on No. 1120, but بدر **W.** 171. **S.** ·75.	مانوس میمنت جلوس دار ال.... ب *A.S.B.*
1154 [2] (*b*)	?	–29	As on No. 1120, but ? سا for در in last line. **W.** 164·5. **S.** ·7.	,, but ۲۹ سنة جلوس شمش ? .... Pl.
SILVER AR 1155	Ahmad-ábád	1072–4 ?	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۷۲ over جها and بدر for مهر **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	As on No. 1150, but احمداباد – ۴ ?
1156	,,	1074–6	,, ۱۰۷۴ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٦
1157	,,	1075–7	,, ۱۰۷۵ **W.** 174. **S.** ·875.	,, ۷
1158	,,	1085–17	,, ۱۰۸۵ **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·75.	,, ۱۷

[1] Probably a coin of Júnagarh, cf. No. 1367.
[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 10842. It is not a coin of Sháhjahánábád.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1159	Aḥmad-ábád	1086–	As on No. 1155, but ١٠٨٦ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1155. Regnal year wanting. Traces of dotted border. *A.S.B.*
1160	,,	1087–19	,, ١٠٨٧ **W.** 175.	,, ١٩ No border.
1161	,,	1091–23	,, ١٠٩١ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٣ *A.S.B.*
1162	,,	1099–31	,, but ١٠٩٩ to left of جهان **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ٣١ Pl.
1163	,,	1102–34	,, but ١١٠٢ in نگ **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·95.	,, ٣٤
1164	,,	1109–4–	,, ١١٠٩ **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	,, ٤–
1165 1166	Aḥmad-nagar	109––28	,, but ٢٨ in نگ **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·95–·85.	,, but ١٠٩– سنة – احمدنگر (1165) *Bhandára C.P.* (1166) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1167	,,	1098–31	,, but ١٠٩٨ under نگ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, but ٣١
1168	,,	1108–40	,, but ١١٠٨ to left of منير **W.** 176·7. **S.** ·95.	,, ٤٠

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	AR 1169	Aḥmad-nagar	1115–48	As on No. 1168, but ١١١٥ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1168, but ٤٨	
	1170	Ajmér *Dáru-l-khair*	1097–30	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منير ١٠٩٧ in زنگ **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	دار الخير اجمير ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس ٣٠	
	1171	,,	1099–32	,, ١٠٩٩ **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٢	
	1172	,,	1102–34	,, ١١٠٢ **W.** 177. **S.** ·875.	,, ٣٤	
	1173	,,	1106–38	,, ١١٠٦ **W.** 178.	,, ٣٨	
	1174	,,	1109–41	,, ١١٠٩ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	,, ٤١	Pl.
	1175	,,	1111–44	,, ١١١١ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ٤٤	
	1176	,,	1117–49	,, ١١١٧ **W.** 175·4. **S.** ·9.	,, ٤٩	
	1177	,,	1118–51	,, ١١١٨ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·88.	,, ٥١ سنة	

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1178	Akbar- ábád	1071–3	In square بادشاه غازی شاه عالمگیر *Margins* Left ابو الظفر Top محی الدین محمد Right اورنگ‌زیب Bottom بهادر سنة ۱۰۷۱ **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	In square اکبراباد ضرب *Margins* Bottom سنة ۳ Left جلوس Top میمنت Right مانوس	**SILVER** Pl.
1179	,,	1071–4	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴	*A.S.B.*
1180	,,	1074–6	,, ۱۰۷۴ **W.** 175.	,, ۶	
1181	,,	1087– 19	,, ۱۰۸۷ **W.** 176. **S.** ·825.	,, ۱۹	
1182	,,	1089– 22	,, ۱۰۸۹ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۲۲	
1183	,,	1095– 28	,, ۱۰۹۵ **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ۲۸	*A.S.B.*
1184	,, *Mustaqir-* *ru-l-khi-* *láfat*	1096– 29	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۶ in گ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	اکبراباد مستقر الخلافة ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۲۹ سنة	Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1185	Akbar-ábád *Mustaqir-ru-l-khi-láfat*	1097–29	As on No. 1184, but ١٠٩٧ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1184.
	1186	,,	1098–31	,, but ١٠٩٨ to left of جهان **W.** 174. **S.** 1·1.	اکبراباد ضرب مستقر الخلافة میمنت جلوس مانوس ٣١ Pl.
	1187	,,	1101–34	,, ١١٠١ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 175. **S.** 1·2.	,, ٣٤ Traces of dotted border.
	1188	,,	–41	,, Date wanting. M. 47 in سکه **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٤١
	1189	,,	–43	,, M. 47. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, ٤٣
	1190	,,	1111–44	,, ١١١١ M. 47. **W.** 177. **S.** ·87.	,, ٤٤
	1191	,,	1113–45	,, ١١١٣ M. 47. **W.** 175·2. **S.** ·9.	,, ٤٥

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1192	Akbar-ábád *Mustaqir-ru-l-khi-láfat*	1113–45	As on No. 1191, but six-petalled flower in سکه **W.** 177. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 1191.
1193 1194	,,	,,	,, but m. 48 in سکه **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·85–·9.	,, (1193) *A.S.B.* (1194) *Bhandára C.P.*
1195	,,	1114–47	,, ۱۱۱۴ M. 48. **W.** 176·8. **S.** ·91.	,, ۴۷
1196 1197	,,	1116–48	,, ۱۱۱۶ M. 48. **W.** 177–176·3. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۸ (1196) *A.S.B.*
1198	,,	1116–49	,, M. 48. **W.** 175.	,, ۴۹
1199	Akbar-nagar	1070–3	As on No. 1120 (مهر), but no date. **W.** 158 (worn). **S.** ·8.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ۳ سنة ضرب اکبرنگر ۱۰۷۰ Regnal year in curve of س
1200	,,	1072–4	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·825.	,, ۱۰۷۲ – ۴ *Bhandára C.P.* Pl.
1201	,,	1072–5	,, **W.** 165. **S.** ·75.	,, [۱۰۷]۲ – ۵ *A.S.B.*

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1202	Akbar-nagar	–11	As on No. 1199. **W.** 168. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 1199, but ١١ Hijra date wanting. *A.S.B.*
	1203	,,	1081–13	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, [١٠]٨١ – ١٣
	1204	,,	1082–14	,, **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٠٨٢ – ١۴
	1205	,,	–21	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·75.	,, ٢١ Hijra date wanting.
	1206	,,	–22	,, **W.** 177.	,, ٢٢
	1207 1208	,,	1090–23	,, **W.** 178–177.	,, [١٠]٩٠ – ٢٣ (1207) *A.S.B.*
	1209	,,	1092–25	,, **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·75.	,, [١٠]٩٢ – ٢٥
	1210	,,	1094–26	,, **W.** 177.	,, [١٠]٩۴ – ٢٦
	1211 1212	,,	1095–27	,, **W.** 177–176. **S.** ·825.	,, [١٠٩]٥ – ٢٧ (1211) *A.S.B.*
	1213 1214	,,	1096–28	,, **W.** 178–177. **S.** ·85–·8.	,, [١٠٩]٦ – ٢٨ (1213) *A.S.B.* (1214) *Bhandára C.P.*
	1215	,,	–29	,, **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	,, ٢٩ Hijra date wanting.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1216	Akbar-nagar	1098–30	As on No. 1199. **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1199, but ١٠٩٨–٣٠
1217	,,	1098–31	,, **W.** 178.	,, ١٠٩٨–٣١
1218	,,	–32	,, **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣٢ Hijra date wanting. *Bhandára C.P.*
1219	,,	1100–33	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	,, ١١٠٠–٣٣
1220	,,	1101–34	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	,, [١١]٠١–٣۴ *A.S.B.*
1221	,,	1102–34	,, **W.** 177.	,, [١١٠]٢–٣۴ *Bhandára C.P.*
1222	,,	1104–36	,, **W.** 180. **S.** ·85.	,, [١١٠]۴–٣۶
1223 1224	,,	1105–38	,, **W.** 177–170. **S.** ·8.	,, ١١٠٥–٣٨ (1224) *A.S.B.*
1225	,,	–39	,, **W.** 177.	,, ٣٩ Hijra date wanting.
1226	,,	1110–42	,, but substituting بدر for مهر **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	,, ١١١٠–۴٢ Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1227	Akbar-nagar	–43	As on No. 1226. **W.** 178.	As on No. 1199, but ۴۳ Hijra date wanting.
1228 1229	”	1112–44	” **W.** 177–175·4.	” ۱۱۱۲–۴۴ (1228) *A.S.B.*
1230	”	1113–45	” **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	” ۱۱۱۳–۴۵ *Bhandára C.P.*
1231	”	1114–47	” but ۱۱۱۴ to left of منیر **W.** 169·5. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت ۴۷ سنة جلوس ضرب اکبرنگر
1232	”	1116–48	” ۱۱۱۶ **W.** 179·5. **S.** ·8.	” ۴۸ Pl.
1233	‘Álamgír-púr	1076–	As on No. 1120, substituting بدر for مهر ۱۰۷۶ under تنگ **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	عالمگیرپور ب مانوس ضر میمنت جلوس Pl.
1234	”	1095–28	” but ۱۰۹۵ in تنگ **W.** 177·8. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1231, but عالمگیرپور– ۲۸
1235	”	1095–29	” **W.** 176.	” ۲۹
1236	”	1099–32	” ۱۰۹۹ **W.** 177.	” ۳۲

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1237	'Álamgír-púr	1104–3–	As on No. 1233, but ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1234, but ۳–
1238	”	1106–38	” ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·85.	” but جلوس سنة ۳۸
1239	”	–47	” but no date. **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	” but سنة ۴۷ جلوس
1240	”	–48	” **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	” but جلوس سنة ۴۸
1241	”	–49	” **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	” ۴۹ *A.S.B.*
1242	”	1112 !–49	” but ۱۱۱۲ (*sic*) in نگ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	”
1243	Allah-ábád Town	1072–4	As on No. 1120, but ۱۰۷۲ to left of جهان **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	بلدة الهاباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۴ سنة *Bhandára C.P.* Pl.
1244	Aurang-ábád	1072–	As on No. 1120, but بدر ۱۰۷۲ in نگ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	اورنگ‌اباد ب مانوس ضر میمنت . . . . جلوس

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ				
1245	Aurang-ábád	1074–6	As on No. 1244, but ١٠٧۴ **W.** 173. **S.** ·875.	As on No. 1244, but ٦ سنة to right of جلوس *Ságar C.P.*
1246 1247	”	1076–8	” ١٠٧٦ **W.** 175·5–175. **S.** ·875.	” ٨ (1247) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1248 [1]	”	1093–26	” ١٠٩٣ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	مانوس میمنت ٢٦ سنة جلوس ضرب اورنگ اباد Traces of dotted border. Pl.
1249	”	1094–27	” ١٠٩۴ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	” ٢٧
1250	”	1098–30	” ١٠٩٨ **W.** 170·5. **S.** ·85.	” ٣٠
1251	ʿAẕím-ábád	1117–50	” ١١١٧ No border visible. **W.** 163. **S.** ·85.	٥٠ مانوس سنة میمنت اباد جلوس عظیم ضرب
1252	”	1118–51	” ١١١٨ **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	” ٥١ Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7280, where the mint name is wrongly given as Aḥmadábád.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1253	Barélí (Bareilly)	1101–33	As on No. 1120, but بدر in place of مهر ۱۱۰۱ under نگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	مانوس میمنت ۳۳ سنة جلوس ضرب بریلی
1254	,,	1103–35	,, ۱۱۰۳ **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ۳۵
1255	,,	1107–40	,, ۱۱۰۷ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۰
1256	,,	1109–41	,, but ۱۱۰۹ in نگ **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۱
1257	,,	1110–42	,, ۱۱۱۰ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۲
1258	,,	1110–43	,, **W.** 173.	,, ۴۳ *A.S.B.*
1259	,,	1113–45	,, ۱۱۱۳ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۵
1260	,,	1113–46	,, ۱۱۱۳ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۶
1261 1262	,,	1115–48	,, ۱۱۱۵ **W.** 177–175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۸ (1261) *A.S.B.* Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 1263	Barélí	1116– 48	As on No. 1253, but ١١١٦ **W.** 175. **S.** ·975.	As on No. 1253, but ۴٨	
	1264	,,	1117– 49	,, ١١١٧ **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴٩	
	1265	,,	1118– 51	,, ١١١٨ **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·93.	,, ٥١	
	1266	Bhakkar	1071–3	منیر چو مهر ١٠٧١ زد در جهان سکه ضرب بهکر **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	زیب اورنگ شاه عالمگیر ٣	
	1267	,,	1073–5	,, ١٠٧٣ **W.** 163 (worn).	,, ٥	
	1268	,,	1076–8	,, ١٠٧٦ **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ٨	Pl.
	1269	Bíjápúr *Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar*	–30	As on No. 1120, but بدر in place of مهر No date. Traces of dotted border. **W.** 170. **S.** ·925.	جلوس سں میمنت مانو سنة ٣٠ الظفر دار بیجاپور ب ضر	*A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1270	Bíjápúr *Dáru-z-zafar*	1101–33	As on No. 1269, but ۱۱۰۱ in نگ No border. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	مانوس میمنت جلوس دار الظفر ۳۳ ضرب بیجاپور *Bhandára C.P.*
1271	"	1103–36	" ۱۱۰۳ **W.** 175.	" ۳۶
1272	"	1104–36	" ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	" *Bhandára C.P.*
1273	"	1105–37	" ۱۱۰۵ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	" ۳۷ *A.S.B.*
1274	"	1106–38	" ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	" ۳۸
1275	"	1108–40	" ۱۱۰۸ **W.** 175.	" ۴۰ *Bhandára C.P.*
1276	"	110-–41	" ۱۱۰– **W.** 175.	" ۴۱ *Ságar C.P.*
1277	"	111-–47	" ۱۱۱– **W.** 175.	" ۴۷
1278	"	1116–48	" ۱۱۱۶ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۸ Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ **1279**	Burhán- púr	–30	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر No date. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت ۳۰ سنة جلوس ضرب برهانپور
	1280	"	1099– 31	" but ۱۰۹۹ to left of سکه **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	" ۳۱
	1281	"	1100– 33	" but ۱۱۰۰ under زنگ **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	" ۳۳
	1282	"	1101– 33	" but ۱۱۰۱ in زنگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	" ۳۳
	1283	"	1103– 36	" but [۱۱۰]۳ to left of جهان **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	" ۳۶
	1284	"	1108– 40	" ۱۱۰۸ **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۰
	1285	"	1109– 42	" but ۱۱۰۹ in زنگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۲
	1286	"	1112– 44	" ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	" ۴۴ Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1287	Burhán-púr	1114–46	As on No. 1285, but ۱۱۱۴ **W.** 179. **S.** ·92.	As on No. 1279, but ۴۶
1288	"	1114–47	" **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۷
1289	"	1115–47	" ۱۱۱۵ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	"
1290	"	1116–48	" ۱۱۱۶ **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۸
1291	"	1117–49	" ۱۱۱۷ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۹
1292	Chíná-patan (Madrás)	–40	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر No date visible. **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1279, but چیناپتن – ۴۰
1293	"	–41	" **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	" ۴۱
1294	"	–42	" **W.** 176. **S.** ·875.	" ۴۲
1295	"	–49	" **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۹

SILVER

Ságar.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1296	Chíná-patan	–51	As on No. 1292. **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1292, but ٥١ *Láhor.*
	1297	Élichpúr	1117–49	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١١١٧ in زنگ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1279, but ایلچپور – ۴۹ Pl.
	1298	Etáwa	1098–3–	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١٠٩٨ in زنگ **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت ٣– سنة جلوس ضرب اتاوه
	1299	,,	1099–31	,, ١٠٩٩ **W.** 171. **S.** ·95.	,, ٣١ *Thána, Bombay.*
	1300	,,	1099–32	,, **W.** 176·5. **S.** 1·0.	,, ٣٢
	1301	,,	1100–32	,, ١١٠٠ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·1.	,,
	1302 1303	,,	1102–35	,, ١١٠٢ **W.** 176–172. **S.** 1·1.	,, ٣٥ (1302) *A.S.B.*
	1304 1305	,,	1103–35	,, ١١٠٣ **W.** 176–175. **S.** 1·1.	,, (1305) *A.S.B.*
	1306	,,	1103–36	,, **W.** 176. **S.** 1·1.	,, ٣٦

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1307	Etáwa	1104– 36	As on No. 1298, but ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 175.	As on No. 1298, but ۳۶
1308	„	1106– 38	„ ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 171.	„ ۳۸ *A.S.B.*
1309 1310	„	1107– 39	„ ۱۱۰۷ **W.** 176–174. **S.** 1·05.	„ ۳۹ (1310) *A.S.B.*
1311	„	1107– 40	„ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·05.	„ ۴۰
1312	„	1108– 40	„ ۱۱۰۸ **W.** 174.	„
1313	„	1108– 41	„ **W.** 175.	„ ۴۱
1314	„	1109– 41	„ ۱۱۰۹ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·1.	„ Pl.
1315	Etáwá	1109– 42	„ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·05.	„ but ۴۲ – اتاوا Pl.
1316	„	1110– 42	„ ۱۱۱۰ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	„ ۴۲ Traces of dotted border.
1317	„	1110– 43	„ **W.** 169. **S.** ·95.	„ ۴۳ No border.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1318 1319	Etáwá	1111–43	As on No. 1298, but ١١١١ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 1317. (1319) *A.S.B.*
1320	,,	1111–44	,, Traces of dotted border. **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۴
1321 1322	,,	1112–44	,, ١١١٢ No border. **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, (1322) *A.S.B.*
1323	,,	1112–45	,, **W.** 176·7. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴٥
1324	,,	1113–45	,, ١١١٣ **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	,,
1325	,,	1113–46	,, **W.** 174.	,, ۴٦
1326	,,	1114–46	,, ١١١۴ **W.** 177·5.	,,
1327	,,	1114–47	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴٧
1328	,,	1115–48	,, ١١١٥ **W.** 177. **S.** ·93.	,, ۴٨

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1329	Etáwá	1116–48	As on No. 1298, but ١١١٦ **W.** 177·8. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1328.
1330	,,	1116–49	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, but ۴۹
1331	,,	1117–49	,, ١١١٧ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	,,
1332	,,	1117–50	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ٥٠
1333	,,	1118–50	,, ١١١٨ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,,
1334	,,	1118–51	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·91.	,, ٥١
1335	Gulkanda (Golconda)	1069–ahd	بادشاه غازی بهادر عالمگیر ١٠٦٩ زیب محمد اورنگ **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	گلکنده ضرب سنة احد جلوس میمنت مانوس Traces of dotted border. *A.S.B.* Pl.
1336	,,	–3	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر Date wanting. Star in نگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1298, but گلکنده – ٣ M. 45 over ج of جلوس

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1337 1338	Gulkanda	1071–4	As on No. 1336, but ١٠٧١ to left of جهان **W.** 178–175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1336, but ٤ No mark over ج (1337) *A.S.B.*
1339	,,	1071 (*sic*)–6	,, [١٠]٧١ to left of جهان **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ٦
1340	,,	–12	,, Date wanting. M. 49 in نگ **W.** 175·7. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٢
1341	,,	–13	,, **W.** 177. **S.** ·83.	,, ١٣
1342 1343	,,	1076 (*sic*)-15	,, 7-rayed star in نگ and to left of سکه ١٠٧٦ to left of جهان Dotted border. **W.** 177–175. **S.** ·95.	,, ١٥ M. 45 over ج Dotted border. (1342) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1344	,,	1076 (*sic*)-17	,, **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٧ *A.S.B.*
1345	,,	1076 (*sic*)-18	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٨
1346	,,	–19	,, Hijra date wanting. **W.** 170.	,, ١٩
1347	,,	–23	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٣

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1348	Gulkanda	–25	As on No. 1346. **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1342, but ٢٥ *A.S.B.*
1349	”	–26	” **W.** 178. **S.** ·825.	” ٢٦ *A.S.B.*
1350	”	–27	” **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	” ٢٧
1351	”	–29	” **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	” ٢٩
1352	Ḥaidar-ábád *Dáru-l-jihád*	1100–33	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۱۰۰ over در جهان **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	جلوس میمنت دار الجهاد مانوس ضرب ٣٣ حیدراباد Pl.
1353	”	1107–39	” but ۱۱۰۷ under نگ **W.** 164 (worn). **S.** ·95.	” but ٣٩ under جها
1354	”	1112–44	” ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	” ٤٤ *A.S.B.*
1355	Islám-ábád	1094–27	As on No. 1298, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۴ in نگ **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1298, but اسلام اباد– ٢٧ *Bhandára C.P.*

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 1356	Jahángír- nagar	1081– 14	In square عالمگیر ۱۰۸۱ یب شاه اورنگ ز *Margin* Lower در جهان Rest wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	In square جلوس ۱۴ سنة *Margins* Left میمنت Top مانوس Right ..... Bottom جهانگیرنگر	Pl.
	1357	,,	1092– 24	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۲ to left of منیر **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	مانوس میمنت ۲۴ جلوس سنة ضرب جهانگیرنگر	
	1358	,,	–30	,, but date wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	,, ۳۰ but سنة جلوس	
	1359	,,	1100– 33	,, ۱۱۰۰ to left of منیر **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۳ *Bhandára C.P.*	
	1360	,,	1102– 34	,, ۱۱۰۲ **W.** 178·3. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۴	
	1361	,,	1107– 39	,, ۱۱۰۷ **W.** 176.	,, ۳۹	
	1362	,,	1108– 40	,, ۱۱۰۸ **W.** 176. **S.** ·875.	,, ۴۰	Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1363	Jahángír-nagar	1109–41	As on No. 1357, but ۱۱۰۹ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1357, but ۴۱ *Ságar.*
1364	,,	1112–44	,, ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 177.	,, ۴۴
1365	,,	1114–46	,, but ۱۱۱۴ in نگن **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۶
1366	,,	— –48	,, but date wanting. **W.** 180. **S.** ·86.	,, ۴۸
1367	Júnagadh	? 1074–5	In square عالمگیر زیب اورنگ شاه *Margins* Left چو بدر منیر Top ? [۱۰۷]۴ Rest ...... **W.** 150 (clipped). **S.** ·85.	In square مانوس میمنت جلوس *Margins* Top ضرب Right جونه Bottom [گده] Left سنة ۵
1368	,,	? 1080–	In square, as on No. 1367. *Margins* Right سکه زد Bottom در جهان Left ...... Top (*sic*) سنة ۱۰۸ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, but only right margin present. *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1369	Júnagadh	1082–15	In square عالمگیر زیب نـگ شاه اور *Margins* Right سکه زد Bottom در جهان Left ...... Top ۱۰۸۲ ... **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1367, but *margins* Right ضرب Bottom جونه Left گده Top سنة ۱۵
1370	,,	1093–26 ?	,, but سنة ۱۰۹۳ in top margin. Traces of dotted border. **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ۲۶ ?
				Pl.
1371	,,	— –27	,, Top margin wanting. **W.** 176. **S.** ·975.	,, *Margins* Right ضرب Bottom جونه Left .... Top سنة ۲۷
1372	,,	1097–31 ?	,, but *margins* Bottom سکه زد Left در جهان Top چو بدر Right (*sic*) منیر سنة ۱۰۹۷ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, but *margins* Right جونه Bottom گده Left سنة ۳۱ ? Top ......
1373	Júnagarh	1099–31	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۹ in نـگ **W.** 177. **S.** 1·0.	مانوس میمنت ۳۱ سنة جلوس ضرب جونه‌گره

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1374	Júnagarh	1101– 33	As on No. 1373, but ١١٠١ **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1373, but ٣٣
1375	,,	1102– 34	,, ١١٠٢ **W.** 179. **S.** ·95.	,, ٣٤ *A.S.B.* Pl.
1376	,,	1104– 36	,, ١١٠٤ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣٦ *Bhandára C.P.*
1377	Kábul	– 4	غازی عالمگیر بادشاه محمد ابو الظفر محی الدین **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	کابل ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۴ سنة
1378	,, *Dáru-l-Mulk*	1111– 43	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١١١١ in نگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	جلوس میمنت مانوس دار الملك ضرب کابل ۴۳ Pl.
1379	Katak (Cuttack)	1099– 31	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١٠٩٩ to left of جهان **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1373, but کتك – ٣١
1380	,,	1100– 32	,, ١١٠٠ in نگ **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٢

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1381	Katak	1102– 35	As on No. 1379, but ٢٠١١ (*sic*) to left of جهان **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1379, but ٣٥ Traces of dotted border. *Bhandára C.P.* Pl.
	1382	,,	–36	,, Date wanting. **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٦
	1383	Khan- báyat (Cambay)	–6	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منير Date wanting. **W.** 175·8. **S.** ·8.	مانوس ميمنت ٦ سنة جلوس ضرب کهنبايت Star over کهنبا
	1384	Kan- báyat	1081– 1–	,, ١٠٨١ over جهان **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	,, but کنبايت ١ –
	1385	,,	1082– 14	,, ١٠٨٢ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٤ *Bhandára C.P.*
	1386	,,	1083– 15	,, ١٠٨٣ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٥
	1387	,,	1084– 17	,, ١٠٨٤ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·82.	,, ١٧
	1388	,,	1085– 17	,, ١٠٨٥ **W.** 169. **S.** ·85.	,,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1389[1]	Kan-báyat	1085–18	As on No. 1384, but ١٠٨٥ **W.** 176. **S.** ·84.	As on No. 1383, but ١٨ **SILVER**
1390	,,	1087–19	,, ١٠٨٧ **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٩ *A.S.B.*
1391	,,	1089–2–	,, ١٠٨٩ **W.** 178. **S.** ·91.	,, ٢–
1392	,,	1091–23	,, ١٠٩١ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٣
1393	,,	1093–25	,, ١٠٩٣ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٥
1394	,,	1095–2–	,, ١٠٩٥ **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢–
1395	,,	1096–28	,, ١٠٩٦ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٨ *A.S.B.*
1396	,,	1096–29	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٩ *A.S.B.*
1397	,,	1098–30	,, ١٠٩٨ **W.** 177. **S.** ·875.	,, ٣٠

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 12326. The coin can confidently be assigned to Kanbáyat.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1398	Kan-báyat	1099–31	As on No. 1384, but ۱۰۹۹ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1383, but ۳۱
1399	,,	1100–33	,, ۱۱۰۰ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۳
1399 (*a*)[1]	,,	1101–33	,, ۱۱۰۱ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۳
1400	,,	1102–34	,, ۱۱۰۲ **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۴
1401	,,	1104–36	,, ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 177. **S.** 1·0.	,, ۳۶
1402	,,	1106–	,, ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 178. **S.** ·975.	,, Regnal year blurred.
1403	,,	1111–43	,, ۱۱۱۱ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۳ Traces of dotted border. *Ságar.* Pl.
1404	,,	1115–47	,, but ۱۱۱۵ in سکّه **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۷

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9923, p. 43, only traces of the mint name remain.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1405	Kan-báyat	1116–49	As on No. 1404, but ۱۱۱٦ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1383, but ۴۹
1406	Khujista-bunyád (Aurang-ábád)	1100–32	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۱۰۰ in زنـگ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت جلوس ۳۲ بنیاد خجسته ضرب
1407	,,	1106–38	,, ۱۱۰٦ **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت ۳۸ سنة جلوس ضرب خجسته‌بنیاد
1408	,,	1112–44	,, ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 176. **S.** ·875.	,, ۴۴
1409	,,	1112–45	,, ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۵ Traces of dotted border. Pl.
1410	,,	1113–46	,, ۱۱۱۳ **W.** 177·3. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴٦
1411	,,	1115–48	,, ۱۱۱۵ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۸
1412	,,	1116–48	,, ۱۱۱٦ **W.** 177. **S.** ·87.	,,

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1413	Kulbarga	1098– 31	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۸ in زنگ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1407, but کلبرگه – ۳۱
1414	,,	1104– 3–	,, ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 169. **S.** ·8.	,, ۳– *A.S.B.*
1415	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	1070– aḥd	As on No. 1120 (مهر), but ۱۰۷۰ to left of جهان **W.** 173. **S.** ·875.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة Pl.
1416	,,	1092– 24	,, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۲ in زنگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, but جلوس میمنت مانوس ۲۴ سنة *Bhandára C. P.*
1417	,,	1093– 25	,, ۱۰۹۳ **W.** 175. **S.** ·825.	,, ۲۵ *Bhandára C. P.*
1418	,,	1094– 26	,, ۱۰۹۴ **W.** 174·8. **S.** ·85.	,, ۲۶
1419	,,	1095– 27	,, ۱۰۹۵ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ۲۷ *Bhandára C. P.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1420	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	1096–28	As on No. 1416, but ١٠٩٦ **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·83.	As on No. 1416, but ٢٨
1421	,,	1097–29	,, ١٠٩٧ **W.** 147 (clipped). **S.** ·7.	,, ٢٩
1422	,,	1098–30	,, ١٠٩٨ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣٠
1423 1424	,,	1098–31	,, **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣١ (1423) *A.S.B.*
1425 1426	,,	1099–31	,, ١٠٩٩ **W.** 177.	,, (1426) *A.S.B.*
1427	,,	1099–32	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٢
1428	,,	1101–33	,, ١١٠١ **W.** 172. **S.** ·875.	,, ٣٣
1429	,,	1103–35	,, ١١٠٣ **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣٥
1430	,,	1104–36	,, ١١٠٤ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣٦

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1431	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1104–37	As on No. 1430. **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1416, but ٣٧
	1432	„	1106–38	„ ١١٠٦ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	„ ٣٨ *Láhor.* Pl.
	1433	„	1106–39	„ ١١٠٦ **W.** 176·2. **S.** ·95.	„ but سنة ٣٩ ميمنت جلوس مانوس Pl.
	1434	„	1107–39	„ ١١٠٧ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	„
	1435 1436	„	1108–40	„ ١١٠٨ **W.** 174–173. **S.** ·9.	„ ٤٠ (1436) *A.S.B.*
	1437	„	1108–41	„ **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·9.	„ ٤١
	1438	„	1109–41	„ ١١٠٩ **W.** 176.	„ *Láhor.*
	1439	„	1109–42	„ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	„ ٤٢
	1440 1441	„	1111–43	„ ١١١١ **W.** 177–175. **S.** ·875.	„ ٤٣ (1440) *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1442	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1111–44	As on No. 1440. **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1433, but ۴۴ *Láhor.*
1443	,,	1112–45	,, ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·82.	,, ۴۵
1444	,,	1113–46	,, ۱۱۱۳ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۶ *Láhor.*
1445	,,	1114–47	,, ۱۱۱۴ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۷ *Láhor.*
1446	,,	1115–47	,, ۱۱۱۵ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۷ *Láhor.*
1447	,,	1115–48	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۸ *A.S.B.*
1448	,,	1116–48	,, ۱۱۱۶ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, *Láhor.*
1449	,,	1116–49	,, **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ۴۹ *Láhor.*
1450	,,	1117–49	,, ۱۱۱۷ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·85.	,,

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	Æ 1451	Lakhnau (Lucknow)	–19	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منير Date wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	مانوس میمنت ۱۹ سنة جلوس ضرب لکهنو	
	1452	,,	1088–20	,, but ۱۰۸۸ to left of جهان **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ۲۰	*A.S.B.*
	1453	,,	,,	,, but ۱۰۸۸ over جهان **W.** 174·5.	,,	
	1454	,,	1098–30	,, but ۱۰۹۸ under نگ **W.** 172.	,, ۳۰	
	1455	,,	1101–33	,, but ۱۱۰۱ to left of جهان **W.** 174. **S.** 1·0.	,, ۳۳	Pl.
	1456	,,	–34	,, Date wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	,, ۳۴	*A.S.B.*
	1457	,,	–40	,, **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۰	
	1458	,,	–41	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۱	
	1459	,,	–42	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·925.	,, ۴۲	
	1460	,,	–43	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۳	

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1461	Lakhnau	–44	As on No. 1456. **W.** 178. **S.** ·88.	As on No. 1451, but ۴۴
1462	,,	–45	,, **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۵ *Miánwálí.*
1463	,,	–46	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·96.	,, ۴۶
1464	,,	–49	,, **W.** 177. **S.** ·775.	,, ۴۹ *Bhandára.*
1465	,,	–50	,, **W.** 166 (clipped). **S.** ·95.	,, ۵۰
1466	Makhṣúṣ-ábád	1115–48	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۱۱۵ in زنگ **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1451, but مخصوص اباد – ۴۸ Pl.
1467	Multán (*Dáru-l-amán*)	1070–2	As on No. 1120 (مهر) ۱۰۷۰ below منیر M. 47 in زنگ **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	[دار الاما]ن ملتان ۲ ضرب جلوس مانوس میمنت M. 43 in ن of امان *A.S.B.* Pl.
1468	,, (no epithet)	1075–8	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۷۵ in زنگ **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1451, but ملتان – ۸ M. 43 in س of مانوس

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1469	Multán	1076–8	As on No. 1468, but ١٠٧٦ W. 140 (clipped). S. ·75.	As on No. 1468.
	1470	,,	1082–15	,, ١٠٨٢ W. 175. S. ·85.	,, but جلوس ١٥ سنة M. 43 in س of جلوس
	1471	,,	1093–25	,, ١٠٩٣ W. 175. S. ·85.	,, but سنة ٢٥ جلوس No m.
	1472	,,	1094–27	,, ١٠٩٤ W. 173. S. ·8.	,, ٢٧
	1473	,,	1100–33	,, ١١٠٠ W. 174. S. ·8.	,, ٣٣ M. 50 in س of جلوس
	1474	,,	1101–33	,, ١١٠١ W. 173. S. ·9.	,, M. 50. Pl.
	1475	,,	1102–35	,, ١١٠٢ W. 176. S. ·85.	,, ٣٥ M. 50. *Bhandára C. P.*
	1476	,,	1103–36	,, ١١٠٣ W. 176. S. ·85.	,, ٣٦ M. 50.
	1477	Murshid-ábád	1117–49	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١١١٧ in زنگ W. 170. S. ·9.	As on No. 1451, but مرشداباد – ٤٩

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1478	Murshid-ábád	1118–51	As on No. 1477, but ١١١٨ **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1477, but ٥١
1479 1480	Nárnol	1098–31	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١٠٩٨ in نگی **W.** 177–176. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1451, but نارنول – ٣١ (1480) *A.S.B.*
1481	,,	1099–3–	,, ١٠٩٩ **W.** 173. **S.** ·82.	,, ٣– *Bhandára C.P.*
1482	,,	1100–33	,, ١١٠٠ **W.** 177. **S.** ·87.	,, ٣٣ Pl.
1483	,,	1102–34	,, ١١٠٢ **W.** 175.	,, ٣٤
1484	Nuṣrat-ábád	1109–41 ?	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١١٠٩ to left of سکه **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1451, but ٤١ سنة جلوس اباد ضرب نصرت *A.S.B.* (*Dehlí*). Pl.
1485	Patna	1071–3	ابو الظفر محی الدین ١٠٧١ محمد بهادر عالمگیر اورنگزیب شاه **W.** 167. **S.** ·8.	پتنه ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ٣ M. 2 to left of ٣ *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1486	Patna	1071–4	As on No. 1485. W. 177. S. ·8.	As on No. 1485, but ۴ M. 2. Pl.
1487	,,	1072–4	,, ۱۰۷۲ W. 177. S. ·8.	,, M. 2. *A.S.B.*
1488	,,	1089–22	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر زنگ in ۱۰۸۹ W. 175. S. ·9.	• مانوس میمنت ۲۲ سنة جلوس ضرب پتنه
1489	,,	1091–24	,, ۱۰۹۱ W. 177. S. ·85.	,, ۲۴ *A.S.B.*
1490	,,	1093–26	,, ۱۰۹۳ W. 176. S. ·85.	,, ۲۶ *Bhandára C. P.*
1491	,,	1096–28	,, ۱۰۹۶ W. 175. S. ·85.	,, ۲۸ *Bhandára C. P.*
1492	,,	1096–29	,, W. 177. S. ·8.	,, ۲۹ *A.S.B.*
1493	,,	1097–29	,, ۱۰۹۷ W. 175. S. ·8.	,,
1494	,,	1101–34	,, ۱۱۰۱ W. 177·5. S. ·87.	,, ۳۴

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1495	Patna	1102–34	As on No. 1488, but ١١٠٢ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·82.	As on No. 1494.
1496	,,	1103–35	,, ١١٠٣ **W.** 175. **S.** ·82.	,, ٣٥ *Bhandára C.P.*
1497	,,	1106–38	,, ١١٠٦ **W.** 177·3. **S.** ·96.	,, ٣٨ Pl.
1498	,,	1106–39	,, **W.** 171. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣٩
1499	,,	1111–44	,, ١١١١ **W.** 176. **S.** ·8.	,, ٤٤ *Bhandára C.P.*
1500	,,	1114–46	,, ١١١٤ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٤٦ *Bhandára C.P.*
1501	,,	1115–47	,, ١١١٥ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٤٧
1502	,,	1116–48	,, ١١١٦ **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	,, ٤٨ *A.S.B.* (*Dehlí*).
1503	Purbandar[1]	1116–4–	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ١١١٦ in زنگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·825.	As on No. 1488, but پربندر –٤ *Bhandára C.P.* Pl.

[1] This coin was described in *J.A.S.B.*, 1904, Num. Supp., No. IV, art. 27.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER Æ 1504	Sarhind (*Sahrind on coins*)	1103–35	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۱۰۳ in نگ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1488, but سہرند – ۳۵	
1505	„	1104–36	„ ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 176. **S.** ·825.	„ ۳۶	
1506	„	1108–41	„ ۱۱۰۸ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	„ ۴۱	Pl.
1507	„	1109–42	„ ۱۱۰۹ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	„ ۴۲	*A.S.B.*
1508	„	1116–48	„ ۱۱۱۶ **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	„ ۴۸	
1509	„	1117–50	„ ۱۱۱۷ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	„ ۵۰	*Ságar.*
1510	Sháhjahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat* (Dehlí)	1072–4	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۷۲ to left of جہان **W.** 175. **S.** ·93.	فة جہا اباد دار الخلا شاہان ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس ۴ سنة	
1511	„	1082–14	„ ۱۰۸۲ in نگ **W.** 176. **S.** ·93.	„ but ۱۴	

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1512	Sháhja-hánábád	1083–16	As on No. 1511, but ١٠٨٣ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 1510, but ١٦ *A.S.B.* (*Púná*).
1513	,,	1085–17	,, ١٠٨٥ **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٧ *A.S.B.*
1514	,,	1089–22	,, ١٠٨٩ **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, ٢٢ *Bhandára C.P.*
1515	,,	1090–23	,, ١٠٩٠ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٣
1516	,,	1092–24	,, ١٠٩٢ **W.** 159. **S.** ·82.	,, ٢٤ *A.S.B.*
1517	,,	1094–26	,, ١٠٩٤ **W.** 175. **S.** ·87.	,, ٢٦
1518	,,	1098–30	,, ١٠٩٨ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣٠
1519	,,	1098–31	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣١
1520	,,	1099–31	,, ١٠٩٩ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,,

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1521	Sháhjahánábád	1100–32	As on No. 1511, but ۱۱۰۰ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1510, but ۳۲
1522	,,	1102–34	,, ۱۱۰۲ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۴
1523	,,	1102–35	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۵
1524	,,	1104–36	,, ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳۶
1525	,,	1105–37	,, ۱۱۰۵ **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	,, ۳۷ *Bhandára C.P.*
1526 1527	,,	1106–38	,, ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ۳۸ (1526) *A.S.B.*
1528	,,	1106–39	,, ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ۳۹
1529	,,	1107–39	,, ۱۱۰۷ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,,
1530	,,	1108–40	,, ۱۱۰۸ **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	,, ۴۰

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1531	Sháhja-hánábád	1112–44	As on No. 1511, but ١١١٢ **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1510, but ۴۴ **SILVER**
1532	,,	1113–45	,, ١١١٣ **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ۴۵ *Bhandára C.P.*
1533	,,	1116–48	,, ١١١٦ **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۸
1534	,,	1116–49	,, ١١١٦ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ۴۹ Traces of dotted border.
1535	,,	1117–49	,, ١١١٧ **W.** 174. **S.** ·91.	,, No border.
1536	Sholápúr	1096–	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منير ١٠٩٦ in زنگی **W.** 173. **S.** ·82.	As on No. 1488, but شولاپور Regnal year obliterated.
1537	,,	1097–31	,, ١٠٩٧ **W.** 177·3. **S.** ·95.	,, ۳۱
1538 1539 1540	Súrat *Bandar-i-mubárak*	1070–aḥd	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منير ١٠٧٠ to left of جهان **W.** 178–174–167. **S.** ·9–·85.	سورت بندر مبارك ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة (1538) *A.S.B.* Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1541	Súrat (no epithet)	-3	As on No. 1538. Date wanting. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	٣ سنة جلوس ميمنت مانوس ضرب سورت Traces of dotted border. *Bhandára C.P.*
1542 1543	,,	1072–4	,, ١٠٧٢ to left of سكه **W.** 178–175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٤ (1542) *A.S.B.* (1543) *Bhandára C.P.*
1544	,,	1073–5	,, ١٠٧٣ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, but سورت ضرب Regnal year ٥ *Bhandára C.P.*
1545	,,	1074–	,, ١٠٧٤ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, Regnal year wanting.
1546	,,	1075–7	,, ١٠٧٥ **W.** 175. **S.** ·875.	,, but سنة ٧
1547	,,	1076–	,, ١٠٧٦ **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	,, Regnal year wanting.
1548	,,	1077–9	,, ١٠٧٧ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, but سنة ٩
1549 1550	,,	1078–10	,, ١٠٧٨ **W.** 175–158 (worn). **S.** ·87.	,, ١٠ (1549) *Ságar.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1551	Súrat	-11	As on No. 1542. Date wanting. W. 176. S. ·85.	As on No. 1544, but ١١ *Ságar.* Pl.
1552	"	1079– 11	" ١٠٧٩ W. 175. S. ·85.	" but ضرب سورت Pl.
1553	"	1079– 12	" W. 177. S. ·85.	" ١٢ *A.S.B.*
1554	"	1081– 13 ?	" ١٠٨١ W. 177. S. ·86.	" but سورت ضرب Regnal year ? ١٣ Pl.
1555	"	1082– 15	" ١٠٨٢ W. 177·2. S. ·96.	" ١٥
1556	"	1083– 15	" ١٠٨٣ W. 176. S. ·96.	" *Ságar.*
1557	"	1083– 16	" W. 175. S. ·9.	" ١٦ *Ságar.*
1558	"	1084– 17	" ١٠٨٤ W. 174. S. ·86.	" ١٧ *Ságar.*
1559	"	1085–	" ١٠٨٥ W. 173. S. ·9.	" Regnal year wanting.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
SILVER	AR 1560	Súrat	1086–18	As on No. 1542, but ١٠٨٦ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1554, but ١٨	
	1561	,,	1087–19	,, ١٠٨٧ **W.** 170. **S.** ·82.	,, ١٩	
	1562	,,	1088–20	,, ١٠٨٨ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٠	
	1563	,,	1088–21	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢١	*Ságar.*
	1564	,,	1089–22	,, but ١٠٨٩ under نگی **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٢	
	1565	,,	1090–22	,, but ١٠٩٠ in نگی **W.** 177. **S.** ·92.	مانوس ميمنت ٢٢ سنة جلوس ضرب سورت	
	1566 ½	,,	,,	,, **W.** 90. **S.** ·85.	,,	*A.S.B.* Pl.
	1567	,,	1090–23	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٣	*A.S.B.*
	1568	,,	1091–23	,, ١٠٩١ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	,,	

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1569	Súrat	1091–24	As on No. 1568. **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 1565, but ۲۴ *Bhandára C.P.*
1570	,,	1092–24	,, ۱۰۹۲ **W.** 179. **S.** ·95.	,,
1571	,,	1092–25	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ۲۵ *Bhandára C.P.*
1572 1573	,,	1093–25	,, ۱۰۹۳ **W.** 176–152. **S.** 1·0–·9.	,, (1572) *A.S.B.*
1574 1575	,,	1093–26	,, **W.** 178–175. **S.** ·95.	,, ۲٦ (1574) *A.S.B.* (1575) *Láhor.*
1576 1577	,,	1094–26	,, ۱۰۹۴ **W.** 177–171. **S.** ·95.	,, ۲٦ (1577) *A.S.B.*
1578	,,	1094–27	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·98.	,, ۲۷
1579 1580	,,	1095–27	,, ۱۰۹۵ **W.** 178–175. **S.** ·95.	,, (1579) *A.S.B.*
1581 1582	,,	1095–28	,, **W.** 178–150.	,, ۲۸ (1581) *A.S.B.*
1583	,,	1096–28	,, ۱۰۹٦ **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·95.	,,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1584	Súrat	1096–29	As on No. 1583. **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1565, but ٢٩ *Ságar.*
1585	,,	1097–29	,, ١٠٩٧ **W.** 177·8. **S.** ·9.	,,
1586	,,	1097–30	,, **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣٠ *Ságar.*
1587 1588	,,	1098–30	,, ١٠٩٨ **W.** 177–175. **S.** ·9.	,, (1587) *A.S.B.*
1589	,,	1099–31	,, ١٠٩٩ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ٣١ *Ságar.*
1590	,,	1100–32	,, ١١٠٠ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	,, ٣٢ *Ságar.*
1591	,,	1101–33	,, ١١٠١ **W.** 179. **S.** ·96.	,, ٣٣
1592	,,	1101–34	,, **W.** 176. **S.** 1·0.	,, ٣٤
1593 1594	,,	1102–34	,, ١١٠٢ **W.** 179–172. **S.** ·95.	,, (1594) *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1595 1596	Súrat	1103–35	As on No. 1565, but ۱۱۰۳ **W.** 175–168. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1565, but ۳۵ (1595) *Ságar.* (1596) *A.S.B.*
1597	"	1103–36	" **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	" ۳۶ *Ságar.*
1598 1599	"	1104–36	" ۱۱۰۴ **W.** 178–174. **S.** ·95.	" (1598) *A.S.B.*
1600 1601	"	1105–37	" ۱۱۰۵ **W.** 178–177·3. **S.** 1·05–·97.	" ۳۷ (1600) *A.S.B.*
1602	"	110 – – 38	" Unit of date wanting. **W.** 171. **S.** 1·0.	" ۳۸ *A.S.B.*
1603 ½	"	1106–38	" ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 86·5. **S.** ·8.	"
1604 1605	"	1106–39	" **W.** 178–175. **S.** 1·0.	" ۳۹ (1604) *A.S.B.* (1605) *Ságar.*
1606	"	1107–39	" ۱۱۰۷ **W.** 177. **S.** 1·0.	" *Ságar.*
1607 1608	"	1108–41	" ۱۱۰۸ **W.** 178–174.	" ۴۱ (1607) *A.S.B.* (1608) *Ságar.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1609	Súrat	1109–41	As on No. 1568, but ۱۱۰۹ **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1565, but ۴۱
1610	„	1110–42	„ ۱۱۱۰ **W.** 177. **S.** 1·0.	„ ۴۲
1611	„	1110–43	„ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	„ ۴۳
1612	„	1111–43	„ ۱۱۱۱ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	„ ۴۳
1613	„	1111–44	„ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	„ ۴۴ *Ságar.*
1614	„	1112–44	„ ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	„ *Ságar.*
1615	„	1113–45	„ ۱۱۱۳ **W.** 177·8. **S.** ·95.	„ ۴۵
1616	„	1113–46	„ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·97.	„ ۴۶
1617	„	1114–47	„ ۱۱۱۴ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	„ ۴۷ *Ságar.*
1618 1619	„	1115–47	„ ۱۱۱۵ **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	„ ۴۷ (1619) *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1620	Súrat	1115–48	As on No. 1618. **W.** 175. **S.** ·92.	As on No. 1565, but M. 51 in س of جلوس (۴۸) *Bhandára C.P.*
1621	"	1116–48	" ۱۱۱۶ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	"
1622	"	1116–49	" **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	" ۴۹ *Miánwálí.*
1623	"	1117–49	" ۱۱۱۷ **W.** 179. **S.** ·97.	"
1624	"	1117–50	" **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	" ۵۰
1625	"	1118–50	" ۱۱۱۸ **W.** 176. **S.** 1·0.	"
1626 ½	"	1118–51	" **W.** 89. **S.** ·725.	" ۵۱ *A.S.B.*
1627	Tatta	1071–	ابو الظفر محی الدین ۱۰۷۱ محمد بهادر عالمگیر اورنگ زیب ے [بادشاه غاز] **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت تته جلوس ضرب .....

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1628 1629	Tatta	1073–5	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۷۳ to left of جهان **W.** 174–173. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 1565, but تته – ۵ (1628) *A.S.B.*
1630	,,	–8	,, Date wanting. **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, ۸ *A.S.B.*
1631	,,	–9	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ۹
1632	,,	1081– 13	,, but ۱۰۸۱ to left of سکه **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ۱۳
1633	,,	1082– 14	,, ۱۰۸۲ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 166. **S.** ·8.	,, ۱۴ *A.S.B.* Pl.
1634	,,	1084– 16	,, ۱۰۸۴ **W.** 175.	,, ۱۶
1635	,,	1095– 27	,, but ۱۰۹۵ in تنگ **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ۲۷
1636	,,	1101– 34	,, ۱۱۰۱ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ۳۴
1637	,,	1106– 38	,, ۱۱۰۶ **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	,, ۳۸ *Jihlam.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1638	Ujjain *Dáru-l-fatḥ*	1117– 49	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۱۱۷ in زنگ **W.** 179. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1565, but ضرب دار الفتح اجین Regnal year ۴۹ Pl.
1639	Zafar-ábád	1070–3	As on No. 1627, but ۱۰۷۰ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	ظفراباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳ سنة Pl.
1640	,,	1074–6	As on No. 1120 (مهر) ۱۰۷۴ to left of جهان **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1565, but ظفراباد – ۶
1641	,,	1079– 12	,, ۱۰۷۹ **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	,, ۱۲
			Mint name wanting	
1642	?	1096– 29	As on No. 1120, but چو بدر منیر ۱۰۹۶ under زنگ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1565, but ۲۹ Traces of mint name, but not decipherable.
1643[1]	?	1109– 42	,, ۱۱۰۹ in زنگ **W.** 176. **S.** ·88.	but ,, ۴۲
1644 ¼	?	1112– 44	,, ۱۱۱۲ **W.** 42·5. **S.** ·6.	,, ۴۴ No trace of mint name. Pl.

[1] *I.M.C.*, No. 7222, p. 46.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ **1645**	?	? 5	غازی بادشاه عالمگیر یب اورنگ ز **W.** 167. **S.** ·8.	مانوس میمنت ٥ ? نام جلوس .... Pl.
COPPER	Æ **1646**[1]	Akbar-ábád	–8	اکبراباد ب ضر **W.** 213. **S.** ·75.	٨ سنة مبارك س جلو *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1647	Multán	–39 ?	[زیب] عالمگیر اورنگ شـــــاه .... فلوس **W.** 212. **S.** ·9.	ملتان ضرب جلوس مبا[رك] ٣٩ Pl.
	1648 **1649**	Nárnol	—	نارنول ب ضر **W.** 215–210. **S.** ·75–·8.	.... سنة مبارك س جلو *A.S.B.* Pl.

[1] This and Nos. 1648–9 are ascribed by Mr. C. J. Rodgers in his MS. Catalogue to Aurangzéb.

VII

SHÁH 'ÁLAM I BAHÁDUR SHÁH

A. H. 1119–1124. A. D. 1707–1712.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 1650	Burhán-púr *Dáru-s-sarúr*	–2	غازی بادشاه بهـــــادر شاه عالم ك سکه مبارک **W.** 169. **S.** ·8.	جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة ۲ دار السرور ضرب برهانپور	**GOLD**
1651	Khujista-bunyád (*Aurang-ábád*)	1121–3	بادشاه غازی ۱۱۲۱ عالم بهادر شـــــــاه سکه مبارك **W.** 168. **S.** ·87.	مانوس میمنت ۳ سنة جلوس ضرب خجسته‌بنیاد	*A.S.B.* Pl.
1652	Sháhja-hánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1123–5	,, ۱۱۲۳ **W.** 168. **S.** ·92.	شاه‌جهان‌اباد ضرب ۵ دار الخلافة میمنت جلوس مانوس	Pl.
1653	Súrat	?	As on No. 1650. **W.** 169·5. **S.** ·85.	سنة – جلوس مانوس میمنت ضرب سورت	
AR 1654	Aḥmad-nagar	1122–4	As on No. 1651, but ۱۱۲۲ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·94.	احمدنگر ضرب ۴ سنة مانوس میمنت جلوس	**SILVER**

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1655 1656	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1119–ahd	As on No. 1650, but ١١١٩ to right of غازی on one. **W.** 175–174·5. **S.** ·9–·87.	As on No. 1650, but سنة احد مستقر الخلافة ضرب اکبراباد (1655) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1657	" *Musta-qirru-l-mulk*	1119–ahd	" **W.** 175. **S.** ·87.	but " مستقرالملك Pl.
	1658	"	11––2	" Date partly wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·88.	" ٢ *Láhor.*
	1659 1660	"	112––3	" Unit of date wanting. M. 52 to left of شاه **W.** 175–173. **S.** ·9–·85.	" ٣ (1659) *A.S.B.*
	1661	Akbar-nagar	–2	[باد]شاه غازی شاه عالم بهادر .... **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	.... ٢ سنة جلوس ضرب اکبرنگر *A.S.B.*
	1662	ʻÁlamgír-púr	1120–3	بادشاه غازی شاه عالم [بهادر] سکه مبارك ١١٢٠ **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت ٣ سنة جلوس ضرب عالمگیرپور *A.S.B.*
	1663	"	1123–	" ١١٢٣ **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	" Regnal year wanting.
	1663 (*a*)	Allah-ábád	1120–ahd	See No. 2327.	See No. 2327.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ (SILVER) 1664	Ausá	–3	As on No. 1650. Date wanting. **W.** 173. **S.** ·89.	As on No. 1662, but اوسا M. 25 over س of اوسا *Bhandára.* Pl.
1665	'Azím-ábád (Patna)	1121–4	عالم شاه بادشاه غازی سکه ۱۱۲۱ **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	اباد عظیم سنة ۴ جلوس ضرب
1666 1666 (*a*)	,,	1122–4	,, ۱۱۲۲ **W.** 184. **S.** ·95.	,, (1666) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1667	,,	1123–5	,, ۱۱۲۳ **W.** 185. **S.** ·92.	,, ۵
1668	,,	1124–6	,, ۱۱۲۴ **W.** 185. **S.** ·85.	,, ۶
1669 1670	Barélí	1120–2	غازی شاه شاه عالم باد سکه ۱۱۲۰ **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·85–·95.	مبارك سنة ۲ یلی ضرب بر (1669) *A.S.B.*
1671	,,	–3	,, Date wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳
1672 1673	,,	1122–4	As on No. 1669, but ۱۱۲۲ **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴ (1673) *A.S.B.* (*Dehlí*). Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1674	Burhán-púr *Dáru-s-sarúr*	1120–2	As on No. 1650. ۱۱۲۰ to right of غازی **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1650. Pl.
1675	„	112–– 6	„ Unit of date wanting. **W.** 176. **S.** ·92.	„ ٦
1676	Chíná-patan (Madrás)	1120–2	شاه غازی شاه عالم باد سنة ۱۱۲۰ **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	س سنة ۲ جلو ضرب چیناپتن Pl.
1677	„	–3	„ Date wanting. **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	„ ۳
1678	Etáwá	1119–aḥd	As on No. 1669, but ۱۱۱۹ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1662, but اتاوا – احد
1679	„	1120–2	„ ۱۱۲۰ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	„ ۲
1680	„	1121–3	„ ۱۱۲۱ **W.** 173. **S.** ·86.	„ ۳
1681	Ḥaidar-ábád *Farkhun-da-bun-yád*	1122–5	As on No. 1651, but ۱۱۲۲ **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	جلوس میمنت مانوس ٥ حیدراباد ضرب فرخنده بنیاد *Bhandára C.P.* Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1682	Jahángír-nagar	–2	As on No. 1662. Date wanting. **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1662, but جهانگيرنگر – ٢
1683	”	1122–4	” ١١٢٢ **W.** 170 (worn). **S.** ·8.	” ۴ *Míánwálí.*
1684 1685	Karím-ábád	–3	As on No. 1676, but سکه in place of سنة Date wanting. **W.** 178–174. **S.** ·82–·85.	سنة ٣ جلو س كريم اباد ب ضر (1684) *A.S.B.*
1686 1687	”	112-- 4	” ١١٢– **W.** 179–171 (cut). **S.** ·85–·83.	” ۴ (1687) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1688	Kan-báyat	—	As on No. 1650. **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	سنة – جاوس مانوس ميمنت ب ضر كنبايت
1689	Khujista-bunyád (Aurang-ábád)	1120–2	As on No. 1651, but ١١٢٠ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1651, but سنة ٢
1690	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1120–2	As on No. 1669, but ١١٢٠ above سکه **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة ٢ ميمنت جلوس مانوس Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1691	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	1121–3	As on No. 1690, but ۱۱۲۱ **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1690, but ۳
1692	,,	1121–4	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·88.	,, ۴
1693	Lakhnau (Lucknow)	— aḥd	As on No. 1669, but date wanting. **W.** 160 (worn). **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1662, but لکهنو - احد
1694	,,	–2	,, **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	,, ۲ *A.S.B.*
1695	,,	–4	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·87.	,, ۴
1696	Murshidábád	–2	As on No. 1669, but date wanting. **W.** 179·2. **S.** ·84.	As on No. 1676, but مرشداباد ۲
1697[1]	Purbandar ?	1122–4	As on No. 1651, but ۱۱۲۲ **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1651, but پربند[در] - ۴ Pl.
1698	Sarhind (*Sahrind* on coins)	–2	,, **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	,, but سهرند - ۲
1699	Sháhjahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1119–aḥd	As on No. 1669, but ۱۱۱۹ سنة in last line. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	جهان اباد / دار الخلافة شاه / ضرب / سنة احد مبارك Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8205, p. 52. The reading now proposed is reasonably certain, cf. No. 1503. Purbandar is a known mint of Sháh 'Álam I. See *J.A.S.B.*, 1904, Num. Supp. IV, art. 27.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1700	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1120–2	غازی شــاه عالم باد شــاه سکه سنة ۱۱۲۰ **W.** 168. **S.** ·85.	جهان‌اباد شــاه دار الخلافة ضرب سنة ۲ مبارك
1701	,,	1121–3	,, ۱۱۲۱ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ۳
1702	,,	1122–4	,, ۱۱۲۲ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ۴ *A.S.B.* Pl.
1703 1704	Súrat	— ahd	As on No. 1650. Date wanting. **W.** 177·2–176. **S.** ·95–·9.	As on No. 1688, but سورت - احد M. 37 in س of جلوس (1703) *A.S.B.*
1705 1706 ½	,,	–2	,, Fragmentary. **W.** 89. **S.** ·7.	,, ۲ M. 37. (1705) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1707	,,	–6	,, **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·91.	,, ٦ M. 53 in س of جلوس
1708	,,	112––	,, but ۱۱۲– to right of غازی **W.** 169·7. **S.** ·9.	,, Regnal year wanting. M. 37.
1708 (*a*)	Tatta	[111]9– ahd	بادشاه معـ]ظم شاه] جهان سلطان زد] بر مهر و ماه تا ۹ نے [سکه مبارك در هفت کشور] **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	.... میمنت سنة احد جلوس ب ضر تته Cf. *L.M.C.*, p. 197 (4). Pl.

VIII

JAHÁNDÁR SHÁH

A. H. 1124. A. D. 1712.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 1709	[Akbar-ábád] *Musta-qirru-l-mulk*	1124–aḥd	[ش]ـــ ابو ۱۱۲۴ الفتح [غازی ـاه] [س]ـــ مهرو ماه جهاند[ار ـکه] [در] افاق زد [چون] **W.** 166·7. **S.** ·75.	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الملك سنة احد [ضر]ب [اکبراباد]
	1710	Kul-barga ?	[112]4–aḥd	جهاندار شـــاه ابو الفتح غازی [چو]ن مهر و ماه ۴... سـکه .... **W.** 166. **S.** ·86.	مانوس میمنت سنة احد جلوس ضرب کل.....
SILVER	AR 1711	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-mulk*	,,	As on No. 1709, but fuller legends. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1709. Portions of lower line visible.
	1712	Barélí	1124–	بادشاه جهان[دار] شـــ[ا]ه ۱۱۲۴ قران جهاندار ســکه ...... چو صاحب **W.** 173. **S.** ·87.	مانوس میمنت سنة - جلوس یك ضرب بر Disfigured by money-changers' marks.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1713 1714 1715	Etáwá	1124–aḥd	In dotted border صاحبقران ۱۱۲۴ جهـــا جهاندار شه بادشاه ن ســـکه بزد بر مه چو **W.** 176–175–174. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1710, but اتاوا Pl.
1716 1717	”	”	جهاندار شاه ے ۱۱۲۴ مهر و ماه ابو الفتح غاز ســـکه در افاق زد چون **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	” (1717) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1718	Khujista-bunyád (Aurang-ábád)	”	As on No. 1716, but چون in second line and ۱۱۲۴ below ماه **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	” but خجسته بنیاد Pl.
1719	”	”	بادشاه جهان شـــاه ۱۱۲۴ قران جهاندار حب . . . . Disfigured by money-changers' marks. **W.** 175. **S.** ·97.	”

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ **1720** **1721**	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	1124–ahd	غازی ۱۱۲۴ جهاندار شاه ابو الفتح چون مهر و ماه سکه در افاق زد **W.** 176–171. **S.** ·85.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة احد میمنت جلوس مانوس (1721) *A.S.B.*
	1722	”	”	غازی جهاندار شاه ۱۱۲۴ چون مهر و ماه ابو الفتح سکه در افاق زد **W.** 174. **S.** 1·0.	” but مانوس سنة احد میمنت جلوس
	1723 **1724**	Lakhnau	”	As on No. 1713, but fragmentary. **W.** 174–173. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1710, but لکهنو
	1725	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	”	جهان شاه ۱۱۲۴ جهاندار شه باد حب چو صا قران سکه بزد بر زر **W.** 170. **S.** ·95.	احد مبارك سنة جهان اباد شاه ضر دار الخلافة ب Traces of dotted border. Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1726	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1124–aḥd	As on No. 1710, but ۱۱۲۴ to left of غاز and in last line در افاق زد **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1725. No border. Pl.
1727 1728	"	"	As on No. 1722, but بر for چون **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·95–·9.	جهان اباد دار الخلافة شاه ضرب مانوس سنة احد ميمنت جلوس Traces of dotted border.
1729 1730	Súrat	[1124]–aḥd	ابو الفتح غازى جهاندار شاه چون مهر و ماه سكه در افاق زد **W.** 176–474. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1710, but سورت (1729) *A.S.B.* (*Pánch Mahâls*). Pl.
1731	"	"	جهاندار شه بادشاه جهان صاحب قران سكه . . . . . . **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	"

IX

FARRUKH-SIYAR

A.H. 1124–1131. A.D. 1713–1719.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD *AV* **1732**	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1130–7	In dotted border بحر و بر فرخ سیر بادشـاه حق برسیم و زر فضـل ۱۱۳۰ سکه زد از **W.** 161. **S.** 1·02.	In dotted border جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافة سنة ۷ ضرب اکبراباد *A.S.B.* Pl.
1732 (*a*)	Etáwá	1128–5	,, ۱۱۲۸ **W.** 167·5. **S.** 1·0.	مانوس میمنت ۵ سنة جلوس ضرب اتاوا
1733	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1131–7	As on No. 1732, but no border and ۱۱۳۱ **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة ۷ میمنت جلوس مانوس Traces of dotted border. Pl.
1734	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1125–aḥd	As on No. 1732, but ۱۱۲۵ to left of زد **W.** 167. **S.** ·8.	فة جها اباد دار الخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة احد
1734 (*a*)	,,	1125–2	,, **W.** 167. **S.** ·8.	,, ۲

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 1734 (*b*)	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-khiláfat*	1131–7	۱۱۳۱ حق فرخ سیر شـــاه از فضل باد بحروبر سـكـه [زد بر]سیم و[زر] **W.** 165. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1734, but ۷	**GOLD** Pl.
1735	Súrat?	— ahd	بحروبر فرخ [سیر] شـــاه از فضل حق باد سـكـه [زد بر] سیم و[زر] **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1733, but احد and ضرب [سور]ت	
AR 1736	Ahmad-ábád	–7	As on No. 1735. **W.** 177. **S.** ·98.	As on No. 1733, but احمداباد – ۷	**SILVER**
1737	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-mulk*	1125–ahd	As on No. 1734 (*b*), but ۱۱۲۵ to left of سیر in top line. **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1732, but سنة احد – مستقر الملك	
1738	,,	–2	,, Date wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ۲	*A.S.B.*
1739	,,	–5	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ۵	
1740 1741	,, *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1130–7	As on No. 1732. **W.** 175–172. **S.** ·9–1·05.	As on No. 1732.	(1741) *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1742 [1]	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1131–7	As on No. 1732, but ۱۱۳۱ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1732.
1743 [2]	? Allah-ábád	1125–2	سیم [و زر] زد از فضل حق بر سکه بحروبر فرخ سیر شاه باد ۱۱۲۵ **W.** 179·5. **S.** ·93.	مبار ك سنة ۲ جلوس ب [ضر] الهاباد Pl.
1744	ʻAẓím-ábád (Patna)	,,	As on No. 1743. **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1733, but ۲ سنة and عظیم ضرب اباد
1745	,,	1126–3	,, ۱۱۲۶ **W.** 169. **S.** ·9.	,, ۳ *A.S.B.*
1746	ʻAẓím-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-mulk*	–3	As on No. 1732, but date wanting. No border. **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	عظیم اباد مستقر الملك ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس ۳ سنة
1747 1748	,,	1128–5	,, but on 1748 ۱۱۲۸ to left of زد in bottom line. **W.** 178–175.	,, ۵ (1747) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1749	,,	1130–7	As on No. 1732, but no border. **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	,, ۷ *A.S.B.*

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7151, p. 56. It is a coin of Farrukh-siyar not Rafíʻu-d-darját.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8528, p. 54. The mint is certainly not Akbarábád. The coin is not of the Akbarábád type.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1750 ½	'Azím-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-mulk*	–7	As on No. 1732, but fragmentary. Date wanting. **W.** 84. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 1749, but fragmentary. The mint name is wanting, but the coin is identical in type with No. 1749. *A.S.B.*
1751	Barélí	–4	As on No. 1734 (*b*), but date wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة ۴ یلی ضرب بر
1752	,,	1129–6	As on No. 1732, but ۱۱۲۹ **W.** 176. **S.** 1·0.	,, ۶ Pl.
1753	Burhán-púr *Dáru-s-sarúr*	1125–2	از ۱۱۲۵ فضل حق بادشاه بحروبر فرخ سیر زد سکه بر سیم و زر **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	جلوس مانوس میمنت سنة ۲ دار السرور ضرب برهانپور
1754	,,	1129–6	As on No. 1732, but ۱۱۲۹ **W.** 176. **S.** 1·0.	,, ۶
1755	,,	1130–7	,, ۱۱۳۰ **W.** 179. **S.** 1·0.	,, ۷ Pl.
1756	Chíná-patan (Madrás)	1126–3	As on No. 1735, but ۱۱۲۶ to left of باد **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1733, but چیناپتن – ۳

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1757	Chíná-patan (Madrás)	1130–7	As on No. 1756, but ۱۱۳۰ **W.** 178. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 1756, but ۷
1758	Élichpúr	1125–ahd	از فضل حق بادشاه بحروبر فرخ سیر زد ۱۱۲۵ سکه برسیم و زر **W.** 171. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 1733, but ایلچپور – احد
1759 1760	Etáwá	1125–2	As on No. 1758, but باد to right of بحر. زد in bottom line. ۱۱۲۵ to left of زر on 1760. **W.** 176–175. **S.** ·9.	,, but اتاوا – ۲ (1759) *A.S.B.*
1761 1762	,,	1128–4	,, ۱۱۲۸ **W.** 176–175. **S.** 1·05.	,, ۴ (1761) *A.S.B.*
1763 1764	,,	1128–5	,, **W.** 176–155 (clipped). **S.** 1·075–·95.	,, ۵ (1764) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1765 1766	,,	,,	As on No. 1732, but ۱۱۲۸ **W.** 175–170. **S.** 1·05.	,, (1765) *A.S.B.*
1767 1768	,,	1129–6	,, ۱۱۲۹ **W.** 177–175. **S.** 1·05.	,, ۶ (1767) *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **1769** **1770**	Etáwá	1130–7	As on No. 1732, but ۱۱۳۰ **W.** 176. **S.** 1·03.	As on No. 1759, but ۷ (1769) *A.S.B.*
1771	,,	1131–8	,, ۱۱۳۱ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·02.	,, ۸ *A.S.B.*
1772	Farrukh-ábád	1129–6	As on No. 1734 (*b*), but ۱۱۲۹ **W.** 177. **S.** ·75.	,, but فرخ اباد – ۶ *A.S.B.* Pl.
1773	Gwáliár	1130–7	As on No. 1732. **W.** 174. **S.** 1·02.	,, but گواليار – ۷ Pl.
1774	Jahángír-nagar	–3	د از فضل حق شاه ... بر فرخ سير با سکه .... **W.** 178. **S.** ·87.	,, but جهانگيرنگر – ۳
1775	Khujista-bunyád	1125–2	حق بحروبر فرخ سير شاه برسيم و زر باد سکه زد از فضل ۱۱۲۵ **W.** 177. **S.** ·96.	,, but خجسته بنياد – ۲ *A.S.B.* Pl.
1776 **1777**	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1126–3	As on No. 1758, but زد in bottom line. ۱۱۲۶ under فضل **W.** 177–174·5. **S.** ·85–·95.	As on No. 1733 (*a*), but ۳ (1777) *A.S.B.*

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1778	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	1127–4	As on No. 1776, but ۱۱۲۷ **W.** 177. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 1733 (*a*), but ۴
	1779	,,	1128–5	,, ۱۱۲۸ **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ۵ *A.S.B.*
	1780	,,	1129–6	As on No. 1732, but ۱۱۲۹ **W.** 175·25. **S.** ·95.	,, ٦
	1781	,,	1130–7	,, ۱۱۳۰ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ۷
	1782	,,	1131–7	,, ۱۱۳۱ **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	,, *A.S.B.*
	1783	Lakhnau	1125–2	زد از ۲۵ [فضل] ۱۱ ... بحروبر فرخ سیر .... **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1733, but لکهنو – ۲
	1784	Multán	1130–7	As on No. 1732. **W.** 175·3. **S.** 1·0.	,, but ملتان – ۷ and in dotted border. Pl.
	1785	Murshid-ábád	–3	زد از فضل حق شاه بحروبر فرخ سیر سکه زر باد ..... **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, but مرشداباد – ۳

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1786	Murshid-ábád	-5	As on No. 1785. **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1733, but ٥
1787	,,	-6	,, **W.** 179·2. **S.** ·87.	,, ٦
1788 1789	,,	1130-7	,, but ١١٣٠ to left of بادِ **W.** 177-175. **S.** ·87.	,, ٧ (1789) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1790	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1125-aḥd	As on No. 1732, but no border and ١١٢٥ below سیم **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 1734.
1791	,,	,,	,, but ١١٢٥ to left of زد **W.** 175. **S.** ·88.	,,
1792 1793	,,	1125-2	,, از to right of فضل **W.** 175-174. **S.** ·92-·95.	,, ٢ (1793) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1794	,,	1126-2	,, ١١٢٦ **W.** 174. **S.** ·87.	,,
1795 1796	,,	1126-3	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣ (1796) *A.S.B.*
1797	,,	1127-4	,, ١١٢٧ **W.** 173. **S.** ·87.	,, ٤

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1798	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	–5	As on No. 1792. Date wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·88.	As on No. 1734, but ٥
1799	,,	1128–5	,, but ١١٢٨ to left of فضل and از in bottom line. **W.** 174. **S.** ·975.	,, *A.S.B.*
1800	,,	1129–6	,, but ١١٢٩ under سیم **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	,, ٦
1801	,,	,,	,, but ١١٢٩ to left of فضل **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	,,
1802	,,	1130–6	,, ١١٣٠ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, *A.S.B.*
1803 1804	,,	1130–7	,, but ١١٣٠ under سیم **W.** 175–174·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ٧ (1803) *A.S.B.*
1805	,,	,,	As on No. 1734 (*b*), but ١١٣٠ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·9.	,,
1806	,,	1131–7	,, but ١١٣١ under سیر **W.** 175. **S.** ·94.	,,

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1807	Súrat	-3	As on No. 1735. **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1733, but سورت - ٣
1808 1809	,,	1128–5	,, ١١٢٨ to left of سکه **W.** 178–175. **S.** 1·08–1·05.	,, ٥ M. 54 in س of جلوس (1808) *A.S.B.*
1810[1]	,,	-5	,, Date wanting. **W.** 169. **S.** ·86.	,, M. 55.
1811[2]	,,	-6	,, **W.** 177. **S.** 1·0.	,, ٦ M. 54.
1812	,,	1130–7	,, ١١٣٠ **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	,, ٧ M. 54. *A.S.B.*
1813	,,	1131–7	,, ١١٣١ **W.** 178·2. **S.** 1·01.	,, M. 54.

SILVER

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7497, p. 54. The mint has been read ارکات. There is, however, no trace of the first four letters of that name, whereas there is what may be part of a ر before the ت and the coin is of the Súrat type.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7285, p. 55. Though the mint name is wanting, the mint mark and general appearance show the coin to be of Súrat mintage.

X

RAFÍ'U-D-DARJÁT

A. H. 1131. A. D. 1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 1814	Sháh- jahánábád *Dáru-l-* *khiláfat*	1131– aḥd	١١٣١ رفیع الدرجا ت برکا شاهنشه بحروبر ت زد سکه بهند با هزاران **W.** 168. **S.** ·84.	فة جها اباد دار الخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة احد Pl.
	1815	Súrat	11--- aḥd	" but date to right of رفیع **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	مانوس میمنت احد سنة جلوس ضرب سورت
SILVER	AR 1816	Aḥmad- ábád *Zínatu-l-* *bilád*	— aḥd	" Date wanting. **W.** 178. **S.** 1·01.	احمداباد زينت البلاد ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس احد سنة Pl.
	1817	Akbar- ábád *Musta-* *qirru-l-* *khiláfat*	"	" **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	" but اکبراباد مستقر الخلافة
	1818 1819	Etáwá	1131– aḥd	" ١١٣١ to right of رفیع **W.** 175–174. **S.** 1·0–·95.	As on No. 1815, but اتاوا Traces of dotted border. (1819) *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 1820	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	1131–ahd	رفیع الدرجا ت شاهنشه بحروبر ت با هزاران برکا ۱۱۳۱ سـ[ـکه] [زد بهند] **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	جلوس مانوس میمنت احد دار السلطنة لاهور ضرب Pl.	**SILVER**
1821 1822	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	,,	As on No. 1814. Date wanting on No. 1821. **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·85–·9.	As on No. 1814. (1821) *A.S.B.*	

XI

SHÁH JAHÁN II [RAFÍ'U-D-DAULA]

A. H. 1131. A. D. 1719.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 1823	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1131– aḥd	شاه جهان ے بادشاه غاز ی ١١٣١ سکه مبار **W.** 166. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1820. Pl.
	1824	?	— aḥd	,, Date wanting. **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	مانوس میمنت احد سنة جلوس ضرب .... *A.S.B.*
SILVER	AR 1825 1826	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1131– aḥd	As on No. 1823, but ١١٣١ over top line. **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·95–·9.	اکبراباد مستقر الخلافة ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس احد سنة (1826) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1827	Etáwá	,,	,, but [١١]٣١ to left of مبار **W.** 176. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 1824, but اتاوا *A.S.B.*
	1828 1829	Murshid-ábád	,,	,, but ١١٣١ over بادشاه **W.** 179·3–179. **S.** ·85.	,, but مرشداباد Five-petalled flower to right of احد on one. (1829) *A.S.B.* Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ					**SILVER**
1830 1831	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1131–ahd	As on No. 1823, but شاهجهان and ۱۱۳۱ to left of غاز **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1814.	Pl.
1832 1833 1834	,,	,,	As on No. 1823, but ۱۱۳۱ to right of باد **W.** 177–175. **S.** ·85.	,, (1832) *A.S.B.*	
1835 [1]	Súrat	— ahd	As on No. 1823, but date wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** 1·1.	As on No. 1824, but سورت below ضرب	

[1] There is nothing to show whether this is a coin of the second or third Sháh jahán.

IBRÁHÍM

A. H. 1132. A. D. 1720.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1836 [1]	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1132–ahd	کریم محمد ابراهیم شــاه شاهان ۱۱۳۲ [ب]فضل [سکه] زد [در] جهان **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	فة جها اباد دار الخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس سنة احد Pl.

[1] برسیم is the reading given in the *British Museum Catalogue*, Nos. 954–7, and in Dr. Codrington's *Musalmán Numismatics* the couplet is given as

سکه برسیم زد در جهان
بفضل محمد ابراهیم شاه شاهان

Neither on No. 1836 nor in the illustrations in the *B.M.C.* are the words at the right of the top line distinct. The word کریم would give a better couplet:—

سکه زد در جهان بفضل کریم
شاه شاهان محمد ابراهیم

This reading was, I find, suggested by Mr. Delmerick in describing a silver coin of Ibráhím in *J.A.S.B.*, 1875.

XII

MUḤAMMAD SHÁH

A. H. 1131–1161. A. D. 1719–1748.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 1837	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	114-- 14	۱۱۴– محمد شاه بادشاه غاز ے ك سکه مبار **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافة سنة ۱۴ ضرب آکبراباد *A.S.B.*
1838	Akhtar-nagar Awadh	1141– 11	,, ۱۱۴۱ **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	اخترنگر اوده ضرب ۱۱ سنة جلوس میمنت مانوس Pl.
1839	Imtiyáz-gadh (Adoní)	–3	محمد شاه شـــاه ۳ باد **W.** 52. **S.** ·48 × ·42.	گده ضرب امتیاز Pl.
1840	,,	–12	,, but no regnal year. **W.** 51·5. **S.** ·45.	,, but ۱۲ to left of bottom line.
1841	,,	—	,, lower line wanting. **W.** 52. **S.** ·47 × ·42.	,, but regnal year wanting.
1842	Islám-ábád	115-- 21	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱۵– Traces of dotted border. **W.** 168. **S.** ·95.	اسلاماباد ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس ۲۱ سنة Traces of dotted border. Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD AV **1842** (*a*)	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	11--- 20	As on No. 1837, but ١١-- **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·78.	محمداباد ميمنت ٢٠ سنة جلوس مانوس ضرب بنارس M. 61, inverted, to right of محمداباد
1843	Murshid- ábád	115-- 23	,, ١١٥- No border. **W.** 170. **S.** ·81.	مانوس ميمنت ٢٣ سنة جلوس ضرب مرشداباد M. 60 to right of ٢٣ No border.
1844	Sháh- jahánábád *Dáru-l-* *khiláfat*	-4	.... محمد شاه بادشاه غازی صاحب قران ثانی سکه مبارك **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	فة جها اباد دار الخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس ٤ سنة
1844 (*a*)	,,	-12	,, **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٢
1845 **1846**	,,	114-- 13	,, ١١٤- to right of محمد **W.** 167·5–166·5. **S.** ·78.	,, ١٣ (1846) *A.S.B.*
1847	,,	114-- 18	,, but ١١٤- over صاحب **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٨ *A.S.B.*
1848	,,	115-- 21	,, ١١٥- **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	,, ٢١ *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 1849 [1]	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	115-- 22	As on No. 1844, but ١١٥- to right of محمد **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1844, but ٢٢	**GOLD**
1850	,,	115-- 23	,, **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٣ Traces of dotted border. Pl.	
1851	,,	115-- 26	,, **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٦ *A.S.B.*	
1852	,,	11--- 30	,, **W.** 167·5. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٠	
1853	Ujjain *Dáru-l-fath*	(11)50? -20	As on No. 1837, but ?٥٠ to left of مبارک **W.** 167. **S.** ·88.	As on No. 1843, but دار الفتح اجین - ٢٠ Pl.	
			Mint not deciphered		
1854 1855	?	1168 (*sic*) –	محمد شاه بادشاه **W.** 42·5–42. **S.** ·45.	.... ب ضرب ١١٦٨ ? *Gúti.* Pl.	
AR 1856 1857	Ahmad-ábád	1138–8	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣٨ **W.** 178. **S.** 1·05–1·0.	As on No. 1843, but احمداباد - ٨	**SILVER**
1858 [2]	,,	1141– 11	,, ١١٤١ **W.** 178. **S.** 1·0.	,, ١١	

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7403, catalogued as a silver coin on p. 65.
[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 7229, p. 63, where 'Kora' is given as the mint.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1859	Aḥmad-ábád	115–– 20	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱۵– W. 179. S. 1·0.	As on No. 1856, but ۲۰ *A.S.B.*
	1860	,,	115–– 23	,, W. 178. S. ·95.	,, ۲۳
	1861 1862	,,	11––– 26	,, W. 178. S. ·95.	,, ۲۶ (1862) *A.S.B.*
	1863	Ajmér *Dáru-l-khair*	1132–2	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱۳۲ W. 176. S. ·9.	دار الخير اجمير ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس ۲ سنة *A.S.B.*
	1864 1865	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1132–aḥd	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱۳۲ W. 176–174. S. ·88.	As on No. 1863, but اکبراباد – احد مستقر الخلافة
	1866 ¼	,,	–4	,, but fragmentary: date wanting. W. 44.	As on No. 1837, but upper portion of legend wanting. Regnal year ۴ Pl.
	1867	,,	11––– 5	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱–– W. 174·8. S. ·86.	As on No. 1837, but ۵
	1868	,,	1136–6	,, ۱۱۳۶ W. 175·5. S. ·85.	,, ۶

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **1869**	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	113-- 7	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣– **W.** 175. **S.** ·88.	As on No. 1837, but ٧
1870	,,	114-- 11	,, ١١۴– **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	,, ١١
1871	,,	114-- 12	,, **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٢ *A.S.B.*
1872	,,	114-- 15	,, **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·96.	,, ١٥ *Jihlam.*
1873	,,	1147- 17	,, ١١۴٧ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٧
1874	,,	-20	,, Date wanting. **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٠
1875	,,	1153- 23	,, ١١٥٣ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٣
1876	,,	1159- 29	,, ١١٥٩ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٩
1877	Akbar-nagar	113-- 5	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣– **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت ٥ سنة جلوس ضرب اکبرنگر

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AR 1878	Akbar-nagar	1155–25	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱۵۵ **W.** 180. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 1877, but ۲۵ *A.S.B.* Pl.
1879	Akhtar-nagar Awadh	113––6	,, ۱۱۳– **W.** 170. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 1838, but ۶
1880	Allah-ábád	114––11	,, ۱۱۴– **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·88.	As on No. 1877, but الهاباد – ۱۱ Pl.
1881	,,	1154–24	,, ۱۱۵۴ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ۲۴ *A.S.B.*
1882 [1]	,,	1155–24	,, ۱۱۵۵ **W.** 179. **S.** ·85.	,,
1883 [2]	Arkát	–3	As on No. 1837, but date wanting. **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·91.	As on No. 1877, but ارکات – ۳ Pl.
1883 (*a*) [3]	,,	–6	,, Date and part of king's name wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·88.	,, ۶

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9023, p. 66, where the mint is given as Akbarábád.

[2] Coins bearing the mint name ارکات were struck by the French Compagnie des Indes at Pondicherry and the East India Company at Madrás by permission and in the name of Muhammad Sháh. It has been thought preferable to catalogue all such coins in the fourth volume.

[3] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11360, p. 70—assigned to Ahmad Sháh. There is no crescent on the reverse, and the coin resembles in type No. 1883.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1883 (*b*)[1]	Arkát	11-- -7 ?	As on No. 1837, but ١١- to right of محمد **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 1883, but ? ٧
1884	,,	113-- 8	,, ١١٣- to right of محمد **W.** 169. **S.** ·82.	,, ٨
1884 (*a*)[2]	,,	-11 ?	,, Date wanting. **W.** 171. **S.** ·82.	,, ١١ ?
1885	,,	114-- 13	,, ١١٤- to right of محمد **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٣
1885 (*a*)[3] 1885 (*b*)	,,	1158-	,, ١١٥٨ on one, ١١٥- on the other. **W.** 171–174·5. **S.** ·86–·9.	,, but wavy line in place of regnal year. Pl.
1886 1887	ʻAẓím-ábád (Patna)	1131- aḥd	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣١ **W.** 178–169·2. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1842, but عظيم اباد - احد (1886) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1888	,,	1132- aḥd	,, ١١٣٢ **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	,,

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11356, p. 62. The regnal year is doubtful.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11387, p. 66, where the regnal year is given as ٢٣. The figures are indistinct.

[3] These are *I.M.C.*, Nos. 11357 and 11362, pp. 66–7. They do not appear to be coins from the Imperial Mint.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 1889	'Azím-ábád	1137–7	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣٧ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·92.	عظيم اباد ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس ٧ سنة *A.S.B.*
1890	,,	11––– 19	,, ١١–– **W.** 176. **S.** ·78.	,, ١٩
1891	,,	1152– 22	,, ١١٥٢ **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٢
1892	,,	1154– 23	,, ١١٥٤ **W.** 177. **S.** ·82.	,, ٢٣
1893 1894	,,	1154– 24	,, ١١٥٤ **W.** 177·5–177. **S.** ·8.	,, ٢٤ M. 56 in س of جلوس (1893) *A.S.B.*
1895	,,	1156– 26	,, ١١٥٦ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٦ M. 56.
1896	,,	1157– 27	,, ١١٥٧ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·8.	,, ٢٧ M. 56. *A.S.B.*
1897	,,	115–– 28	,, ١١٥– **W.** 177·3. **S.** ·76.	,, ٢٨ M. 56.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1898	ʽAẓím-ábád	1159–29	As on No. 1837, but ١١٥٩ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 1889, but ٢٩ M. 57. Mint name wanting. *A.S.B.*
1899	”	11—–30	” ١١–– **W.** 178. **S.** ·74.	” ٣٠ Five dots in س of جلوس Mint name wanting. *A.S.B.*
1900	Barélí	1133–3	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣٣ **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	مانوس میمنت ٣ جلوس سنة یلی ضرب بر
1901	”	113––7	” ١١٣– **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	” ٧ *A.S.B.*
1902	”	11–––11	” ١١–– **W.** 174. **S.** ·71.	” ١١
1903	”	1150–20	” ١١٥٠ **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	” ٢٠ *A.S.B.*
1904	Bur-hánpúr *Dáru-s-sarúr*	1132–2	” ١١٣٢ **W.** 178. **S.** 1·0.	جلوس مانوس میمنت ٢ سنة دار السرور برهانپور *A.S.B.* Pl.
1905	”	1133–3	” ١١٣٣ **W.** 177·5. **S.** ·95.	” ٣

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1906	Etáwá	113-- 4	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣- **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	مانوس میمنت ۴ سنة جلوس ضرب اتاوا
	1907	,,	1139–9	,, ١١٣٩ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	,, ٩
	1908	,,	1140– 10	,, ١١۴٠ **W.** 175·5. **S.** 1·0.	,, ١٠
	1909	,,	11--- 11	,, ١١-- **W.** 176. **S.** ·98.	,, ١١
	1910	,,	1144– 14	,, ١١۴۴ **W.** 173. **S.** ·93.	,, ١۴
	1911	,,	114-- 16	,, ١١۴- **W.** 173. **S.** ·93.	,, ١٦
	1912	,,	1147– 17	,, ١١۴٧ **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	,, ١٧
	1913	,,	114-- 18	,, ١١۴- **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٨
	1914	,,	1149– 19	,, ١١۴٩ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ١٩

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1915	Etáwá	1157–27	As on No. 1837, but ١١٥٧ **W.** 174. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 1906, but ٢٧
1916	,,	1158–27	,, ١١٥٨ **W.** 173. **S.** 1·0.	,,
1917	,,	115--29	,, ١١٥– **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٩
1918	Farrukh-ábád	1156–26	As on No. 1844, but ١١٥٦ over صا in second line. **W.** 174. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 1906, but فرخ اباد – ٢٦
1919	Gwáliár	1135–5	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣٥ **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·95.	,, but گواليار – ٥
1920 1921	,,	1137–7	,, ١١٣٧ **W.** 174·5–174. **S.** ·9.	,, ٧ (1920) *A.S.B.*
1922	,,	1144–14	,, ١١۴۴ **W.** 175. **S.** 1·01.	,, ١۴
1923	,,	1153–	,, ١١٥٣ **W.** 173. **S.** 1·0.	,, Regnal year obliterated. *A.S.B.*
1924	Jahángír-nagar	1145–15	,, ١١۴٥ **W.** 179·2. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1906, but جهانگيرنگر – ١٥ Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1925	Jahángír-nagar	1155–25	As on No. 1837, but ١١٥٥ **W.** 179·5. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 1924, but ٢٥
	1926	Jaipúr Sawáí	1153–23	As on No. 1837, but ١١٥٣ **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1906, but سوای جی پور – ٢٣ *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1926 (*a*)	,,	1155–25	,, ١١٥٥ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٥
	1927	,,	115––28	,, ١١٥– **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٨
	1928	,,	1159–29	,, ١١٥٩ **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٩
	1929	Kashmír	1136–	,, ١١٣٦ **W.** 169·2. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 1906, but ب ضرب کشمیر Regnal year obliterated. Pl.
	1930	,,	11–––2–	,, ١١–– **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢– *A.S.B.*
	1931[1]	Katak	1154–24	,, ١١٥٤ **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1906, but كتك – ٢٤ *Mánbhúm.* Pl.

[1] See *J.A.S.B.*, 1905, Num. Supp. V, art. 39.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1932	Kan-báyat	-3	As on No. 1837. Date wanting. **W.** 179. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1906, but کنبایت - ۳
1933	,,	1137 ?-6	,, ۱۱۳۷ ? **W.** 178. **S.** ·93.	,, ٦ Pl.
1934	Korá	1139-9	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱۳۹ **W.** 174. **S.** ·83.	مانوس میمنت ۹ سنة جلوس ضرب کورا M. 59 to right of ۹
1935	,,	11---11	,, ۱۱-- **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	,, ۱۱ M. 59.
1936 1937	,,	1142-12	,, ۱۱۴۲ **W.** 174·5-173. **S.** ·91.	,, ۱۲ M. 59. (1936) *A.S.B.* Pl.
1938	,,	11---13	,, ۱۱-- **W.** 174. **S.** ·93.	,, ۱۳ M. 59.
1939 1940	,,	1144-14	,, ۱۱۴۴ **W.** 174·5-172·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ۱۴ M. 59. (1939) *A.S.B.*
1941	,,	1145-14	,, ۱۱۴۵ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ۱۴ M. 59.
1942	,,	1145-15	,, **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ۱۵ M. 59.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1943	Korá	114-- 16	As on No. 1837, but ١١۴- **W.** 175. **S.** ·92.	As on No. 1934, but ١٦ M. 59.
	1944	"	115-- 22	" ١١٥- **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	" ٢٢ M. 59.
	1945 1946	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1132–2	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣٢ **W.** 176–174. **S.** ·85.	جلوس مانوس میمنت ٢ دار السلطنة لاهور ضرب (1946) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1947	"	1135–5	" ١١٣٥ **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·9.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة ٥ میمنت جلوس مانوس M. 60 to left of ٥ *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1948	"	11--- 6	" ١١-- **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	" ٦ M. wanting. *A.S.B.*
	1949	"	11--- 7	" ١١-- **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·86.	" ٧ M. wanting.
	1950	"	-13	" Date wanting. **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	" ١٣ M. wanting.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1951	Láhor	11––– 18	As on No. 1837, but ١١–– **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1947, but ١٨ M. 60. *A.S.B.*
1952	”	1152– 22	” ١١٥٢ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	” ٢٢ M. 60. *A.S.B.*
1953	”	1153– 23	” ١١٥٣ **W.** 174. **S.** ·86.	” ٢٣ M. wanting.
1954 1955	”	115–– 24	” ١١٥– **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	” ٢٤ but m. 60 in س of مانوس (1954) *A.S.B.*
1956	”	1159– 29	” ١١٥٩ **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	” ٢٩ M. 60 in bottom line. *A.S.B.*
1957	”	11––– 30	” ١١–– **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	” ٣٠ M. 60 in bottom line. *Jihlam.*
1958	Muham-madábád Banáras	1145– 15	As on No. 1837, but ١١٤٥ **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	محمداباد بنارس ضرب جلوس مانوس ميمنت سنة ١٥ Pl.
1959	”	–21	” Date wanting. Traces of dotted border. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	محمداباد ميمنت ٢١ سنة جلوس مانوس ضرب بنارس M. 61 to right of top line.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1960	Muḥammadábád Banáras	115-- 24	As on No. 1837, but ١١٥- **W.** 173. **S.** ·82.	As on No. 1959, but ٢٤ جلو سنة س M. wanting.
	1961	"	11--- 26	" ١١-- **W.** 172. **S.** ·82.	" ٢٦ M. 61, inverted, to right of محمداباد
	1962	"	-27	" Date wanting. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	" ٢٧ M. 61, inverted.
	1963 1964	"	115-- 28	" ١١٥- **W.** 174–173. **S.** ·8.	" ٢٨ M. 61, inverted. (1964) *A.S.B.*
	1965 1966	"	116-- 29	" but ١١٦- on one. M. 62 over شاه in second line. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	" ٢٩ M. 61, inverted. (1965) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1967	"	116-- 30	" but no m. **W.** 174. **S.** ·83.	" ٣٠ M. 61, inverted.
	1968	Multán	1135-	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣٥ **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1934, but ملتان Regnal year obliterated. *Jihlam.*
	1969	"	1147- 17	" but ١١٤٧ over شاه in second line. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	" ١٧

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1970	Multán	1157–26	As on No. 1969, but ١١٥٧ **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 1968, but ٢٦ *A.S.B.* Pl.
1971	Murshid-ábád	1131?–ahd	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣١ ؟ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1843, but سنة احد M. wanting.
1972	,,	––2	,, Date wanting. **W.** 179. **S.** ·8.	,, ٢ M. 60 to right of ٢
1973	,,	1135–5	,, ١١٣٥ **W.** 179·3. **S.** ·88.	,, ٥ M. 60. *A.S.B.*
1974	,,	11–––15	,, ١١–– **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٥ M. 60. *A.S.B.*
1975	,,	11–––16	,, **W.** 179. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٦ M. 60.
1976	,,	11–––18	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٨ M. 60.
1977	,,	114––19	,, ١١٤– **W.** 179. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٩ M. 60.
1978	,,	1152–22	,, ١١٥٢ **W.** 168. **S.** 1·02.	,, ٢٢ M. 60.

SILVER

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 1979	Murshid-ábád	115-- 24	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱٥- **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1843, but ۲۴ M. wanting. *A.S.B.*
	1980	,,	1155- 25	,, ۱۱٥٥ **W.** 180. **S.** ·9.	,, ۲٥ M. wanting. *A.S.B.*
	1981	,,	1157- 26	,, ۱۱٥۷ **W.** 180. **S.** ·86.	,, ۲٦ M. 60.
	1982	,,	1157- 27	,, **W.** 180. **S.** ·95.	,, ۲۷ M. wanting.
	1983	,,	115-- 28	,, ۱۱٥- **W.** 179. **S.** 1·025.	,, ۲۸ M. 60. *A.S.B.* Pl.
	1984 1984 (*a*)	,,	115-- 29	,, **W.** 179–178. **S.** ·9–·85.	,, ۲۹ M. 60. (1984) *A.S.B.*
	1985 1985 (*a*)	,,	1161- 30	,, but ۱۱٦۱ on one. M. 59 over ٥ in second line on No. 1985. **W.** 179·5. **S.** ·88–·8.	,, ۳۰ M. 60. (1985) *A.S.B.*
	1986 1987	Qamar-nagar (Karnúl)	1150- 20	محمد شاه بادشاه غاز ے سکه مبارك ۱۱٥۰ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1934, but قمرنگر- ۲۰ M. 63 over ج of جلوس *A.S.B.* (*Madrás*). Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 1988	Sarhind (*Sahrind* on coins)	–12	As on No. 1837, but date wanting. **W.** 173. **S.** ·925.	مانوس میمنت ١٢ سنة جلوس ضرب سهرند
1999[1]	„	–23	„ **W.** 173. **S.** ·87.	„ ٢٣ M. 60 to right of mint name. Pl.
2000	Sháhábád Qanauj	1143–13	„ ١١٤٣ **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	„ but شاهاباد قنوج-١٣ No m.
2001	„	1144–13	„ ١١٤٤ **W.** 177. **S.** ·91.	„
2002	„	1145–14	„ ١١٤٥ **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	„ ١٤
2003	„	1147–17	„ ١١٤٧ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 175. **S.** 1·075.	„ ١٧ Traces of dotted border.
2004	„	115–21	„ ١١٥- **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	„ ٢١ M. 64 over ضر Pl.
2005	„	1152–22	„ ١١٥٢ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	„ ٢٢ No m.

[1] Ten numbers have been accidentally omitted here in the numeration.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 2006	Sháhábád Qanauj	1153–23	As on No. 1837, but ١١٥٣ **W.** 174. **S.** ·98.	As on No. 2000, but ٢٣ M. 65 over ضر
2007	,,	11– – –24	,, ١١– – **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٤ M. 66 over ضر
2008 2009	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	113– – aḥd	As on No. 1837, but ١١٣– **W.** 175–173·8. **S.** ·82–·9.	As on No. 1844, but احد سنة (2008) *A.S.B.*
2010	,,	–2	,, but no date to right of محمد or on any other part of the coin. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢
2011	,,	1133–3	As on No. 1844, but ١١٣٣ over صاحب **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣ *A.S.B.*
2012 2013	,,	,,	,, but ١١٣٣ under بادشاه in top line. **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·85.	,, (2012) *A.S.B.*
2014	,,	1134–3	,, ١١٣٤ **W.** 175. **S.** ·88.	,,
2015	,,	1134–4	,, but ١١٣٤ over صاحب **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ٤

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2016	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1135–5	As on No. 1844, but ١١٣٥ to right of محمد **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1844, but ٥ سنة
2017	„	1136–5	„ but ١١٣٦ over صاحب **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	„
2018	„	1136–6	„ **W.** 175. **S.** ·83.	„ ٦
2019	„	113–– 6	„ but ١١٣– to right of محمد **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	„
2020 2021	„	1137–7	„ ١١٣٧ **W.** 176–175·5. **S.** ·86.	„ ٧ (2021) *A.S.B.*
2022	„	1138–7	„ ١١٣٨ **W.** 174. **S.** ·88.	„
2023	„	1138–8	„ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	„ ٨
2024 2025	„	1139–8	„ but ١١٣٩ over صاحب **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	„ (2025) *A.S.B.*
2026	„	1139–9	„ **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	„ ٩

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 2027	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1139–9	As on No. 1844, but ١١٣٩ to right of محمد **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 1844, but ٩
2028	”	1140–9	” but ١١٤٠ over صاحب **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	” *A.S.B.*
2029	”	1140–10	” **W.** 176·5. **S.** ·8.	” ١٠ *A.S.B.*
2030	”	1141–10	” but ١١٤١ to right of محمد **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	”
2031 2032	”	1141–11	” **W.** 175–174·5. **S.** ·9.	” ١١ (2032) *A.S.B.*
2033	”	1142–11	” ١١٤٢ **W.** 175. **S.** ·92.	”
2034 2035	”	1142–12	” **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	” ١٢ (2035) *A.S.B.*
2036	”	”	” but ١١٤٢ over صاحب **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	”
2037[1]	”	1143–13	” but ١١٤٣ to right of محمد **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	” ١٣

[1] *I. M. C.*, No. 7427, p. 63, but the reading of the date and regnal year is doubtful.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **2038**	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1144– 13	As on No. 2037, but ۱۱۴۴ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2037.
2039	,,	1144– 14	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ۱۴
2040	,,	1145– 14	,, ۱۱۴۵ **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, *A.S.B.*
2041	,,	,,	,, but ۱۱۴۵ over صاحب **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	,, *Jihlam.*
2042	,,	1145– 15	,, but ۱۱۴۵ to right of محمد **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ۱۵
2043	,,	1146– 15	,, ۱۱۴۶ **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, *A.S.B.*
2044 **2045**	,,	1146– 16	,, **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ۱۶ (2044) *A.S.B.*
2046	,,	,,	,, but ۱۱۴۶ over صاحب **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	,,
2047	,,	114–– 17	,, ۱۱۴– **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ۱۷

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2048 2049	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1147– 17	As on No. 1844, but ١١٤٧ to right of محمد **W.** 175·5. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2047. (2048) *A.S.B.*
	2050	,,	1148– 18	,, ١١٤٨ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٨
	2051	,,	,,	,, but ١١٤٨ over صاحب **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, *A.S.B.*
	2052	,,	–19	,, Date obliterated. **W.** 175. **S.** ·88.	,, ١٩
	2053	,,	1150– 20	,, but ١١٥٠ to right of محمد **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٠
	2054	,,	1151– 20	,, but ١١٥١ over صاحب **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,,
	2055	,,	1151– 21	,, but ١١٥١ to right of محمد **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢١
	2056 2057	,,	1152– 22	,, ١١٥٢ **W.** 174·7–174. **S.** ·95–·85.	,, ٢٢ (2057) *A.S.B.*
	2058	,,	1153– 22	,, ١١٥٣ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,,

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2059	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1153–23	As on No. 2058. **W.** 173. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 1844, but ٢٣
2060 2061	,,	1154–23	,, ١١٥٤ **W.** 175–174. **S.** ·95–·9.	,, (2061) *A.S.B.*
2062	,,	1155–24	,, ١١٥٥ **W.** 174. **S.** ·93.	,, ٢٤
2063	,,	1155–25	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٥
2064	,,	1157–26	,, ١١٥٧ **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٦ *A.S.B.*
2065 2066	,,	1158–28	,, ١١٥٨ **W.** 175–173. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٨ (2065) *A.S.B.*
2067	,,	1159–28	,, ١١٥٩ In double circle with dots between. **W.** 172. **S.** 1·15.	,, In double circle with dots between. Pl.
2068	,,	1159–29	,, No border. **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٩ No border.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2069	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	116-- 30	As on No. 1844, but ۱۱٦- W. 175·5. S. ·86.	As on No. 1844, but ۳۰ *A.S.B.*
	2069 (*a*)[1] 2069 (*b*)[1]	Súrat	1132– aḥd	بلطف الہ محمد شـــاه بادشاه زمان سـکه زد در جهان ۱۱]۳۲ W. 177. S. 1·06.	مانوس میمنت احد سنة جلوس ضرب سورت (2069 *a*) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	2070	,,	11--- aḥd	As on No. 1837, but ۱۱-- W. 177·5. S. 1·05.	,,
	2071	,,	11--- 2	,, W. 178. S. 1·05.	,, ۲ *A.S.B.*
	2072	,,	11--- 4	,, W. 177. S. 1·05.	,, ۴ *A.S.B.*

[1] Coins of this type in gold and silver have been assigned (cf. *B.M.C.*, Moghul Emperors, p. 197, and *L.M.C.*, p. 209) to Níkúsiyar, a grandson of Aurangzéb, who was set up as a claimant to the Mughal throne in the troublous year 1719 A. D. (A. H. 1131). Mr. W. Irvine, however, pointed out in the *Procs. A.S.B.* for April, 1899, that the coins are in reality the first issues of Muḥammad Sháh; quoting in support of his contention a passage from the *Mirát-i-Aḥmadí*. From the latter it appears that on receipt of a *ḥasbu-l-ḥukm* announcing Muḥammad Sháh's accession, 'Mihr 'Alí Khán, the Deputy-Governor (of Ṣúbah Gujarát), . . . and all the other officials having assembled, the accession was proclaimed by beat of drum, the Khuṭbah was recited and coin was issued with the inscription— سکه زد در جهان بلطف الہ بادشاه زمان محمد شاه

But after this the inscription on the coin was altered to

'سکه مبارك محمد شاه بادشاه غازی

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2073	Súrat	–7	As on No. 1837. Date wanting. **W.** 168. **S.** ·92.	As on No. 2069 (*a*), but ٧ *Bombay Government.*
2074	,,	1140– 10	,, ١١۴٠ **W.** 177. **S.** 1·0.	,, ١٠
2075	,,	114–– 17	,, ١١۴– **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٧
2076	,,	–19	,, Date wanting. (Crude execution.) **W.** 170. **S.** ·95.	,, ١٩
2077	,,	–20	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٠ *A.S.B.*
2078	,,	–26	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢٦ M. 55 in س of جلوس
2079[1] 2080 2081	,,	–27	,, **W.** 172–170. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢٧ M. 67 over سو (2081) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2082	,,	–32 !	,, **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣٢ Pl.

[1] These coins have none of the appearance of having been struck at the Imperial Mint. They seem to be imitations of the Súrat coins of Muhammad. *Quaere*: were they issued by the East India Company at Bombay? No. 2079 is *I.M.C.*, No. 11235, p. 66.

COPPER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2083	Élichpúr	--	محمد شاه بادشاه ..... **W.** 295. **S.** ·85.	...... س ضرب ایلچپور	*A.S.B.* Pl.
2084	Multán	1143–12	محمد شاه بادشاه غازی [فلـ]وس [۱۱]۴۳ **W.** 209. **S.** 1·0.	ملتان ضرب ۱۲ جلوس مبارك	Pl.
2085	?	–22	[محمـ]ـد شاه ے [بادشا]ه غاز **W.** 179. **S.** ·75.	.... س ۲۲ سنة ضرب .... اباد	

XIII

AHMAD SHÁH

A. H. 1161–1167. A. D. 1748–1754.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 2086	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	–2	... احمد شاه بهادر بادشاه غاز ۞ سکه مبار **W.** 168. **S.** ·92.	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافة سنة ۲ ضرب اکبراباد Pl.	**GOLD**
2087	Allah-ábád	–3	,, **W.** 166·6. **S.** ·75.	مانوس میمنت ۳ سنة جلوس ضرب الهاباد Pl.	
2088	Burhán-púr *Dáru-s-surúr*	1166–6	,, but ۱۱۶۶ over غا ۵ in second line. **W.** 169·9. **S.** ·84.	جلوس مانوس میمنت ۶ سنة دار السرور ضرب برهانپور	
AR 2089	Akbar-nagar	–4	,, Date wanting. **W.** 180. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2087, but اکبرنگر – ۴	**SILVER**
2090	Allah-ábád	1164–4	,, but . . ۶۴ to left of غاز **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 2087, but ۴ *A.S.B.*	
2091[1]	,,	1166–5	,, but .. ۶۶ **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ۵	

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9193, p. 70, assigned to Akbarábád.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2092	ʿAẕím-ábád (Patna)	1162–ahd	احمد شاه بهادر بادشاه غازی ۱۱۶۲ سکه مبارك **W.** 178. **S.** ·7.	مانوس میمنت سنة احد جلوس عظیم [اباد] ضرب *A.S.B.*
	2093 2094	,,	1162–2	,, **W.** 177·7–177·5. **S.** ·91–·85.	عظیم اباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۲ سنة M. 57 in س of جلوس (2094) *A.S.B.*
	2095 2096	,,	1166–6	,, ۱۱۶۶ **W.** 179–177·5. **S.** ·85.	,, ۶ M. 68 to left of ۶ (2095) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	2097	,,	1167–7	,, ۱۱۶۷ **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ۷ M. 68. *A.S.B.*
	2098	Barélí	–3	As on No. 2086. **W.** 172. **S.** ·92.	مانوس میمنت ۳ جلوس سنة یلی ضرب بر M. 69 over ب of ضرب
	2099	,,	1166–6	,, but . . . ۶ to left of غاز **W.** 172. **S.** ·92.	,, ۶ M. 70 over ب of ضرب

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **2100**	Barélí	1167–6	As on No. 2086, but ..۶۷ to left of غاز **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 2099, but m. 71 over ب of ضرب
2101	Burhán-púr *Dáru-s-sarúr*	1164–4	As on No. 2086, but ۱۱۶۴ over غا ة in second line. **W.** 176. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2088, but ۴ *Bétúl C.P.*
2102	Etáwá	–5	,, Date wanting. **W.** 172·5. **S.** ·96.	As on No. 2087, but اتاوا – ٥ + to right of ٥
2103	Farrukh-ábád	— aḥd	,, Date wanting. **W.** 170. **S.** ·93.	As on No. 2087, but فرخ اباد – احد
2104 **2105**	Imtiyáz-gadh (Adoní)	– –	احمد شاه ؟ بهادر ؟ [ع]الم پناه ؟ نعمت ؟ ك .... **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت جلوس .... سنة امتيازگده (2105) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2106	Jahángír-nagar	11––– aḥd	۱۱–– احمد شاه ع بهادر بادشاه غاز .... M. 59 over ة in second line. **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 2087, but جهانگيرنگر – احد Pl.
2107	,,	–5	,, but بهادر in top line. M. 72 in second line. **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ٥

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 2108	Jahángír-nagar	-6	As on No. 2107. M. 72. **W.** 178. **S.** ·81.	As on No. 2106, but ٦
2109	"	-7	" M. 58 in second line. **W.** 178. **S.** ·84.	" ٧
2110	Jaipúr Sawáí	1161- aḥd	As on No. 2086, but . . ٦١ to left of غاز **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2087, but سوای جی‌پور- احد
2111	Katak	— aḥd	" Date wanting. **W.** 168. **S.** ·9.	" کتک - احد
2112	"	-2	" **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	" ٢ *Bétúl.*
2113	"	-4	" **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	" ٤
2114	"	-5	" **W.** 172. **S.** ·87.	" ٥ Pl.
2115[1]	"	11--- 5	" ١١-- **W.** 178. **S.** ·81.	" ٥ Pl.

[1] There is a marked dissimilarity between the die from which this coin was struck and that used for the other coins of Katak here catalogued, see plate. The initial 'K' of Katak is different from the 'K' on the other coins, and the ٥ is also different from the ٥ on No. 2114. The upper line of the obverse is written احمدشاه‌بهادر instead of احمدشاه‌بهادر. The weight is also heavier.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2116	Katak	–6	As on No. 2111. Date wanting. **W.** 172. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 2111, but ٦ *Bétúl.*
2117	”	–7	” **W.** 168. **S.** ·91.	” ٧
2118	”	—?	” **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	” but ٢١١ over سنة
2119	”	”	” **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	” but ٢١٢ over سنة *Bétúl.*
2120 2121	”	”	” **W.** 168–165. **S.** ·8.	” but ٥ over سنة and M. 73 over و of جلو (2121) *A.S.B.*
2122 2123	”	”	” **W.** 166·5–165. **S.** ·75.	” ٥ over سنة and m.m. 73–74 over و of جلو (2123) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2124	”	”	” **W.** 168. **S.** ·82.	” ٥٧ over سنة No m. over و *Bétúl.*
2125 2126	”	”	” **W.** 168–167. **S.** ·82.	” ٥١٢ over سنة *Bétúl.*
2127	”	”	” **W.** 166·5. **S.** ·81.	” ٥٢١ over سنة *Bétúl.*
2128	”	”	” **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	” ٦٨ over سنة *Bétúl.*

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2129	Katak	— ?	As on No. 2086. **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2111, but ٦٩ over سنة *Bétúl.* Pl.
	2130	,,	,,	,, **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	,, ٧١٣ over سنة
	2131	,,	,,	,, **W.** 171·5. **S.** ·85.	,, but ٨٨ over and ١١ under سنة Pl.
	2132	,,	,,	,, **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, but ٣٦ over سنة *Bétúl.*
	2133	,,	,,	,, **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, but ١١٢ over سنة
	2134	,,	,,	,, **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٢ over سنة *A.S.B.*
	2135	Kan-báyat	— aḥd	As on No. 2086. Date wanting. **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 2087, but كنبايت - احد
	2136	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1162– aḥd	,, but ١١٦٢ over مبا سكه in third line. **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة احد ميمنت جلوس مانوس *A.S.B.* Pl.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2137	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	−2	As on No. 2136, but no date in third line. **W.** 174. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 2136, but ٢
2138	,,	−3	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·78.	,, ٣
2139 2140	,,	1164–4	,, but ١١٦۴ over بها in top line. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	,, ۴ (2139) *Míánwálí.* (2140) *A.S.B.*
2141	Muḥammadábád Banáras	1161–aḥd	As on No. 2086, but ١١٦١ below بها in top line. **W.** 174. **S.** ·77.	محمداباد ميمنت احد جلو سنة س مانوس ضرب بنارس M. obliterated.
2142 2143	,,	1162–2	,, ١١٦٢ M. 33 over غا ه in middle line. **W.** 175–172. **S.** ·8–·85.	,, ٢ (2142) *A.S.B.*
2144 2145	,,	1163–3	,, ١١٦٣ M. 33 in middle line. **W.** 174–172. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣ M. 75 to right of محمد (2144) *A.S.B.*
2146 2147	,,	1164–4	,, ١١٦۴ M. 33. **W.** 175·5–175. **S.** ·8.	,, ۴ M. 75. (2147) *A.S.B.*
2148 2149	,,	1165–4	,, ١١٦٥ M. 33. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, M. 75. (2148) *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2150	Muḥammadábád Banáras	1165–5	As on No. 2141, but ١١٦٥ M. 76 over غا ء in middle line. **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 2141, but ٥ M. 75.
2151	”	1166–5	” ١١٦٦ M. 76. **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·8.	” ٥ M. 75. *A.S.B.*
2152	”	1167–	” ١١٦٧ M. 77. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	” ٧ M. 61, inverted.
2153	Multán	1163–2	As on No. 2086, but ١١٦٣ over غا ء in middle line. **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2087, but ملتان – ٢
2154 2155	Murshidábád	1162–ahd	” but ١١٦٢ to left of مبار in bottom line. **W.** 178. **S.** ·97.	As on No. 2087, but مرشداباد – احد M. 60 to right of احد (2155) *A.S.B.*
2156 2157	”	1162–2	” **W.** 179–178. **S.** ·95.	” ٢ M. 60. (2156) *A.S.B.*
2158	”	–2	” Date wanting. M. 59 over ء in middle line. **W.** 179·5. **S.** ·93.	” M. 60.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2159 2160	Murshid-ábád	1163–3	As on No. 2154, but ۱۱۶۳ No m. **W.** 178. **S.** ·95–·75.	As on No. 2154, but ۳ M. 60. (2160) *A.S.B.*
2161	”	1164–3	” ۱۱۶۴ **W.** 178·5. **S.** 1·02.	” M. 60.
2162	”	–4	” Date wanting. **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	” ۴ M. 60.
2163 2164	”	–5	” M. 72 over ۸ in middle line. **W.** 179·2–178. **S.** ·85–·75.	” ۵ M. 60. (2164) *A.S.B.*
2165	”	1166–6	” but ۱۱۶۶ to left of مبارک M. 58 over ۸ in middle line. **W.** 177. **S.** ·92.	” ۶ M. 60.
2166	”	1167–6	” ۱۱۶۷ M. 58. **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	” M. 60.
2167	Sarhind (*Sahrind* on coins)	1161–aḥd	As on No. 2086, but ۱۱۶۱ to left of غاز **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2087, but سهرند – احد
2168	”	1162–2	” ۱۱۶۲ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	” ۲ *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 2169 2170	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1161– aḥd	As on No. 2086, but ١١٦١ to left of غاز **W.** 174·5–174. **S.** ·95–·85.	فة جها اباد دارالخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس احد سنة (2170) *A.S.B.*
2171	,,	1162– aḥd	,, ١١٦٢ **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,,
2172	,,	1162–2	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·88.	,, ٢
2173 2174	,,	1163–3	,, ١١٦٣ M. 60 over بها and to left of مبار **W.** 176–174. **S.** ·95–·9.	,, ٣ (2173) *A.S.B.*
2175 2176	,,	1164–4	,, ١١٦٤ M. 60. **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ٤ (2176) *A.S.B.*
2177	,,	1165–5	,, ١١٦٥ M. 60. **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ٥
2178	,,	1166–6	,, ١١٦٦ M. 60. **W.** 172. **S.** ·84.	,, ٦

XIV

‘ÁLAMGÍR II

A. H. 1167–1173. A. D. 1754–1759.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 2179 2180 2181 2181 (*a*)	Imtiyáz-gadh [Adoní]	–21 (*sic*)	عالمگیر ثانی بادشاه سنة ۲۱ to left of شاه on one. **W.** 51·6–51·3–51. **S.** ·045 × ·38–·45–·47 × ·42.	گده ضرب امتیاز	**GOLD** Pl.
2182	,,	—	,, **W.** 25. **S.** ·35.	,,	
2183	Jaipúr Sawáí	117–– 6	۱۱۷– عالم[گیر]ے بادشاه غاز ك سکه مبار M. 78 over مبا **W.** 168. **S.** ·75.	مانوس میمنت ٦ سنة جلوس ضرب سوای جی‌پور	
2184	Láhor *Dáru-s-saltanat*	1172–5	In dotted border, as on No. 2183, but ۱۱۷۲ M. 79 to left of مبار **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	لاهور دار السلطنة ضرب سنة ٥ میمنت جلوس مانوس	Pl.
2185	Muḥam-madábád Banáras	–3	عالمگیرے با]دشاه غاز .... **W.** 168. **S.** ·68.	محمداباد میمنت جلوس ۳ سنة مانوس ضرب بنارس	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 2186 2187	Sháh- jahánábád *Dáru-l-* *khiláfat*	1172–5	عالمگیر غاز با[دشاه] ع عزیز الدین ۷۲ .. شـ[ـاه] همچو تابان مهر و[ماه] سـ[ـکه] [زد بر] هفت [کشور] **W.** 167–166·5. **S.** ·83–·7.	[؟ خلد الله سلطانه] دار الخلافة شاهجهان[اباد] ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس ٥ سنة (2187) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	2188	,,	1173–6	,, ۱۱۷۳ **W.** 168. **S.** ·78.	,, ٦
	2189	,,	–6	,, Date wanting. **W.** 169. **S.** ·8.	,, but [فة] جها اباد [دار ا]لخلا شاه[ن]
SILVER	AR 2190	Ahmad- ábád	11— 3	As on No. 2183, but ۱۱— **W.** 177·5. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 2183, but احمداباد – ۳ Pl.
	2191	,,	117— 6	,, ۱۱۷– **W.** 181. **S.** ·94.	,, M. 80 in س of جلوس The mint name is wanting, but m. 80 sufficiently indicates the mintage. *A.S.B.*
	2192	Akbar- ábád *Musta-* *qirru-l-* *khiláfat*	11— 2	As on No. 2183, but ۱۱— M. 48 over میا **W.** 175. **S.** 1·0.	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافه سنة ۲ ضرب اکبراباد *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2193	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1169–3	As on No. 2183, but ١١٦٩ No m. **W.** 174. **S.** 1·1.	As on No. 2192, but ٣
2194	Akbar-nagar	1167–aḥd	" but ..١٦٧ to left of مبارك M. 58 over ٥ in middle line. **W.** 178. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 2183, but اكبرنگر–احد M. 59 to right of احد Pl.
2195	Allah-ábád	1168–aḥd	" but ١١٦٨ to right of عالم **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 2183, but ب ضر الهاباد – احد *A.S.B.*
2196[1] 2197	"	1169–2	" ١١٦٩ **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	" ٢ (2197) *A.S.B.*
2198[2]	Arkát	–4	محمد عزير الدين عالم[گير ـ با]دشاه غاز .... **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2183, but اركات – ٤ . *A.S.B.* (*Púná*). Pl.
2199	'Azím-ábád (Patna)	116––aḥd	As on No. 2183, but ١١٦– in bottom line. **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	عظيماباد ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة M. 81 to left of احد

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9189, p. 73, where Akbarábád has been given as the mint name.

[2] This differs from the coins bearing this mint name issued by the East India Company and the French Compagnie des Indes, and appears to be an imperial coin.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2200	'Azím-ábád (Patna)	1168–2	As on No. 2199, but ١١٦٨ **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2199, but ٢ M. 81. *A.S.B.*
	2201	,,	1169–2	,, ١١٦٩ **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, M. 81.
	2202 [1]	,,	1169–3	,, **W.** 178. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣ M. 81.
	2203	,,	1170–3	,, ١١٧٠ **W.** 177. **S.** ·75.	,, ٣ M. 81.
	2204	,,	1171–4	,, ١١٧١ **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	,, ۴ M. 81.
	2205 ½	,,	–5	,, Date wanting. **W.** 90. **S.** ·65.	,, ٥ M. 81. *A.S.B.*
	2206 2207	,,	1172–6	,, ١١٧٢ **W.** 178–175. **S.** ·78.	,, ٦ M. 81. (2206) *A.S.B.*
	2208	,,	1173–6	,, ١١٧٣ **W.** 178·5. **S.** ·75.	,, M. 81. *A.S.B.*
	2209 ½	,,	117–– 6	,, ١١٧– **W.** 89·5. **S.** ·65.	,, M. 81. *A.S.B.* Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9175, where the mint has been mistakenly given as Muḥammadábád Banáras. M. 81 shows that it is 'Azímábád.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2210 2211	Baréli	1168–ahd	As on No. 2183, but ١١٦٨ **W.** 172–170. **S.** ·88.	مانوس ميمنت احد جلوس سنة يلى ضرب بر M. 82 over ب of ضرب (2211) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2212 2213	,,	116– – 2	,, ١١٦– **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	,, ٢ M. 82. (2213) *A.S.B.*
2214	,,	117– – 4	,, ١١٧– **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	,, ٤ M. 82.
2215 2216	,,	117– – 6	,, but ١١ to left and ٧– to right of عا **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	,, ٦ M. 83 over ب of ضرب M. 84 in س of جاوس (2216) *A.S.B.*
2217	Etáwá	1168–ahd	As on No. 2183, but ١١ ٦٨ to left of عالم **W.** 168. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 2183, but اتاوا – احد
2218	Gwáliár	–4	,, but date wanting. M. 59 over مبار **W.** 175. **S.** ·94.	,, but گواليار – ٤ *Bétúl.*
2219 2220	Imtiyáz-gadh (Adoní)	– –	عالمگير ثانى سكه زد عزيز الدين نى صاحبقرا **W.** 172. **S.** ·78.	مانوس ميمنت جلوس .... ضرب امتيازگده *A.S.B.* Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2221	Jahángír-nagar	11--- ahd	As on No. 2183, but عالمگیر M. 58 over ٤ in middle line. **W.** 180. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2183, but جهانگیرنگر-احد
	2222	,,	-2	,, Date wanting. M. 58. **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢
	2223	,,	11--- 5	,, ١١-- M. 58. **W.** 177. **S.** ·95.	,, ٥ Pl.
	2224	Jaipúr Sawáí	— ahd	,, but عالمگیر Date wanting. M. 78 over مبا **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2183, but احد
	2225	Kan-báyat (Cambay)	-6	عالمگیر [ثانی] / ے / بادشاه غاز **W.** 180. **S.** ·8.	,, but کنبایت - ٦
	2226	Láhor *Dáru-s-salṭanat*	1169–2	As on No. 2183, but ١١٦٩ **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	As on No. 2184, but ٢
	2227	,,	1172–6	,, ١١٧٢ **W.** 175. **S.** ·75.	,, ٦

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2228	Muḥam-madábád Banáras	1167–aḥd	اعز الدين عالمگير ثاني (*sic*) ۱۱٦۷ صاحب قران ك [سکه مبار؟] **W.** 175. **S.** ·84.	محمداباد میمنت جلوس احد سنة مانوس ضرب [بنارس] M. 85 to right of top line. Pl.
2229	,,	116– – 2	As on No. 2183, but ۱۱٦– **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ۲ M. 85. *A.S.B.*
2230	,,	11– – – 3	,, ۱۱– – **W.** 166. **S.** ·75.	,, ۳ M. 85. *A.S.B.*
2231	,,	1170– 4	,, ۱۱۷۰ **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ۴ M. 85.
2232 2233	,,	1171– 4	,, but ۱۱۷۱ to left of عا **W.** 174–173. **S.** ·8.	,, ۴ M. 85. (2233) *A.S.B.*
2234	,,	117– – 5	,, but ۱۱۷– to right of عا M. 86 between ة and غا in second line. **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,, ٥ M. 85 (traces of).
2235	,,	1172– 6	,, ۱۱۷۲ M. 86. **W.** 174. **S.** ·75.	,, ٦ M. 87 in س of جلوس

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2236	Murád-ábád	117–– 5	As on No. 2183, but ١١ to left and ٧– to right of عا M. 88 over غا ٥ in middle line. **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت جلوس سنة ٥ ضرب مراداباد M. 88 in س of جلوس Pl.
2237	Murshid-ábád	1167– aḥd	,, but عالمگیر ١١٦٧ to left of مبار M. 58 over ٥ in middle line. **W.** 178. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 2183, but مرشداباد – احد M. 60 to right of احد
2238 2239	,,	1168– aḥd	,, ١١٦٨ M. 58 in middle line and m. 60 to left of عالمگیر **W.** 179·9–179. **S.** ·98.	,, M. 60. (2239) *A.S.B.*
2240	,,	1169–2	,, ١١٦٩ M. 58. M. 60 wanting. **W.** 178. **S.** 1·025.	,, ٢ M. 60.
2241 2242 2243	,,	1171–4	,, ١١٧١ M. m. 58–60. **W.** 180. **S.** ·95.	,, ٤ (2242–3) *A.S.B.*
2244	Najíb-ábád	–2	As on No. 2183. Date wanting. Portions of dotted border. **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	اباد نجیب ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ٢ سنة Portions of dotted border.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2245	Najíb-ábád	116-- 3	As on No. 2183, but عالمگیر ١١٦- to right of عا + over ه in middle line. No border. **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 2244, but ٣ No border.	
2246	,,	11--- 4	,, ١١-- + over ه M. 71 to left of مبار **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴	Pl.
2247	,,	-5	,, Date wanting. + over ه M. 89 to left of مبار **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, ۵	
2248	,,	117-- 6	,, ١١٧- + over ه M. 90 to left of مبار **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, ٦	
2249[1]	Narwar	1173-6	As on No. 2183, but ١١٧٣ under لم M. 59 over مبا **W.** 171·5. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2183, but نرور-٦ M. 59 to right of ٦	Pl.
2250	Sarhind (*Sahrind* on coins)	1171-	,, but ١١٧١ **W.** 164. **S.** ·82.	,, but سہرند Regnal year obliterated.	
2251	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	11--- ahd	,, ١١-- **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 1844, but احد	*A.S.B.*

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 13154, p. 74, where the mint name has been tentatively read Baroda. Fuller specimens support the present reading.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2252	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	–2	.... [عالمگـ]ـير بادشاه غازی [ابو] العدل عزيز الدين ق سکه مبار **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	جهان اباد شـــاه دار الخلافة سنة ٢ ب ... ميمنت مانوس ضر
2253	,,	–3	As on No. 2252, but in top line خلد الله ملکه و سلطانه ? محـمـد In lower line parts of زد بر هفت کشور ? **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, ٣ *A.S.B.* Pl.
2254	,,	1170–4	As on No. 2186, but ١١٧٠ Top line fragmentary, other lines full. **W.** 174. **S.** ·88.	As on No. 2186, but ١٤ Portions of top line legible. Pl.
2255	,,	1172–6	,, ١١٧٢ **W.** 176. **S.** ·85.	,, ٦ Top line wanting. *A.S.B.*
2256[1]	Súrat ?	–5	As on No. 2183. Date wanting. **W.** 177. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 2183, but سورت – ٥ ?

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9043, p. 74, and has been assigned to the Murshidábád mint. It is, however, entirely different in type from the Murshidábád coins of this reign, and the characters below ضرب appear to be parts of the word سورت.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
			Mint not deciphered	
Æ 2257	?	–5	As on No. 2183. Date wanting. **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	? بندر مفا ? ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ٥ سنة M. 44 between نو and س *Thána.* Pl.
Æ 2258 2259	Láhor	,,	عالمگیر ك سکه مبار **W.** 202–185. **S.** ·9.	لاهور ٥ ب فلوس ضر Traces of dotted border. Pl.
2260	Sháh-jahánábád	—	عالمگیر ے فلوس **W.** 311·5. **S.** ·85.	اباد جهان شاه ضرب Pl.

SILVER

COPPER

SHÁH JAHÁN III

A. H. 1173–1174. A. D. 1759–1760.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
GOLD	AV **2261** [1]	ʿAẕím-ábád (Patna)	— aḥd	شاه جهان ے [با]دشاه غاز ...... **W.** 169. **S.** ·7.	[عظيماباد] ضرب ميمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة M. 81 to left of احد	Pl.
SILVER	AR **2262** [2]	Aḥmad-ábád	117– – aḥd	۱۱۷– شاهجهان ے بادشاه غاز ى سکه مبار **W.** 180 **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2183, but احمداباد – احد M. 80 in س of جلوس	Pl.
	2263 [3]	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	— aḥd	شاه جهان ے بادشاه غاز ى سکه مبار **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	جلوس مانوس ميمنت مستقر الخلافة سنة احد ضرب اکبراباد	Pl.
	2264	ʿAẕím-ábád	1173– aḥd	As on No. 2261, but below سکه مبارك ۱۱۷۳ **W.** 178. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2261. M. 81 to left of احد	

[1] The chief guide to the assignation of this coin is the mint-mark, which, since the reign of Aḥmad Sháh, appears on all the coins of the ʿAẕímábád mint.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8511, p. 75, assigned in error to Murshidábád. The letters احـ .. اباد are distinctly visible. The mint-mark is also that of Aḥmadábád.

[3] I have assigned this coin to Sháh jahán III in preference to Sháh jahán II on account of the inferiority in execution as compared with the coins of the latter king.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2265 2266	'Azím-ábád	1174–ahd	As on No. 2264, but ۱۱۷۴ **W.** 179–178. **S.** ·9–83.	As on No. 2261. M. 81. (2265) *Mánbhúm.* (2266) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2267 ½	"	— ahd	" Lower line and date wanting. **W.** 90. **S.** ·7.	" M. 81. Pl.
2268	Maha-Indrapúr (Bharatpúr)	1174–ahd	۱۱۷۴ شاه جهان بادشاه غاز سکه مبارك **W.** 171. **S.** 1·0.	مهاندرپور ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس احد سنة Pl.
2269	Súrat	117--	" Unit of date and lower line wanting. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	.... جلوس ضـ]ـرب سـ]ـورت

XV

SHÁH 'ÁLAM II

A.H. 1173–1221. A.D. 1759–1806.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 2270 2271	Aḥmad-nagar Farrukh-ábád	–31	الله محمد شاه عالم [باد شـــ]ـاه زد زتائید حامی [دین نے سکه صاحب قرا M. 84 over می on one ز M. 92 on the other. M. 92 over صا on both. **W.** 165·5–164·5. **S.** ·95·9.	مانوس میمنت سنة ۳۱ جلوس ضرب احمدنگر فرخ[اباد Pl.
	2272[1]	Jaipúr Sawáí	–15	.......]ے بادشاه غا[ز ك سکه مبار M. 78 over مبا **W.** 168. **S.** ·75.	but ,, سوای جی‌پور– ۱۵
	2273[2]	Korá ?	117––2	–۱۱۷ اله محمد .... فضــــل شاه عالم بادشاه ســـکه بر هفت کشور زد M.m. 93–94 over بادشاه **W.** 166. **S.** ·75.	but ,, ک[ورا]– ۲ M. 59 to right of ۲

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 10841, p. 72, and has been catalogued as a coin of 'Álamgír II. It certainly resembles in type No. 2183 (*supra*), but the regnal year 15, which is clear, indicates that it is a coin of Sháh 'Álam. Use has possibly been made of an old die for the obverse.

[2] The attribution of Nos. 2273 and 2274 to Korá is not free from doubt. They undoubtedly are from the same mint as No. 2358 (*a*) below, but in that coin there are traces of letters before کورا. A fuller specimen must be awaited before any reading can be accepted with confidence.

GOLD

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
AV 2274	Korá	11--- 3	As on No. 2273. M. m. 94–95 over بادشاه and m. 59 under لم **W.** 166. **S.** ·72.	As on No. 2273, but ٣ M. 59.
2275	Maha-In-drapúr (Bharat-púr)	1175–2	الله محمد شاه عالم شـــــاه از ١١٧٥ فضل حاميدين باد سـكـه زد] بر هفت كشور **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	مهه اندرپور ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس ٢ سنة Pl.
2276	,,	118-- 10	,, but ١١٨– and two lower lines wanting. **W.** 165. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٠ स to left of date.
2277	Najíb-ábád	1178–5	الہ محمد شاه عالم [باد شـــاه ١١]٧٨ سايه فضل حامى دين سـكـه زد بر] هفت كشور **W.** 166. **S.** ·8.	نجيب‌اباد ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس ٥ سنة
2278	,,	–25	,, but date and two lower lines wanting. M. 91 to left of ى **W.** 165·5. **S.** ·72.	,, ٢٥
2279	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	(117)4-2	As on No. 2277, but ...٤ Fragmentary. **W.** 168. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 1844, but ٢ Mint name fragmentary.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 2280	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	(119)7-24	As on No. 2279, but ...٧ M. 96 over ى **W.** 166. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 2279, but ٢۴
	2281	,,	1217-45	In dotted border شاه لم شاه الہ دین محمد عا باد مـ حا ١٢١٧ سکہ صاحب قران زد زتائید M. 97 over قر Branch over حب **W.** 163. **S.** 1·35.	In dotted border as on No. 1844, but ۴٥ Pl.
				Mint name not deciphered	
	2281 (*a*)[1]	?	—	علا]ی گوهر بادشاه غاز **W.** 43. **S.** ·5.	کنجنکوت ضرب ? *Kanjankot.* Pl.
SILVER	AR 2282 2283	Aḥmad-ábád	1188-15	شاه عالم ١١٨٨ بادشاه غاز ك سکہ مبار **W.** 181–180. **S.** 1·025–1·0.	As on No. 2270, but احمداباد – ١٥ M. 80 in س of جلوس (2282) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	2284	,,	119--21	,, ١١٩– **W.** 179. **S.** ·95.	,, ٢١ *A.S.B.*

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 10908, p. 76. The reading کنگپور cannot, I think, be supported.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2285	Aḥmad-nagar Farrukh-ábád	1187–15	الله محمد شاه عالم باد شـــاه از فضل حامی دين ۱۱۸۷ ســـكه زد بر هفت كشور M. 92 over مى **W.** 173. **S.** 1·05.	As on No. 2270, but ۱۵ M. 65 over ج and س of جلوس *A.S.B.*	**SILVER**
2286	,,	1192–19	,, ۱۱۹۲ M. 98. **W.** 174·5. **S.** 1·07.	,, ۱۹ M. 65.	
2287	,,	1193–20	,, ۱۱۹۳ M. 98. **W.** 174·5. **S.** 1·09.	,, ۲۰ M. 65.	
2288 2289	,,	1197–23 !	,, ۱۱۹۷ M. 98 on one, m. 99 on the other over مى **W.** 173. **S.** 1·05.	,, ۲۳ M. 65. Pl.	
2290	,,	1197–24	,, ۱۱۹۷ M. 98. **W.** 174. **S.** 1·05.	,, ۲۴ M. 65.	
2291	,,	1198–24 !	,, ۱۱۹۸ M. 99. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·05.	,, M. 65.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2292 2293	Aḥmad-nagar Farrukh-ábád	1198– 25	As on No. 2285. M. 99. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·05.	As on No. 2270, but ٢٥ M. 65. (2293) *A.S.B.*
	2294	,,	1199– 27	,, ١١٩٩ M. 98. **W.** 174. **S.** 1·07.	,, ٢٧ M. 65.
	2295	,,	1203– 29	,, ١٢٠٣ M. 98. **W.** 170. **S.** 1·04.	,, ٢٩ M. 65.
	2296	,,	–31	As on No. 2270. M. 84 over ى M. 92 over صا **W.** 173. **S.** 1·03.	,, ٣١ M. 65.
	2297	,,	1211– 31	,, but ١٢١١ to left of middle line and only m. 92. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·05.	,, M. 98 over ج of جلوس
	2298	,,	1213– 39	,, ١٢١٣ M. 92. **W.** 170. **S.** 1·0.	,, ٣٩
	2299	,,	1214– 39	,, ١٢١٤ M. 92. **W.** 169·5. **S.** 1·02.	,,
	2300 2300 (*a*)	,,	1215– 39	,, ١٢١٥ M. 92. **W.** 170. **S.** 1·05.	,, (2300 *a*) *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2301 2302	Ahmad-nagar Farrukh-ábád	1216–39	As on No. 2270, but ۱۲۱۶ M. 92. **W.** 171. **S.** 1·05.	As on No. 2270, but ۳۹ (2302) *A.S.B.*
2303	"	1217–39	" ۱۲۱۷ M. 92. **W.** 171·5. **S.** ·96.	"
2304	"	1218–39	" ۱۲۱۸ M. 92. **W.** 172·5. **S.** 1·0.	"
2305	"	1219–39	" ۱۲۱۹ M. 92. **W.** 170. **S.** 1·0.	"
2306	"	1220–39	" ۱۲۲۰ M. 92. **W.** 169. **S.** ·95.	"
2307[1]	Ajmér *Dáru-l-khair*	1178 ? –6	۱۱۷۸ ؟ شاه عالم بادشاه غازى سكه مبارك **W.** 171. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 2277, but دار الخـ]ـير [اجمير] – ۶
2308	"	–10	" Date wanting. **W.** 171. **S.** ·84.	" ۱۰ Mint full.

SILVER

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11873, p. 77. A comparison with Nos. 2308–10 leaves no doubt as to the mint being Ajmér.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 2309 2310	Ajmér *Dáru-l-khair*	1188–14	As on No. 2307, but ۱۱۸۸ below عالم **W.** 171–167·5. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2308, but ۱۴ (2310) *A.S.B.*
2311	Akbar-ábád *Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat*	1175–2	از فضل اله ۱۱۷۵ شـــاه محمد شاه لم باد حامی دین عا ســـکه زد بر هفت کشور **W.** 175. **S.** ·92.	جلوس مانوس میمنت مستقر الخلافة سنة ۲ ضرب اکبراباد
2312	,,	1175–3	,, ۱۱۷۵ **W.** 175. **S.** ·95.	,, ۳
2313	,,	1176–3	,, ۱۱۷۶ **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	,,
2314	,,	1176–4	,, **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴
2315	,,	1178–5	,, ۱۱۷۸ **W.** 174. **S.** ·85.	,, ۵
2316	,,	1180–7	,, ۱۱۸۰ **W.** 173. **S.** ·94.	,, ۷
2317	,,	1198–26	,, ۱۱۹۸ **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, ۲۶ Fish above ب of ضرب *A.S.B.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2318	Akbar-ábád *Musta-qirru-l-khiláfat*	1207–34	As on No. 2311, but ۱۲۰۷ * in ن of دین **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2311, but ۳۴ Fish over ب of ضرب *A.S.B.* Pl.
2319	,,	1215–42	,, ۱۲۱۵ No star. **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۲ Fish over ب and * over اباد
2320	,,	1217–44	,, ۱۲۱۷ **W.** 173. **S.** ·86.	,, ۴۴ M. fish, and m. 32 over باد
2321 2322	,,	1218–45	,, ۱۲۱۸ **W.** 172·8–172. **S.** ·82.	,, ۴۵ M. m. fish and 98. (2322) *A.S.B.*
2323	,,	1218–46	,, **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	,, ۴۶ M. m. fish and 98.
2324	,,	1219–46	,, ۱۲۱۹ **W.** 172. **S.** ·86.	,, ۴۶ M. m. fish and 98.
2325 2326	,,	1219–47	شاه شاه اله دین محمد عالم باد می ۱۲۱۹ سکه صاحب قرانی حا زد ز تائید **W.** 172. **S.** ·85–·81.	,, ۴۷ M. fish. (2325) *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ 2327[1]	Allah-ábád	? –aḥd	عالم شاه بادشاه غازی سکه ..۲۰. W. 179. S. ·9.	مانوس میمنت احد سنة جلوس ضرب الهاباد *Mánbhúm.* Pl.
2328 2329[2]	,,	1174– aḥd	۱۱۷۴ شاه عالم بادشاه غازی ك سکه مبار W. 175. S. ·85.	,, (2328) *A.S.B.*
2330	,,	117–– 4	,, ۱۱۷– W. 172. S. ·8.	,, ۴
2331	Ánwala (Áonla)	–3	... عالم .... شاه از فضل حامی دین سکه زد بر هفت کشور M. 100 in ن of دین W. 172. S. ·9.	As on No. 2327, but انوله–۳ Pl.
2332	ʻAẓím-ábád (Patna)	1174–2	اله محمد شاه عالم باد شاه سایه فضل حامی دین سکه ۱۱۷۴ زد بر هفت کشور W. 177·5. S. ·9.	As on No. 2199, but ۲ M. 81 to left of ۲

[1] This is almost certainly a coin of Sháh ʻÁlam I, and should properly have been catalogued as 1663 (*a*). The date is probably 1120—see Introduction.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 9192, p. 76, ascribed to Akbarábád. The coins of the latter mint are, however, of quite a different type.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2333	'Azím-ábád (Patna)	–4	As on No. 2332, but date wanting. **W.** 178. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2199, but ۴ M. 81.
2334 2335	,,	1177–5	,, but ۱۱۷۷ under هفت **W.** 180–177. **S.** ·86–·9.	,, ۵ M. 81. (2335) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2336	,,	1182–9	,, ۱۱۸۲ **W.** 178. **S.** ·9.	,, ۹ M. 81. *A.S.B.*
2337	Barélí	1175–2	As on No. 2332, but ۱۱ below لم and ۷۵ to right of محمد **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	مانوس میمنت ۲ جلوس سنة یلے ضرب بر
2338	,,	1183–10	,, but ۱۱۸۳ to left of دین **W.** 172·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ۱۰
2339	,,	1184–11	,, ۱۱۸۴ **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, ۱۱
2340	Barélí *Qiṭ'a*	1216–37	شاه لم شاه الله محمد عا باد مے ۱۲۱٦ سکه صاحب قرا حا دین ے زد ز تائید M. 32 in ں of دین **W.** 169. **S.** ·9.	بریلی قطعه ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳۷ سنة M. 101 to left of ۳۷ M. 102 above قطعه M. 103 above میمنت و in س of جلوس Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ **2341**	Barélí *Qiṭ‘a*	1217– 37	As on No. 2340, but ١٢١٧ M. 32. **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2340. M. m. 101–102–103.
	2342	,,	1218– 37	,, ١٢١٨ M. 32. **W.** 167. **S.** ·85.	,, M. m. 101–102–103.
	2343	,,	1219– 37	,, ١٢١٩ M. 32. **W.** 166. **S.** ·83.	,, M. m. 101–102–103.
	2344	,,	1220– 37	,, ١٢٢٠ M. 32 wanting. **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, M. m. 101–103. M. 102 wanting.
	2345	Brajindra- púr (Bharat- púr)	1207– 34	شاه الہ محمد عالم شــــاہ از ١٢٠٧ فضل حاميدين باد ســـکہ زد بر هفت کشور **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	برجاندرپور ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس ٣٤ سنة M. 104 and five-petalled flower to left of ٣٤ *A.S.B.*
	2346	Burhán- púr *Dáru-s-* *sarúr*	12–– 3–	.... عالم بادشاه ١٢– ســـکہ ..... کشور **W.** 177. **S.** ·85.	[جلوس مانوس] ميمنت –٣ سنة دار السرور ضرب برهانپور M. 105 over ب of ضرب

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ **2347**	Burhán-púr *Dáru-s-sarúr*	1215– 4–	As on No. 2346, but ١٢١٥ **W.** 177. **S.** ·82.	As on No. 2346, but ٤–
2348	Etáwá	–22	شاه عالم بادشاه غازی سکه مبارک M. 106 over غا **W.** 170. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 2327, but اتاوا – ٢٢
2349	Gokul-garh	(118)9- 17	الله محمد شاه عالم باد شاه سایه فضل حامی دین ٩... سکه [زد بر هفت کشور] **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2345, but گوکل گره – ١٧ M. 107 in س of جلوس *Gurgáon.*
2350	,,	(118)9- 18	,, **W.** 171. **S.** ·87.	,, ١٨ M. 107. *Gurgáon.* Pl.
2351	,,	–23	,, Date wanting. **W.** 172. **S.** ·83.	,, ٢٣ M. 107. *Gurgáon.*
2352	,,	(119)6- 24	,, ...٦ **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٤ M. 107. *Gurgáon.*
2353	,,	(11)97- 25	,, ..٩٧ **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٥ M. 107. *Gurgáon.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2354	Gokul-garh	1202–29	As on No. 2349, but ۱۲۰۲ M. 108 in ل of فضل **W.** 172. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 2349, but ۲۹ M. 107. *Gurgáon.*
2355	,,	1202–30	,, M. 109 in ل of فضل **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, ۳۰ M. 107. *Gurgáon.*
2356	Jammún *Dáru-l-amán*	1196–24	شاه عالم ۱۱۹٦ بادشاه غازے ك سکه مبار M. 111 over غا ہ in middle line. **W.** 171. **S.** ·75.	دار الامان جمون ضرب سنة ۲۴ میمنت جلوس مانوس M. 112 to left of مانوس *A.S.B.* Pl.
2357	Jaipúr Sawáí	1208–34	In dotted border ۱۲۰۸ شاه عالم بهادرے بادشاه غاز ك سکه مبار M. 85 over ہ of شاه in middle line. **W.** 172. **S.** 1·25.	In dotted border, as on No. 2327, but سوای جیپور— ۳۴ M. 110 to right of ۳۴ *A.S.B.* Pl.
2358[1]	Korá ?	1190–17	غازے عالم بادشاه ..... ۱۱۹۰ ..... To left of عالم a fish. **W.** 170. **S.** ·7.	مانوس میمنت ۱۷ سنة جلوس ضرب .... کور .... M. 59 to right of سنة ۱۷

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11465, p. 79, tentatively read as Gwáliar. The coin, however, is similar in execution to and bears the same mint-mark as Nos. 2273 and 2358 (*a*).

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2358 (*a*)	Korá ?	-20	دين محمد حامی فضل شاه عالم باد . . . . **W.** 168. **S.** ·7.	As on No. 2358, but ...؟ كورا هجری - ٢٠ M. 59. Cf. No. 2273 *supra*. *A.S.B.* Pl.
2359	Muḥam-madábád Banáras	1174–aḥd	[اله حام]ی دين شاه ع[الم ف[ضـ]ل ١١٧٤ كشـ[ـور س]كه [زد] بر [هفت **W.** 173·7. **S.** ·75.	. . . . ميمنت احد جلوس سنة مانوس ضرب بنارس M. 113 in س of جلوس Pl.
2360	,,	-2	اله] حامی دين محمد فضل شاه عالم بادشاه سكه زد بر هفت كشور از M. 58 over لم M. 94 below لم **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, but محمداباد in top line and ٢ M. 114 in س of جلوس *A.S.B.*
2361	,,	,,	,, but no m. m. **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, M. 85 to right of محمداباد M. 87 in س of جلوس *A.S.B.*
2362	,,	-3	,, **W.** 174. **S.** ·8.	,, M. 87. *A.S.B.*
2363 2364	,,	-4	,, M. 115 below لم **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, M. m. 85–87. (2363) *A.S.B.* Pl.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ **2365** **2366**	Muḥam- madábád Banáras	1177– 5	As on No. 2360, but ١١٧٧ in bottom line. M. 58 over لم M. 116 below لم **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 2360, but ٥ M. 114 in س of جلوس (2366) *A.S.B.*
	2367 **2368**	”	1178– 5	” ١١٧٨ سایه to left of كشور M. m. 58–116. **W.** 175·5–174. **S.** ·8.	” ٥ M. m. 85–114. (2367) *A.S.B.* Pl.
	2369	”	1178– 6	” M. 58 only. **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	” ٦ M. m. 85–114.
	2370	”	”	” M. 58. **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	” but m. 117 in س of جلوس
	2371	”	1179– 6	” ١١٧٩ but m. 49. **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	” M. m. 85–117.
	2372	”	”	” M. 58. **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	” M. 118 in س of جلوس
	2373	”	1179– 7	” M. 58. **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	” ٧ M. 118.
	2374	”	1189– 16	” ١١٨٩ M. 58 over لم M. 119 below لم **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	” ١٦ M. 120 in س of جلوس

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
Æ 2375	Muḥam-madábád Banáras	1190–17	As on No. 2365, but ١١٩٠ Fish over شاه of بادشاه M. 119 in مى of حامى M. m. 58–119 over and below لم **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2360, but ١٧ M. m. 85–121, also m. 119 below سنة	**SILVER**
2376	,,	1191–17	,, ١١٩١ M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·0.	,, M. m. 121–85–119.	Pl.
2377	,,	1192–17	,, ١١٩٢ M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, M. m. 121–119.	
2378	,,	1193–17/21	,, ١١٩٣ M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, but ١٧ سنة ٢١ M. m. 85–119–121.	
2379	,,	1195–17/23	,, ١١٩٥ M. m. 58–119–fish. No m. 119 below لم **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	,, ١٧ سنة ٢٣ M. m. 85–121.	
2380	,,	1196–17/24	,, ١١٩٦ M. m. 58–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, ١٧ سنة ٢٤ M. m. 85–121.	
2381	,,	1197–17/25	,, ١١٩٧ M. m. 122–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	,, ١٧ سنة ٢٥ M. m. 85–121.	

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ **2382**	Muhammadábád Banáras	1198– $\frac{17}{26}$	As on No. 2365, but ١١٩٨ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2360, but ١٧ سنة ٢٦ M. 121.
	2383	”	1199– $\frac{17}{26}$	” ١١٩٩ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. M. 32 under fish. **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	” M. 121–85.
	2384	”	” $\frac{17}{27}$	” M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٢٧ M. 121. M. 124 in س of مانوس
	2385	”	1200– $\frac{17}{27}$	” ١٢٠٠ M. m. 123–119–fish. M. 125 under لم **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	” M. 121.
	2386	”	1202– $\frac{17}{29}$	” ١٢٠٢ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٢٩ M. 121.
	2387	”	” $\frac{17}{30}$	” M. m. 122–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٠ M. 121.
	2388	”	1203– $\frac{17}{30}$	” ١٢٠٣ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	” M. m. 85–121.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2389	Muhammadábád Banáras	1203–$\frac{17}{31}$	As on No. 2388. M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2360, but ١٧ سنة ٣١ M. m. 85–121.
2390 2391	”	1204–$\frac{17}{32}$	” ١٢٠٤ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٢ M. 121. (2390) *A.S.B.*
2392	”	1205–$\frac{17}{33}$	” ١٢٠٥ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٣ M. m. 121–124.
2393	”	1206–$\frac{17}{33}$	” ١٢٠٦ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	” M. m. 121–124.
2394	”	” $\frac{17}{34}$	” M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٤ M. m. 121–85.
2395	”	1207–$\frac{17}{35}$	” ١٢٠٧ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٥ M. m. 121–124.
2396 2397	”	1208–$\frac{17}{35}$	” ١٢٠٨ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 174–173. **S.** ·95–·9.	” M. 121. (2396) *A.S.B.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER Æ **2398**	Muhammadábád Banáras	1209– $\frac{17}{36}$	As on No. 2365, but ١٢٠٩ M. m. 123–119–fish–32. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2360, but ١٧ سنة ٣٦ M. m. 121–124.
2399 **2400**	”	” $\frac{17}{37}$	” M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 173·5. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٧ M. m. 85–121–124. *A.S.B.*
2401	”	1210– $\frac{17}{37}$	” ١٢١٠ M. m. 123–119–fish–32. **W.** 173. **S.** ·92.	” M. 121.
2402	”	” $\frac{17}{38}$	” M. m. 123–119–fish–32. **W.** 174. **S.** ·95.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٨ M. m. 121–124–85.
2403	”	1211– $\frac{17}{38}$	” ١٢١١ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·92.	” M. m. 85–121.
2404	”	” $\frac{17}{39}$	” M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 171. **S.** ·87.	” ١٧ سنة ٣٩ M. 121.
2404 (*a*)	”	1212– $\frac{17}{39}$	” ١٢١٢ M. m. 123–119 (2)–32–fish. **W.** 171. **S.** ·9.	” M. m. 121–85.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2405	Muḥam-madábád Banáras	1212–$\frac{17}{40}$	As on No. 2365, but ١٢١٢ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 174. **S.** 1·0.	As on No. 2360, but ١٧ سنة ۴٠ M. m. 85–121–124.
2406	"	1213–$\frac{17}{40}$	" ١٢١٣ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	" M. 121.
2407	"	" $\frac{17}{41}$	" M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish–32. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	" ١٧ سنة ۴١ M. m. 85–121.
2408	"	1214–$\frac{17}{41}$	" ١٢١۴ M. m. 123–119 (2)–32–fish. **W.** 175. **S.** ·88.	" M. m. 85–121.
2409	"	" $\frac{17}{42}$	" M. m. 123–119–32–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	" ١٧ سنة ۴٢ M. m. 85–121.
2410	"	1215–$\frac{17}{42}$	" ١٢١٥ M. m. 123–119 (2)–32–fish. **W.** 172. **S.** ·95.	" M. m. 121–124.
2411	"	" $\frac{17}{43}$	" M. m. 123–119 (2)–32–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	" ١٧ سنة ۴٣ M. m. 85–121.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2412	Muhammadábád Banáras	1216– $\frac{17}{43}$	As on No. 2365, but ١٢١٦ M. m. 123–119 (2)–32–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	As on No. 2411. M. m. 121–124.
	2413	,,	1217– $\frac{17}{45}$	,, ١٢١٧ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. No m. 32. **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٧ سنة ٤٥ M. 121.
	2414	,,	1218– $\frac{17}{45}$	,, ١٢١٨ M. m. 123–119 (2)–fish. **W.** 173. **S.** ·95.	,, M. 121.
	2415	,,	1219– $\frac{17}{47}$	,, ١٢١٩ M. m. 123–119–fish. M. 126 under لم **W.** 170. **S.** ·9.	,, ١٧ سنة ٤٧ M. 121.
	2416	,,	1220– $\frac{17}{47}$	,, ١٢٢٠ M. m. 123–119–126–fish. **W.** 174. **S.** ·87.	,, M. 121.
	2417	,,	,, $\frac{17}{48}$	,, M. m. 123–fish. M. 127 below لم **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٧ سنة ٤٨ M. 121.
	2418	,,	1221– $\frac{17}{48}$	,, ١٢٢١ M. m. 119–123–127–fish. M. 128 between با and د **W.** 174. **S.** ·9.	,, M. 121.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2419[1]	Muhammadábád Banáras	1222–$\frac{17}{49}$	As on No. 2365, but ١٢٢٢ M.m. 123–119–128–fish. M. 129 below لم **W.** 173. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 2360, but ١٧ سنة ٤٩ M. 121.
2420	"	1223–$\frac{17}{49}$	" ١٢٢٣ M. m. 119–123–128–129–fish. **W.** 174. **S.** ·87.	" M. m. 121–124.
2421	"	1226–$\frac{17}{49}$	" ١٢٢٦ M. m. 119–123–128–129–fish. **W.** 174·5. **S.** ·85.	" M. m. 85–121. *A.S.B.*
2422	"	1228–$\frac{17}{49}$	" ١٢٢٨ M. m. 123–fish. M. m. 119–128–129–disappear. **W.** 174. **S.** ·96.	" M. 121. M. m. 85–124 disappear. *A.S.B.*
2423 2424	"	1229–$\frac{17}{49}$	" ١٢٢٩ M. m. 123–fish. **W.** 174. **S.** ·86.	" M. 121. (2423) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2425	Mulhár-nagar (Indor)	1185!–15	شاه عالم ے ١١٨٥ بادشاه غاز ى سکه مبار **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	مانوس ميمنت ١٥ سنة جلوس ضرب ملهارنگر In س of جلوس a sun-face. Over ج m. 91. Pl.

[1] This, and the remaining coins of this mint, though bearing the titles of Sháh 'Álam and a regnal year which evidently relates to Sháh 'Álam's accession, were issued, as the Hijra dates show, after Sháh 'Álam's death in A.H. 1221 (A.D. 1806).

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2426	Mulhár-nagar (Indor)	1191– –	As on No. 2425, but ١١٩١ **W.** 172. **S.** ·83.	As on No. 2425. Regnal year obliterated. M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2427	,,	1200– 27	,, ١٢٠٠ **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢٧ M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2428	,,	1201– –	,, ١٢٠١ **W.** 171. **S.** ·8.	,, Regnal year wanting. M. sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2429	,,	1202– 2–	,, ١٢٠٢ **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, ٢– M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2430	,,	1203– –	,, ١٢٠٣ **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	,, Regnal year wanting. M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2431	,,	1204– –	,, ١٢٠٤ **W.** 171. **S.** ·85.	,, M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2432	,,	1205– –	,, ١٢٠٥ **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2433	,,	1206– –	,, ١٢٠٦ **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, M. sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2434	,,	1207– –	,, ١٢٠٧ **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2435	Mulhár-nagar (Indor)	1208–3–	As on No. 2425, but ۱۲۰۸ **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2425, but ۳– M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
2436	,,	1209––	,, ۱۲۰۹ **W.** 171. **S.** ·83.	,, Regnal year wanting. M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
2437	,,	1210––	,, ۱۲۱۰ **W.** 172. **S.** ·78.	,, M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
2438	,,	1211––	,, ۱۲۱۱ **W.** 171. **S.** ·8.	,, M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
2439	,,	1212––	,, ۱۲۱۲ **W.** 170. **S.** ·81.	,, M. sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
2440	,,	1213––	,, ۱۲۱۳ **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	,, M. m. 91 and sun-face. *Bétúl C.P.*
2441	Murád-ábád	1176–4	As on No. 2425, but ۱۱۷۶ below لم **W.** 171. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 2425, but مراداباد – ۴ M. 59 in س of جلوس M. 84 over سنة M. 130 over ج Pl.
2442	,,	,,	,, **W.** 169. **S.** ·88.	جلوس میمنت ۴ مانوس سنة ضرب مراداباد M. 59 in س of جلوس and in س of مانوس

SILVER

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2443	Murád-ábád	1180–7	As on No. 2441, but ١١٨٠ **W.** 173. **S.** ·87.	As on No. 2442, but ٧ جلوس and مانوس change places. M. 59.
	2444 2445	Murshid-ábád	1175–2	اله حامی دین محمد شاه سایه فضل شاه عالم باد سکه ١١٧٥ زد بر هفت کشور Rayed sun below شا in second line. **W.** 179–178. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 2425, but مرشداباد – ٢ M. 60 to right of ٢ (2444) *Dinájpúr.* (2445) *A.S.B.*
	2446	,,	1176–3	,, ١١٧٦ M. rayed sun. **W.** 176. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣ M. 60. *Dinájpúr.*
	2447	,,	1178–5	,, ١١٧٨ M. rayed sun. **W.** 177. **S.** ·9.	,, ٥ M. 60. *Dinájpúr.*
	2448	Muṣṭaf'-ábád	1184–12	As on No. 2425, but ١١٨٤ to left of مبار **W.** 170. **S.** ·88.	مصطفےاباد ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس ١٢ سنة M. 131 in س of مانوس Pl.
	2449	Muẓaffar-garh	12––39	[اله] دین محمد شاه عالم بادشاه مے ١٢– سکه صاحب قرانے حا زد ز تائید M. 132 over حب **W.** 170. **S.** ·86.	As on No. 2448, but مظفرگره – ٣٩ M. 133 in س of جلوس M. 134 in ب of ضرب Pl.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2450	Najíb-ábád	1176–3	As on No. 2349, but ٧٦– to left of دين **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 2448, but نجيب اباد – ٣
2451	,,	1177–4	,, but ٧٧– **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, ۴
2452	,,	1177–5	,, **W.** 175. **S.** ·85.	,, ٥
2453	,,	1178–6	,, but ٧٨– **W.** 174. **S.** ·86.	,, ٦
2454	,,	1179–7	,, ٧٩– **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,,
2455	,,	1180–7	,, only ٨٠ of date visible. **W.** 174. **S.** ·82.	,, ٧
2456 2457	,,	1180–8	,, ٨٠– **W.** 176–173. **S.** ·85–·82.	,, ٨ (2456) *A.S.B.*
2458	,,	1181–8	,, ٨١– **W.** 175. **S.** ·88.	,,
2459	,,	1205–31	,, ٠٥– M. 91 over ى **W.** 171·5. **S.** ·9.	,, ٣١ M. 13 to left of date. M. 135 to right of date. Pl.

SILVER

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2460 [1]	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	–2	As on No. 2425, but date wanting. M. 86 over سکه **W.** 170. **S.** ·8.	فة جها اباد دار الخلا شاه ن ضرب جلوس ميمنت مانوس ٢ سنة
	2461	,,	1185–13	As on No. 2349, but –٨٥ to left of دين **W.** 175. **S.** ·8.	,, ١٣ M. 136 to left of ١٣ *Gurgáon.*
	2462	,,	1188–16	,, –٨٨ M. 96 over ى **W.** 170. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٦ No m. *Gurgáon.*
	2463	,,	1191–19	,, ١١٩١ M. 96. **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, ١٩ *Gurgáon.*
	2464	,,	1192–19	,, ١١٩٢ M. 96. **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, *Gurgáon.*
	2465	,,	1198–26	,, –٩٨ M. 96. **W.** 173. **S.** ·78.	,, ٢٦ *Gurgáon.*
	2466	,,	1199–27	,, ١١٩٩ M. 96. **W.** 175. **S.** ·86.	,, ٢٧ *Gurgáon.*

[1] This coin is not above suspicion. The metal seems impure, and the obverse is unlike the obverse of other coins of this mint. It also differs in type from the coins of Sháh ʿÁlam I.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2467	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1221–48	As on No. 2281, but enclosed in a wreath of roses, thistles, and shamrock. ١٢٢١ over صا M.m. 97 and 60 over حب **W.** 172. **S.** ·9.	As on No. 2460, but enclosed in a wreath as on obverse. ۴٨ *A.S.B.* Pl.
2468 [1]	Ujjain *Dáru-l-fath*	1198–24!	محمد شاه عالم [باد شـاه از فضل اله حامی دین ١١٩٨ هـفـت سکه زد بر کشور **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2425, but دار الفتح اجین – ٢۴ M. 137 to left of جلوس *Bétúl C.P.*
2469	”	119––25	” ١١٩– **W.** 172. **S.** ·85.	” ٢٥ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
2470	”	1200–27	” ١٢٠٠ **W.** 173. **S.** ·83.	” ٢٧ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.* Pl.
2471	”	1202–31	” ١٢٠٢ **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	” ٣١ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
2472	”	120––32	” ١٢٠– **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	” ٣٢ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
2473	”	1–––34	” ١— **W.** 173. **S.** ·82.	” ٣۴ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*

[1] The obverse legend has been pieced together from the fifteen coins here catalogued. The position of باد alone is uncertain.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ **2474**	Ujjain *Dáru-l-fath*	1206– 35	As on No. 2468, but ١٢٠٦ **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	As on No. 2468, but ٣٥ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2475	,,	1208– 36	,, ١٢٠٨ **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٦ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2476	,,	1209– 3–	,, ١٢٠٩ **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣– M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2477	,,	1211– 38	,, ١٢١١ **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,, ٣٨ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2478	,,	1212– 39	,, ١٢١٢ **W.** 172. **S.** ·81.	,, ٣٩ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2479	,,	1212– 40	,, ١٢١٢ **W.** 172. **S.** ·81.	,, ٤٠ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2480	,,	1213– 40	,, ١٢١٣ **W.** 172. **S.** ·8.	,, ٤٠ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2481	,,	1215– 42	,, ١٢١٥ **W.** 173. **S.** ·8.	,, ٤٢ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*
	2482	,,	12––– 44	,, ١٢–– **W.** 173. **S.** ·85.	,, ٤٤ M. 137. *Bétúl C.P.*

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2483	?	1177–4	حام]ی دین شاه ... ف]ضل ۱۱۷۷ کشور سکهٔ زد بر هفت **W.** 170. **S.** ·77.	...... میمنت جلوس سنة ۴ ما]نوس ب .... M. 59 in س of جلوس Probably of Muḥammad-ábád Banáras.
2484	?	1181–8	.... حا]می دین شاه ... فضل ۱۱۸۱ کشور ....هفت **W.** 168. **S.** ·7.	...... میمنت جلو]س سنة ۸ مانوس ب .... M. 59 in س of جلوس Probably of Muḥammad-ábád Banáras.
2485	?	119-- 17 ?	۱۱۹ شاه علیگوهر بادشاه غاز .... **W.** 175. **S.** ·9.	مانوس ... میمنت ۱۷ ? سنة جلوس ب ...... Battle-axe to left in س of جلوس *I.M.C.*, No. 9042, p. 78. Pl.
2486[1]	?	1197–24	شاه عالم ۱۱۹۷ بادشاه غ]از	...... میمنت جلوس سگده ? ضرب ۲۴ سنة *jhár* to right of جلوس Pl.

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 11541, p. 79. It bears some resemblance to the coin figured by Capt. Webb in his *Currencies of Rájputána*, Pl. IX. 1, where the reading of the inscription seems to me doubtful.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2486 (a)	?	1200–27	شاه عا ۱۲۰۰ لم بادشاه غاز ...... W. 173·5. S. ·82.	مانوس میمنت ۲۷ سنة جلوس ضرب ......
	2486 (b)	?	–37	محمد عالم فضـ[ـل حامی دین هفت کشور M. 96 over ی M. 145 over دین W. 166. S. ·8.	.... اباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳۷ سنة M. 86 in س of جلوس श्री between ۳ and ۷
	2487 [1]	? Jodhpúr	1215–4–	محمـ[ـد [عالـ]ـم شا]ه دین قرانی ۱۲۱۵ حـ[ـب ...... Star in top line.	مانوس میمنت ۴– سنة جلوس ب ضر] جو[دهپور؟] M. 138 to right of جلوس M. 59 in س of جلوس Pl.
COPPER	Æ 2488 2489	Barélí	12–––35	هـ فلوس ۱۲ شـــا عا لم M. 104 to right of ۱۲ Star over هـ W. 260–256. S. ·95.	ب سنة ۳۵ ضر جلوس بر یلـم ...... Star over ب Pl.

[1] See *Currencies of Rájputána* (Webb), p. 49, where M. 138 is given as an old mint-mark of Jodhpúr State according to Prinsep.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2490 2491	Chhach-rauli	1215–42	عالم شا ١٢ ١٥ هـ فلوس M. 33 and 91 to left of فلوس **W.** 268–226 (cut). **S.** 1·08–·87.	چ[ـهـ]چرولی ضرب ۴۲ سنة M. 139 to left of ۴۲ M. 140 to right of ۴۲ (2491) *A.S.B.* Pl.
2492 [1]	? Kánán	— 40	شاه عالم شاه باد ے غاز To left of باد ✠ **W.** 246·5. **S.** 1.	? کانان ضرب ۴۰ سنة To right of ۴۰ a fish surmounted by a five-pointed leaf.
2493 [2]	? Khár-púr	"	As on No. 2490. M. m. 33 and 91. **W.** 256. **S.** 1.	خارپور ضرب ۴۰ سنة M. 141 to left of ۴۰. M. 140 to right of ۴۰. Pl.
2494	Najíb-ábád	1175–3	عالم شا ١١ ٧٥ هـ فلوس M. 84 in س of فلوس **W.** 288. **S.** ·85.	اباد نجیب ضرب ۳ سنة

COPPER

[1] This coin which is catalogued as No. 8842 on p. 83, *I. M. C.*, should have been marked No. 8844, as the coin of Akbar II of Aḥmadábád bears on it the number 8842. 'Kánán' is a doubtful reading. The coin reached me too late for illustration.

[2] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8843, p. 83. The reading is a very doubtful one, there being little or no trace of the خ. It may be noted that it bears the same mint-mark (M. 140) as is seen on the Chhachraulí and Sahâranpúr coins. The obverse too is similar to that of No. 2490.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
COPPER Æ 2495	Najíb-ábád	1177–5	As on No. 2494, but ١١٧٧ M. 84 in س of فلوس **W.** 301. **S.** ·85.	As on No. 2494, but ٥ Pl.
2496	Saháran-púr	1205?–33	As on No. 2494, but ١٢٥ (*sic*) to left of فلوس M. 88 in س of فلوس	سهارنپور ضرب ٣٣ سنة M. 139[1] to left of ٣٣ M. 140[1] to left of ٣٣
2497	,,	1215–42	As on No. 2494. M. 88 in س of فلوس **W.** 255. **S.** 1·15.	,, ٤٢ but m. 34 in place of m. 139. Pl.

[1] Both mint-marks are the same as those on the Chhachraulí coin.

BÍDÁR-BAKHT

Pretender

A. H. 1202–3. A. D. 1788.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
AV 2498	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1202–ahd	بیداربخت شـــاه ۱۲۰۲ تا]ج و محمد جهان تخـ]ـت بزر سکه] زد وارث W. 166. S. ·75.	...... دار الخلا شاه .... ضرب جلوس میمنت مانوس احد سنة *A.S.B.* Pl.	GOLD
AR 2499	Ahmad-ábád	1203–ahd	محمد بیداربخت شـــاه ۱۲۰۳ تا]ج و تخت جهان سـكه بزر زد] وارث M. 84 over ج of جهان W. 172. S. ·8.	احـ]ـمداباد ضرب میمنت مانوس جلوس احد سنة M. 142 to right of احد Pl.	SILVER

XVI

MUHAMMAD AKBAR II[1]

A. H. 1221–1253. A. D. 1806–1837.

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
GOLD	AV 2500	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	12— 6	محمد اکبر شاه بادشاه غازی ۱۲— صاحب قران ثانی سکه مبارك M. 97 over حب **W.** 165·5. **S.** ·82.	...... دار الخلافة شاه ب ضر میمنت مانوس جلوس ۶ سنة M. 143 in س of جلوس Pl.
SILVER	AR 2501[2]	Ahmad-ábád	–11	اکبر شاه ے با]دشاه غاز ى [سکه مبار]	مانوس میمنت ۱۱ سنة جلوس ضر]ب احمد]اباد M. 80 in س of جلوس आा below ج of جلوس *A.S.B.*
	2502	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1224–3	As on No. 2500. ۱۲۲۴ over صا M. 97 over حب M. 60 to left of ذ Traces of dotted border. **W.** 171·5. **S.** 1·1.	جهان اباد دار الخلافة شاه ب ضر میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳ سنة M. 144 in س of جلوس *A.S.B.*

[1] I have omitted, as more fit for inclusion in Volume IV, all coins which, though bearing the name of Akbar II, were obviously issued by rulers of states over whom the suzerainty of Dehlí was purely nominal.

[2] The mint is fixed by its mint-mark. Cf. No. 2282.

SILVER.

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2503 2504	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1225–4	As on No. 2500, but ١٢٢٥ M. m. 97 and 60. No. 2503 has full dotted borders. No. 2504 has no border. **W.** 173–171. **S.** 1·15–1.	As on No. 2502, but ٤ M. 144. (2503) *A.S.B.*
2505	,,	1235–15	,, ١٢٣٥ Full dotted borders. M. m. 97 and 60. **W.** 173·5. **S.** 1·25.	,, ١٥ M. 144. *A.S.B.*
2506	,,	1237–17	,, ١٢٣٧ M. m. 97 and 60. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·225.	,, ١٧ M. 144. *A.S.B.*
2507	,,	1239–19	,, ١٢٣٩ M. m. 97 and 60. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·25.	,, ١٩ M. 144. *A.S.B.*
2508	,,	1241–21	,, ١٢٤١ M. m. 97 and 60. **W.** 173. **S.** 1·25.	,, ٢١ M. 144. *A.S.B.*
2509	,,	1242–22	,, ١٢٤٢ M. m. 97 and 60. **W.** 171. **S.** 1·275.	,, ٢٢ M. 144. Pl.
2510	,,	125(*sic*)–30	,, ١٢٥ (*sic*) M. m. 97 and 60. **W.** 174. **S.** 1·2.	,, ٣٠ M. 144. *A.S.B.*

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse	
COPPER	Æ 2511[1]	Aḥmad-ábád	1234–12	شاه اک]بر ١٢٣٤ فلو]س W. 118. S. ·95.	١٢ جلوس سنة احمداباد	Pl.
	2512	Sháh-jahánábád	1225–4	شاه اکبر شاهی فلو]س ١٢٢٥ W. 174·5. S. ·8.	[اباد] جهان شاه S ۴ ضرب S stands for سنة	Pl.
	2512 (*a*)	,,	12]33 –12	but ,, ..٣٣ W. 177. S. ·78.	,, .١٢ Fragmentary.	

[1] This is *I.M.C.*, No. 8844, p. 85. It bears on it, however, the number 8842.

XVII

BAHÁDUR SHÁH II

A. H. 1253–1274. A. D. 1837–1858.

SILVER

Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
Æ 2513	Sháh-jahánábád *Dáru-l-khiláfat*	1255–3	In dotted border در شاه ۱۲۵۵ محمد بها بادشاه غازی سراج الدین لمظفر ابو ا M. m. 60 and 97 to left of الدین **W.** 170. **S.** 1·12.	In dotted border جهان اباد دار الخلافة شاه ب ضر میمنت مانوس جلوس ۳ سنة Pl.

UNASSIGNED

	Metal No.	Mint	Date	Obverse	Reverse
SILVER	Æ 2514 2515	Imtiyaz-gadh (Adoní)	—	.... بادشاه غـ ... ك سكه مبار **W.** 164. **S.** ·85.	[مانوس] ميمنت .... جلوس ضرب امتيازگده *A.S.B.* (*Madrás*).
	2516[1]	?	–7	...... بادشاه غا ... ك سكه مبار **W.** 163. **S.** ·85.	مانوس ميمنت سنه جلوس ٧ ب ...... هن Star to left of ٧ Pl.
	2517	?	–21	M. 146 over مبار " **W.** 165. **S.** ·85.	...... ٢١ سنة جلوس ضرب .... سروت ? *A.S.B.* (*Madrás*). Pl.
COPPER	Æ 2518 2519	Élichpur ?	—	غاز بادشاه ے ..... **W.** 300–283. **S.** ·95.	Parts of ? فلوس ايلچپور *A.S.B.*
	2520	?	—	بادشاه غـ .... ك سكه مبار **W.** 177. **S.** ·76.	فلوس ضرب او ....

[1] *I. M. C.*, No. 7330.

APPENDIX A

ABSTRACT OF COINS CATALOGUED

	GOLD	SILVER	COPPER
Bábar	—	6	6
Humáyún	2	10	39
Akbar	46	230	231
Jahángír	24	223	12
(Núrjahán)	—	13	—
Sháhjahán I	33	239	9
Murád Bakhsh	—	5	—
Aurangzéb	37	492	4
Sháh ʿÁlam I	4	57	—
Jahándár	2	21	—
Farrukh-siyar	7	78	—
Rafíʿu-d-darját	2	7	—
Sháhjahán II	2	11	—
Ibráhím	—	1	—
Muḥammad	21	237	3
Aḥmad	3	93	—
ʿÁlamgír II	12	68	3
Sháhjahán III	1	8	—
Sháh ʿÁlam II	13	211	10
Bídár-Bakht	1	1	—
Akbar II	1	10	3
Bahádur	—	1	—
Unassigned	—	4	3
	211	2026	323
		2560	

APPENDIX B

CHRONOLOGICAL INDEX

Note.—In this appendix the coins have been grouped chronologically under their Hijra dates. Where the Hijra date is not recorded, the coin has ordinarily been put under the earliest year with which the regnal year corresponds. E. g. coins of the 41st Iláhí year of Akbar (= A. H. 1004–5) are put under A. H. 1004, and coins of the 6th year of ʿÁlamgír II (= A. H. 1172–3) will be found under A. H. 1172. The printing of the regnal year in italics indicates that the Hijra date is not given on the coin.

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
BÁBAR	936	—	—	Æ	Ágra	—	7–9
				Æ	,,	—	12
				Æ	Ágra Fort	—	10–11
HUMÁYÚN	937	—	—	Æ	Ágra	—	25
				Æ	,,	Dáru-l-khiláfat	26–27
				Æ	,,	—	28–29
				Æ	Ágra Fort	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb	45
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa Mutabarrak	49
	938	—	—	Æ	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	30–31
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa Mutabarrak	50
	939	—	—	Æ	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	32–33
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa Mutabarrak	51
				Æ	Láhor	Dáru-l-khiláfat	58
	940	—	—	Æ	Ágra	,,	34
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa Mutabarrak	52
				Æ	Láhor	Dáru-l-khiláfat	60
				Æ	,,	,,	61
				Æ	—	—	63
	941	—	—	Æ	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	35
				Æ	,,	Dáru-l-amán	36
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa Mutabarrak	53
	942	—	—	Æ	Ágra	—	41
				Æ	,,	Dáru-l-amán	38–40
				Æ	Dehlí	Dáru-l-mulk	46–48
				Æ	Jaunpúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa Mutabarrak	55

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
942	—	—	Æ	Mandú	—	62	**HUMÁ-YÚN**
943	—	—	Æ	Ágra	—	42–43	
			AR	Dehlí	—	15	
			AR	—	—	16	
945	—	—	AR	—	—	17	
946	—	—	Æ	Ágra	—	44	
			AR	Láhor	—	18	
			AR	—	—	19	
947	—	—	AR	—	—	20	
950?	—	—	AR	—	—	21	
962 (*sic*)	—	—	Æ	Nárnol	—	491	**AKBAR**
963	—	—	Æ	Kálpí (Muḥammadábád)	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb	455	
			Æ	Nárnol	—	492	
964	—	—	AR	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	180	
			Æ	Kálpí (Muḥammadábád)	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb	456	
			Æ	,,	,,	457	
			Æ	Nárnol	—	493	
			AR	—	—	285	
			AR	—	—	286	
965	—	—	AR	Láhor	—	207	
			Æ	Nárnol	—	494	
966	—	—	Æ	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	391	
			Æ	Ḥiṣár Fíroza	—	446–447	
			AR	Kálpí	—	206	
			Æ	,,	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa	458	
			Æ	Lakhnau	—	478	
			Æ	Nárnol	—	495	
			Æ	,,	—	496	
967	—	—	Æ	Alwar	—	369	
			Æ	Ḥiṣár	—	448	
			Æ	Kálpí	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa	459	
			Æ	Lakhnau	—	479	
			Æ	Nárnol	—	497	
			Æ	,,	—	498	
			AR	—	—	287	
			AR	—	—	288	
			AR	—	—	289	
			AR	—	—	556	
968	—	—	Æ	Alwar	—	370	
			Æ	Gwáliar	Fort	445	
			Æ	Kálpí	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb Khiṭa	460	
			Æ	Qanauj (Sháhgarh)	Dáru-l-khiláfat	514	
			AV	—	—	107	
			AR	—	—	290	
			Æ	—	—	544	
969	—	—	Æ	Awadh?	Dáru-l-khiláfat Khiṭa	375	

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969	—	—	Æ	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	393
			Æ	Nárnol	—	499
			Æ	,,	—	500
			Æ	Qanauj (Sháhgarh)	Dáru-l-khiláfat	515
			Æ	,,	,,	516
			AR	—	—	291
970	—	—	Æ	Awadh	Dáru-l-khiláfat Khiṭa	376
			Æ	Bahráich	—	378
			Æ	Nárnol	—	501
			AR	—	—	292
971	—	—	AV	Ágra	—	64–65
			Æ	Bahráich	—	379
			Æ	Bairáta	—	382
			AV	Láhor	—	91–92
			Æ	Nárnol	—	501
			Æ	—	—	557
972	—	—	AV	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	84
			Æ	,,	,,	394
			Æ	,,	,,	395
			AV	Jaunpúr	—	89
			Æ	Nárnol	—	503
			AV	—	—	108
973	—	—	AV	Láhor	—	93
974	—	—	AV	Ágra	—	66
975	—	—	AV	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	85
			AR	Jaunpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	198–199
			AR	,,	,,	200
			AV	Láhor	—	94
			Æ	Nárnol	—	504
			AV	—	—	102
976	—	—	AV	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	67–68
			AV	Láhor	,,	95–96
977	—	—	AR	Ágra	,,	110
			Æ	Bahráich	—	380
			AV	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	86
			AV	,,	Dáru-l-mulk Ḥaẓrat	87
			Æ	,,	Ḥaẓrat	396
			Æ	Fatḥpúr	—	433
			AR	Jaunpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	201
			Æ	Nárnol	—	505
			AV	—	—	103
978	—	—	AV	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	69
			AR	Jaunpúr	,,	202
979	—	—	Æ	Ajmér	Dáru-l-manṣúr ?	358
			Æ	,,	—	359
			Æ	Amírkot	Qaṣba	371
			AR	Jaunpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	202 (*a*)
			Æ	Nárnol	—	506
			Æ	—	—	545
980	—	—	AV	Aḥmadábád	—	76

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980	—	—	AV	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	77
			AR	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	181
			Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-l-khiláfat	419–420
			Æ	Nárnol	—	507
981	—	—	AV	Ágra	Baldat	70
			AV	,,	Dáru-l-khiláfat	71–72
			AV	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	78
			Æ	,,	—	347
½			Æ	,,	—	348
			Æ	Ajmér	—	360
			Æ	Akbarpúr	—	364
			Æ	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	399
			Æ	?	—	547
982	—	—	AV	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	73–74
			AV	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	79–80
			AR	,,	,,	111
			Æ	,,	,,	349–350
			Æ	Lakhnau	Dáru-l-khiláfat	480–481
			Æ	?	—	548
983	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	112
			AR	Jaunpúr	Dáru-l-khiláfat	202 (*b*)
			AV	Láhor	,,	97
			AV	?	—	104
984	—	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	351
			Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-l-khiláfat	421
			AV	Jaunpúr	—	90
			Æ	Málpúr	—	485
			Æ	Nárnol	—	508
			AV	Patna	Dáru-ẓ-ẓarb	99
			AV	Urdú-e-ẓafar-qarín	—	100
			AR	?	—	294–296
985	—	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	352
			Æ	Lakhnau	Dáru-l-khiláfat	482
			Æ	Málpúr	—	486–487
			Æ	Nárnol	—	509
			AR	?	—	297–300
			Æ	?	—	549
986	—	—	AV	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	81
			AR	,,	,,	113
			Æ	,,	,,	353
			Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-l-khiláfat	422–423
			AV	Fatḥpúr	—	88
			AR	,,	Dáru-s-salṭanat	192
			Æ	,,	,,	434–435
¼			Æ	,,	,,	436–437
			Æ	Láhor	,,	463
			Æ	Lakhnau	Dáru-l-khiláfat	483–484
			Æ	Ujjain	—	526
			AR	?	—	301
987	—	—	AV	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	82

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AKBAR	987	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	114
				Æ	,,	,,	354–355
				Æ	Ajṃér	—	361
				Æ	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	400
				AR	Fatḥpúr	Dáru-s-salṭanat	193–194
				Æ	,,	,,	438–439
				AR	Láhor	,,	208
				Æ	,,	,,	464
	½			Æ	,,	,,	465
				Æ	Nárnol	—	510–511
				AR	Patna	—	248
				AR	?	—	302
				Æ	?	—	550
	988	—	—	Æ	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	339–340
				Æ	Dehlí	Ḥaẓrat	401–402
				Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-s-salám	424
				AR	Fatḥpúr	Dáru-s-salṭanat	195–196
				Æ	,,	,,	440
				AR	Jaunpúr	—	203
				AV	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	98
				Æ	,,	,,	466
				Æ	Míraṭh	—	488
	989	—	—	Æ	Amírkot	Qaṣba	372
				AV	?	—	105
				AR	?	—	303–304
	990	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	115–116
				AR	Ujjain	—	278
	991	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	117–118
				Æ	Nárnol	—	512
				AR	?	—	305
	992	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	119
	993	—	—	AR	,,	,,	120
				Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-s-salám	427
		30	—	AV	—	—	109
		30	—	AR	—	—	182–183
	994	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	121–122
				Æ	Ajmér	—	362
	995	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	123
	½	*32*	—	Æ	Kábul	—	452
				Æ	Ujjain	—	527
				AR	—	—	306
	996	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	124
				Æ	Ajmér	—	363
		33	—	Æ	Allahábád	—	367–368
				Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-s-salám	428
	½	*33*	—	Æ	Kábul	—	453
		33	—	AR	—	—	318–319
	½	*33*	—	AR	—	—	320
		33	—	Æ	—	—	561–562
	997	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	125
				AR	—	—	307

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997	*34*	—	AR	—	—	321–322
998	—	—	AR	—	—	308–309
	35	Shahréwar	AR	—	—	323
999	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Dáru-s-salṭanat	126
			Æ	Chítor	—	388
	36	Shahréwar	AR	Láhor	—	209
	36	Abán	Æ	,,	—	467
	—	—	Æ	Nárnol	—	513
	36	—	Æ	Urdú-e-ẓafar-qarín	—	528
	—	—	AR	—	—	310–313
½	*36*	Ázar	AR	—	—	324
1000	*37*	Mihr	Æ	Atak Banáras	—	373
⅛	*37*	Shahréwar	AR	Dehlí	—	184
	37	Khúrdád	Æ	,,	—	403
	37	Tír	AR	Láhor	—	210–211
	37	Isfandármuz	AR	,,	—	212
	37	Khúrdád	Æ	,,	—	468
	37	Amardád	Æ	,,	—	469
	37	Bahman	Æ	,,	—	470
	37	Isfandármuz	Æ	Multán	—	489
	37	Tír	Æ	Saháranpúr	—	517
	37	Shahréwar	Æ	,,	—	518
	37	—	Æ	Sarhind	—	524–525
alif	—	—	AV	Urdú-e-ẓafar-qarín	—	101
,,	—	—	AR	,,	—	279–281
,, ½	—	—	AR	,,	—	282
	37	—	Æ	,,	—	529
alif	—	—	Æ	,,	—	531–534
,,	—	—	AV	—	—	106
	—	—	AR	—	—	314–315
¼	*37*	Bahman	AR	—	—	325
1001	*38*	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	127
	38	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	128
	38	Ábán	AR	,,	—	129
	38	Ázar	AR	,,	—	130
	38	Dí	AR	,,	—	131
	38	Bahman	AR	,,	—	132
	—	(*alif wa aḥd*)	Æ	Burhánábád	—	387
	—	—	Æ	Chítor	—	389
	38	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Dehlí	—	404
	38	Amardád	Æ	,,	—	405
	38	Shahréwar	Æ	,,	—	406
	38	Mihr	Æ	,,	—	407
	38	Ábán	Æ	,,	—	408
	38	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	—	213
	38	Tír	Æ	,,	—	471
	38	Khúrdád	Æ	Saháranpúr	—	519
	38	Mihr	Æ	,,	—	520
	38	Farwardín	AR	Tatta	—	256

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR 1001	—	*alif wa aḥd*	Æ	—	—	551
1002	*39*	Tír	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	133
	39	Ábán	Æ	,,	—	134
	39	Ázar	Æ	,,	—	135
	39	Dí	Æ	,,	—	136
	39	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Dehlí	—	185
	39	Khúrdád	Æ	,,	—	186
	39	Tír	Æ	,,	—	409
	39	Shahréwar	Æ	Láhor	—	214
	39	Ábán	Æ	,,	—	215–216
	39	Ázar	Æ	,,	—	217
	39	,,	Æ	,,	—	472
	39	Khúrdád	Æ	Multán	—	247
	39	Ázar	Æ	,,	—	490
	39	Khúrdád	Æ	Saháranpúr	—	521
	39	,,	Æ	Tatta	—	257
	39	Tír	Æ	,,	—	258
1003	*40*	Farwardí	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	137
	40	Ábán	Æ	,,	—	138
	40	Ázar	Æ	,,	—	139
	40	Farwardí	Æ	Dehlí	—	410
	40	Bahman	Æ	,,	—	411
	—	—	Æ	Dogáon	Dáru-s-salám	429
	40	Dí	Æ	Láhor	—	218
	40	Isfandármuz	Æ	,,	—	219
	40	Ardíbihisht	Æ	,,	—	473
	40	Ázar	Æ	Saháranpúr	—	522
	40	Tír	Æ	Tatta	—	259
	40	Shahréwar	Æ	,,	—	260
	40	Bahman	Æ	,,	—	260 (*a*)
1004	*41*	Khúrdád	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	140
	41	Ázar	Æ	,,	—	141
	41	Mihr	Æ	Láhor	—	220
	41	Bahman	Æ	,,	—	221
	41	Isfandármuz	Æ	,,	—	222
⅛	*41*	Ábán	Æ	,,	—	474
	41	Isfandármuz	Æ	Saháranpúr	—	523
	41	Ázar	Æ	Tatta	—	261
	41	—	Æ	Urdú-e-ẓafar-qarín	—	535
	41	Shahréwar	Æ	—	—	326
½	*41*	,,	Æ	—	—	327–328
1005	*42*	,,	AV	Ágra	—	75
	42	Ázar	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	142
	42	Bahman	Æ	,,	—	143
	42	,,	Æ	Bairáta	—	169
	—	—	Æ	Chítor	—	390
	42	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Dehlí	—	187
	42	Khúrdád	Æ	,,	—	188
	42	Tír	Æ	,,	—	189
¼	*42*	Mihr	Æ	,,	—	190

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1005	*42*	Farwardín	AR	Láhor	—	223
	42	Amardád	AR	,,	—	224
	42	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	225
$\frac{1}{4}$	*42*	Dí	AR	,,	—	226
	42	Ardíbihisht	Æ	,,	—	475
	42	,,	Æ	Srínagar	—	525 (*a*)
1006	*43*	Farwardí	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	144
	43	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	—	227
	43	Khúrdád	AR	,,	—	228
	43	Tír	AR	,,	—	229
	43	Khúrdád	AR	Tatta	—	262–263
	43	Farwardín	AR	—	—	329
	43	—	AR	—	—	330–331
1007$\frac{1}{2}$	*44*	Shahréwar	Æ	Ágra	—	342
	44	Tír	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	145
	44	Amardád	AR	,,	—	146
	44	Bahman	AR	,,	—	147
	44	Isfandármuz	AR	,,	—	148
	44	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Bairáta	—	383
$\frac{1}{2}$	*44*	Tír	Æ	,,	—	384–385
$\frac{1}{16}$	*44*	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Dehlí	—	413
$\frac{1}{2}$	*44*	Amardád	Æ	,,	—	412
	44	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	—	230
	44	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	231
$\frac{1}{2}$	*44*	Ázar	AR	,,	—	232
	44	Khúrdád	AR	Tatta	—	264
	44	Bahman	AR	,,	—	265
$\frac{1}{2}$	*44*	—	AR	—	—	332
$\frac{1}{4}$	*44*	Amardád	Æ	—	—	558
1008	*45*	—	AR	Allahábád	—	164
$\frac{1}{2}$	*45*	Shahréwar	Æ	Dehlí	—	414
$\frac{1}{16}$	*45*	Ázar	Æ	,,	—	415
$\frac{1}{2}$	*45*	Bahman	Æ	Gobindpúr	—	441
$\frac{1}{2}$	*45*	Isfandármuz	Æ	,,	—	442
	45	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	—	233
	45	Khúrdád	AR	,,	—	234
	45	,,	AR	Tatta	—	266
	45	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	267
	45	Dí	AR	,,	—	268
1009	*46*	Ábán	Æ	Ágra	—	343
	46	Bahman	Æ	,,	—	344
	46	Ázar	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	149
	46	Dí	AR	,,	—	150
	46	Bahman	AR	,,	—	151
	46	Ardíbihisht	AR	Allahábád	—	165
$\frac{1}{2}$	*46*	Khúrdád	Æ	Bairáta	—	386
	46	Farwardín	AR	Burhánpúr	—	175
	46	Ázar	Æ	Gobindpúr	—	443
	46	Dí	AR	Kábul	—	204
	46	Farwardín	AR	Láhor	—	235
	46	Khúrdád	AR	,,	—	236

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AKBAR 1009	*46*	Tír	AR	Láhor	—	237
½	*46*	Dí	AR	,,	—	238
	46	Khúrdád	Æ	,,	—	476
	46	Ázar	Æ	,,	—	477
	46	Dí	AR	Patna	—	249
	46	Farwardín	AR	Tatta	—	269
	46	Khúrdád	AR	,,	—	270
	46	Mihr	AR	,,	—	271
	46	Ábán	AR	,,	—	272
	46	Dí	AR	,,	—	273
	46	Bahman	AR	,,	—	274
	—	—	AR	?	—	315 (*a*)
1010	*47*	Amardád	Æ	Ágra	—	345
	47	Khúrdád	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	152
	47	Tír	AR	,,	—	153
	47	Isfandármuz	AR	,,	—	154–155
	47	—	AR	Allahábád	—	166
	47	Isfandármuz	Æ	Gobindpúr	—	444
	47	Ázar	AR	Kábul	—	205
	47	Ábán	Æ	,,	—	454
	47	Farwardín	Æ	Khairpúr	—	462
	47	Shahréwar	AR	Láhor	—	239
	47	Ábán	AR	Tatta	—	275
	—	—	AR	?	—	315 (*b*)
1011	*48*	Isfandármuz	Æ	Atak Banáras	—	374
	48	Farwardín	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	156
	48	Ázar	AR	,,	—	157
	48	Bahman	AR	,,	—	158
	48	,,	AR	Bairáta	—	170
	48	Mihr	AV	Burhánpúr	—	83
	48	,,	AR	,,	—	176
	48	Farwardín	AR	Láhor	—	240
	48	Ardíbihisht	AR	,,	—	241
¼	*48*	Mihr	AR	,,	—	242
	48	Dí	AR	,,	—	243
	48	Mihr	AR	Sítpúr	—	250–252
	48	,,	AR	Srínagar	—	255
¼	*48*	Khúrdád	Æ	—	—	559
1012	*49*	Ázar	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	159
	49	Bahman	AR	,,	—	160
	49	Isfandármuz	AR	,,	—	161
	49	,,	AR	Bairáta	—	171
	49	Ázar	AR	Burhánpúr	—	177
	49	Farwardín	AR	Láhor	—	244
	49	Khúrdád	AR	,,	—	245
	49	Mihr	AR	Sítpúr	—	253–254
	49	Khúrdád	AR	Tatta	—	276
1013	*50*	Tír	Æ	Ágra	—	346
	50	Khúrdád	AR	Burhánpúr	—	178
	50	Ábán	AR	Burhánpúr	—	179
	50	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	—	246

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1013	*50*	Mihr	AR	Tatta	—	277	**AKBAR**
	50	—	Æ	Urdú-e-ẓafar-qarín	—	530	
1014	1	—	AR	Ágra	—	588	**JAHÁN-GÍR**
	(*50*)	Ázar	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	606	
	(*50*)	Dí	AR	”	—	607	
	—	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	654	
½	—	—	AR	Kábul	—	686	
	1	—	AR	Láhor	—	697	
1015	2	—	AR	Ágra	—	589	
	2	Khúrdád	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	608–609	
	2	Tír	AR	”	—	610	
	2	—	AR	”	—	611	
½	1	—	AR	Kábul	—	687–688	
	1	—	AR	Láhor	—	698	
	2	—	AR	”	—	699	
	2	—	AR	”	—	700	
	2	—	AR	Tatta	—	794	
1016	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	612	
	3	—	AR	Láhor	—	701	
	3	—	AR	Tatta	—	795	
1017	4	—	AR	Ágra	—	590	
	4	—	AR	Láhor	—	702	
1018	*4*	—	Æ	Bairáta	—	831	
	—	—	AR	Kashmír	—	691	
	4	—	AR	Láhor	—	703	
	4	—	AR	Tatta	—	796	
	5	—	AR	”	—	797	
1019	5	Isfandármuz	AV	Ágra	—	564	
	5	—	AR	”	—	591	
	—	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	644–645	
	—	—	AR	Kashmír	—	692	
	5	—	AR	Láhor	—	704	
	5	—	AR	Tatta	—	798	
1020	6	Ábán	AV	Ágra	—	565	
	6	Bahman	AV	”	—	566	
	6	—	Æ	”	—	824–825	
	—	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	646	
	6	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	—	705	
	6	Amardád	AR	”	—	706	
	6	Dí	AR	”	—	707	
	6	Isfandármuz	AR	”	—	708	
	6	—	AR	Qandahár	—	766	
	6	—	AV	—	—	587	
1021	7	Ábán	AV	Ágra	—	567	
	7	Tír	AR	”	—	592	
	7	Amardád	AR	”	—	593	
	7	—	Æ	”	—	826–828	
	7	Khúrdád	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	613	
	7	Ábán	AR	”	—	614	

JAHÁNGÍR

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1021	7	Ázar	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	615
	7	—	Æ	Bairáta	—	832
	7	Ardíbihisht	AR	Dehlí	—	662
	7	Dí	AR	,,	—	663
	7	Farwardín	AR	Láhor	—	709
	7	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	710
	7	Bahman	AR	,,	—	711
	7	Isfandármuz	AR	,,	—	712
	7	—	AR	Qandahár	—	767
	7	Khúrdád	AR	Tatta	—	799
1022	8	Ardíbihisht	AV	Ágra	—	568
	8	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	594
	8	—	Æ	,,	—	829
	—	Ábán	AR	Burhánpúr	—	586
	8	Tír	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	616
	8	Ábán	AR	,,	—	617
	8	Farwardí	AR	Dehlí	—	664
	8	Amardád	AR	,,	—	665
	8	Mihr	AR	,,	—	666
	8	Bahman	AR	,,	—	667
	8	Shahréwar	AR	Kashmír	—	693
	8	Tír	AR	Láhor	—	713
	8	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	714
	8	Mihr	AR	,,	—	715
	8	Ábán	AR	,,	—	716
	8	Ázar	AR	,,	—	717
	8	Dí	AR	,,	—	718
	8	Khúrdád	AR	Qandahár	—	768
1023	9	Mihr	AR	Ágra	—	595
½	9	Bahman	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	618
	8	Isfandármuz	AR	Kashmír	—	694
	9	Tír	AR	,,	—	695
	9	Ardíbihisht	AR	Láhor	—	719
	9	Ázar	AR	,,	—	720
	9	Dí	AR	,,	—	721
	9	Bahman	AR	,,	—	722
	9	Tír	AR	Patna	—	739
	9	Bahman	AR	,,	—	740
	9	Tír	AR	Qandahár	—	769
	9	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	770
	9	Mihr	AR	,,	—	771
1024	—	,,	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	619
	10	Bahman	AR	Akbarnagar	—	647–648
	9	—	AR	Kábul	—	689
	10	Khúrdád	AR	Láhor	—	723
	10	Ázar	AR	,,	—	724
	10	Isfandármuz	AR	,,	—	725
	10	Ardíbihisht	AR	Qandahár	—	772
	10	Tír	AR	,,	—	773
	10	Ázar	AR	,,	—	774
1025	10	Bahman	AR	Ágra	—	596

JAHANGÍR

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1025	11	Farwardín	AR	Ágra	—	597
	—	Ábán	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	620
	11	Tír	AR	Burhánpúr	—	658
	11	Amardád	AR	Dehlí	—	668
	11	—	AR	Láhor	—	726
	11	Ardíbihisht	AR	Patna	—	741
	11	Tír	AR	,,	—	742
	11	Mihr	AR	,,	—	743
	11	Ardíbihisht	AR	Qandahár	—	775
	11	Mihr	AR	,,	—	776
	11	Ábán	AR	,,	—	777
	11	Amardád	AR	,,	—	778
	11	—	AR	,,	—	779
1026	12	Shahréwar	AV	Ágra	—	569
	11	Isfandármuz	AR	,,	—	598
	12	Farwardín	AR	,,	—	599
	12	Ardíbihisht	AR	,,	—	600
	12	Farwardí	AR	Dehlí	—	669
	12	K͟húrdád	AR	,,	—	670
	12	Shahréwar	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	674
	11 !	Farwardí	AR	Kábul	—	690
	12	—	AR	Láhor	—	727
	11	Isfandármuz	AR	Patna	—	744
	12	Amardád	AR	,,	—	745
	12	Áz̲ar	AR	,,	—	746
	11	—	AR	Qandahár	—	780
	12	—	AR	,,	—	781
	12	K͟húrdád	AR	Tatta	—	800
	12	Áz̲ar	AR	,,	—	801
1027	13	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	621
	13	(*Aries*)	AR	,,	—	627–628
	13	(*Taurus*)	AR	,,	—	629–630
	13	(*Gemini*)	AR	,,	—	631–632
	13	(*Cancer*)	AR	,,	—	633–634
	13	(*Leo*)	AR	,,	—	636
	13	Farwardí	AR	Akbarnagar	—	649
	13	—	Æ	Bairáta	—	833
	13	Ábán	AR	Dehlí	—	671
	13	Áz̲ar	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	675
	13	—	AR	Láhor	—	728–729
	13	Ardíbihisht	AR	Patna	—	747
	13	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	748
½	13	Ábán	AR	,,	—	749
	12	—	AR	Qandahár	—	782
	13	—	AR	,,	—	783–784
	13	Shahréwar	AR	Tatta	—	802
1028	14	(*Aries*)	AV	Ágra	—	570
	14	(*Taurus*)	AV	,,	—	571
	13	(*Pisces*)	AV	,,	—	582
	14	(*Gemini*)	AR	,,	—	604
	14	—	AV	Aḥmadábád	—	583

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
JAHÁNGÍR	1028	13	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	622
		14	Khúrdád	AR	Burhánpúr	—	659
		14	Farwardí	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	676
		14	—	AR	Láhor	—	730
		13	Isfandármuz	AR	Patna	—	750
		14	Qandahár	AR	Qandahár	—	785–786
		—	Amardád	AR	Tatta	—	803
	1029	15	(*Cancer*)	AR	Ágra	—	605
		15	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	623
		15	Mihr	AR	Akbarnagar	—	650–651
		15	Ardíbihisht	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	677–678
		15	Tír	AR	,,	—	679
		15	(*Gemini*)	AR	Kashmír	—	696
		15	—	AR	Láhor	—	731–732
		15	Farwardín	AR	Patna	—	751
		15	Khúrdád	AR	,,	—	752
		15	—	AR	Qandahár	—	787–788
		15	Amardád	AR	Tatta	—	804
	1030	16	(*Taurus*)	AV	Ágra	—	572–574
		16	(*Gemini*)	AV	,,	—	575
		16	(*Cancer*)	AV	,,	—	576
		16	(*Taurus*)	AR	,,	—	603
		15	—	AV	Aḥmadábád	—	584
		16	Mihr	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	680
		16	Bahman	AR	,,	—	681
		16	Farwardín	AR	Patna	—	753
		16	Amardád	AR	,,	—	754
		16	Ábán	AR	,,	—	755
		15	—	AR	Qandahár	—	789
		16	—	AR	,,	—	790
		15	Isfandármuz	AR	Súrat	—	792
		16	Khúrdád	AR	Tatta	—	805
	1031	17	(*Cancer*)	AV	Ágra	—	577
		16	(*Libra*)	AV	,,	—	579
		16	(*Sagittarius*)	AV	,,	—	581
		17	—	AR	,,	—	601
		17	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	624
		17	Farwardí	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	682
		17	Shahréwar	AR	,,	—	683
		—	Mihr	AR	Jaler ?	—	685
		16	Ázar	AR	Patna	—	756
		16	Bahman	AR	,,	—	757
		17	Farwardín	AR	,,	—	758
		17	—	AR	Qandahár	—	791
		17	Dí	AR	Súrat	—	793
	1032	18	(*Libra*)	AV	Ágra	—	580
		18	Ázar	AR	Akbarnagar	—	652
		18	—	AR	Láhor	—	733
		18	Tír	AR	Patna	—	759
	1033	18	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	625
		19	Farwardí	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	684

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1033	19	—	AR	Láhor	—	734–735	**JAHÁN-GÍR**
	18	Dí	AR	Patna	—	760	
	19	Farwardín	AR	,,	—	761	
	19	Mihr	AR	Tatta	—	806	
1034	19	—	AR	Ágra	—	602	
	20	—	Æ	Bairáta	—	835	
	20	Isfandármuz	AR	Akbarnagar	—	653	
	—	Ázar	AR	Dehlí	—	672	
	20	Ardíbihisht	AR	Patna	—	762	
	20	Amardád	AR	,,	—	763	
	20	Farwardín	AR	Tatta	—	807	
1035	—	Khúrdád	AR	Dehlí	—	673	
	21	—	AR	Láhor	—	736	
	21	Khúrdád	AR	Patna	—	764	
1036	—	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar	—	637	
	21	—	AR	Láhor	—	737	
	22	—	AR	,,	—	738	
½	21	Ábán	AR	Patna	—	765	
1037	22	,,	AR	Tatta	—	808	
1034	*20*	—	AR	Ágra	—	811	**With name of Núrja-hán**
	20	—	AR	Láhor	—	815–816	
	—	—	AR	Súrat	—	821	
1035	—	—	AR	,,	—	822	
1036	—	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	814	
1037	22	—	AR	Ágra	—	812–813	
	22	—	AR	Patna	—	817–820	
	22	—	AR	Súrat	—	823	
	aḥd	—	AV	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	836	**SHÁH-JAHÁN**
	aḥd	—	AR	,,	,,	868–870	
	aḥd	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	874	
½	aḥd	—	AR	,,	—	875	
	aḥd	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	909	
	—	—	Æ	Bairát	—	1107	
	aḥd	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	930	
	aḥd	—	AV	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	853	
	aḥd	—	AR	,,	,,	965	
	aḥd	—	AR	Patna	—	1012 (*a*)	
½	*aḥd*	—	AR	Súrat	—	1040	
1038	aḥd	—	AR	Ágra	Dáru-l-khiláfat	871–872	
	2	Shahréwar	AR	Akbarábád	,,	889	
	aḥd	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	876	
	aḥd	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	910	
	2	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	931	
	aḥd	—	AR	Láhor	—	966	
	2	—	AR	,,	—	967	
	aḥd	—	AR	Multán	—	985	
	2	Khúrdád	AR	,,	—	986	
	2	Shahréwar	AV	Patna	—	855 (*a*)	

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH-JAHÁN	1038	aḥd	—	AR	Súrat	—	1039
		2	—	AR	"	—	1041–1042
		—	—	AR	—	—	1089
	1039	3	Farwardín	AV	Aḥmadábád	—	837
		2	Ázar	AR	"	—	877
		2	—	AR	Akbarábád	—	890–891
		3	—	AR	"	—	892–894
		—	Dí	AR	Akbarnagar	—	911
		2	Ábán	AR	"	—	912
		3	Tír	AR	"	—	913
		3	Ábán	AR	Katak	—	960
		2	Ázar	AR	Multán	—	987
		2	Isfandármuz	AR	"	—	988
		2	Mihr	AR	Patna	—	1013–1014
		2	—	AR	Ujjain	Baldat	1084–1085
		3	Farwardí	AR	Ẕafarnagar	—	1086
	1040	—	Ardíbihisht	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	878
		4	—	AR	Akbarábád	—	895–897
		4	Bahman	AR	Akbarnagar	—	914
		3	—	AR	Bhakkar	—	919
		4	—	AR	"	—	920
		4	—	AV	Burhánpúr	—	844
		3	—	AR	"	—	932–935
		—	Shahréwar	AR	Dehlí	—	944
		3	Ábán	AR	"	—	945
		3	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	951
		3	—	AR	Láhor	—	968
		4	—	AR	"	—	969
		3	—	AR	Multán	—	989–990
		4	Tír	AR	Patna	—	1016
		—	—	AR	Súrat	—	1043
		3	—	AV	?	—	864
	1041	—	Isfandármuz	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	879
		—	Shahréwar	AR	Aḥmadnagar	—	886
		5	—	AR	Akbarábád	—	898
		5	—	AR	Gulkanda	—	947
		4	Dí	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	952
		4	—	AR	Láhor	—	970–971
		5	—	AR	"	—	972
		5	—	Æ	Lakhnau	—	1110
		4	—	AR	Multán	—	991
		5	—	AR	"	—	992
		5	Khurdád	AR	Patna	—	1017
		—	—	AR	Súrat	—	1044
		5	Ardíbihisht	AR	Ẕafarnagar	—	1087
	1042	—	Ázar	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	880
		5	—	AR	Akbarábád	—	899
		6	—	AR	"	—	900
		5	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	936
		5	—	AR	Láhor	—	973
		5	—	AR	Multán	—	993–994

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1042	6	—	AR	Multán	—	995
	5	Amardad	AR	Patna	—	1018
	5	Shahréwar	AR	"	—	1019
	5	Mihr	AR	"	—	1020
	6	—	AR	"	—	1021
	6	Ábán	AR	Tatta	—	1070
1043	6	—	AV	Akbarábád	—	838
	7	—	AR	"	—	901–902
	—	—	AR	Allahábád	—	918
	6	—	AR	Bhakkar	—	921
	7	—	AR	"	—	922
	6	—	AR	Burhánpur	—	937
	6	—	AR	Multán	—	996–997
	7	—	AR	"	—	998
	—	—	AR	Ẓafarnagar	—	1088
½	—	—	AR	—	—	1090
1044	8	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	881
	7	—	AR	Akbarábád	—	903
	7	—	AR	Bhakkar	—	923
	7	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	938
	—	—	AR	Dehlí	—	946
	7	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	953
	7	—	AR	Láhor	—	974–975
	8	—	AR	"	—	976
	7	—	AR	Multán	—	999
	7	—	AR	Súrat	—	1045–1046
	7	Tír	AR	Tatta	—	1071
1045	8	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	882
	8	—	AV	Akbarábád	—	839
	9	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	915
	8	—	AR	Multán	—	1000
	9	—	AR	"	—	1001
	8	—	AV	Patna	—	856
	8	—	AV	Súrat	—	860
	8	—	AR	"	—	1047
1046	10	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	916
	9	—	AR	Láhor	—	977
	10	—	AR	"	—	978
	9	—	AR	Multán	—	1002–1003
	9	—	AV	Súrat	—	861
	9	—	AR	"	—	1048
	10	—	AR	"	—	1049
1047	10	—	AV	Akbarábád	—	840
	10	—	AR	Multán	—	1004
	10	—	AR	Patna	—	1022
	—	—	AR	—	—	1091
1048	12	—	AR	Akbarábád	—	904
	—	—	Æ	Bairát	—	1108
	12	—	AR	Kashmír	—	959
	11	—	AR	Multán	—	1005–1006
	12	—	AR	"	—	1007

SHÁH-JAHÁN

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1048½	*12*	—	Æ	Patna	—	1023
	12	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1050
1049	*13*	—	Æ	Bhílsa	—	927
	12	—	Æ	Qandahár	—	1032
	13	—	Æ	,,	—	1033
	13	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1051
	12	Ardíbihisht	Æ	Tatta	—	1072
	13	—	Æ	—	—	1092
1050	14	—	Æ	Júnagarh	—	955
	14	—	Æ	Qandahár	—	1034
1051	*15*	—	Æ	Bhakkar	—	924
	—	—	Æ	Dehlí	—	1109
	15	—	Æ	Multán	—	1008
	15	—	AV	Patna	—	857
	15	—	Æ	,,	—	1024–1025
	15	—	Æ	Qandahár	—	1035
	14	—	Æ	Tatta	—	1073
1052	16	—	Æ	Akbarábád	—	905
	15	—	Æ	Bhílsa	—	928
	15	—	AV	Daulatábád	—	848
[1053]	*17*	—	Æ	Patna	—	1026
1054	*18*	—	Æ	,,	—	1027
	17	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1052–1053
	18	—	Æ	,,	—	1054
	—	—	Æ	—	—	1093
1055	18	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	883
	19	—	Æ	,,	—	884
	19	—	Æ	Akbarábád	—	906
	19	—	Æ	Patna	—	1028
½	*19*	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1055
1056	19	—	Æ	Bhílsa	—	929
	20	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1056
	19	Khúrdád	Æ	Tatta	—	1074
	19	—	Æ	—	—	1094
	20	—	Æ	—	—	1095
½	*20*	—	Æ	—	—	1096
1057	20	—	AV	Akbarábád	—	841
	20	—	Æ	Daulatábád	—	941
	20	—	Æ	Multán	—	1009
	20	—	Æ	Qandahár	—	1036–1037
	21	—	Æ	,,	—	1038
	21	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1057–1058
	20	—	Æ	Tatta	—	1075–1076
1058	*22*	—	Æ	Aḥmadnagar	—	887
	21	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1059
	22	—	Æ	—	—	1097
1059	22	—	AV	Akbarábád	—	842
	23	—	AV	,,	—	843
	22	—	Æ	,,	—	907
	22	—	Æ	Akbarnagar	—	917
	23	—	Æ	Bhakkar	—	925

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1059	*23*	—	AR	Patna	—	1029
	23	—	AR	Súrat	—	1060–1061
½	*23*	—	AR	—	—	1098
1060	24	—	AV	Burhánpúr	—	845
		—	AR	Khanbáyat	—	961
1061	24	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar	—	888
	25	—	AR	Daulatábád	—	942
		—	AR	Khanbáyat	—	962
	25	—	AV	Patna	—	858
	24	—	AR	Súrat	—	1062
	—	—	AV	?	—	866
1062	26	—	AV	Láhor	—	854
	25	—	AR	"	—	979
	26	—	AR	Patna	—	1030
	26	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	—	859
	25	—	AR	Súrat	—	1063
	26	—	AR	"	—	1064
	26	—	AR	Tatta	—	1077
1063	*27*	—	AR	Láhor	—	980
	27	—	AR	Súrat	—	1065
	26	—	AR	Tatta	—	1078
	27	—	AR	"	—	1079
1064	27	—	AV	Daulatábád	—	849
	28	—	AV	Multán	—	855
	27	—	AR	Súrat	—	1066
	28	—	AR	—	—	1099–1100
1065		—	AR	Khanbáyat	—	963
	29	—	AR	Láhor	—	981
1066		—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	885
	30	—	AV	Daulatábád	—	850
	30	—	AR	Láhor	—	982–983
	30	—	AR	Multán	—	1010
	30	—	AR	Patna	—	1031
	29	—	AR	Súrat	—	1067
	30	Khúrdád	AV	Tatta	—	863
	29	Ábán	AR	"	—	1080
	30	—	AV	?	—	867
1067	31	—	AR	Bhakkar	—	926
	—	—	AR	Júnagarh	—	956–957
	30	—	AV	Khanbáyat	—	852
	31	—	AR	Láhor	—	984
	31	—	AR	Multán	—	1011
	30	—	AR	Súrat	—	1068
	31	—	AR	"	—	1069
1068	32	—	AV	Burhánpúr	—	846–847
	32	—	AV	Daulatábád	—	851
	31	—	AR	"	—	943
	—	—	AR	Khanbáyat	—	964
	31	—	AR	Multán	—	1012
	31	—	AV	Súrat	—	862
	31	—	AR	Ṭatta	—	1081

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH-JAHÁN	1068	31	—	Æ	—	—	1101
		32	—	Æ	—	—	1103–1104
	1069	32	—	Æ	Tatta	—	1082
		33	—	Æ	,,	—	1083
		32	—	Æ	—	—	1102
MURÁD BAKHSH	1068	aḥd	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1115
		aḥd	—	Æ	Khanbáyat	—	1116–1117
		aḥd	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1118–1119
AURANG-ZÉB	1069	aḥd	—	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1335
	1070	3	—	Æ	Akbarnagar	—	1199
		3	—	AV	Aurangábád	—	1123
		3	—	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1336
		aḥd	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1415
		2	—	Æ	Multán	Dáru-l-amán	1467
		3	—	AV	Sháhjahánábad	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1139
		aḥd	—	Æ	Súrat	Bandar-i-mubarak	1538–1540
		3	—	Æ	Ẕafarábád	—	1639
	1071	3	—	Æ	Akbarábád	—	1178
		4	—	Æ	,,	—	1179
		3	—	Æ	Bhakkar	—	1266
		4	—	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1337–1338
		4	—	Æ	Kábul	—	1377
		3	—	Æ	Patna	—	1485
		4	—	Æ	,,	—	1486
		3	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1541
		—	—	Æ	Tatta	—	1627
	1072	4	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1155
		4	—	Æ	Akbarnagar	—	1200
		5	—	Æ	,,	—	1201
		4	—	Æ	Allahábád	Baldat	1243
		—	—	Æ	Aurangábád	—	1244
		4	—	Æ	Patna	—	1487
		4	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Daru-l-khiláfat	1510
		4	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1542–1543
	1073	5	—	Æ	Bhakkar	—	1267
		5	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Daru-l-khiláfat	1140
		6	—	AV	,,	,,	1141
		5	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1544
		5	—	Æ	Tatta	—	1628–1629
		—	—	AV	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	1153
	1074	6	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1156
		6	—	Æ	Akbarábád	—	1180
		6	—	Æ	Aurangábád	—	1245
		6	(1071)	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1339
		5	—	Æ	Júnagadh	—	1367
		7	—	AV	Kanbáyat	—	1130
		6	—	Æ	,,	—	1383
		6	—	AV	Súrat	—	1147

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1074	—	—	AR	Súrat	—	1545
	6	—	AR	Ẓafarábád	—	1640
1075	7	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	1157
	8	—	AR	Multán	—	1468
	7	—	AV	Súrat	—	1148
	7	—	AR	”	—	1546
1076	*8*	—	Æ	Akbarábád	—	1646
	—	—	AR	ʻÁlamgírpúr	—	1233
	8	—	AR	Aurangábád	—	1246–1247
	8	—	AR	Bhakkar	—	1268
	8	—	AR	Multán	—	1469
	8	—	AV	Patna	—	1138
	—	—	AR	Súrat	—	1547
	8	—	AR	Tatta	—	1630
1077	9	—	AV	Kanbáyat	—	1131
	—	—	AV	Súrat	—	1149
	9	—	AR	”	—	1548
	9	—	AR	Tatta	—	1631
1078	10	—	AR	Súrat	—	1549–1550
1079	*11*	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1202
	11	—	AR	Súrat	—	1551–1552
	12	—	AR	”	—	1553
	12	—	AR	Zafarábád	—	1641
1080	*12*	—	AR	Gulkanda	—	1340
	—	—	AR	Júnagadh	—	1368
	12	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1142
1081	*13*	—	AV	Akbarnagar	—	1121
	13	—	AR	”	—	1203
	13	—	AR	Gulkanda	—	1341
	14	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1356
	—	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1384
	15 (*sic*)	—	AV	Sholápúr	—	1146
	13	—	AR	Súrat	—	1554
	13	—	AR	Tatta	—	1632
1082	14	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1204
	15	(1076)	AR	Gulkanda	—	1342–1343
	15	—	AR	Júnagadh	—	1369
	15	—	AV	Kábul	—	1129
	14	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1385
	15	—	AR	Multán	—	1470
	14	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1143
	14	—	AR	”	”	1511
	15	—	AR	Súrat	—	1555
	14	—	AR	Tatta	—	1633
1083	15	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1386
	16	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1512
	15	—	AR	Súrat	—	1556
	16	—	AR	”	—	1557
1084	17	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1387
	17	—	AR	Súrat	—	1558
	16	—	AR	Tatta	—	1634

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1085	17	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1158
	17	(1076)	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1344
	17	—	Æ	Kanbáyat	—	1388
	18	—	Æ	,,	—	1389
	17	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1513
	—	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1559
1086	—	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1159
	18	(1076)	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1345
	18	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1560
1087	19	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1160
	19	—	Æ	Akbarábád	—	1181
	19	—	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1346
	19	—	Æ	Kanbáyat	—	1390
	19	—	Æ	Lakhnau	—	1451
	19	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1561
1088	20	—	Æ	Lakhnau	—	1452–1453
	20	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1562
	21	—	Æ	,,	—	1563
1089	22	—	Æ	Akbarábád	—	1182
	21	—	Æ	Akbarnagar	—	1205
	22	—	Æ	,,	—	1206
	—	—	Æ	Kanbáyat	—	1391
	22	—	Æ	Patna	—	1488
	22	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1514
	22	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1564
1090	23	—	Æ	Akbarnagar	—	1207–1208
	23	—	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1347
	23	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1515
	22	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1565
½	22	—	Æ	,,	—	1566
	23	—	Æ	,,	—	1567
1091	23	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1161
	23	—	Æ	Kanbáyat	—	1392
	24	—	Æ	Patna	—	1489
	23	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1568
	24	—	Æ	,,	—	1569
1092	25	—	Æ	Akbarnagar	—	1209
	25	—	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1348
	24	—	Æ	Jahángírnagar	—	1357
	24	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1416
	24	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1516
	24	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1570
	25	—	Æ	,,	—	1571
1093	27 (*sic*)	—	AV	Aurangábád	—	1124
	26	—	Æ	,,	—	1248
	26	—	Æ	Gulkanda	—	1349
	26	—	Æ	Júnagadh	—	1370
	25	—	Æ	Kanbáyat	—	1393
	25	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1417
	25	—	Æ	Multán	—	1471
	26	—	Æ	Patna	—	1490

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1093	25	—	AR	Súrat	—	1572–1573
	26	—	AR	”	—	1574–1575
1094	26	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1210
	27	—	AR	Aurangábád	—	1249
	27	—	AR	Gulkanda	—	1350
	27	—	AR	Islámábád	—	1355
	27	—	AR	Júnagadh	—	1371
	26	—	AR	Láhor	—	1418
	27	—	AR	Multán	—	1472
	26	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1517
	26	—	AR	Súrat	—	1576–1577
	27	—	AR	”	—	1578
1095	*28*	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar	—	1165–1166
	28	—	AR	Akbarábád	—	1183
	27	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1211–1212
	28	—	AR	‘Álamgírpúr	—	1234
	29	—	AR	”	—	1235
	—	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1394
	27	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1419
	27	—	AR	Súrat	—	1579–1580
	28	—	AR	”	—	1581–1582
	27	—	AR	Tatta	—	1635
1096	29	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1184
	28	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1213–1214
	29	—	AR	Gulkanda	—	1351
	28	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1395
	29	—	AR	”	—	1396
	28	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1420
	28	—	AR	Patna	—	1491
	29	—	AR	”	—	1492
	—	—	AR	Sholápúr	—	1536
	28	—	AR	Súrat	—	1583
	29	—	AR	”	—	1584
	29	—	AV	?	—	1154 (*b*)
	29	—	AR	?	—	1642
1097	30	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1170
	29	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1185
	29	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1215
	30	—	AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar	1269
	30	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1279
	30	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1358
	31 ?	—	AR	Júnagadh	—	1372
	30	—	AV	Kulbarga	—	1136
	29	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1421
	29	—	AR	Patna	—	1493
	31	—	AR	Sholápúr	—	1537
	29	—	AV	Súrat	—	1150
	29	—	AR	”	—	1585
	30	—	AR	”	—	1586
1098	31	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar	—	1167
	31	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1186

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1098	30	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1216
	31	—	AR	,,	—	1217
	30	—	AR	Aurangábád	—	1250
	—	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1298
	30	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1397
	31	—	AR	Kulbarga	—	1413
	30	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1422
	31	—	AR	,,	,,	1423–1424
	30	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1454
	31	—	AR	Nárnol	—	1479–1480
	30	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1518
	31	—	AR	,,	,,	1519
	30	—	AR	Súrat	—	1587–1588
1099	31	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	1162
	32	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1171
	32	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1218
	32	—	AR	ʿÁlamgírpúr	—	1236
	31	—	AV	Allahábád	—	1122
	31	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1280
	31	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1299
	32	—	AR	,,	—	1300
	31	—	AR	Júnagarh	—	1373
	31	—	AR	Katak	—	1379
	31	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1398
	31	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1425–1426
	32	—	AR	,,	,,	1427
	—	—	AR	Nárnol	—	1481
	31	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1144
	31	—	AR	,,	,,	1520
	31	—	AR	Súrat	—	1589
1100	33	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1219
	33	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1281
	32	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1301
	33	—	AR	Ḥaidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1352
	33	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1359
	32	—	AR	Katak	—	1380
	33	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1399
	32	—	AV	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1132
	32	—	AR	,,	,,	1406
	33	—	AR	Multán	—	1473
	33	—	AR	Nárnol	—	1482
	32	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1521
	32	—	AR	Súrat	—	1590
1101	34	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1187
	34	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1220
	32	—	AR	Barélí	—	1253
	33	—	AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar	1270
	33	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1282
	33	—	AR	Júnagarh	—	1374
	33	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1399 (*a*)
	33	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1428

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1101	33	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1455
	33	—	AR	Multán	—	1474
	34	—	AR	Patna	—	1494
	33	—	AR	Súrat	—	1591
	34	—	AR	,,	—	1592
	34	—	AR	Tatta	—	1636
1102	34	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	1163
	34	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1172
	34	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1221
	35	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1302–1303
	34	—	AR	Jahángíṛnagar	—	1360
	34	—	AR	Júnagarh	—	1375
	35	—	AR	Katak	—	1381
	34	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1400
	34	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1456
	35	—	AR	Multán	—	1475
	34	—	AR	Nárnol	—	1483
	34	—	AR	Patna	—	1495
	34	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1522
	35	—	AR	,,	,,	1523
	34	—	AR	Súrat	—	1593–1594
1103	35	—	AR	Barélí	—	1254
	36	—	AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar	1271
	36	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1283
	35	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1304–1305
	36	—	AR	,,	—	1306
	36	—	AR	Katak	—	1382
	35	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1429
	36	—	AR	Multán	—	1476
	35	—	AR	Patna	—	1496
	35	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1504
	35	—	AR	Súrat	—	1595–1596
	36	—	AR	,,	—	1597
1104	36	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1222
	—	—	AR	ʿÁlamgírpúr	—	1237
	36	—	AV	Bíjápúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar	1125
	36	—	AR	,,	,,	1272
	36	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1307
	36	—	AR	Júnagarh	—	1376
	36	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1401
	—	—	AR	Khujista-bunyád	—	1414
	36	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1430
	37	—	AR	,,	,,	1431
	36	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1505
	36	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1524
	36	—	AR	Súrat	—	1598–1599
1105	38	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1223–1224
	37	—	AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar	1273
	37	—	AV	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1133
	37	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1525
	37	—	AR	Súrat	—	1600–1601

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AURANG-ZÉB	1106	38	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1173
		39	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1225
		38	—	AR	'Álamgírpúr	—	1238
		39	—	AV	Bíjapúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1126
		38	—	AR	,,	,,	1274
		38	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1308
		—	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1402
		38	—	AR	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1407
		38	—	AR	Láhor	Daru-s-saltanat	1432
		39	—	AR	,,	,,	1433
		39	—	Æ	Multán	—	1647
		38	—	AR	Patna	—	1497
		39	—	AR	,,	—	1498
		38	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1526–1527
		39	—	AR	,,	,,	1528
		38	—	AR	Súrat	—	1602
	½	38	—	AR	,,	—	1603
		39	—	AR	,,	—	1604–1605
		38	—	AR	Tatta	—	1637
	1107	40	—	AR	Barélí	—	1255
		40	—	AR	Chínapatan	(Madrás)	1292
		39	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1309–1310
		40	—	AR	,,	—	1311
		39	—	AR	Haidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1353
		39	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1361
		39	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1434
		40	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1457
		39	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1529
		40	—	AV	,,	,,	1145
		39	—	AR	Súrat	—	1606
	1108	40	—	AR	Ahmadnagar	—	1168
		41	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1188
		40	—	AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-z-zafar	1275
		41	—	AR	,,	,,	1276
		40	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1284
		41	—	AR	Chínápatan	—	1293
		40	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1312
		41	—	AR	,,	—	1313
		40	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1362
		40	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1435–1436
		41	—	AR	,,	,,	1437
		41	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1458
		41	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1506
		40	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1530
		41	—	AR	Súrat	—	1607–1608
	1109	—	—	AR	Ahmadábád	—	1164
		41	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1174
		41	—	AR	Barélí	—	1256
		42	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1285
		42	—	AR	Chínápatan	—	1294
		41	—	AV	Etáwa	—	1128

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1109	41	—	AR	Etáwa	—	1314
	41	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1315
	41	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1363
	41	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1438
	42	—	AR	,,	,,	1439
	42	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1459
	41	—	AR	Nuṣratábád	—	1484
	42	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1507
	41	—	AR	Súrat	—	1609
	42	—	AR	,,	—	1152
	42	—	AR	?	—	1643
1110	*43*	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1189
	42	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1226
	43	—	AR	,,	—	1277
	42	—	AR	Barélí	—	1258
	43	—	AR	,,	—	1258
	42	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1316
	43	—	AR	,,	—	1317
	42	—	AV	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1134
	43	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1460
	42	—	AR	Súrat	—	1610
	43	—	AR	,,	—	1611
1111	44	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1175
	44	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat,	1190
	43	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1318–1319
	44	—	AR	,,	—	1320
	43	—	AR	Kábul	Dáru-l-mulk	1378
	43	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1403
	43	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1440–1441
	44	—	AR	,,	,,	1442
	44	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1461
	44	—	AR	Patna	—	1499
	43	—	AR	Súrat	—	1612
	44	—	AR	,,	—	1613
1112	44	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1228–1229
	44	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1286
	44	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1328–1329
	45	—	AR	,,	—	1323
	44	—	AR	Ḥaidarábád	Dáru-l-jihád	1354
	44	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1364
	44	—	AR	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1408
	45	—	AR	,,	,,	1409
	45	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1443
	45	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1462
	44	—	AV	Multán	—	1137
	44	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1531
	44	—	AR	Súrat	—	1614
¼	44	—	AR	?	—	1644
1113	45	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1191–1194
	45	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1230
	45	—	AR	Barélí	—	1259

AURANG-ZÉB

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1113	46	—	AR	Barélí	—	1260
	45	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1324
	46	—	AR	„	—	1325
	46	—	AR	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1410
	46	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-sulṭanat	1444
	46	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1463
	45	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1532
	45	—	AR	Súrat	—	1615
	46	—	AR	„	—	1616
1114	47	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1195
	47	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1231
	47	—	AR	ʿÁlamgírpúr	—	1239
	47	—	AR	Bíjápúr	—	1277
	46	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1287
	47	—	AR	„	—	1288
	46	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1326
	47	—	AR	„	—	1327
	46	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1365
	47	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1445
	46	—	AR	Patna	—	1500
	47	—	AR	Súrat	—	1607
1115	48	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar	—	1169
	48	—	AV	Aḥsanábád	—	1120
	48	—	AR	ʿÁlamgírpúr	—	1240
	48	—	AR	Barélí	—	1261–1262
	47	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1289
	48	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1328
	48	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1366
	47	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1404
	47	—	AV	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1135
	48	—	AR	„	„	1411
	47	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1446
	48	—	AR	„	„	1447
	48	—	AR	Makhṣúṣábád	—	1466
	47	—	AR	Patna	—	1501
	47	—	AR	Súrat	—	1618–1619
	48	—	AR	„	—	1620
1116	48	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1196–1197
	49	—	AR	„	—	1198
	48	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1232
	49	—	AR	ʿÁlamgírpúr	—	1241
	49	(1112 !)	AR	„	—	1242
	48	—	AR	Barélí	—	1263
	48	—	AR	Bíjápúr	Dáru-ẓ-ẓafar	1278
	49	—	AV	„	—	1127
	49	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1290
	49	—	AR	Chínápatan	—	1295
	48	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1329
	49	—	AR	„	—	1330
	49	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1405
	48	—	AR	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1412

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1116	48	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1448	**AURANG-ZÉB**
	49	—	AR	,,	,,	1449	
	49	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1464	
	48	—	AR	Patna	—	1502	
	—	—	AR	Purbandar	—	1503	
	48	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1508	
	48	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1533	
	49	—	AR	,,	,,	1534	
	48	—	AR	Súrat	—	1621	
	49	—	AR	,,	—	1622	
1117	49	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1176	
	50	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	(Patna)	1251	
	49	—	AR	Barélí	—	1264	
	49	—	AR	Burhánpúr	—	1291	
	49	—	AR	Élichpúr	—	1297	
	49	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1331	
	50	—	AR	,,	—	1332	
	49	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1450	
	50	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1465	
	49	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1477	
	50	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1509	
	49	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1535	
	49	—	AR	Súrat	—	1623	
	50	—	AR	,,	—	1624	
	49	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	1638	
1118	51	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	1177	
	51	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	(Patna)	1252	
	51	—	AR	Barélí	—	1265	
	51	—	AR	Chínápatan	—	1296	
	50	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1333	
	51	—	AR	,,	—	1334	
	51	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1478	
	50	—	AR	Súrat	—	1625	
½	51	—	AR	,,	—	1626	
1119	aḥd	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1655–1656	**SHÁH ʿÁLAM I**
	aḥd	—	AR	,,	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1657	
	aḥd	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1678	
	aḥd	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1693	
	aḥd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1699	
	aḥd	—	AR	Súrat	—	1703–1704	
	aḥd	—	AR	Tatta	—	1708 (*a*)	
1120	*2*	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1658	
	2	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1661	
	3	—	AR	ʿÁlamgírpúr	—	1662	
	aḥd	—	AR	Allahábád	—	1663 (*a*)	
	2	—	AR	Barélí	—	1669–1670	
	2	—	AV	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1650	
	2	—	AR	,,	,,	1674	
	2	—	AR	Chínápatan	(Madrás)	1676	
	2	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1679	

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH ʻÁLAM I	1120	*2*	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1682
		2	—	AR	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1689
		2	—	AR	Láhor	—	1690
		2	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1694
		2	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1696
		2	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1698
		2	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1700
	½	*2*	—	AR	Súrat	—	1705–1706
	1121	*3*	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1659–1660
		3	—	AR	Ausá	—	1664
		4	—	AR	ʻAzímábád	—	1665
		3	—	AR	Barélí	—	1671
		—	—	AR	Chínápatan	—	1677
		3	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1680
		3	—	AR	Karímábád	—	1684–1685
		3	—	AV	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1651
		3	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1691
		4	—	AR	”	”	1692
		3	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1701
	1122	4	—	AR	Ahmadnagar	—	1654
		4	—	AR	ʻAzímábád	—	1666–1666(*a*)
		4	—	AR	Barélí	—	1672–1673
		5	—	AR	Haidarábád	Farkhunda-bunyád	1681
		4	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1683
		4	—	AR	Karímábád	—	1686–1687
		4	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1695
		4	—	AR	Purbandar	—	1697
		4	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1702
	1123	—	—	AR	ʻÁlamgírpúr	—	1663
		5	—	AR	ʻAzímábád	—	1667
		5	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1652
	1124	6	—	AR	ʻAzímábád	—	1668
		6	—	AR	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1675
		6	—	AR	Súrat	—	1707
JAHÁN-DÁR	1124	ahd	—	AV	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1709
		ahd	—	AR	”	”	1711
		—	—	AR	Barélí	—	1712
		ahd	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1713–1717
		ahd	—	AR	Khujista-bunyád	(Aurangábád)	1718–1719
		ahd	—	AV	Kulbarga	—	1710
		ahd	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1720–1722
		ahd	—	AR	Lakhnau	—	1723–1724
		ahd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1725–1728
		ahd	—	AR	Súrat	—	1729–1731
FAR-RUKH-SIYAR	1125	ahd	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1737
		2	—	AR	”	”	1738
		2	—	AR	Allahábád	—	1743
		2	—	AR	ʻAzímábád	—	1744
		2	—	AR	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1753

FAR-RUKH-SIYAR

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1125	aḥd	—	Æ	Élichpúr	—	1758
	2	—	Æ	Etáwá	—	1759–1760
	2	—	Æ	Khujista-bunyád	—	1775
	2	—	Æ	Lakhnau	—	1783
	aḥd	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1734
	aḥd	—	Æ	,,	,,	1790–1791
	2	—	AV	,,	,,	1734 (*a*)
	2	—	Æ	,,	,,	1792–1793
	aḥd	—	AV	Súrat	—	1735
1126	3	—	Æ	'Azímábád	—	1745
	3	—	Æ	,,	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1746
	3	—	Æ	Chínápatan	—	1756
	3	—	Æ	Jahángírnagar	—	1774
	3	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1776–1777
	3	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1785
	2	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1794
	3	—	Æ	,,	,,	1795–1796
	3	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1807
1127	4	—	Æ	Barélí	—	1751
	4	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1778
	4	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1797
1128	5	—	Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1739
	5	—	Æ	'Azímábád	,,	1747–1748
	4	—	Æ	Etáwá	—	1761–1762
	5	—	Æ	,,	—	1763–1766
	5	—	AV	,,	—	1733
	5	—	Æ	Láhor	—	1779
	5	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1786
	5	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1798
	5	—	Æ	,,	,,	1799
	5	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1808–1809
	5	—	Æ	,,	—	1810
1129	6	—	Æ	Barélí	—	1752
	6	—	Æ	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1754
	6	—	Æ	Etáwá	—	1767–1768
	6	—	Æ	Farrukhábád	—	1772
	6	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1780
	6	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1787
	6	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1800–1801
	6	—	Æ	Súrat	—	1811
1130	7	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	1736
	7	—	AV	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1732
	7	—	Æ	,,	,,	1740–1741
	7	—	Æ	'Azímábád	Mustaqirru-l-mulk	1749
½	7	—	Æ	,,	,,	1750
	7	—	Æ	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1755
	7	—	Æ	Chínápatan	—	1757
	7	—	Æ	Etáwá	—	1769–1770
	7	—	Æ	Gwáliár	—	1773
	7	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1781
	7	—	Æ	Multán	—	1784

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
FAR-RUKH-SIYAR	1130	7	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1788–1789
		6	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	1802
		7	—	AR	,,	,,	1803–1805
		7	—	AR	Súrat	—	1812
	1131	7	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-k͟hiláfat	1742
		8	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1771
		7	—	AV	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1733 (*a*)
		7	—	AR	,,	,,	1782
		7	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	1734 (*b*)
		7	—	AR	,,	,,	1806
		7	—	AR	Súrat	—	1813
RAFÍʻU-D-DAR-JÁT	1131	*aḥd*	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	Zínatu-l-bilád	1816
		aḥd	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-k͟hiláfat	1817
		aḥd	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1818–1819
		aḥd	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1820
		aḥd	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	1814
		aḥd	—	AR	,,	,,	1821–1822
		aḥd	—	AV	Súrat	—	1815
SHÁH-JAHÁN II	1131	aḥd	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-k͟hiláfat	1825–1826
		aḥd	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1827
		aḥd	—	AV	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1823
		aḥd	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1828–1829
		aḥd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	1830–1834
		aḥd	—	AR	Súrat	—	1835
MUḤAM-MAD	1131	aḥd	—	AR	ʻAẓímábád	—	1886–1887
		aḥd	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1971
		aḥd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	2008–2009
		aḥd	—	AR	Súrat	—	2070
	1132	2	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-k͟hair	1863
		aḥd	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-k͟hiláfat	1864–1865
		aḥd	—	AR	ʻAẓímábád	—	1888
		2	—	AR	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1904
		2	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1945–1946
		2	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1972
		2	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	2010
		aḥd	—	AR	Súrat	—	2069 (*a*, *b*)
		2	—	AR	,,	—	2071
IBRÁ-HÍM	1132	aḥd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	1836
MUḤAM-MAD	1133	*3*	—	AR	Arkát	—	1883
		3	—	AR	Barélí	—	1900
		3	—	AR	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	1905
		3	—	AV	Imtiyázgadh	(Adoní)	1839
		3	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	1932
		3	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-k͟hiláfat	2011–2013
	1134¼	*4*	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-k͟hiláfat	1866

MUHAMMAD

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1134	—	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1906
	3	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2014
	4	—	AV	,,	,,	1844
	4	—	AR	,,	,,	2015
	4	—	AR	Súrat	—	2072
1135	*5*	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1867
	5	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1877
	5	—	AR	Gwáliár	—	1919
	5	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1947
	—	—	AR	Multán	—	1968
	5	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1973
	5	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2016
1136	6	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1868
	6	—	AR	Akhtarnagar Awadh	—	1879
	6	—	AR	Arkát	—	1883 (*a*)
	—	—	AR	Kashmír	—	1929
	6	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1948
	5	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2017
	6	—	AR	,,	,,	2018–2019
1137	7	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1869
	7?	—	AR	Arkát	—	1883 (*b*)
	7	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	1889
	7	—	AR	Barélí	—	1901
	7	—	AR	Gwáliár	—	1920–1921
	6	—	AR	Ḳanbáyat	—	1933
	7	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1949
	7	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2020–2021
	7	—	AR	Súrat	—	2073
1138	8	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	1856–1857
	8	—	AR	Arkát	—	1884
	7	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2022
	8	—	AR	,,	,,	2023
1139	9	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1907
	9	—	AR	Korá	—	1934
	8	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2024–2025
	9	—	AR	,,	,,	2026–2027
1140	10	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1908
	9	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2028
	10	—	AR	,,	,,	2029
	10	—	AR	Súrat	—	2074
1141	11	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	1858
	11	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1870
	11	—	AV	Akhtarnagar Awadh	—	1838
	11	—	AR	Allahábád	—	1880
	11	—	AR	Arkát	—	1884 (*a*)
	11	—	AR	Barélí	—	1902
	11	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1909
	11	—	AR	Korá	—	1935
	10	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2030

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
MUḤAMMAD	1141	11	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2031–2032
	1142	*12*	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1871
		12	—	AV	Imtiyázgadh	(Adoní)	1840
		12	—	AR	Korá	—	1936–1937
		12	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1988
		11	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2033
		12	—	AR	,,	,,	2034–2036
		12	—	AV	,,	,,	1844 (*a*)
	1143	*13*	—	AR	Arkát	—	1885
		13	—	AR	Korá	—	1938
		13	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1950
		12	—	Æ	Multán	—	2084
		13	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2000
		13	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2037
		13	—	AV	,,	,,	1845–1846
	1144	*14*	—	AV	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1837
		14	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1910
		14	—	AR	Gwáliár	—	1922
		14	—	AR	Korá	—	1939–1940
		13	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2001
		13	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2038
		14	—	AR	,,	,,	2089
	1145	*15*	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1872
		15	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1924
		14	—	AR	Korá	—	1941
		15	—	AR	,,	—	1942
		15	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	1958
		15	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1974
		14	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2002
		14	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2040–2041
		15	—	AR	,,	,,	2042
	1146	*16*	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1911
		16	—	AR	Korá	—	1943
		16	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1975
		15	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2043
		16	—	AR	,,	,,	2044–2046
	1147	17	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1873
		17	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1912
		17	—	AR	Multán	—	1969
		17	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2003
		17	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2047
		17	—	AR	,,	,,	2048–2049
		17	—	AR	Súrat	—	2075
	1148	*18*	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1913
		18	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1951
		18	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1976
		18	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1847
		18	—	AR	,,	,,	2050–2051
	1149	*19*	—	AR	‘Aẓímábád	—	1890
		19	—	AR	Etáwá	—	1914

MUḤAMMAD

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1149	*19*	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1977
	19	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2052
1150	*20*	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	1859
	20	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1874
	20	—	AR	Barélí	—	1903
	20	—	AV	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	1842 (*a*)
	20	—	AR	Qamarnagar	(Karnúl)	1986–1987
	20	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2053
	20	—	AR	Súrat	—	2077
	20	—	AV	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	1853
1151	*21*	—	AV	Islámábád	—	1842
	21	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	1959
	21	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2004
	20	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2054
	21	—	AR	,,	,,	2055
	21	—	AV	,,	,,	1848
1152	22	—	AR	ʻAẓímábád	—	1891
	22	—	AR	Korá	—	1944
	22	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1952
	22	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1978
	22	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2005
	22	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2056–2057
	22	—	AR	,,	,,	1849
	22	—	Æ	?	—	2085
1153	*23*	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	1860
	23	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1875
	—	—	AR	Gwáliár	—	1923
	23	—	AR	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	1926
	23	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1953
	23	—	AV	Murshidábád	—	1843
	23	—	AR	Sarhind	—	1999
	23	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2006
	22	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2058
	23	—	AR	,,	,,	2059
	23	—	AV	,,	,,	1850
1154	24	—	AR	Allahábád	—	1881
	23	—	AR	ʻAẓímábád	—	1892
	24	—	AR	,,	—	1893–1894
	24	—	AR	Katak	—	1931
	24	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	1954–1955
	24	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	1960
	24	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	1979
	24	—	AR	Sháhábád Qanauj	—	2007
	23	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2060–2061
1155	25	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	1878
	24	—	AR	Allahábád	—	1882
	25	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	1925
	25	—	AR	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	1926 (*a*)

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
MUHAMMAD	1155	25	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1980
		24	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2062
		25	—	Æ	,,	,,	2063
	1156	26	—	Æ	Ahmadábád	—	1861–1862
		26	—	Æ	ʿAzímábád	—	1895
		26	—	Æ	Farrukhábád	—	1918
		26	—	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras	—	1961
		26	—	Ꞥ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1851
		26	—	Æ	Súrat	—	2078
	1157	27	—	Æ	ʿAzímábád	—	1896
		27	—	Æ	Etáwá	—	1915
		27	—	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras	—	1962
		26	—	Æ	Multán	—	1970
		26	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1981
		27	—	Æ	,,	—	1982
		26	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2064
		27	—	Æ	Súrat	—	2079–2081
	1158	—	—	Æ	Arkát	—	1885 (*a*, *b*)
		28	—	Æ	ʿAzímábád	—	1897
		27	—	Æ	Etáwá	—	1916
		28	—	Æ	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	1927
		28	—	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras	—	1963–1964
		28	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1983
		28	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2065–2066
	1159	29	—	Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	1876
		29	—	Æ	ʿAzímábád	—	1898
		29	—	Æ	Etáwá	—	1917
		29	—	Æ	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	1928
		29	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	
		29	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1984–1984(*a*)
		28	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2067
		29	—	Æ	,,	,,	2068
	1160	*30*	—	Æ	ʿAzímábád	—	1899
		30	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-saltanat	1957
		29	—	Æ	Muhammadábád Banáras	—	1965–1966
		30	—	Æ	,,	—	1967
		30	—	Ꞥ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	1852
		30	—	Æ	,,	,,	2069
	1161	30	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	1985–1985(*a*)
		32!	—	Æ	Súrat	—	2082
AHMAD	1161	*ahd*	—	Æ	Farrukhábád	—	2103
		ahd	—	Æ	Jahángírnagar	—	2106
		ahd	—	Æ	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	2110
		ahd	—	Æ	Katak	—	2111
		ahd	—	Æ	Kanbáyat	—	2135

AḤMAD

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1161	aḥd	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2141
	aḥd	—	AR	Sarhind	—	2167
	aḥd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2169–2170
1162	*2*	—	AV	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2086
	aḥd	—	AR	ʻAẓímábád	—	2092
	2	—	AR	,,	—	2093–2094
	2	—	AR	Katak	—	2112
	aḥd	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	2136
	2	—	AR	,,	,,	2137
	2	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2142–2143
	aḥd	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2154–2155
	2	—	AR	,,	—	2156–2157
	2	—	AR	,,	—	2158
	2	—	AR	Sarhind	—	2168
	aḥd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2171
	2	—	AR	,,	,,	2172
1163	*3*	—	AV	Allahábád	—	2087
	3	—	AR	Barélí	—	2098
	3	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	2138
	3	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2144–2145
	2	—	AR	Multán	—	2153
	3	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2159–2160
	3	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	—	2173–2174
1164	*4*	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	2089
	4	—	AR	Allahábád	—	2090
	4	—	AR	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2101
	4	—	AR	Katak	—	2113
	4	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	2139–2140
	4	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2146–2147
	3	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2161
	4	—	AR	,,	—	2162
	4	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2175–2176
1165	*5*	—	AR	Etáwá	—	2102
	5	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	2107
	5	—	AR	Katak	—	2114–2115
	4	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2148–2149
	5	—	AR	,,	—	2150
	5	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2163–2164
	5	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2177
1166	5	—	AR	Allahábád	—	2091
	6	—	AR	ʻAẓímábád	—	2095–2096
	6	—	AR	Barélí	—	2099
	6	—	AV	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2088
	6	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	2108
	6	—	AR	Katak	—	2116

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
AḤMAD	1166	5	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2151
		6	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2165
		6	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2178
	1167	7	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2097
		6	—	AR	Barélí	—	2100
		7	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	2109
		7	—	AR	Katak	—	2117
		—	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2152
		6	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2166
ʿÁLAMGÍR II	1167	aḥd	—	AR	Akbarnagar	—	2194
		aḥd	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2199
		aḥd	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	2221
		aḥd	—	AR	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	2224
		aḥd	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2228
		aḥd	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2237
		aḥd	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2251
	1168	2	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2192
		aḥd	—	AR	Allahábád	—	2195
		2	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2200
		aḥd	—	AR	Barélí	—	2210–2211
		2	—	AR	,,	—	2212–2213
		aḥd	—	AR	Etáwá	—	2217
		2	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	2222
		2	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2229
		aḥd	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2238–2239
		2	—	AR	Najíbábád	—	2244
		2	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2252
	1169	3	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	2190
		3	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2193
		2	—	AR	Allahábád	—	2196–2197
		2	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2201
		3	—	AR	,,	—	2202
		2	—	AR	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	2226
		3	—	AV	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2185
		3	—	AR	,,	—	2230
		2	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2240
		3	—	AR	Najíbábád	—	2245
		3	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2253
	1170	4	—	AR	Arkát	—	2198
		3	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2203
		4	—	AR	Barélí	—	2214
		4	—	AR	Gwáliár	—	2218
		4	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2231
		4	—	AR	Najíbábád	—	2246

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1170	4	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2254	ʿÁLAMGÍR II
1171	4	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2204	
½	5	—	AR	”	—	2205	
	5	—	AR	Jahángírnagar	—	2223	
	5	—	Æ	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	2258–2259	
	4	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2232–2233	
	5	—	AR	”	—	2234	
	5	—	AR	Murádábád	—	2236	
	4	—	AR	Murshidábád	—	2241–2243	
	5	—	AR	Najíbábád	—	2247	
	—	—	AR	Sarhind	—	2250	
	5	—	AR	Súrat ?	—	2256	
	5	—	AR	?	—	2257	
1172	6	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	2191	
	6	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2206–2207	
½	6	—	AR	”	—	2209	
	6	—	AR	Barélí	—	2215–2216	
	6	—	AV	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	2183	
	6	—	AR	Kanbáyat	—	2225	
	5	—	AV	Láhor	Dáru-s-salṭanat	2184	
	6	—	AR	”	”	2227	
	6	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2235	
	6	—	AR	Najíbábád	—	2248	
	5	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2186–2187	
	6	—	AR	”	”	2255	
1173	6	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2208	
	6	—	AR	Narwar	—	2249	
	6	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2188	
	6	—	AV	”	”	2189	
1173	aḥd	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	2262	SHÁHJAHÁN III
	aḥd	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2263	
	aḥd	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2264	
	aḥd	—	AV	”	—	2261	
½	aḥd	—	AR	”	—	2267	
1174	aḥd	—	AR	”	—	2265–2266	
	aḥd	—	AR	Maha Indrapúr	—	2268	
1174	aḥd	—	AR	Allahábád	—	2328–2329	SHÁH ʿÁLAM II
	2	—	AR	ʿAẓímábád	—	2332	
	2	—	AV	Korá	—	2273	
	aḥd	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2359	
	2	—	AR	”	—	2360–2361	
	2	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2279	
	2	—	AR	”	”	2460	
1175	2	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2311	
	3	—	AR	”	”	2312	
	3	—	AR	Ánwalá	—	2331	

SHÁH ʿÁLAM II

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1175	2	—	Æ	Barélí	—	2337
	3	—	Æ	Korá	—	2274
	2	—	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2275
	3	—	Æ	,,	—	2362
	2	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	2444–2445
	3	—	Æ	Najíbábád	—	2494
1176	3	—	Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2313
	4	—	Æ	,,	,,	2314
	4	—	Æ	Allahábád	—	2330
	4	—	Æ	ʿAẓímábád	—	2333
	4	—	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2363–2364
	4	—	Æ	Murádábád	—	2441–2442
	3	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	2446
	3	—	Æ	Najíbábád	—	2450
1177	5	—	Æ	ʿAẓímábád	—	2334–2335
	5	—	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2365–2366
	4	—	Æ	Najíbábád	—	2451
	5	—	Æ	,,	—	2452
	5	—	Æ	,,	—	2495
	4	—	Æ	?	—	2483
1178	*6*	—	Æ	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	2307
	5	—	Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2315
	5	—	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2367–2368
	5	—	Æ	Murshidábád	—	2447
	5	—	Æ	Najíbábád	—	2277
	6	—	Æ	,,	—	2453
1179	6	—	Æ	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2371–2372
	7	—	Æ	,,	—	2373
	7	—	Æ	Najíbábád	—	2454
1180	7	—	Æ	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2316
	7	—	Æ	Murádábád	—	2443
	7	—	Æ	Najíbábád	—	2455
	8	—	Æ	,,	—	2456–2457
1181	8	—	Æ	,,	—	2458
	8	—	Æ	?	—	2484
1182	*10*	—	Æ	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	2308
	9	—	Æ	ʿAẓímábád	—	2336
	10	—	Æ	Maha Indrapúr	—	2276
1183	10	—	Æ	Barélí	—	2338
1184	11	—	Æ	,,	—	2339
	12	—	Æ	Musṭafʼábád	—	2448
1185	13	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2461
1186				*nil*		
1187	15	—	Æ	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2285
	15	—	Æ	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	2272

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Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1187	15	(1185 !)	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2425
1188	15	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	2282–2283
	14 !	—	AR	Ajmér	Dáru-l-khair	2309–2310
	16	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2462
1189	17	—	AR	Gokulgarh	—	2349
	18 !	—	AR	”	—	2350
	16	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2374
1190	17	—	AR	Korá ?	—	2358
	17	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2375
1191	*17* !	—	AR	”	—	2376
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2426
	19	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2463
1192	19	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2286
	20	—	AR	Korá ?	—	2358 (*a*)
	17 !	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2377
	19	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2464
1193	*21*	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	2284
	20	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2287
	21	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2378
1194	*22*	—	AR	Etáwá	—	2348
1195	*23*	—	AR	Gokulgarh	—	2351
	23	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2379
1196	24	—	AR	Gokulgarh	—	2352
	24	—	AR	Jammún	Dáru-l-amán	2356
	24	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2380
1197	23 !	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2288–2289
	24	—	AR	”	—	2290
	25	—	AR	Gokulgarh	—	2353
	25	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2381
	25	—	AV	Najíbábád	—	2278
	24	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2280
	25	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2469
	24	—	AR	?	—	2486
1198	24 !	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2291
	25	—	AR	”	—	2292–2293
	26	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2317
	26	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2382
	26	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2465
	24 !	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2468

SHÁH ʿÁLAM II

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1199	27	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2294
	26	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2383
	27	—	AR	"	—	2384
	27	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2466
1200	27	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2385
	27	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2427
	27	—	AR	?	—	2486 (*a*)
	27	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2470
1201	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2428
1202	29	—	AR	Gokulgarh	—	2354
	30	—	AR	"	—	2355
	29	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2386
	30	—	AR	"	—	2387
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2429
	31 !	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2471
1203	29 !	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2295
	31	—	AR	"	—	2296
	31	—	AV	"	—	2270–2271
	30	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2388
	31	—	AR	"	—	2389
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2430
1204	32	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2390–2391
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2431
	32	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2472
1205	33	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2392
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2432
	31 !	—	AR	Najíbábád	—	2459
	33	—	Æ	Saháranpúr	—	2496
1206	33	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2393
	34	—	AR	"	—	2394
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2433
	34	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2473
	35 !	—	AR	"	"	2474
1207	34	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2318
	35	—	Æ	Barélí	—	2488–2489
	34	—	AR	Brajindrapúr	—	2345
	35	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2395
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2434
1208	34 !	—	AR	Jaipúr Sawáí	—	2357
	35	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Baṇáras	—	2396–2397

SHÁH ʿÁLAM II

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
1208	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2435
	36	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2475
1209	36	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2398
	37	—	AR	"	—	2399–2400
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2436
	—	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2476
	37	—	AR	?	—	2486 (*b*)
1210	37	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2401
	38	—	AR	"	—	2402
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2437
1211	31 !	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2297
	38	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2403
	39	—	AR	"	—	2404
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2438
	39	—	AR	Muẓaffargarh	—	2449
	38	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2477
1212	39	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2404 (*a*)
	40	—	AR	"	—	2405
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	
	39	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2478
	40	—	AR	"	"	2479
1213	39 !	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2298
	40	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2406
	41	—	AR	"	—	2407
	40	—	Æ	Kánán ?	—	2492
	—	—	AR	Mulhárnagar	—	2440
	40	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2480
1214	39 !	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2299
	41	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2408
	42	—	AR	"	—	2409
1215	39 !	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2300–2300 (*a*)
	42	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2319
	—	—	AR	Burhánpúr	Dáru-s-sarúr	2347
	42	—	Æ	Chhachraulí	—	2490–2491
	40 !	—	Æ	Khárpúr ?	—	2493
	42	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2410
	43	—	AR	"	—	2411
	42	—	Æ	Sahápanpúr	—	2497
	42	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2481
	—	—	AR	?	—	2487

	Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue
SHÁH ʻÁLAM II	1216	39!	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2301–2302
		37!	—	AR	Barélí	—	2340
		43	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2412
		44	—	AR	Ujjain	Dáru-l-fatḥ	2482
	1217	39!	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2303
		44	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2320
		37!	—	AR	Barélí	—	2341
		45	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2413
		45	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2281
	1218	39!	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2304
		45	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2321–2322
		46	—	AR	”	”	2323
		37!	—	AR	Barélí	—	2342
		45	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2414
	1219	39!	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2305
		46	—	AR	Akbarábád	Mustaqirru-l-khiláfat	2324
		47	—	AR	”	”	2325–2326
		37!	—	AR	Barélí	—	2343
		47	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2415
	1220	39!	—	AR	Aḥmadnagar Farrukhábád	—	2306
		37!	—	AR	Barélí	—	2344
		47	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2416
		48	—	AR	”	—	2417
	1221	48	—	AR	”	—	2418
		48	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2467
AKBAR II	1222	49!	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2419
	1223	49!	—	AR	”	—	2420
	1224	3	—	AR	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2502
	1225	4	—	AR	”	”	2503–2504
		4	—	Æ	”	”	2512
	1226	49!	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2421
	1227	*6*	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2500
	1228	49!	—	AR	Muḥammadábád Banáras	—	2422
	1229	49!	—	AR	”	—	2423–2424
	1230 } 1231 }				*nil*		
	1232	*11*	—	AR	Aḥmadábád	—	2501

Hijra year	Regnal year	Month	Metal	Mint	Honorific epithet of Mint	No. in Catalogue	
1233	12	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	—	2512(*a*)	**AKBAR II**
1234	12	—	Æ	Aḥmadábád	—	2511	
1235	15	—	Æ	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2505	
1236				*nil*			
1237	17	—	Æ	,,	,,	2506	
1238				*nil*			
1239	19	—	Æ	,,	,,	2507	
1240				*nil*			
1241	21	—		,,	,,	2508	
1242	22	—		,,	,,	2509	
1243							
1244							
1245							
1246				*nil*			
1247							
1248							
1249							
1250	30	—		,,	,,	2510	
1251							
1252				*nil*			
1253							
1254							
1255	3	—	AV	Sháhjahánábád	Dáru-l-khiláfat	2513	**BAHÁDUR II**

APPENDIX C

COMPARATIVE TABLE OF THE YEARS OF THE HIJRA AND OF THE CHRISTIAN ERA

A. H.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.
932	1525, Oct. 18	970	1562, Aug. 31	1008	1599, July 24
933	1526, „ 8	971	1563, „ 21	1009	1600, „ 13
934	1527, Sept. 27	972	1564, „ 9	1010	1601, „ 2
935	1528, „ 15	973	1565, July 29	1011	1602, June 21
936	1529, „ 5	974	1566, „ 19	1012	1603, „ 11
937	1530, Aug. 25	975	1567, „ 8	1013	1604, May 30
938	1531, „ 15	976	1568, June 26	1014	1605, „ 19
939	1532, „ 3	977	1569, „ 16	1015	1606, „ 9
940	1533, July 23	978	1570, „ 5	1016	1607, April 28
941	1534, „ 13	979	1571, May 26	1017	1608, „ 17
942	1535, „ 2	980	1572, „ 14	1018	1609, „ 6
943	1536, June 20	981	1573, „ 3	1019	1610, Mar. 26
944	1537, „ 10	982	1574, April 23	1020	1611, „ 16
945	1538, May 30	983	1575, „ 12	1021	1612, „ 4
946	1539, „ 19	984	1576, Mar. 31	1022	1613, Feb. 21
947	1540, „ 8	985	1577, „ 21	1023	1614, „ 11
948	1541, April 27	986	1578, „ 10	1024	1615, Jan. 31
949	1542, „ 17	987	1579, Feb. 28	1025	1616, „ 20
950	1543, „ 6	988	1580, „ 17	1026	1617, „ 9
951	1544, Mar. 25	989	1581, „ 5	1027	1617, Dec. 29
952	1545, „ 15	990	1582, Jan. 26	1028	1618, „ 19
953	1546, „ 4	991	1583, „ 25 [1]	1029	1619, „ 8
954	1547, Feb. 21	992	1584, „ 14	1030	1620, Nov. 26
955	1548, „ 11	993	1585, „ 3	1031	1621, „ 16
956	1549, Jan. 30	994	1585, Dec. 23	1032	1622, „ 5
957	1550, „ 20	995	1586, „ 12	1033	1623, Oct. 25
958	1551, „ 9	996	1587, „ 2	1034	1624, „ 14
959	1551, Dec. 29	997	1588, Nov. 20	1035	1625, „ 3
960	1552, „ 18	998	1589, „ 10	1036	1626, Sept. 22
961	1553, „ 7	999	1590, Oct. 30	1037	1627, „ 12
962	1554, Nov. 26	1000	1591, „ 19	1038	1628, Aug. 31
963	1555, „ 16	1001	1592, „ 8	1039	1629, „ 21
964	1556, „ 4	1002	1593, Sept. 27	1040	1630, „ 10
965	1557, Oct. 24	1003	1594, „ 16	1041	1631, July 30
966	1558, „ 14	1004	1595, „ 6	1042	1632, „ 19
967	1559, „ 3	1005	1596, Aug. 25	1043	1633, „ 8
968	1560, Sept. 22	1006	1597, „ 14	1044	1634, June 27
969	1561, „ 11	1007	1598, „ 4	1045	1635, „ 17

[1] Here the change to the New Style occurs.

A. H.	A. D.		A. H.	A. D.		A. H.	A. D.	
1046	1636, June	5	1099	1687, Nov.	7	1152	1739, April	10
1047	1637, May	26	1100	1688, Oct.	26	1153	1740, Mar.	29
1048	1638, „	15	1101	1689, „	15	1154	1741, „	19
1049	1639, „	4	1102	1690, „	5	1155	1742, „	8
1050	1640, April	23	1103	1691, Sept.	24	1156	1743, Feb.	25
1051	1641, „	12	1104	1692, „	12	1157	1744, „	15
1052	1642, „	1	1105	1693, „	2	1158	1745, „	3
1053	1643, Mar.	22	1106	1694, Aug.	22	1159	1746, Jan.	24
1054	1644, „	10	1107	1695, „	12	1160	1747, „	13
1055	1645, Feb.	27	1108	1696, July	31	1161	1748, „	2
1056	1646, „	17	1109	1697, „	20	1162	1748, Dec.	22
1057	1647, „	6	1110	1698, „	10	1163	1749, „	11
1058	1648, Jan.	27	1111	1699, June	29	1164	1750, Nov.	30
1059	1649, „	15	1112	1700, „	18	1165	1751, „	20
1060	1650, „	4	1113	1701, „	8	1166	1752, „	8
1061	1650, Dec.	25	1114	1702, May	28	1167	1753, Oct.	29
1062	1651, „	14	1115	1703, „	17	1168	1754, „	18
1063	1652, „	2	1116	1704, „	6	1169	1755, „	7
1064	1653, Nov.	22	1117	1705, April	25	1170	1756, Sept.	26
1065	1654, „	11	1118	1706, „	15	1171	1757, „	15
1066	1655, Oct.	31	1119	1707, „	4	1172	1758, „	4
1067	1656, „	20	1120	1708, Mar.	23	1173	1759, Aug.	25
1068	1657, „	9	1121	1709, „	13	1174	1760, „	13
1069	1658, Sept.	29	1122	1710, „	2	1175	1761, „	2
1070	1659, „	18	1123	1711, Feb.	19	1176	1762, July	23
1071	1660, „	6	1124	1712, „	9	1177	1763, „	12
1072	1661, Aug.	27	1125	1713, Jan.	26	1178	1764, „	1
1073	1662, „	16	1126	1714, „	17	1179	1765, June	20
1074	1663, „	5	1127	1715, „	7	1180	1766, „	9
1075	1664, July	25	1128	1715, Dec.	27	1181	1767, May	30
1076	1665, „	14	1129	1716, „	16	1182	1768, „	18
1077	1666, „	4	1130	1717, „	5	1183	1769, „	7
1078	1667, June	23	1131	1718, Nov.	24	1184	1770, April	27
1079	1668, „	11	1132	1719, „	14	1185	1771, „	16
1080	1669, „	1	1133	1720, „	2	1186	1772, „	4
1081	1670, May	21	1134	1721, Oct.	22	1187	1773, Mar.	25
1082	1671, „	10	1135	1722, „	12	1188	1774, „	14
1083	1672, April	29	1136	1723, „	1	1189	1775, „	4
1084	1673, „	18	1137	1724, Sept.	20	1190	1776, Feb.	21
1085	1674, „	7	1138	1725, „	9	1191	1777, „	9
1086	1675, Mar.	28	1139	1726, Aug.	29	1192	1778, Jan.	30
1087	1676, „	16	1140	1727, „	19	1193	1779, „	19
1088	1677, „	6	1141	1728, „	7	1194	1780, „	8
1089	1678, Feb.	23	1142	1729, July	27	1195	1780, Dec.	28
1090	1679, „	12	1143	1730, „	17	1196	1781, „	17
1091	1680, „	2	1144	1731, „	6	1197	1782, „	7
1092	1681, Jan.	21	1145	1732, June	24	1198	1783, Nov.	26
1093	1682, „	10	1146	1733, „	14	1199	1784, „	14
1094	1682, Dec.	31	1147	1734, „	3	1200	1785, „	4
1095	1683, „	20	1148	1735, May	24	1201	1786, Oct.	24
1096	1684, „	8	1149	1736, „	12	1202	1787, „	13
1097	1685, Nov.	28	1150	1737, „	1	1203	1788, „	2
1098	1686, „	17	1151	1738, April	21	1204	1789, Sept.	21

A. H.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.	A. H.	A. D.
1205	1790, Sept. 10	1229	1813, Dec. 24	1253	1837, April 7
1206	1791, Aug. 31	1230	1814, „ 14	1254	1838, Mar. 27
1207	1792, „ 19	1231	1815, „ 3	1255	1839, „ 17
1208	1793, „ 9	1232	1816, Nov. 21	1256	1840, „ 5
1209	1794, July 29	1233	1817, „ 11	1257	1841, Feb. 23
1210	1795, „ 18	1234	1818, Oct. 31	1258	1842, „ 12
1211	1796, „ 7	1235	1819, „ 20	1259	1843, „ 1
1212	1797, June 26	1236	1820, „ 9	1260	1844, Jan. 22
1213	1798, „ 15	1237	1821, Sept. 28	1261	1845, „ 10
1214	1799, „ 5	1238	1822, „ 18	1262	1845, Dec. 30
1215	1800, May 25	1239	1823, „ 7	1263	1846, „ 20
1216	1801, „ 14	1240	1824, Aug. 26	1264	1847, „ 9
1217	1802, „ 4	1241	1825, „ 16	1265	1848, Nov. 27
1218	1803, April 23	1242	1826, „ 5	1266	1849, „ 17
1219	1804, „ 12	1243	1827, July 25	1267	1850, „ 6
1220	1805, „ 1	1244	1828, „ 14	1268	1851, Oct. 27
1221	1806, Mar. 21	1245	1829, „ 3	1269	1852, „ 15
1222	1807, „ 11	1246	1830, June 22	1270	1853, „ 4
1223	1808, Feb. 28	1247	1831, „ 12	1271	1854, Sept. 24
1224	1809, „ 16	1248	1832, May 31	1272	1855, „ 13
1225	1810, „ 6	1249	1833, „ 21	1273	1856, „ 1
1226	1811, Jan. 26	1250	1834, „ 10	1274	1857, Aug. 22
1227	1812, „ 16	1251	1835, April 29	1275	1858, „ 11
1228	1813, „ 4	1252	1836, „ 18		

NOTE.—This table is taken from the British Museum Catalogue 'Sulṭáns of Dehlí', for which it was compiled by Mr. Stanley Lane-Poole from sources there quoted.

APPENDIX D

NOTE ON THE ILÁHÍ ERA OF AKBAR

While at work on this catalogue my attention was attracted to a difference in the dates given by the principal authorities for the commencement of the Iláhí era, which was established by Akbar in the thirtieth year of his reign (A. H. 992 = A. D. 1584).

On p. 32 (note) of the *British Museum Catalogue, 'Moghul Emperors,'* Mr. Lane-Poole says, 'The Iláhí or divine epoch of Akbar . . . dates from the fifth day of Rabíʿ II of the year 963.'

Similarly Dr. Codrington, who followed Thomas's *Prinsep's Indian Antiquities*, vol. ii, p. 171, says in his *Musalmán Numismatics*, p. 205, 'The Tárikh Iláhí . . . began with his (Akbar's) reign on 5th Rabíʿu-s-sání, A. H. 963 or 19th February, 1556 A. D.'

On the other hand the table given on p. 246 of vol. v of Elliot and Dowson's '*History of India as told by its own Historians*' makes the commencement of the Iláhí era to fall on the 27th Rabíʿu-l-ákhir, 963, corresponding to the 10th or 11th March, 1556 O. S., and in a footnote it is stated that 'this table, as far as the forty-sixth year, has been drawn up from the *Akbarnáma* of Abú-l-fazl, which is the most accurate of the authorities and most consistent with itself.'

The dates given in this table for the commencement of the twenty-eighth to fiftieth years of Akbar have been adopted by Mr. Lane-Poole on p. lxii of the introduction to the *British Museum Catalogue, 'Moghul Emperors.'*

The question is whether the Iláhí era began on 5th Rabíʿ II, 963, or the 27th of that month.

Dr. Codrington, on my bringing the point to his notice, has most kindly supplied the information given below, which enables the difficulty to be cleared up. The quotations are from Mr. Beveridge's translation of the *Akbarnáma* in the *Bibliotheca Indica*, 1904, Fas. 1, Part 2.

Page 22. 'It appears that eras were framed upon some great event, such as the appearance of an established religion or the acquisition of a great kingdom. . . . But if your Majesty directs that the new era commence from the day of your seating yourself on the throne of sovereignty, . . . assuredly such a good deed will be at once a mark of thanksgiving and a fulfilment of the wishes of mankind.'

Page 23. 'The repeated representations of this body of men, and a regard for their petitions prevailed, and were accepted, and an order was issued that the New Year which followed close on the year of the accession should be the foundation of the Divine era.'

Page 33. 'Inasmuch as the wise of the past and the present are agreed that whenever some glorious event is made the foundation of an era, the latter should begin from the proximate New Year, without regard to a discrepancy either in previousness or in lateness; the sundry days before the New Year were reckoned as included in the New Year, and the latter was made the beginning of the Divine era. Accordingly this has been recorded in the proclamation which has been set forth above.'

Page 5. 'At that place, in a felicitous hour, to wit, near noon of Friday, which was, according to visibility, the 2nd of Rabíʿu-s̤-s̤ání, 963, of the lunar year (Feb. 14, 1556), but, by calculation, the middle of the third (Feb. 15), . . . that glory of his lofty lineage put on his person a golden robe, and sate with good auspices and prestige on the dais of sovereignty and the throne of the Caliphate.'

Page 32. 'Twenty-five days after the auspicious time of the accession, viz. on Wednesday, 28th Rabíʿu-s̤-s̤ání, 963, there was the world-illuminating New Year, and the Sultán of the East confronted Aries with his world-adorning banners.'

[*Note by Mr. Beveridge.*—It has been already stated that the accession took place on Friday, which was probably the 3rd Rabíʿu-s̤-s̤ání, and now we have this supported by the statement that the New Year or 28th Rabíʿu-s̤-s̤ání was twenty-five days after the accession. But if the 3rd was a Friday, then the 28th must have been a Tuesday, and not a Wednesday as here stated.]

From these quotations it is clear that the Iláhí era began on the *Nauroz* (i. e. the day following the vernal equinox—when the sun enters Aries) of the year 963 A. H., which, according to the *Akbarnáma*, occurred on 28th Rabíʿu-s̤-s̤ání, but according to the *Tabaqát-i-Akbarí* (Elliot and Dowson, vol. v, p. 247) on the 27th Rabíʿu-s̤-s̤ání. The latter also gives the 2nd Rabíʿu-s̤-s̤ání (not the 3rd) as the date of Akbar's accession (ibid., vol. v, p. 241), and this date is accepted by most authorities. Abú-l-faẕl clearly states that the accession took place on a Friday, and Friday appears to have been the second day of the month. Twenty-five days after this would bring the Nauroz to the 27th. I have therefore followed the dates in the table on p. 246 of vol. v of Elliot and Dowson's *History of India*, which is given below.

AKBAR

Iláhí Year	A. H.	
1	963	27 Rabíʿ II
30	993	19 Rabíʿ I
31	994	29 Rabíʿ I
32	995	11 Rabíʿ II
33	996	22 "
34	997	4 Jumádá I
35	998	14 "
36	999	24 "
37	1000	5 Jumádá II
38	1001	17 "
39	1002	28 "
40	1003	9 Rajab
41	1004	20 "

ILÁHÍ YEAR	A. H.	
42	1005	2 Shaʻbán
43	1006	13 „
44	1007	23 „
45	1008	4 Ramazán
46	1009	15 „
47	1010	26 „
48	1011	6 Shawwál
49	1012	17 „
50	1013	28 „

The Iláhí year contained the following months:—

1. Farwardín
2. Ardíbihisht
3. Khúrdád
4. Tír
5. Amardád
6. Shahréwar
7. Mihr
8. Ábán
9. Ázar
10. Dí
11. Bahman
12. Isfandármuz

The following table, which Dr. G. P. Taylor has kindly prepared with the help of Elliot and Dowson's *History of India* and sent to me, shows the dates A. H. on which the regnal years of Jahángír commenced:—

REGNAL YEAR	A. H.	
1	1014	11 Z'u-l-qʻada
2	1015	22 „
3	1016	2 Z'u-l-ḥijja
4	1017	14 „
5	1018	24 „
6	1020	6 Muḥarram
7	1021	17 „
8	1022	26 „
9	1023	9 Ṣafar
10	1024	18 „
11	1025	1 Rabíʻ I
12	1026	12 „
13	1027	23 „
14	1028	4 Rabíʻ II
15	1029	15 „
16	1030	27 „
17	1031	9 Jumádá I
18	1032	20 „
19	1033	29 „
20	1034	10 Jumádá II
21	1035	21 „
22	1036	3 Rajab

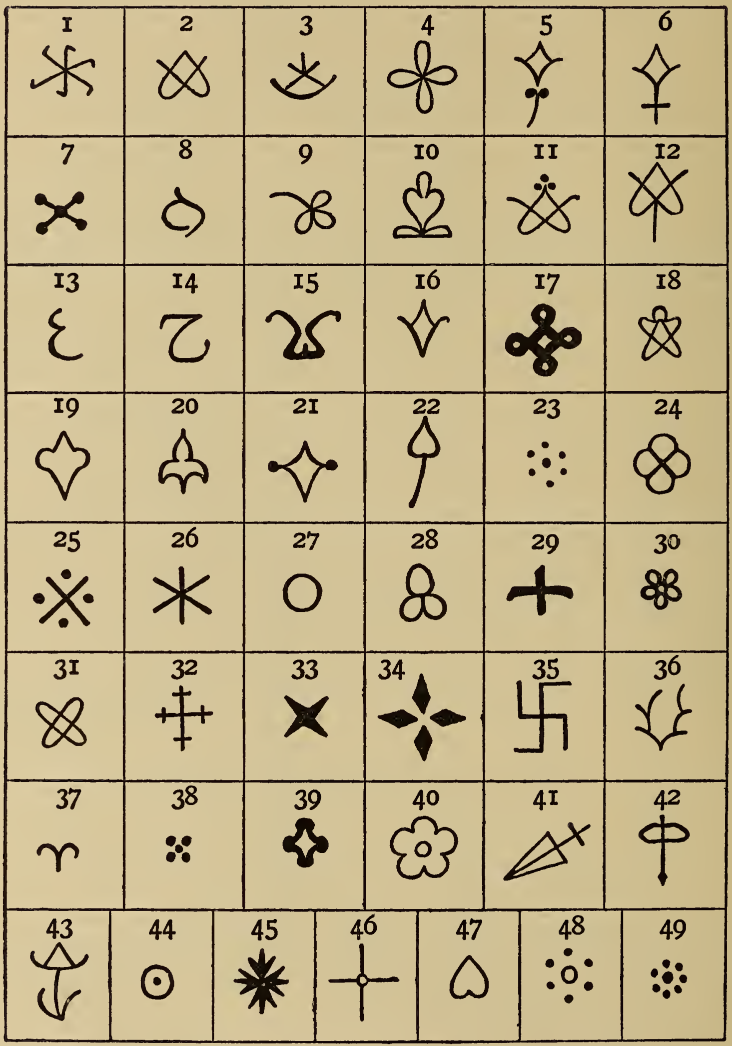
Jahángír ascended the throne on 20th Jumádá II, 1014, and, as in the case of Akbar, the period before the first *Nauroz* was included in his first regnal year.

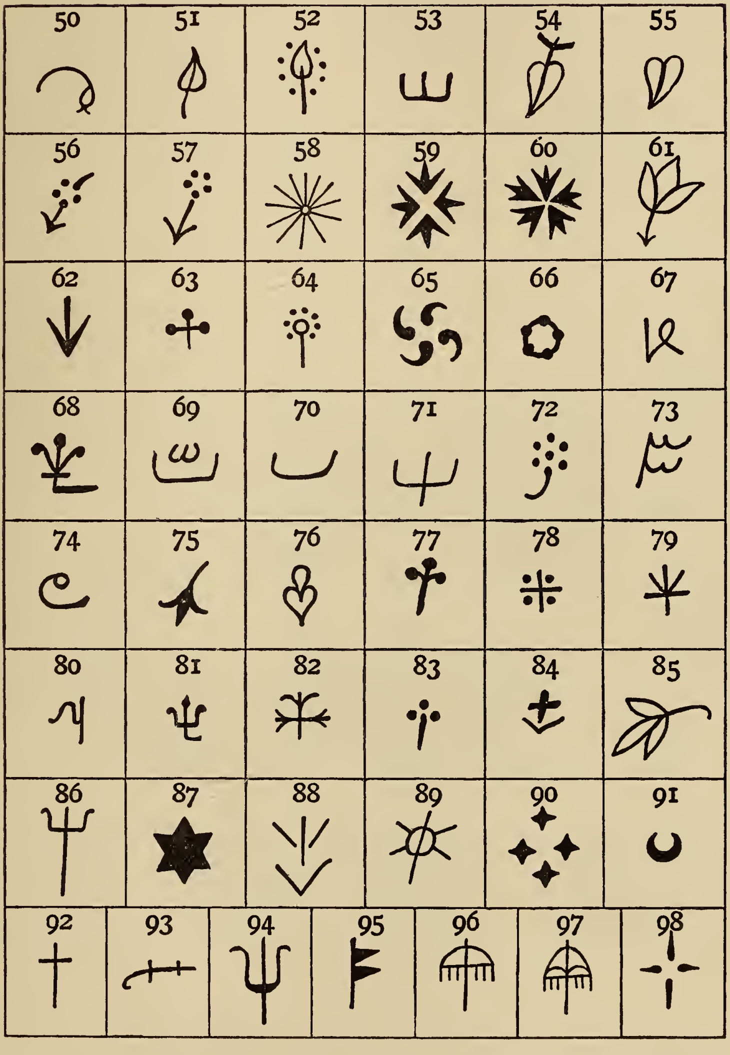
Jahángír died on 28th Ṣafar, 1037.

The Hijra months are:—

1. Muḥarram
2. Ṣafar
3. Rabíʻ I
4. Rabíʻ II
5. Jumádá I
6. Jumádá II
7. Rajab
8. Shaʻbán
9. Ramazán
10. Shawwál
11. Z'u-l-qʻada
12. Z'u-l-ḥijja

TABLE OF ORNAMENTS FOUND ON MUGHAL COINS




50 51 52 53 54 55
56 57 58 59 60 61
62 63 64 65 66 67
68 69 70 71 72 73
74 75 76 77 78 79
80 81 82 83 84 85
86 87 88 89 90 91
92 93 94 95 96 97 98

99	100	101	102	103	104
105	106	107	108	109	110
111	112	113	114	115	116
117	118	119	120	121	122
123	124	125	126	127	128
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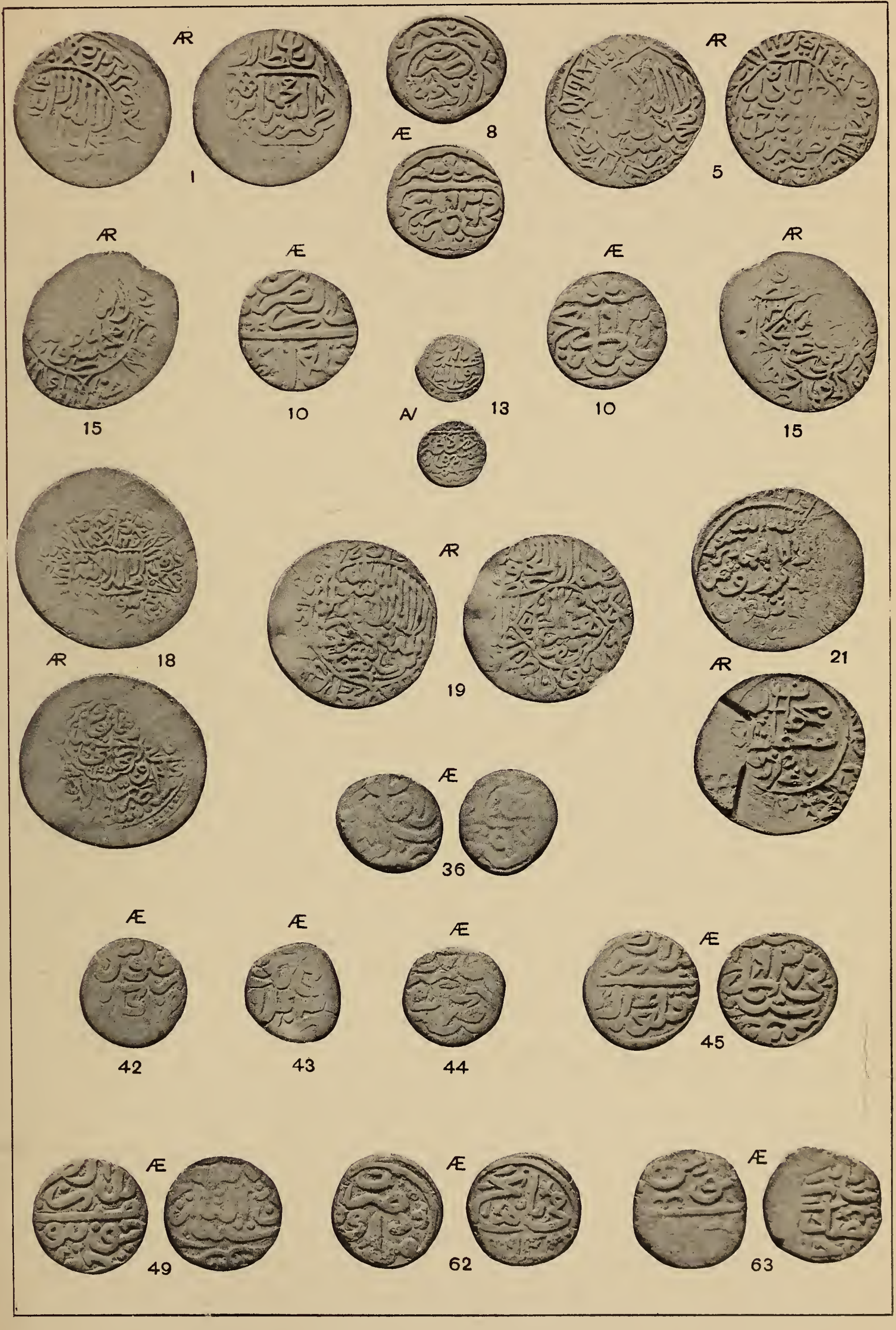
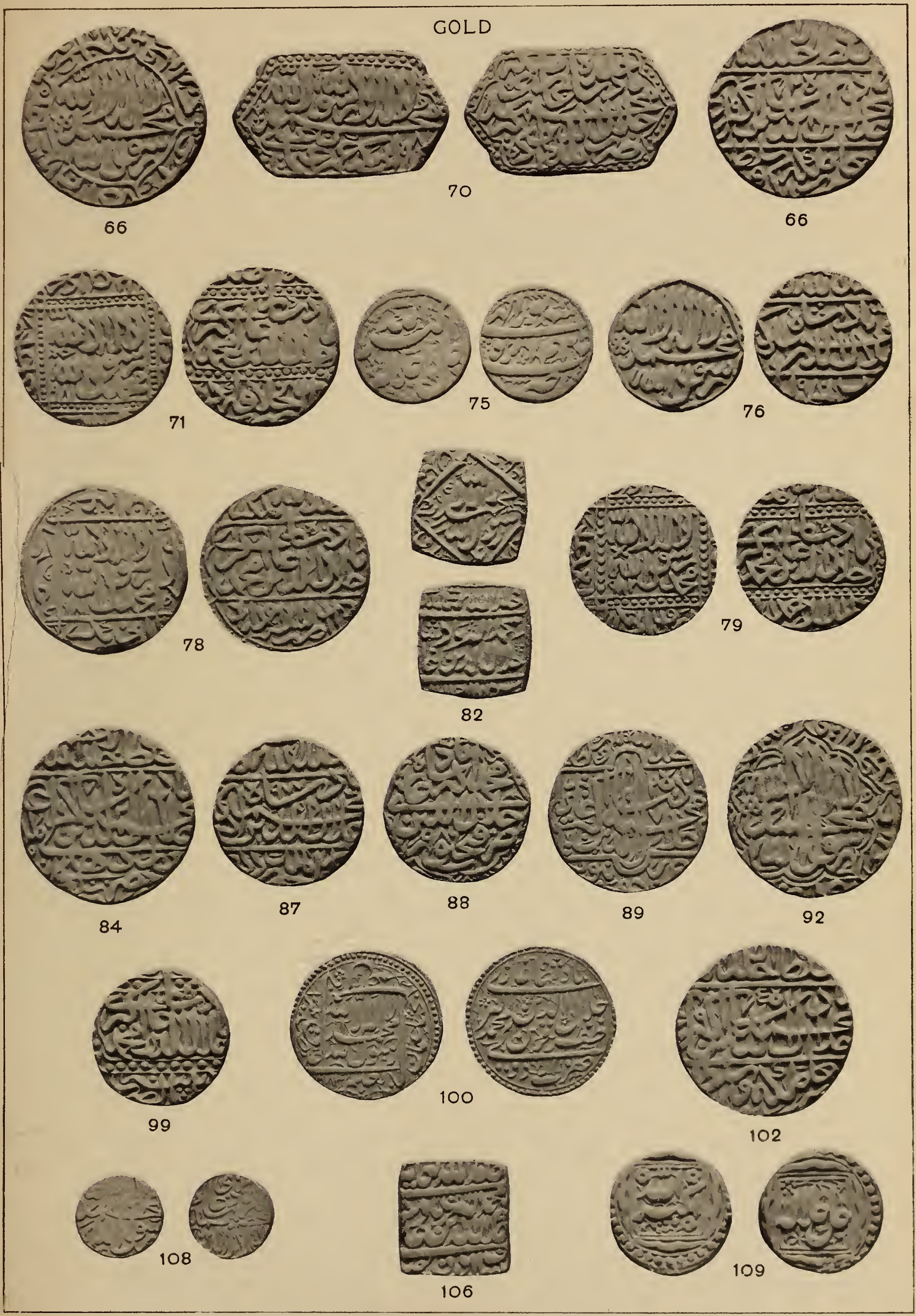
141	142	143	144	145	146

Oxford : Printed at the Clarendon Press by Horace Hart, M.A.

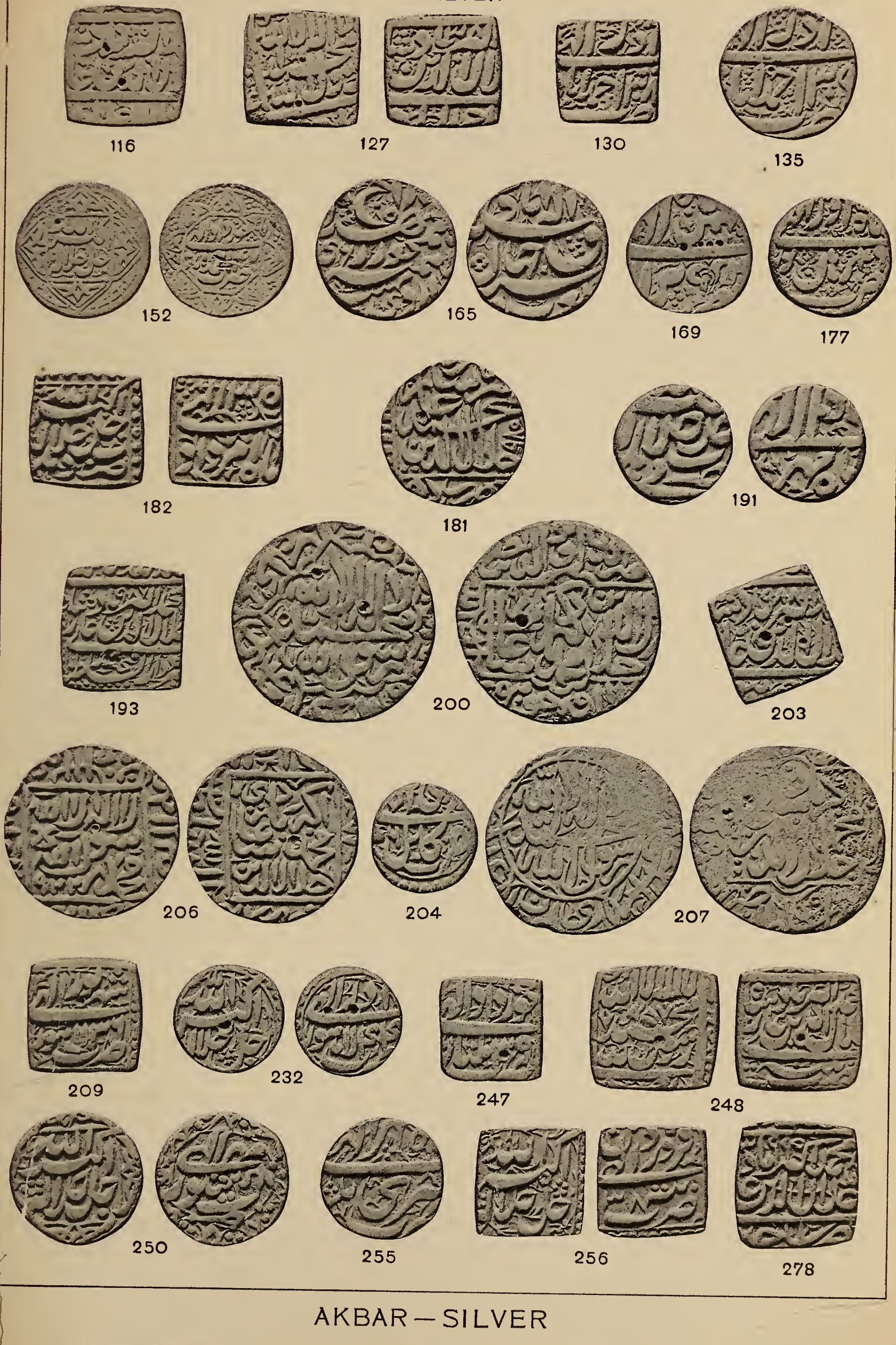


BÁBAR—HUMÁYÚN



AKBAR — GOLD

SILVER



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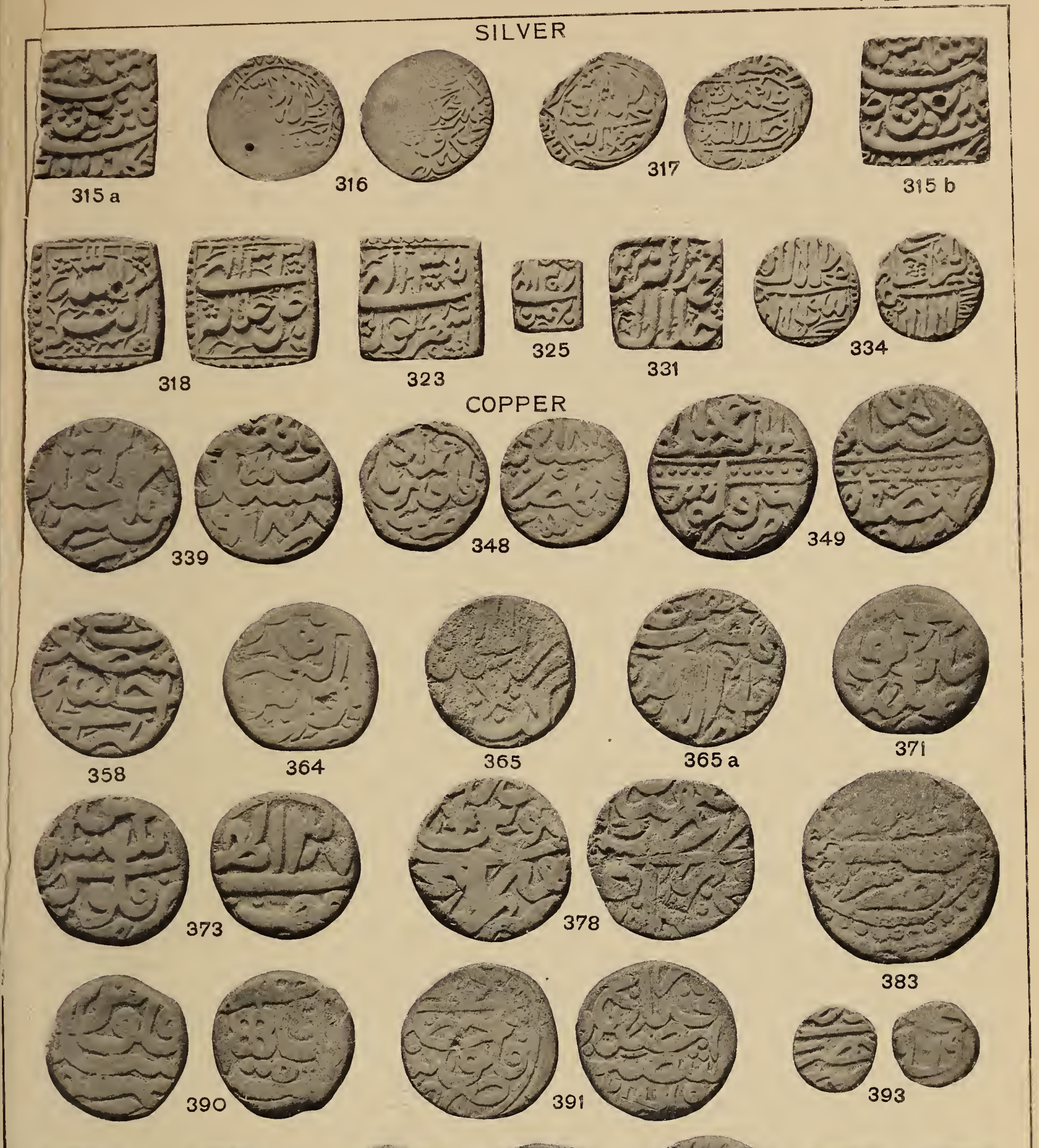
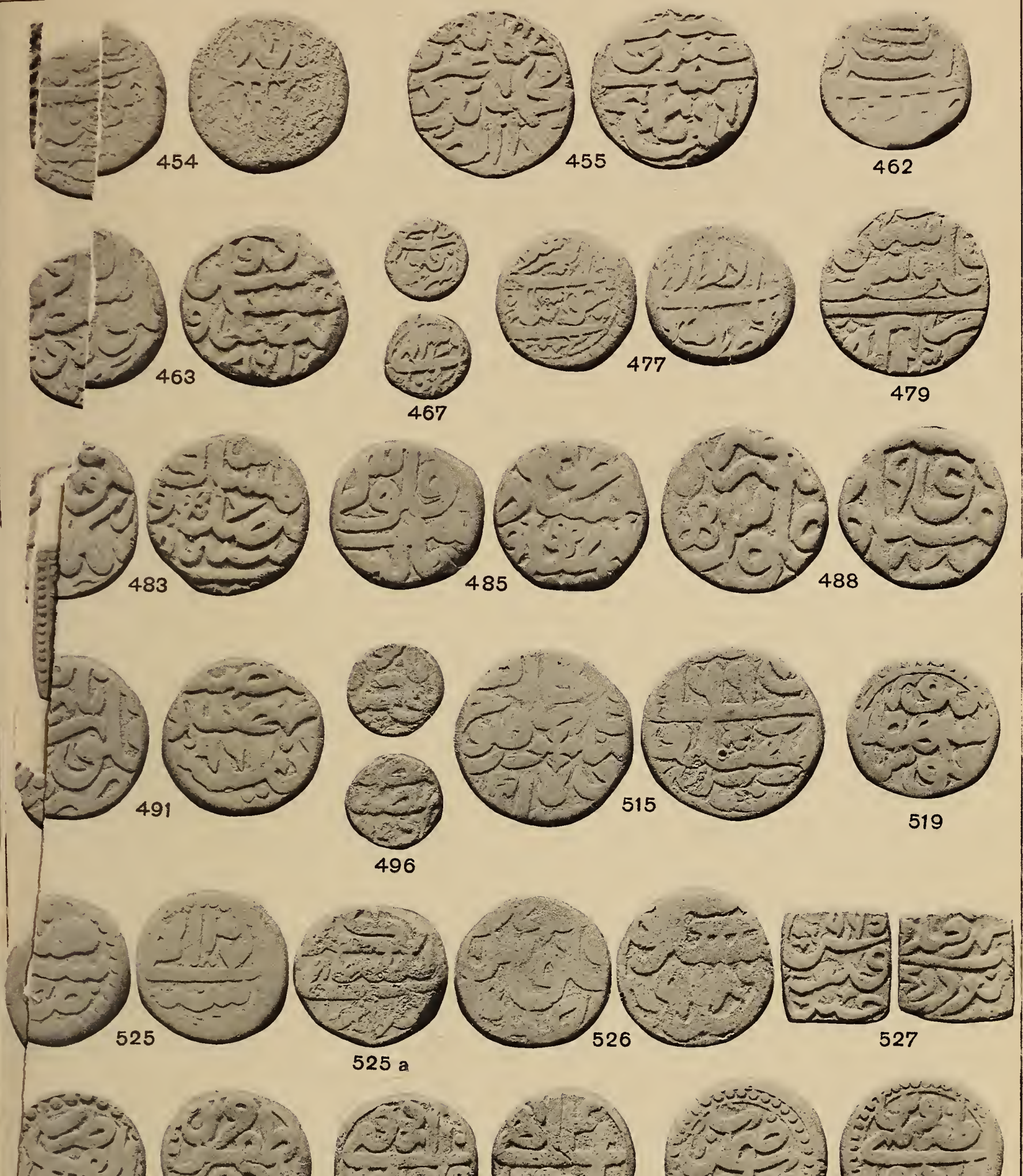


AKBAR
SILVER—COPPER

PLATE V

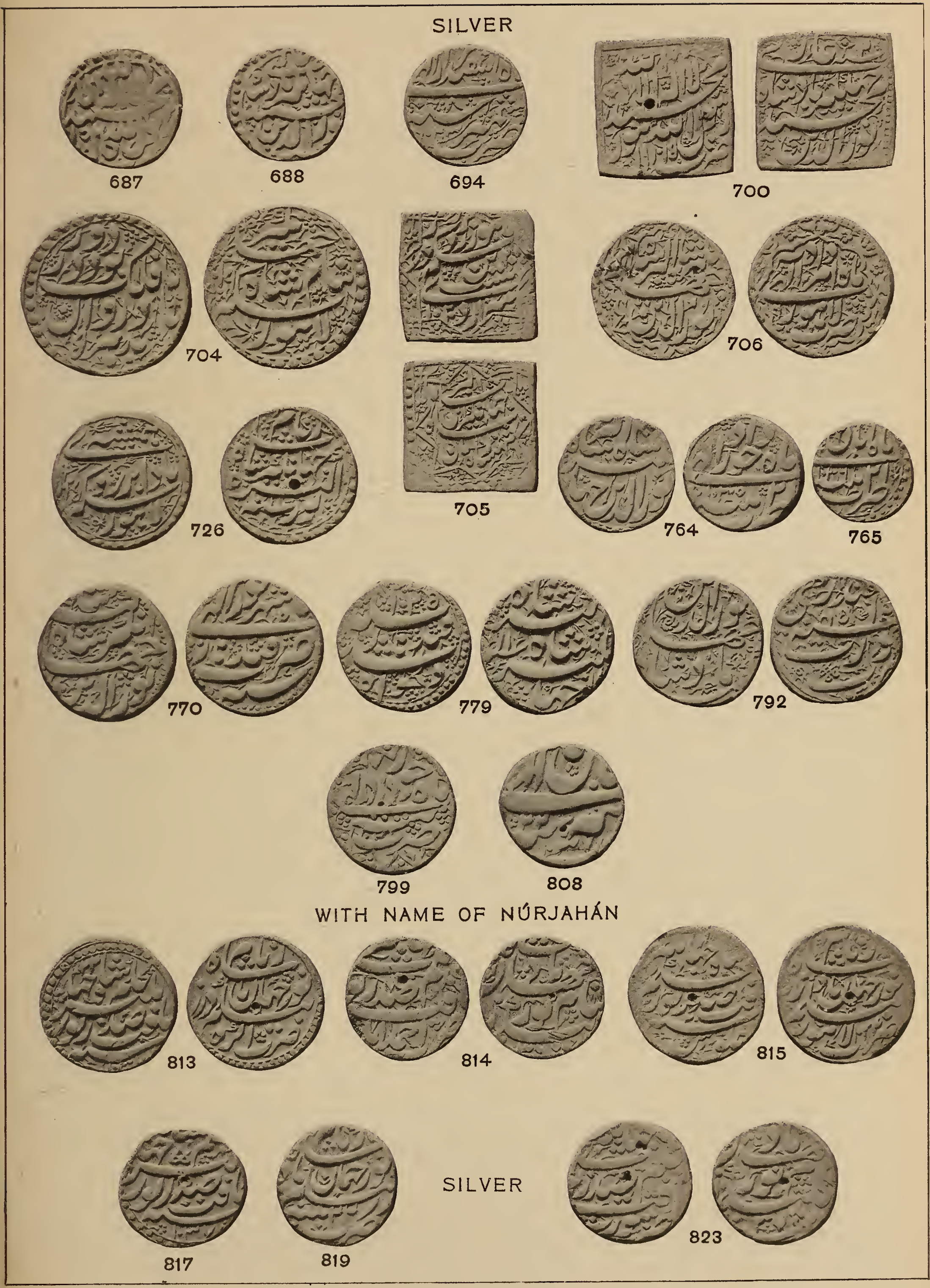
COPPER



AKBAR—COPPER

AKBAR—JAHÁNGÍR

JAHÁNGÍR—SILVER



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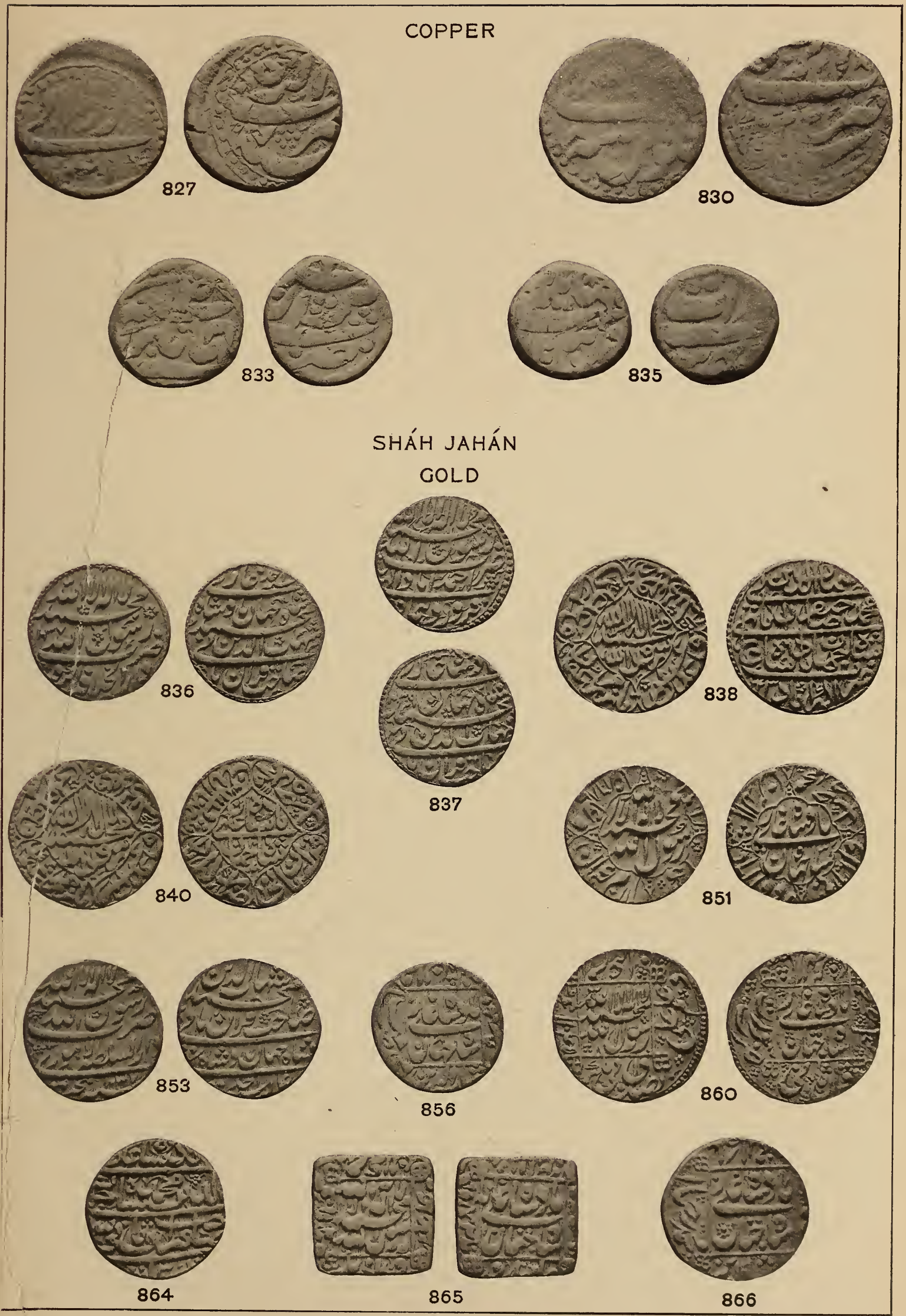
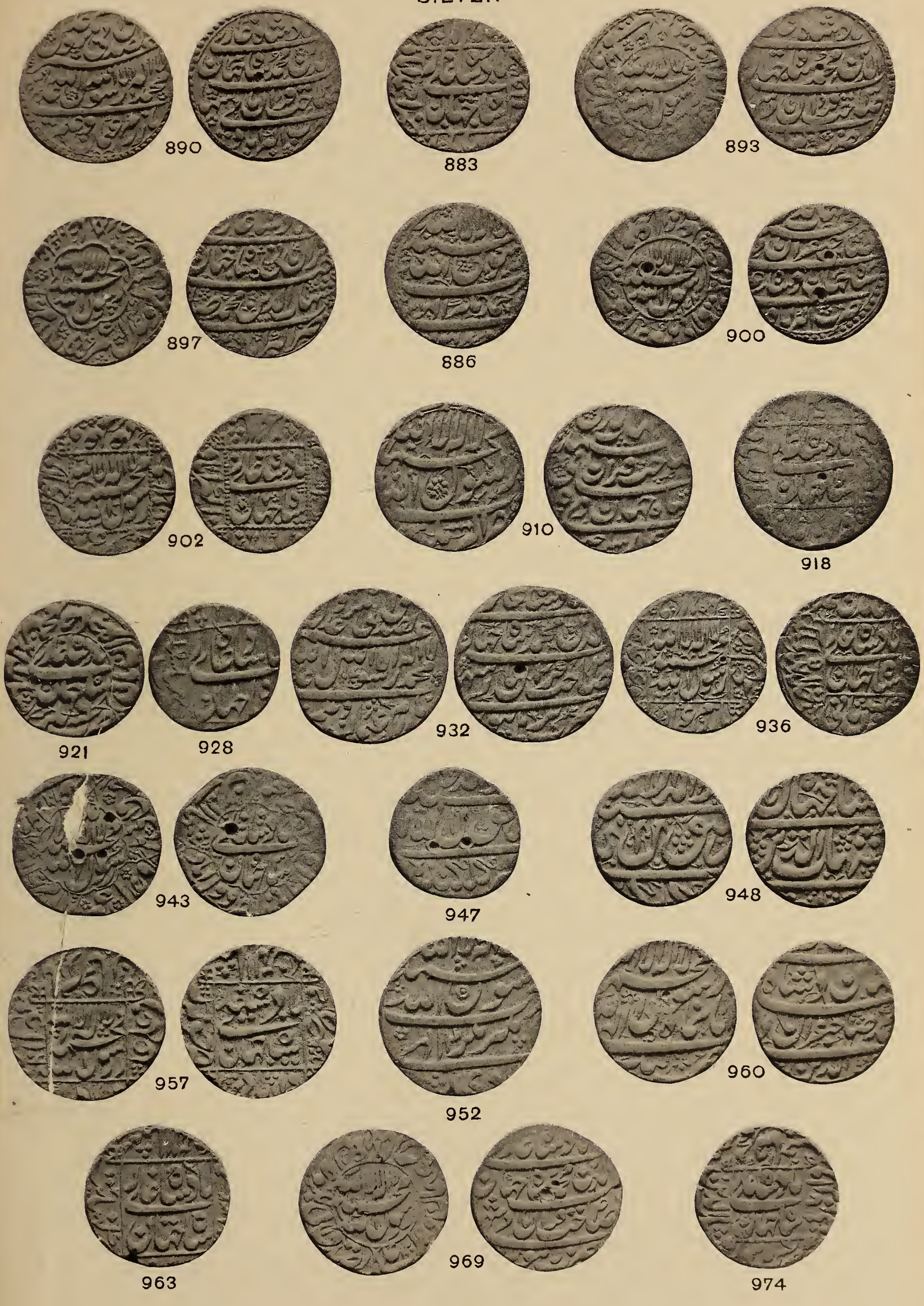


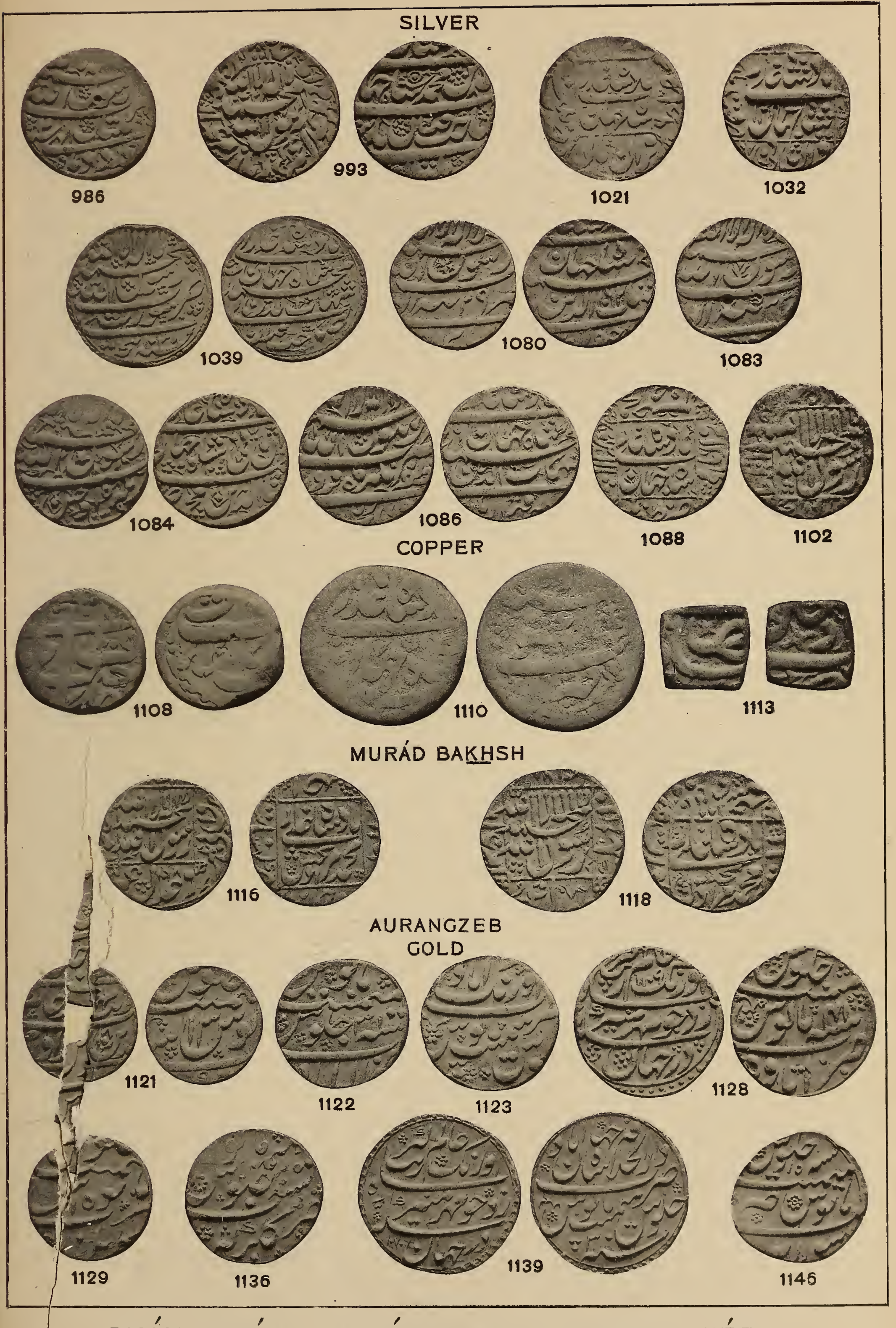
JAHÁNGÍR—SHÁH JAHÁN
COPPER GOLD

SILVER

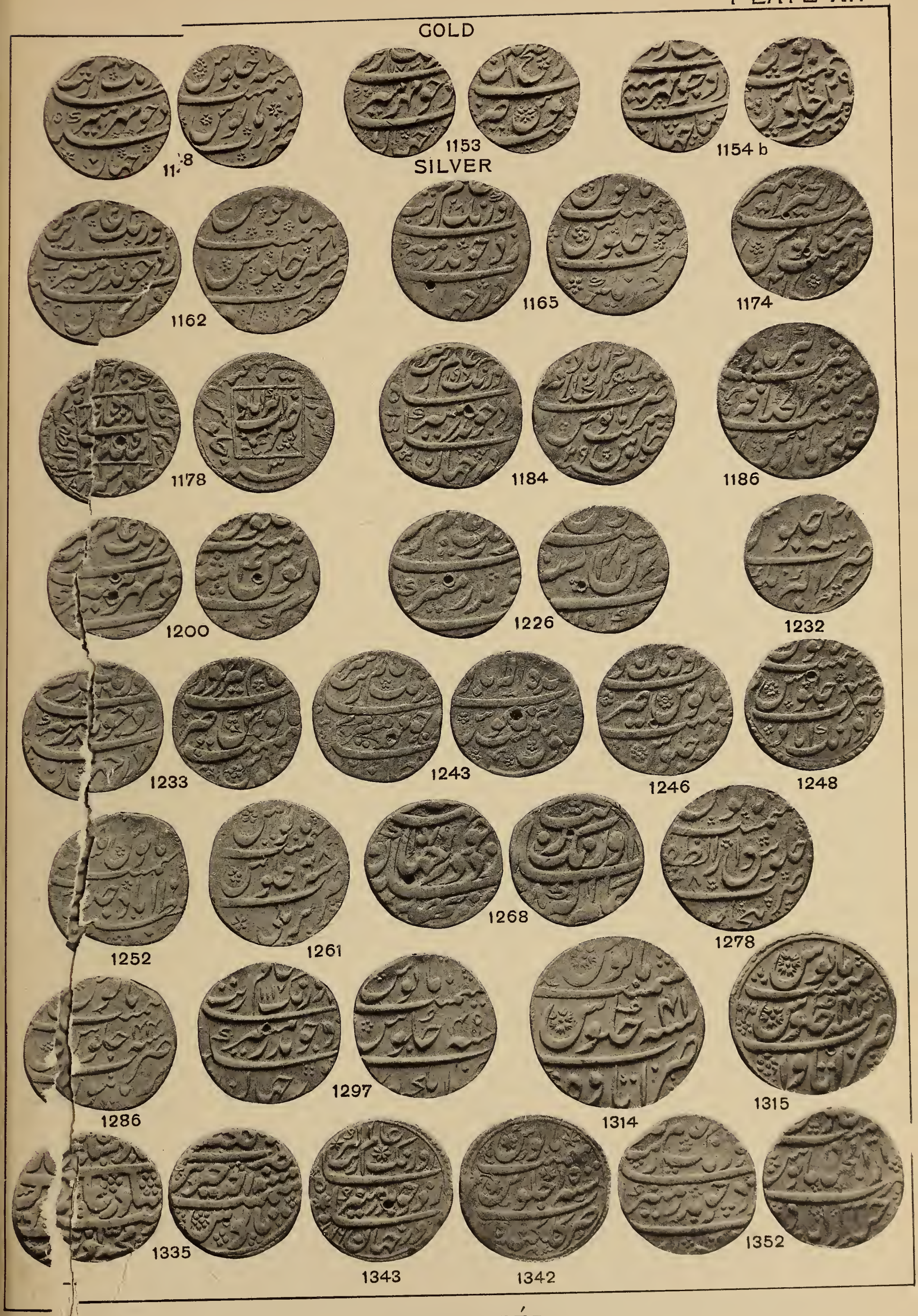


SHÁH JAHÁN

SILVER

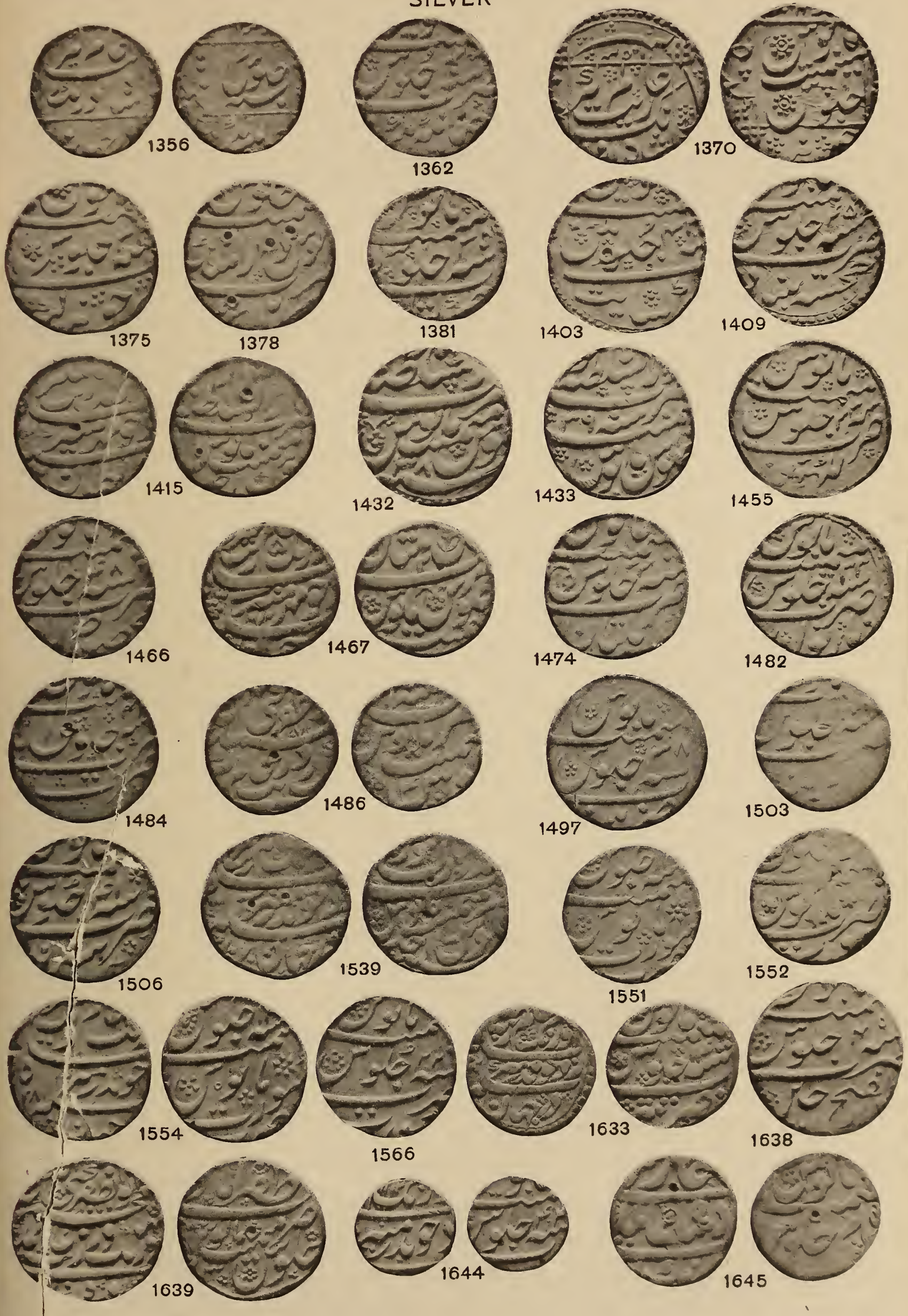


SHÁH JAHÁN—MURÁD BAKHSH—AURANGZÉB
SILVER—COPPER SILVER GOLD


GOLD
1153
1154 b
SILVER
1162
1165
1174
1178
1184
1186
1200
1226
1232
1233
1243
1246
1248
1252
1261
1268
1278
1286
1297
1314
1315
1335
1343
1342
1352

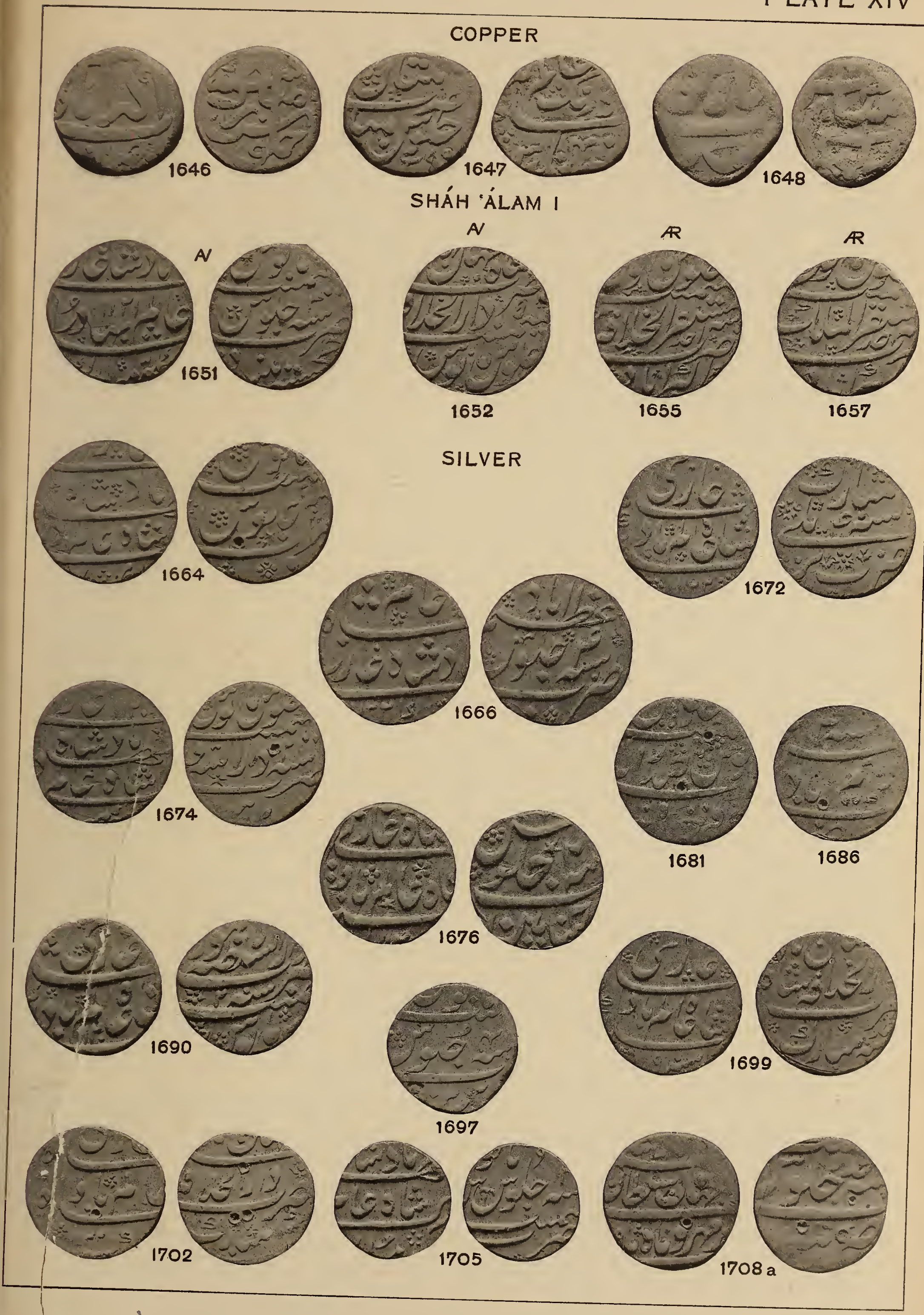
AURANGZÉB

SILVER



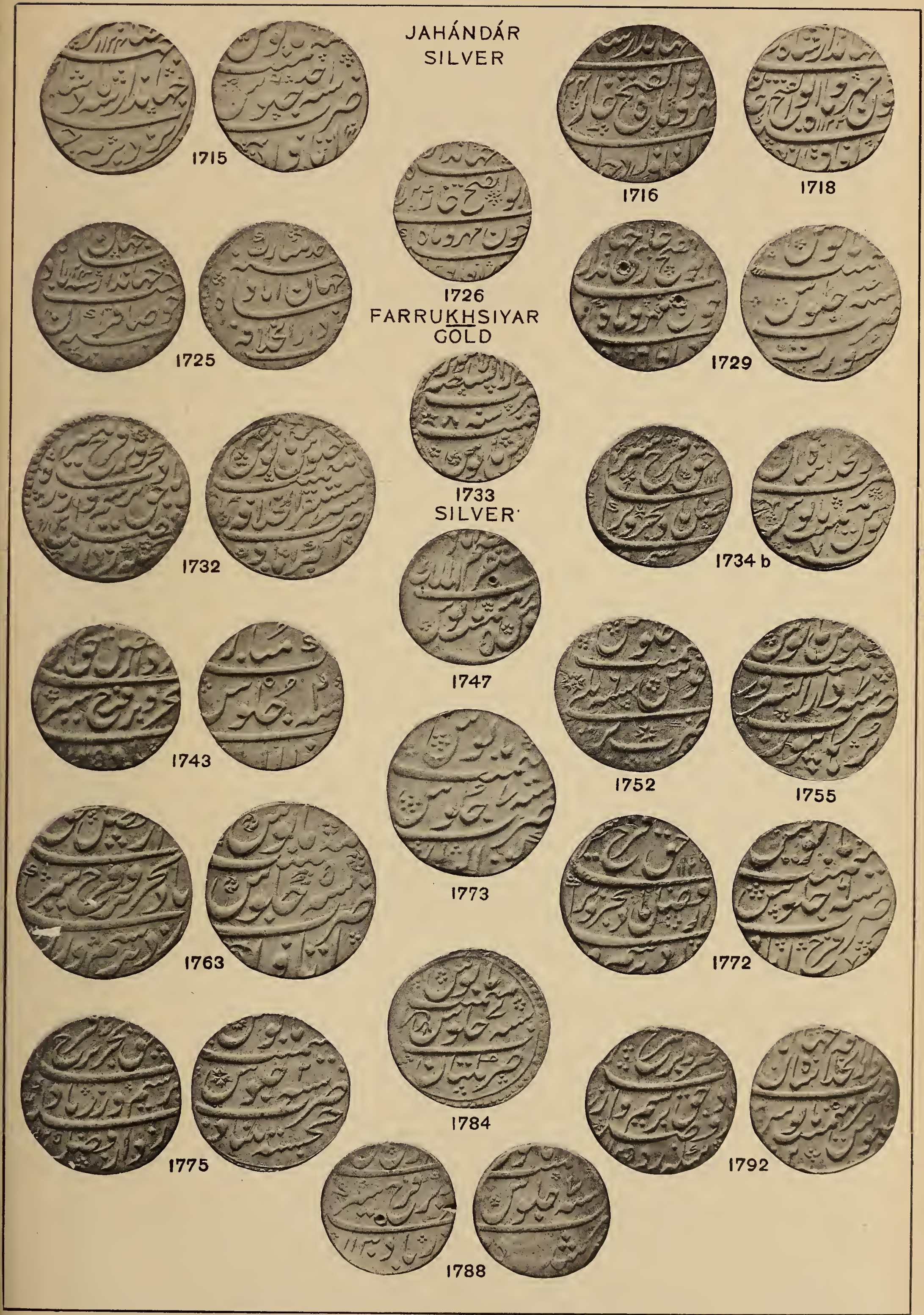
AURANGZÉB
SILVER

PLATE XIV



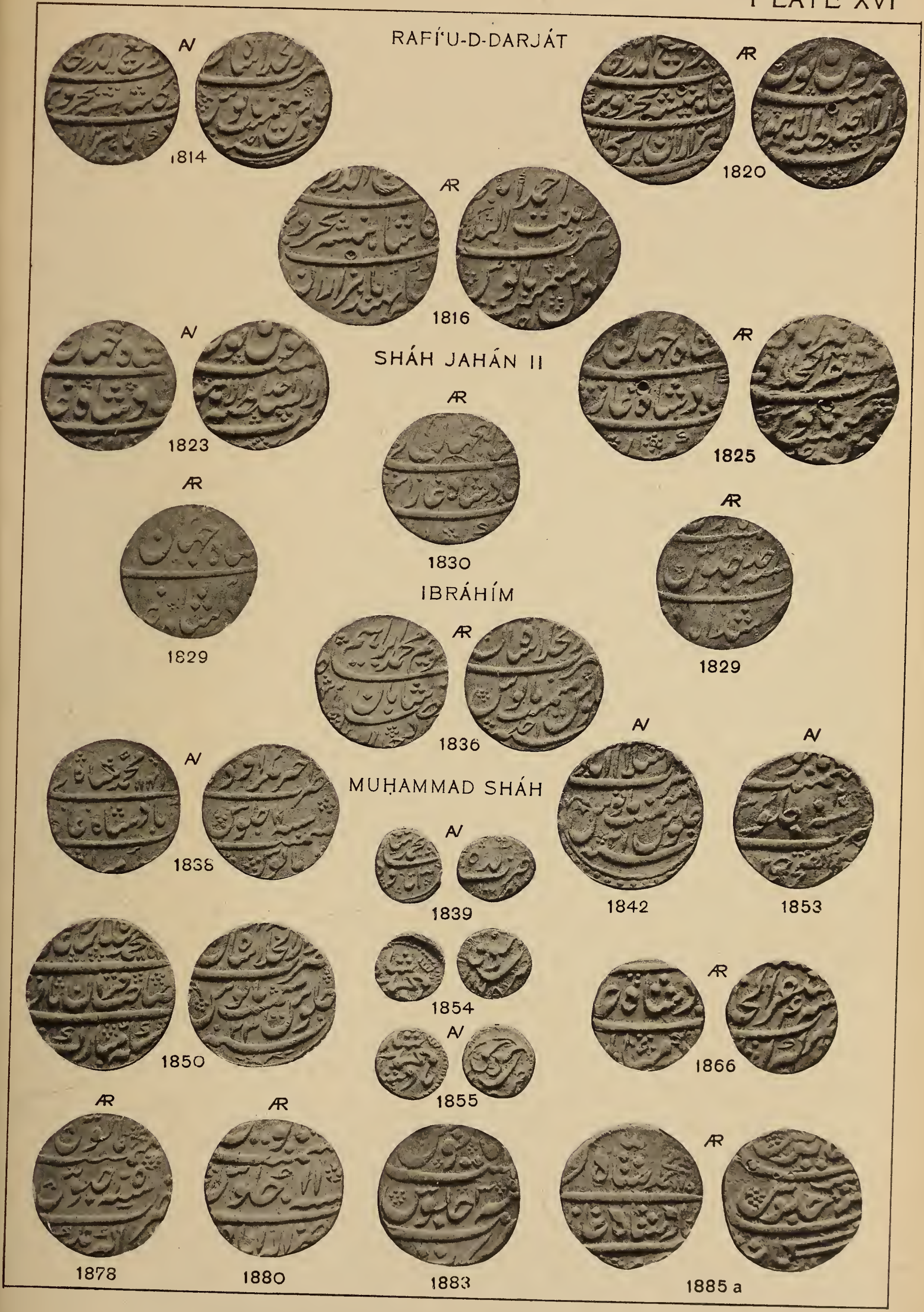
AURANGZÉB—SHÁH 'ÁLAM BAHÁDUR SHÁH
COPPER GOLD—SILVER

PLATE XV

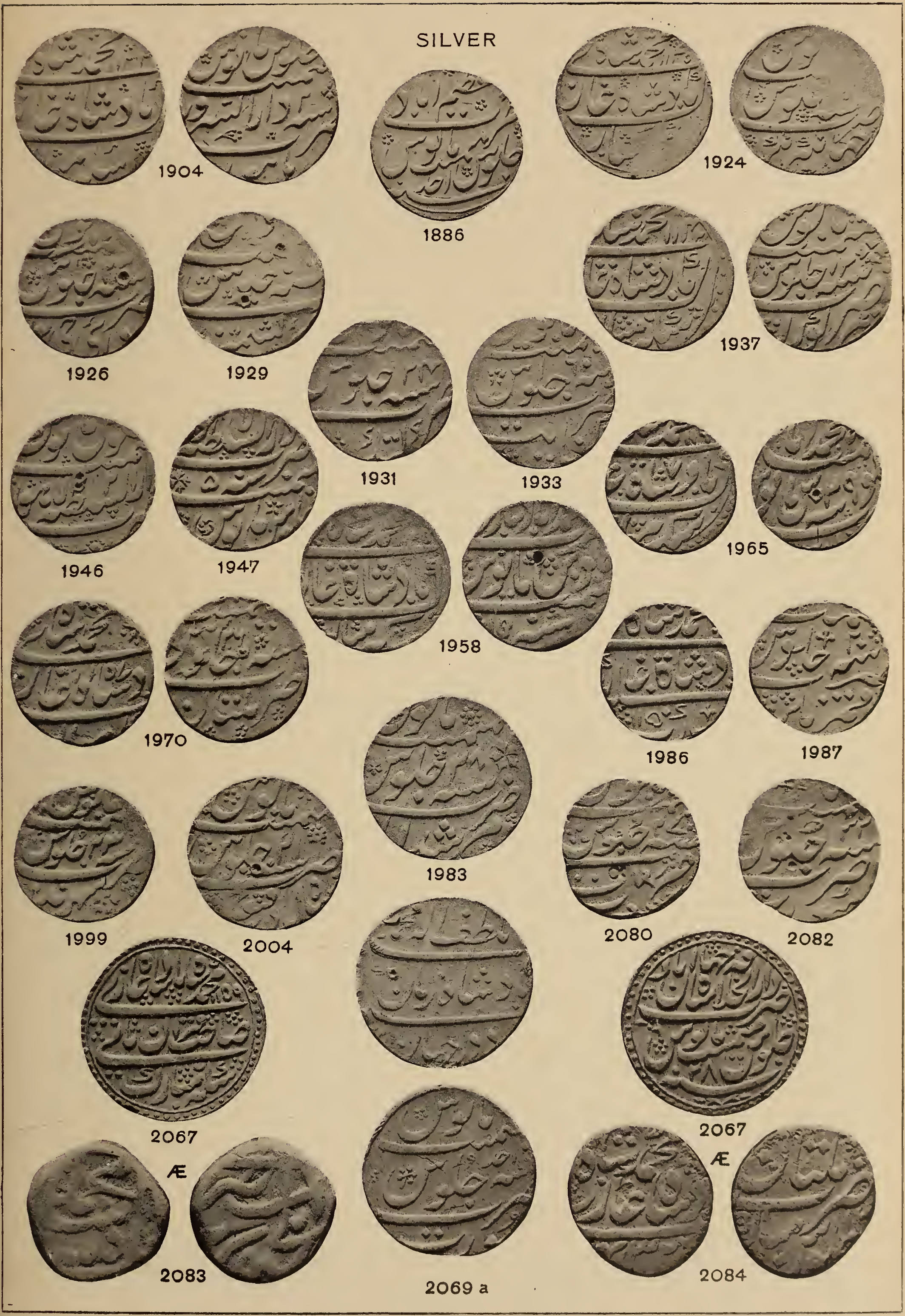


JAHÁNDÁR — FARRUKHSIYAR

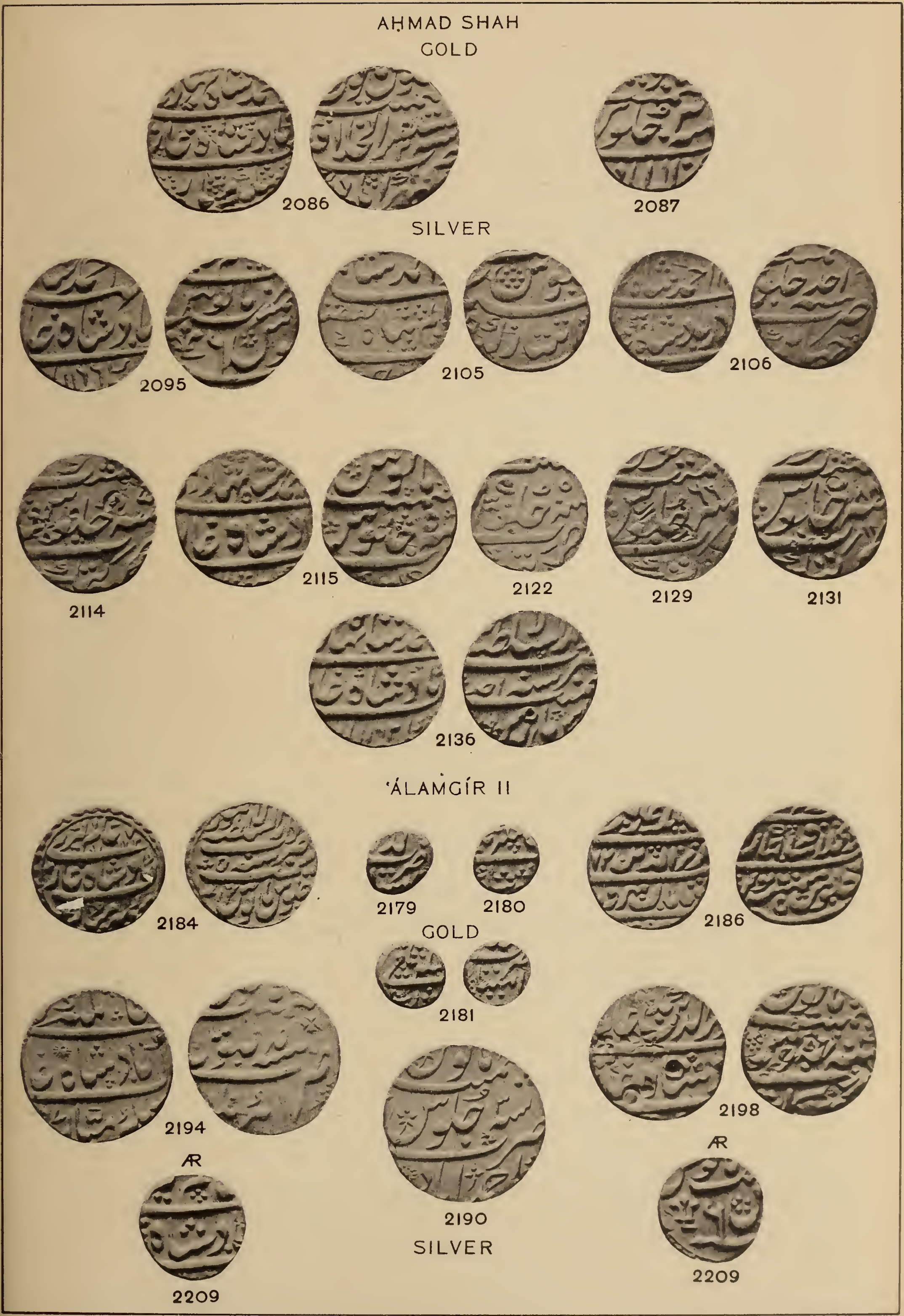
PLATE XVI



RAFÍ'U-D-DARJÁT — SHÁH JAHÁN II
IBRÁHÍM — MUḤAMMAD SHÁH

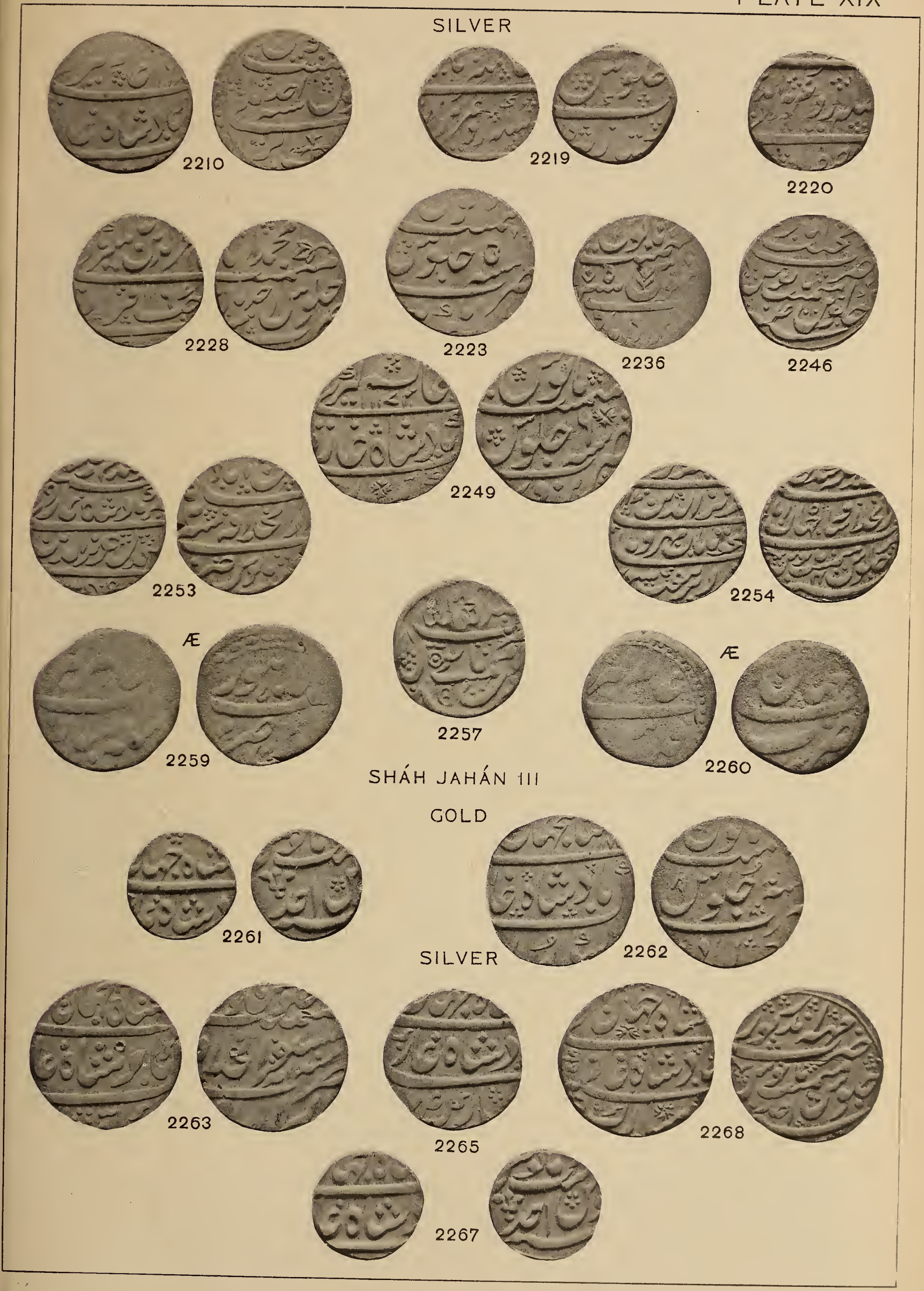


MUḤAMMAD SHÁH
SILVER—COPPER



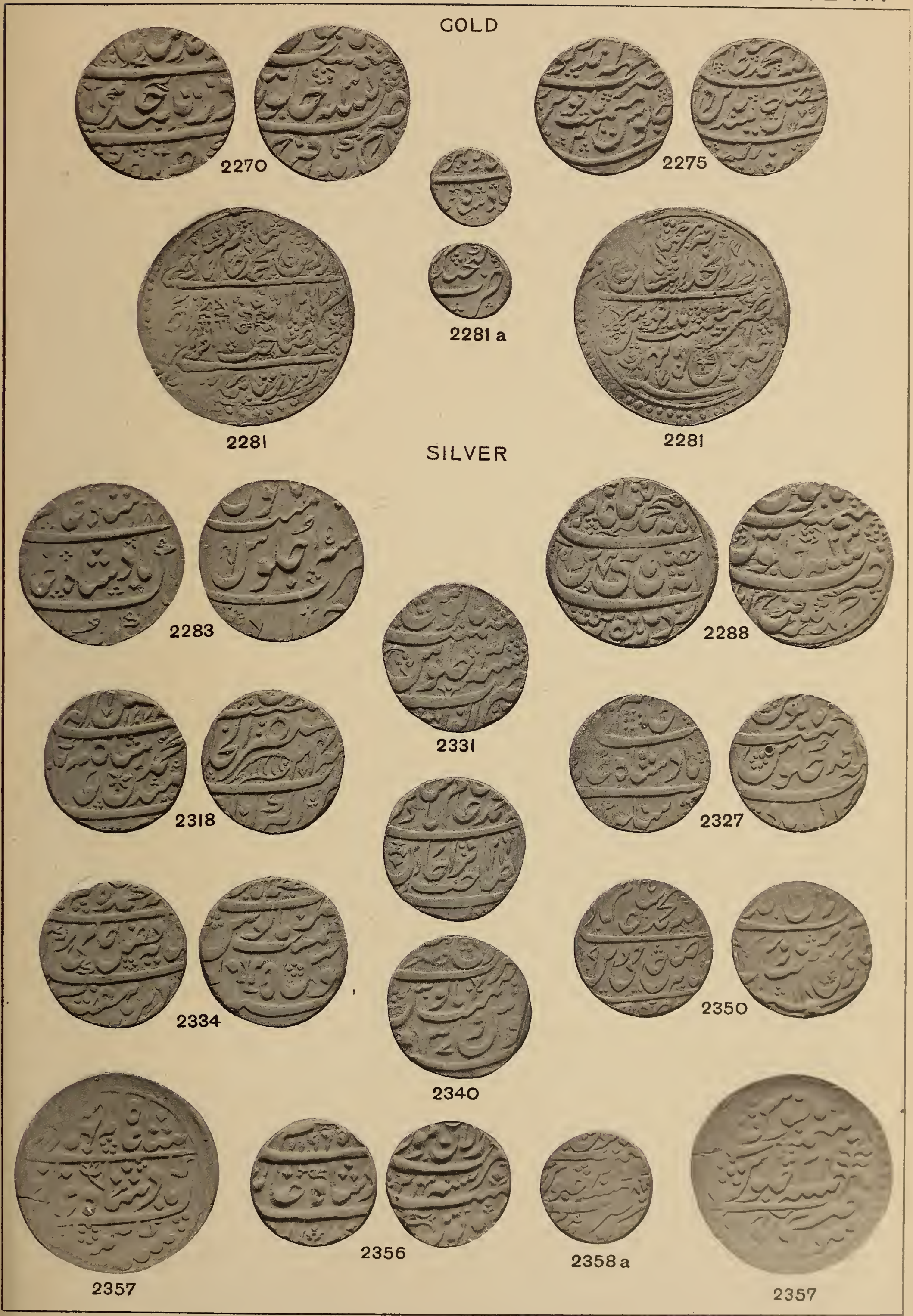
AḤMAD SHAH—'ÁLAMGÍR II

PLATE XIX



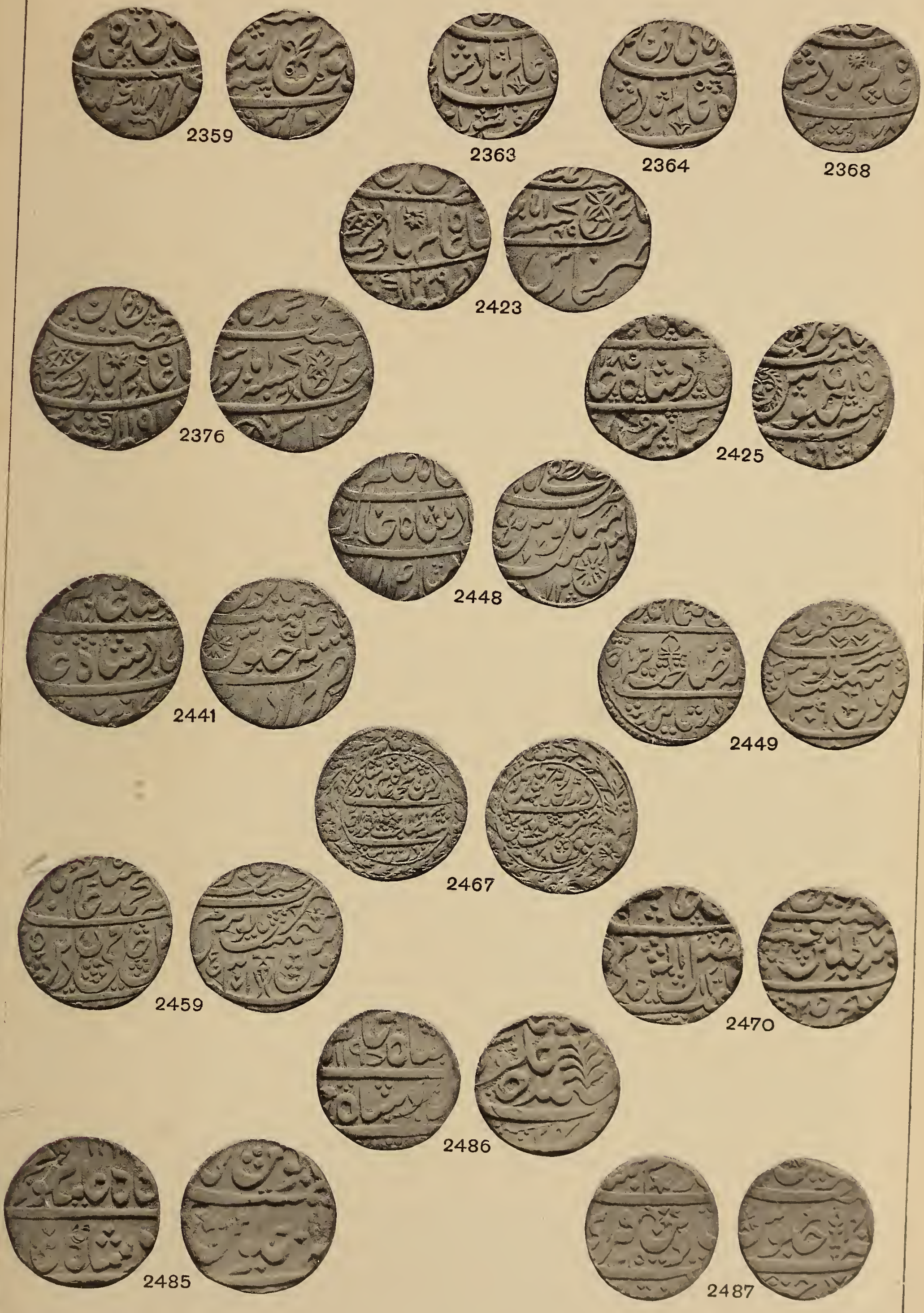
'ÁLAMGÍR II—SHÁH JAHÁN III

PLATE XX



SHÁH 'ÁLAM II

SILVER



SHÁH ʿÁLAM II
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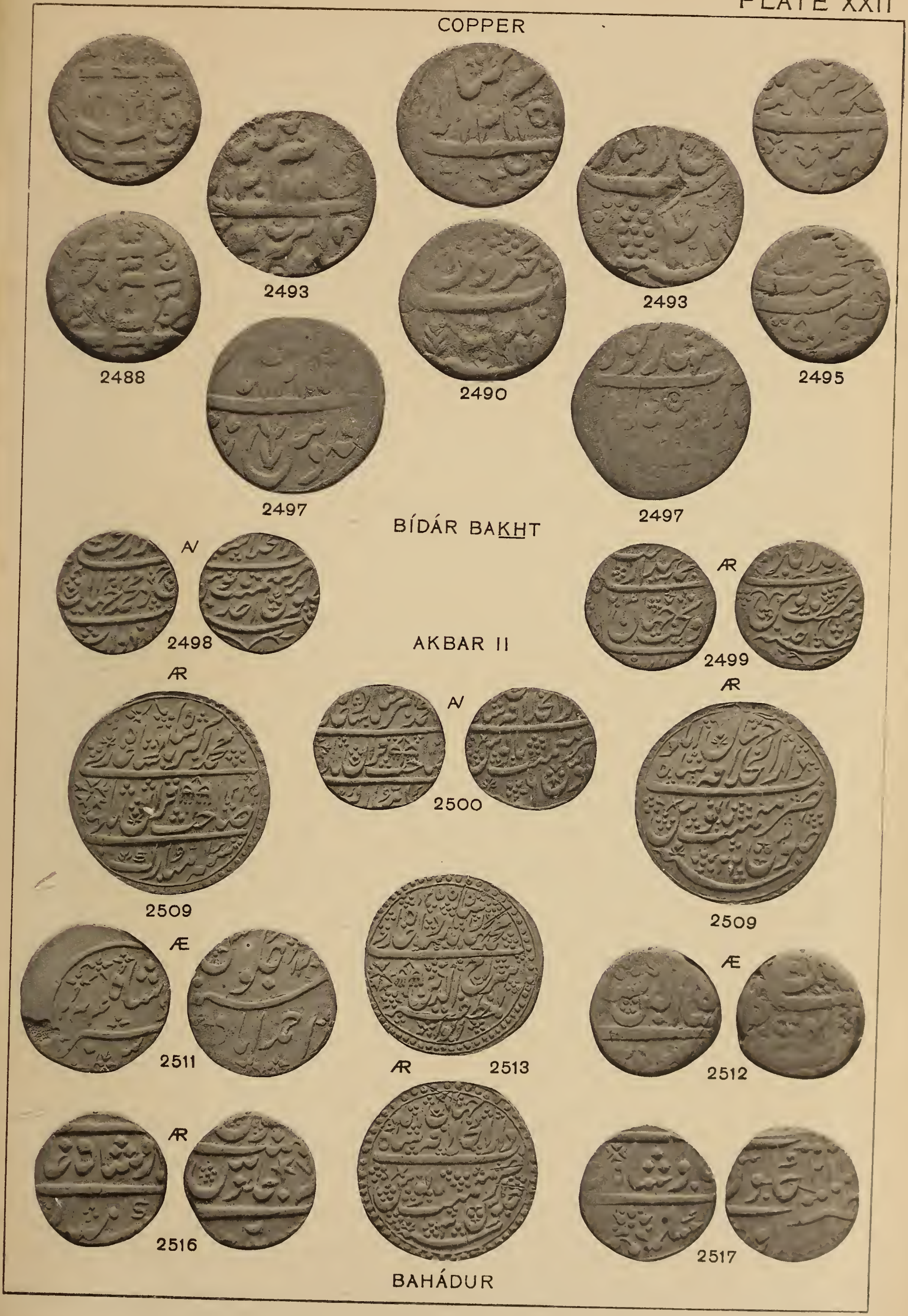

SHÁH 'ALÁM II—BÍDÁR BAKHT—AKBAR II
BAHÁDUR

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